Unit 15: Understand Mental Wellbeing and Mental Health Promotion

| Level: | 3 |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| Unit type: | Optional (Group B1) |
| Credit value: | 3 |
| Guided learning hours: | 20 |

Unit introduction

This unit aims to provide the learner with an understanding of the key concepts of mental wellbeing, mental health and mental health promotion. It focuses on the range of factors that can influence mental wellbeing and how to effectively promote mental wellbeing and mental health with individuals and groups in a variety of contexts, not just specialist mental health services.

Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, learners need to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

| Le | arning outcomes | Assessment criteria | |
|----------|--|---|--|
| 1 | Understand the different views on | 1.1 Evaluate two different views on the nature of mental wellbeing and mental health | |
| | the nature of mental wellbeing and mental health | 1.2 Explain the range of factors that may influence mental wellbeing and mental health problems across the lifespan, including: | |
| | and the factors | biological factors | |
| | that may influence both across the | social factors | |
| lifespan | emotional/psychological factors | | |
| | 1.3 | 1.3 Explain how risk factors and protective factors influence levels of resilience in individuals and | |

| Learning outcomes | Assessment criteria | |
|--|---|--|
| | groups in relation to mental wellbeing and mental health | |
| 2 Know how to implement an effective strates for promoting mental wellbeir and mental hea with individuals and groups | their mental wellbeing and mental health 2.3 Evaluate a strategy for supporting an individual in | |

Unit content

What needs to be learned

Learning outcome 1: Understand the different views on the nature of mental wellbeing and mental health and the factors that may influence both across the lifespan

Individual

• Someone requiring care or support; it will usually mean the person or people supported by the learner.

The nature of mental wellbeing and mental health

- A positive concept of mental health is a view that being healthy is a state achieved only by continuous effort, e.g. active steps take to maintain mental health and wellbeing, e.g. managing stress, anxiety.
- A negative concept of mental health is a view that being mentally healthy is an absence of mental ill health, e.g. no signs stress, anxiety means you are mentally healthy and good mental health is normal.
- Mental health and wellbeing are affected by restrictions or freedoms imposed/allowed by society; poverty and disadvantage reduce wellbeing.

Factors that influence mental wellbeing and mental health problems

- Lifespan- How factors arising from individuals' early lives may influence their wellbeing as adults, and the potential impact of levels of wellbeing in later life. Lifespan covers individuals from birth to later adulthood.
- Biological physical illness, effects of genetic inheritance, chemical in balance; social deprivation, poverty, marginalisation; psychological caused by trauma, bullying, abuse.
- Social deprivation, poverty, marginalisation.
- Emotional/psychological life events, e.g. bereavement, loss of job, affect people emotionally, which can lead to physiological issues, e.g. depression, anxiety.

Risk factors

• Effects of inequality, poor quality social relationships, financial worries, trauma, previous mental health history, substance and alcohol abuse, stress at work/home, relationships and social networks, low self-esteem, low self-image, depression, withdrawal, isolation.

Protective factors

 Socially valued roles, social support and contact, temperament, inclusion, positive self-esteem, positive self-image, sense of belonging, social and emotional competence, family and social support networks, positive role models, physical and psychologically safe environment, economic security.

What needs to be learned

Resilience

• Self-esteem, confidence, sense of self-identity, sense of self-efficacy, ability to set goals, can feel a range of emotions, can engage with the world confidently, can live and work productively, can cope with stress and can adapt and manage change and uncertainty.

Learning outcome 2: Know how to implement an effective strategy for promoting mental wellbeing and mental health with individuals and groups

Steps taken by individuals

• Seeking professional help, involving family and friends, community involvement.

Supporting individuals

• Developing a professional relationship with individuals, supporting choice, enabling independence, use of active listening skills, taking a non-judgemental approach, demonstrating empathy, promote social inclusion, promote creative activities, maintain safety and safeguarding.

Evaluating strategies

• Planning support in conjunction with an individual, monitoring and reviewing the plan and making necessary changes.

Key aspects of a national, local or international strategy

 May include Preventing Suicide in England (Department of Health), Mind, Local Authority Mental Health Challenge, NHS England, No Health without Mental Health (Department of Health), 2013–2020 Comprehensive Mental Health Action Plan (World Health Organization).

Evaluating strategies

• Measures of improvement, e.g. surveys, questionnaires, interviews, reflective diaries/logs/journals; success rates; positive outcomes.

Essential information for tutors and assessors

Essential resources

There are no special resources needed for this unit.

Assessment

This unit is internally assessed. To pass the unit, the evidence that learners present for assessment must demonstrate that they have met the required standard specified in the learning outcomes and assessment criteria.

This unit must be assessed in accordance with the assessment strategy (principles) in *Annexe A* of the associated qualification specification.

Assessment of all learning outcomes (knowledge) may take place in or outside of a real work environment.

Centres are responsible for deciding on the assessment activities that will enable learners to produce valid, sufficient, authentic and appropriate evidence to meet the assessment criteria.

The unit is assessed by a portfolio of evidence. Further information on the requirements for portfolios is included in *Section 4 Assessment requirements*.

Wherever possible, centres should adopt a holistic and integrated approach to assessing the skills units in the qualification. This gives the assessment process greater rigour, minimises repetition and saves time. The focus should be on assessment activities generated through naturally occurring evidence in the workplace rather than on specific tasks. Taken as a whole, the evidence must show that learners meet all learning outcomes and assessment criteria over a period of time. It should be clear in the assessment records where each learning outcome and assessment criterion has been covered and achieved.

Suggested resources

This section lists resource materials that can be used to support the delivery of the qualification.

Books

Kinsella C et al – Introducing Mental Health: A Practical Guide (Jessica Kingsley Publishers, 2015) ISBN 9781849055963 Pilgrim D – Key Concepts in Mental Health, 3rd edition (Sage, 2014) ISBN 9781446293904

Websites

| www.mentalhealth.org.uk | Mental Health Foundation |
|-------------------------|---|
| www.mind.org.uk | Mind – mental health charity |
| www.scie.org.uk/mca/ | At a Glance briefing to encourage the sector to consider how LPS will seek to |

www.scie.org.uk

www.skillsforcare.org.uk/Learningdevelopment/Care-Certificate/Care-Certificate.aspx

www.skillsforcare.org.uk/Standardslegislation/Mental-Capacity-Act/Mental-Capacity-Act.aspx

www.skillsforcare.org.uk/Standardslegislation/Care-Act/Care-Act.aspx At a Glance briefing to encourage the sector to consider how LPS will seek to promote practice which aligns with human rights and the core principles and duties of the Care Act 2014.

Best Interest Meetings Guidance

The Care Certificate – Standard 9: Awareness of mental health

Mental Capacity Act 2005 – information and guidance.

Care Act 2014