

Grade Boundaries

Edexcel GCSE (9-1)

November 2018

Understanding our Edexcel GCSE (9-1) grade boundaries

This document shows the grade boundaries for reformed Edexcel GCSE (9-1) qualifications. For each set of grade boundaries, the maximum number of available marks is also shown.

GCSE (9-1) qualifications are linear, and only the maximum mark and grade boundaries for the overall qualification are available in this document. These are given in raw marks.

Definition of terms

A grade boundary is the minimum mark at which a numbered grade (between 9 and 1) can be achieved. For example, if the grade boundary for a Grade 6 is 70 marks, then 70 is the minimum mark at which a Grade 6 can be achieved. A mark of 69 would therefore be a Grade 5.

For linear qualifications, all assessments must be taken in the same exam session.

You can find out more about GCSE (9-1) here:

http://qualifications.pearson.com/en/support/support-topics/results-certification/understanding-marks-and-grades.html

English Language													
Overall grade boundaries		Max Mark	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	U	
1EN0	English Language	Subject	160	135	127	119	106	93	80	58	36	15	0
	Papers F. 01 & 02												

Mathematics													
Overall grade boundaries		Max Mark	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	U	
1MA1	Mathematics (Foundation) Papers 1F, 2F & 3F	Subject	240					167	132	96	61	26	0
1MA1	Mathematics (Higher) Papers 1H, 2H & 3H	Subject	240	194	159	125	95	66	37	22			0