

Grade Boundaries

Edexcel GCSE (9-1)

June 2017

Understanding our Edexcel GCSE (9-1) grade boundaries

This document shows the grade boundaries for reformed Edexcel GCSE (9-1) qualifications. For each set of grade boundaries, the maximum number of available marks is also shown.

GCSE (9-1) qualifications are linear, and only the maximum mark and grade boundaries for the overall qualification are available in this document. These are given in raw marks.

Definition of terms

A grade boundary is the minimum mark at which a numbered grade (between 9 and 1) can be achieved. For example, if the grade boundary for a Grade 6 is 70 marks, then 70 is the minimum mark at which a Grade 6 can be achieved. A mark of 69 would therefore be a Grade 5.

For linear qualifications, all assessments must be taken in the same exam session.

You can find out more about GCSE (9-1) here:

http://qualifications.pearson.com/en/support/support-topics/results-certification/understanding-marks-and-grades.html

English	n Language												
Overall grade boundaries		M	Max Mark		8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	U
1EN0	English Language	Raw	160	134	123	112	99	86	74	52	30	9	0

English	h Literature												
Overall grade boundaries		M	lax Mark	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	U
1ET0	English Literature	Raw	160	140	127	115	99	84	69	48	27	6	0

Mathematics													
Overall grade boundaries		Max Mark		9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	U
1MA1	Mathematics Foundation (papers 1, 2 and 3)	Raw	240					158	122	90	58	26	0
1MA1	Mathematics Higher (papers 1,2 and 3)	Raw	240	190	157	124	96	68	41	27			0