

**Pearson  
Edexcel Level 3 NVQ  
Diploma in Automotive  
Engineering – Prototype  
Powertrain Development  
(QCF)**

**Pearson  
Edexcel Level 3 NVQ  
Extended Diploma in  
Automotive Engineering –  
Prototype Powertrain  
Development (QCF)**

**Specification**

NVQ/Competence-based qualification

First registration February 2014

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Please note: This document is a pathway within the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Electrical and Electronic Engineering (QCF) and the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Electrical and Electronic Engineering (QCF).

To view the whole specification you must download all 11 pathway documents.

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ISBN 978 1 446 91163 1

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# Contents

<b>Purpose of this specification</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1 Introducing Pearson Edexcel NVQ/Competence-based qualifications</b>	<b>2</b>
What are NVQ/Competence-based qualifications?	2
<b>2 Qualification summary and key information</b>	<b>3</b>
QCF Qualification Number and qualification title	5
Qualification objectives	5
Relationship with previous qualifications	5
Apprenticeships	5
Progression opportunities through Pearson qualifications	5
Industry support and recognition	6
Relationship with National Occupational Standards	6
<b>3 Qualification structures</b>	<b>7</b>
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF)	7
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF)	9
<b>4 Assessment</b>	<b>18</b>
Assessment requirements/strategy	19
Types of evidence	19
Assessment of knowledge	20
Credit transfer	20
<b>5 Centre resource requirements</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>6 Centre recognition and approval</b>	<b>22</b>
Centre recognition	22
Approvals agreement	22
<b>7 Quality assurance of centres</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>8 Programme delivery</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>9 Access and recruitment</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>10 Access to qualifications for learners with disabilities or specific needs</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>11 Unit format</b>	<b>27</b>
Unit title	27
Unit reference number	27
QCF level	27

Credit value	27
Guided learning hours	27
Unit aim	27
Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements	27
Learning outcomes	28
Assessment criteria	28
Unit 1: Complying with Statutory Regulations and Organisational Safety Requirements	29
Unit 2: Using and Interpreting Engineering Data and Documentation	36
Unit 3: Working Efficiently and Effectively in Engineering	45
Unit 4: Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults in Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Systems	53
Unit 5: Carrying Out Fault Diagnosis on Experimental Vehicles	63
Unit 6: Assembling and Disassembling Mechanical Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	73
Unit 7: Assembling and Disassembling Electrical and Electronic Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	84
Unit 8: Removal and Fitting Fuel Systems to Prototype Engines for Test	95
Unit 9: Installing Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units to Prototype Vehicles	106
Unit 10: Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units	117
Unit 11: Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Data Acquisition Systems	128
Unit 12: Stripping and Rebuilding Prototype Engines for Test	140
Unit 13: Building Prototype Engines for Test	157
Unit 14: Testing Prototype Engines (Fixed Dynamometer)	168
Unit 15: Testing Prototype Engines Installed in Vehicles	178
Unit 16: Dressing Prototype Engines for Test	188
Unit 17: Producing Mechanical Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	198
Unit 18: Producing Components Using Hand Fitting Techniques	208
Unit 19: Producing Mechanical Assemblies	221
Unit 20: Forming and Assembling Pipework Systems	231
Unit 21: Carrying Out Aircraft Detail Fitting Activities	243
Unit 22: Installing Aircraft Mechanical Fasteners	256
Unit 23: Producing Aircraft Detail Assemblies	266
Unit 24: Preparing and Using Lathes for Turning Operations	274
Unit 25: Preparing and Using Milling Machines	286
Unit 26: Preparing and Using Grinding Machines	298
Unit 27: Preparing and Proving CNC Machine Tool Programs	309
Unit 28: Preparing and Using CNC Turning Machines	320
Unit 29: Preparing and Using CNC Milling Machines	334
Unit 30: Preparing and Using CNC Machining Centres	347

Unit 31:	Preparing and Using Industrial Robots	362
Unit 32:	Maintaining Mechanical Devices and Equipment	373
Unit 33:	Assembling and Testing Fluid Power Systems	384
Unit 34:	Maintaining Fluid Power Equipment	395
Unit 35:	Producing Sheet Metal Components and Assemblies	406
Unit 36:	Producing Platework Components and Assemblies	418
Unit 37:	Cutting and Shaping Materials Using Thermal Cutting Equipment	429
Unit 38:	Preparing and Proving CNC Fabrication Machine Tool Programs	437
Unit 39:	Preparing and Using CNC Fabrication Machinery	447
Unit 40:	Preparing and Using Manual Metal Arc Welding Equipment	458
Unit 41:	Preparing and Using Manual TIG or Plasma-Arc Welding Equipment	470
Unit 42:	Preparing and Using Semi-Automatic MIG, MAG and Flux Cored Arc Welding Equipment	482
Unit 43:	Preparing and Using Manual Oxy/Fuel Gas Welding Equipment	494
Unit 44:	Preparing and Using Manual Flame Brazing and Braze Welding Equipment	506
Unit 45:	Producing Electrical or Electronic Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	517
Unit 46:	Wiring and Testing Electrical Equipment and Circuits	531
Unit 47:	Forming and Assembling Electrical Cable Enclosure and Support Systems	545
Unit 48:	Assembling, Wiring and Testing Electrical Panels/Components Mounted in Enclosures	555
Unit 49:	Assembling and Testing Electronic Circuits	569
Unit 50:	Maintaining Electrical Equipment/Systems	585
Unit 51:	Maintaining Electronic Equipment/Systems	597
Unit 52:	Maintaining and Testing Process Instrumentation and Control Devices	613
Unit 53:	Wiring and Testing Programmable Controller Based Systems	624
Unit 54:	Using Wood for Pattern, Modelmaking and Other Engineering Applications	636
Unit 55:	Assembling Pattern, Model and Engineering Woodwork Components	649
Unit 56:	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Wet Lay-Up Techniques	659
Unit 57:	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Pre-Preg Techniques	674
Unit 58:	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Flow Infusion Techniques	689
Unit 59:	Producing Composite Assemblies	703
Unit 60:	Producing Components by Rapid Prototyping Techniques	713
Unit 61:	Producing and Preparing Sand Moulds and Cores for Casting	721
Unit 62:	Producing and Preparing Molten Materials for Casting	731

Unit 63:	Producing Cast Components by Manual Means	741
Unit 64:	Fettling, Finishing and Checking Cast Components	749
Unit 65:	Finishing Surfaces by Applying Coatings or Coverings	758
Unit 66:	Finishing Surfaces by Applying Treatments	770
Unit 67:	Carrying Out Heat Treatment of Engineering Materials	781
Unit 68:	Carrying Out Hand Forging of Engineering Materials	790
Unit 69:	Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Vehicles (Pre-Competition)	798
Unit 70:	Inspecting a Motorsport Vehicle During a Competition	810
Unit 71:	Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults on Motorsport Vehicle Systems During Competition	820
Unit 72:	Carrying Out Maintenance Activities on Motorsport Vehicle Electrical Equipment	831
Unit 73:	Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Engines (Pre-Competition)	842
Unit 74:	Producing CAD Models/Drawings Using a CAD System	853
Unit 75:	Producing Engineering Project Plans	866
Unit 76:	Using Computer Software Packages to Assist with Engineering Activities	877
Unit 77:	Conducting Business Improvement Activities	887
Unit 78:	General Machining, Fitting and Assembly Applications	895
Unit 79:	General Fabrication and Welding Applications	908
Unit 80:	General Electrical and Electronic Engineering Applications	920
Unit 81:	General Maintenance Engineering Applications	934
Unit 82:	Joining Public Service Vehicle Components by Mechanical Processes	945
Unit 83:	Assembling Structural Sub Assemblies to Produce a Public Service Vehicle	954
Unit 84:	Fitting Sub Assemblies and Components to Public Service Vehicles	963
Unit 85:	Preparing and Manoeuvring Armoured Fighting Vehicles AFVs for Maintenance and Transportation	973
Unit 86:	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Film Infusion Techniques	983
<b>12</b>	<b>Further information and useful publications</b>	<b>999</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Professional development and training</b>	<b>1000</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Contact us</b>	<b>1001</b>
<b>Annexe A: Assessment requirements/strategy: Common Requirements for NVQs in the QCF</b>		<b>1002</b>
<b>Annexe B: Assessment requirements/strategy: Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment</b>		<b>1011</b>
<b>Annexe C: Assessment requirements/strategy: Performing Engineering Operations (PEO)</b>		<b>1021</b>

# Purpose of this specification

This specification sets out:

- the objectives of the qualifications
- any other qualifications that a learner must have completed before taking these qualifications
- any prior knowledge, skills or understanding which the learner is required to have before taking these qualifications
- the combination of units that a learner must have completed before the qualifications will be awarded and any pathways
- any other requirements that a learner must have satisfied before they will be assessed or before the qualifications will be awarded
- the knowledge, skills and understanding that will be assessed as part of the qualifications
- the method of any assessment and any associated requirements relating to it
- the criteria against which a learner's level of attainment will be measured (such as assessment criteria)
- assessment requirements and/or evidence requirements required as specified by the relevant Sector Skills Council/Standards Setting Body
- assessment requirements/strategy as published by the relevant Sector Skills Council/Standards Setting Body
- the Apprenticeship Framework in which the qualifications are included, where appropriate.

# 1 Introducing Pearson Edexcel NVQ/Competence-based qualifications

## What are NVQ/Competence-based qualifications?

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National Vocational Qualifications (NVQs) or Competence-based qualifications reflect the skills and knowledge needed to do a job effectively. They are work-based qualifications that give learners the opportunity to demonstrate their competence in the area of work or job role to which the qualification relates.

NVQs/Competence-based qualifications are outcomes-based with no fixed learning programme, allowing flexibility in their delivery to meet the individual learner's needs. The qualifications are based on the National Occupational Standards (NOS) for the sector, which define what employees, or potential employees, must be able to do and know, and how well they should undertake work tasks and work roles.

Most NVQ/Competence-based qualifications form the competence component of Apprenticeship Frameworks. They are suitable for those in employment or those who are studying at college and have a part-time job or access to a substantial work placement.

Most learners will work towards their qualification in the workplace or in settings that replicate the working environment as specified in the assessment requirements/strategy for the sector. Colleges, training centres and/or employers can offer these qualifications provided they have access to appropriate physical and human resources.

There are three sizes of NVQ/Competence-based qualification in the QCF:

- Award (1 to 12 credits)
- Certificate (13 to 36 credits)
- Diploma (37 credits and above).

Every unit and qualification in the QCF has a credit value.

The credit value of a unit specifies the number of credits that will be awarded to a learner who has met the learning outcomes of the unit.

The credit value of a unit is based on:

- one credit for those learning outcomes achievable in 10 hours of learning
- learning time – defined as the time taken by learners at the level of the unit, on average, to complete the learning outcomes of the unit to the standard determined by the assessment criteria.



## 2 Qualification summary and key information

Qualification title	Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF)
QCF Qualification Number (QN)	501/1986/2
Qualification framework	Qualifications and Credit Framework (QCF)
Regulation start date	01/12/2010
Operational start date	01/12/2010
Approved age ranges	16-18 19+ Please note that sector-specific requirements or regulations may prevent learners of a particular age from embarking on this qualification. Please refer to the assessment requirements/strategy.
Credit value for qualification	116 This is achieved through Pathway 6 – Commercial and Passenger Carrying Vehicle Body Building
Credit value for Prototype Powertrain Development pathway	248
Assessment	Portfolio of Evidence (internal assessment)
Guided learning hours for qualification	316-778
Guided learning hours for Prototype Powertrain Development pathway	505-589
Grading information	The qualification and units are graded pass/fail.
Entry requirements	No prior knowledge, understanding, skills or qualifications are required before learners register for this qualification. However, centres must follow the Edexcel Access and Recruitment policy (see <i>Section 9, Access and Recruitment</i> ) Centres must also follow the Pearson <i>Access and Recruitment</i> policy (see <i>Section 9, Access and Recruitment</i> )
Funding	For details on funding availability, please check the Learning Aim Reference Service (LARS), which replaces the Learning Aim Reference Application (LARA).

Qualification title	Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF)
QCF Qualification Number (QN)	601/2539/1
Qualification framework	Qualifications and Credit Framework (QCF)
Regulation start date	16/01/2014
Operational start date	01/02/2014
Approved age ranges	16-18 19+ Please note that sector-specific requirements or regulations may prevent learners of a particular age from embarking on this qualification. Please refer to the assessment requirements/strategy.
Credit value for qualification	143 This is achieved through Pathway 6 – Commercial and Passenger Carrying Vehicle Body Building
Credit value for Prototype Powertrain Development pathway	275
Assessment	Portfolio of Evidence (internal assessment)
Guided learning hours for qualification	432-1132
Guided learning hours for Prototype Powertrain Development pathway	628-838
Grading information	The qualification and units are graded pass/fail.
Entry requirements	No prior knowledge, understanding, skills or qualifications are required before learners register for this qualification. However, centres must follow the Edexcel Access and Recruitment policy (see <i>Section 9, Access and Recruitment</i> ) Centres must also follow the Pearson Access and Recruitment policy (see <i>Section 9, Access and Recruitment</i> )
Funding	For details on funding availability, please check the Learning Aim Reference Service (LARS), which replaces the Learning Aim Reference Application (LARA).

## QCF Qualification Number and qualification title

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Centres will need to use the QCF Qualification Number (QN) when they seek public funding for their learners. As well as a QN, each unit within a qualification has a QCF unit reference number (URN).

The qualification title, unit titles and QN will appear on each learner's final certificate. Centres should tell learners this when recruiting them and registering them with Pearson. There is more information about certification in our *UK Information Manual*, available on our website: [www.edexcel.com](http://www.edexcel.com)

## Qualification objectives

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The Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) and the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) are for learners who work in, or who want to work in the engineering sector.

They give learners the opportunity to demonstrate occupational competence in the workplace to a level required in the engineering industry, have existing skills recognised and achieve a nationally-recognised Level 3 qualification.

## Relationship with previous qualifications

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The Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF) is a direct replacement for the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF), which has expired.

## Apprenticeships

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SEMTA, the Sector Skills Council for Engineering, includes the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF) and the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering (QCF) as the competence component for the Advanced Apprenticeship in Engineering Manufacture (Craft and Technician) Automotive Pathway.

## Progression opportunities through Pearson qualifications

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Learners who have achieved the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) and the Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) can progress across the level and size of the engineering competence and knowledge qualifications and into other occupational areas such as team leading and management.

## **Industry support and recognition**

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These qualifications are supported by SEMTA.

## **Relationship with National Occupational Standards**

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These qualifications are based on the National Occupational Standards (NOS) in Engineering Toolmaking, which were set and designed by SEMTA.

### 3 Qualification structures

#### Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF)

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Learners must achieve a minimum of **248** credits through this pathway to be awarded this qualification.

Learners must achieve 15 credits from the **three** mandatory units in Group A  
**AND**

Learners must achieve a minimum of 53 credits from **one** unit in Group B1 and a minimum of 180 credits from **three** units in Group B2

Unit	Unit reference number	Group A – Mandatory units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
1	A/601/5013	Complying with Statutory Regulations and Organisational Safety Requirements	2	5	35
2	Y/601/5102	Using and Interpreting Engineering Data and Documentation	2	5	25
3	K/601/5055	Working Efficiently and Effectively in Engineering	3	5	25

Unit	Unit reference number	Group B1 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
4	R/600/5832	Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults in Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Systems	3	58	105
5	J/600/6010	Carrying Out Fault Diagnosis on Experimental Vehicles	3	53	105

Unit	Unit reference number	Group B2 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
6	J/600/5942	Assembling and Disassembling Mechanical Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	3	70	126
7	R/600/5958	Assembling and Disassembling Electrical and Electronic Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	3	70	126
8	A/601/0393	Removal and Fitting Fuel Systems to Prototype Engines for Test	3	65	119
9	L/601/0396	Installing Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units to Prototype Vehicles	3	70	126
10	R/601/0397	Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units	3	60	105
11	J/601/0400	Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Data Acquisition Systems	3	60	105
12	R/601/0402	Stripping and Rebuilding Prototype Engines for Test	3	75	140
13	Y/601/0403	Building Prototype Engines for Test	3	70	133
14	D/601/0404	Testing Prototype Engines (Fixed Dynamometer)	3	60	105
15	H/601/0405	Testing Prototype Engines Installed in Vehicles	3	60	105
16	K/601/0406	Dressing Prototype Engines for Test	3	65	105

## Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF)

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Learners must achieve a minimum of **275** credits through this pathway to be awarded this qualification.

Learners must achieve 15 credits from the **three** mandatory units in Group A  
**AND**

Learners must achieve a minimum of 53 credits from **one** unit in Group B1 and a minimum of 180 credits from **three** units in Group B2

**AND EITHER**

Learners must achieve a minimum of 27 credits from **three** units in Group C  
**OR**

Learners must achieve a minimum of 11 credits from **one** unit in Group D1, a minimum of 16 credits from **two** units in Group D2 and a minimum of 24 credits from **two** units in Group D3.

**Please see Barred Combinations on pages 16 and 17 before choosing units from Group C or Group D1**

Unit	Unit reference number	Group A – Mandatory units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
1	A/601/5013	Complying with Statutory Regulations and Organisational Safety Requirements	2	5	35
2	Y/601/5102	Using and Interpreting Engineering Data and Documentation	2	5	25
3	K/601/5055	Working Efficiently and Effectively in Engineering	3	5	25

Unit	Unit reference number	Group B1 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
4	R/600/5832	Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults in Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Systems	3	58	105
5	J/600/6010	Carrying Out Fault Diagnosis on Experimental Vehicles	3	53	105

Unit	Unit reference number	Group B2 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
6	J/600/5942	Assembling and Disassembling Mechanical Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	3	70	126
7	R/600/5958	Assembling and Disassembling Electrical and Electronic Equipment on Experimental Vehicles	3	70	126
8	A/601/0393	Removal and Fitting Fuel Systems to Prototype Engines for Test	3	65	119
9	L/601/0396	Installing Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units to Prototype Vehicles	3	70	126
10	R/601/0397	Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units	3	60	105
11	J/601/0400	Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Data Acquisition Systems	3	60	105
12	R/601/0402	Stripping and Rebuilding Prototype Engines for Test	3	75	140
13	Y/601/0403	Building Prototype Engines for Test	3	70	133
14	D/601/0404	Testing Prototype Engines (Fixed Dynamometer)	3	60	105
15	H/601/0405	Testing Prototype Engines Installed in Vehicles	3	60	105
16	K/601/0406	Dressing Prototype Engines for Test	3	65	105



Unit	Unit reference number	Group C – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
17	F/504/6348	Producing Mechanical Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61
18	J/504/6349	Producing Components Using Hand Fitting Techniques	2	14	64
19	F/504/6351	Producing Mechanical Assemblies	2	15	68
20	L/504/6353	Forming and Assembling Pipework Systems	2	14	64
21	R/504/6354	Carrying Out Aircraft Detail Fitting Activities	2	14	64
22	L/504/6367	Installing Aircraft Mechanical Fasteners	2	11	61
23	L/504/6370	Producing Aircraft Detail Assemblies	2	14	64
24	Y/504/6372	Preparing and Using Lathes for Turning Operations	2	15	68
25	K/504/6375	Preparing and Using Milling Machines	2	15	68
26	T/504/6377	Preparing and Using Grinding Machines	2	15	68
27	F/504/6379	Preparing and Proving CNC Machine Tool Programs	2	14	64
28	F/504/6382	Preparing and Using CNC Turning Machines	2	14	64
29	L/504/6384	Preparing and Using CNC Milling Machines	2	14	64
30	D/504/6387	Preparing and Using CNC Machining Centres	2	14	64
31	D/504/6390	Preparing and Using Industrial Robots	2	14	64
32	T/504/6394	Maintaining Mechanical Devices and Equipment	2	14	64
33	J/504/6397	Assembling and Testing Fluid Power Systems	2	14	64
34	F/504/6401	Maintaining Fluid Power Equipment	2	14	64
35	J/504/6402	Producing Sheet Metal Components and Assemblies	2	14	64
36	L/504/6403	Producing Platework Components and Assemblies	2	14	64
37	R/504/6404	Cutting and Shaping Materials Using Thermal Cutting Equipment	2	14	64

Unit	Unit reference number	Group C – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
38	Y/504/6405	Preparing and Proving CNC Fabrication Machine Tool Programs	2	14	64
39	D/504/6406	Preparing and Using CNC Fabrication Machinery	2	14	64
40	K/504/6408	Preparing and Using Manual Metal Arc Welding Equipment	2	15	68
41	M/504/6409	Preparing and Using Manual TIG or Plasma-Arc Welding Equipment	2	15	68
42	H/504/6410	Preparing and Using Semi-Automatic MIG, MAG and Flux Cored Arc Welding Equipment	2	15	68
43	Y/504/6419	Preparing and Using Manual Oxy/Fuel Gas Welding Equipment	2	14	64
44	L/504/6420	Preparing and Using Manual Flame Brazing and Braze Welding Equipment	2	11	61
45	R/504/6421	Producing Electrical or Electronic Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61
46	Y/504/6422	Wiring and Testing Electrical Equipment and Circuits	2	14	64
47	D/504/6423	Forming and Assembling Electrical Cable Enclosure and Support Systems	2	13	65
48	H/504/6424	Assembling, Wiring and Testing Electrical Panels/Components Mounted in Enclosures	2	14	64
49	K/504/6425	Assembling and Testing Electronic Circuits	2	14	64
50	M/504/6426	Maintaining Electrical Equipment/Systems	2	15	68
51	T/504/6427	Maintaining Electronic Equipment/Systems	2	15	68
52	A/504/6428	Maintaining and Testing Process Instrumentation and Control Devices	2	15	68
53	F/504/6429	Wiring and Testing Programmable Controller Based Systems	2	15	68
54	T/504/6430	Using Wood for Pattern, Modelmaking and Other Engineering Applications	2	15	68

Unit	Unit reference number	Group C – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
55	A/504/6431	Assembling Pattern, Model and Engineering Woodwork Components	2	14	64
56	F/504/6432	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Wet Lay-Up Techniques	2	14	64
57	L/504/6434	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Pre-Preg Techniques	2	14	64
58	R/504/6435	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Flow Infusion Techniques	2	14	64
59	Y/504/6436	Producing Composite Assemblies	2	14	64
60	D/504/6437	Producing Components by Rapid Prototyping Techniques	2	11	61
61	H/504/6438	Producing and Preparing Sand Moulds and Cores for Casting	2	14	64
62	K/504/6439	Producing and Preparing Molten Materials for Casting	2	14	64
63	D/504/6440	Producing Cast Components by Manual Means	2	13	65
64	H/504/6441	Fettling, Finishing and Checking Cast Components	2	11	61
65	M/504/6443	Finishing Surfaces by Applying Coatings or Coverings	2	9	41
66	T/504/6444	Finishing Surfaces by Applying Treatments	2	9	41
67	A/504/6445	Carrying Out Heat Treatment of Engineering Materials	2	9	41
68	F/504/6446	Carrying Out Hand Forging of Engineering Materials	2	9	41
69	J/504/6447	Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Vehicles (Pre-Competition)	2	14	64
70	L/504/6448	Inspecting a Motorsport Vehicle During a Competition	2	14	64
71	R/504/6449	Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults on Motorsport Vehicle Systems During Competition	2	15	68
72	J/504/6450	Carrying Out Maintenance Activities on Motorsport Vehicle Electrical Equipment	2	15	68
73	L/504/6451	Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Engines (Pre-Competition)	2	14	64

Unit	Unit reference number	Group C – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
74	R/504/6452	Producing CAD Models/Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61
78	K/504/6456	General Machining, Fitting and Assembly Applications	2	12	55
79	M/504/6457	General Fabrication and Welding Applications	2	12	55
80	T/504/6458	General Electrical and Electronic Engineering Applications	2	12	55
81	A/504/6459	General Maintenance Engineering Applications	2	12	55
82	L/503/4056	Joining Public Service Vehicle Components by Mechanical Processes	2	11	61
83	R/503/4057	Assembling Structural Sub Assemblies to Produce a Public Service Vehicle	2	14	64
84	Y/503/4058	Fitting Sub Assemblies and Components to Public Service Vehicles	2	14	64
85	R/503/7198	Preparing and Manoeuvring Armoured Fighting Vehicles AFVs for Maintenance and Transportation	2	14	64
86	J/504/3404	Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Film Infusion Techniques	2	14	64

Unit	Unit reference number	Group D1 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
17	F/504/6348	Producing Mechanical Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61
45	R/504/6421	Producing Electrical or Electronic Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61
74	R/504/6452	Producing CAD Models/Drawings Using a CAD System	2	11	61

Unit	Unit reference number	Group D2 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
75	Y/504/6453	Producing Engineering Project Plans	2	8	37
76	D/504/6454	Using Computer Software Packages to Assist with Engineering Activities	2	8	37
77	H/504/6455	Conducting Business Improvement Activities	2	8	41

Unit	Unit reference number	Group D3 – Optional units	Level	Credit	Guided learning hours
78	K/504/6456	General Machining, Fitting and Assembly Applications	2	12	55
79	M/504/6457	General Fabrication and Welding Applications	2	12	55
80	T/504/6458	General Electrical and Electronic Engineering Applications	2	12	55
81	A/504/6459	General Maintenance Engineering Applications	2	12	55

## Barred combinations

Learners may select only <b>ONE</b> of the following		
Unit 17	F/504/6348	Producing Mechanical Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System
Unit 45	R/504/6421	Producing Electrical or Electronic Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System
Unit 74	R/504/6452	Producing CAD Models/Drawings Using a CAD System

If <b>Unit 78 (General Machining, Fitting and Assembly Applications - K/504/6456)</b> is chosen, learners <b>may not</b> select any of the following units		
Unit 18	J/504/6349	Producing Components Using Hand Fitting Techniques
Unit 19	F/504/6351	Producing Mechanical Assemblies
Unit 21	R/504/6354	Carrying Out Aircraft Detail Fitting Activities
Unit 24	Y/504/6372	Preparing and Using Lathes for Turning Operations
Unit 25	K/504/6375	Preparing and Using Milling Machines
Unit 28	F/504/6382	Preparing and Using CNC Turning Machines
Unit 29	L/504/6384	Preparing and Using CNC Milling Machines
Unit 30	D/504/6387	Preparing and Using CNC Machining Centres

If <b>Unit 79 (General Fabrication and Welding Applications - M/504/6457)</b> is chosen, learners <b>may not</b> select any of the following units		
Unit 23	L/504/6370	Producing Aircraft Detail Assemblies
Unit 35	J/504/6402	Producing Sheet Metal Components and Assemblies
Unit 36	L/504/6403	Producing Platework Components and Assemblies
Unit 38	Y/504/6405	Preparing and Proving CNC Fabrication Machine Tool Programs
Unit 39	D/504/6406	Preparing and Using CNC Fabrication Machinery
Unit 40	K/504/6408	Preparing and Using Manual Metal Arc Welding Equipment
Unit 41	M/504/6409	Preparing and Using Manual TIG or Plasma-Arc Welding Equipment
Unit 42	H/504/6410	Preparing and Using Semi-Automatic MIG, MAG and Flux Cored Arc Welding Equipment
Unit 43	Y/504/6419	Preparing and Using Manual Oxy/Fuel Gas Welding Equipment
Unit 47	D/504/6423	Forming and Assembling Electrical Cable Enclosure and Support Systems

If <b>Unit 80 (General Electrical and Electronic Engineering Applications - T/504/6458)</b> is chosen, learners <b>may not</b> select any of the following units		
Unit 46	Y/504/6422	Wiring and Testing Electrical Equipment and Circuits
Unit 48	H/504/6424	Assembling, Wiring and Testing Electrical Panels/Components Mounted in Enclosures
Unit 49	K/504/6425	Assembling and Testing Electronic Circuits
Unit 53	F/504/6429	Wiring and Testing Programmable Controller Based Systems

If <b>Unit 81 (General Maintenance Engineering Applications - A/504/6459)</b> is chosen, learners <b>may not</b> select any of the following units		
Unit 32	T/504/6394	Maintaining Mechanical Devices and Equipment
Unit 34	F/504/6401	Maintaining Fluid Power Equipment
Unit 50	M/504/6426	Maintaining Electrical Equipment/Systems
Unit 51	T/504/6427	Maintaining Electronic Equipment/Systems
Unit 52	A/504/6428	Maintaining and Testing Process Instrumentation and Control Devices
Unit 53	F/504/6429	Wiring and Testing Programmable Controller Based Systems
Unit 71	R/504/6449	Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults on Motorsport Vehicle Systems During Competition
Unit 72	J/504/6450	Carrying Out Maintenance Activities on Motorsport Vehicle Electrical Equipment

## 4 Assessment

These qualifications are assessed through an externally verified Portfolio of Evidence that consists of evidence gathered during the course of the learner's work. To achieve a pass for the full qualification, the learner must achieve all the required units in the stated qualification structure. Each unit has specified learning outcomes and assessment criteria. To pass each unit the learner must:

- achieve **all** the specified learning outcomes
- satisfy **all** the assessment criteria by providing sufficient and valid evidence for each criterion
- prove that the evidence is their own.

The learner must have an assessment record that identifies the assessment criteria that have been met, and it should be cross-referenced to the evidence provided. The assessment record should include details of the type of evidence and the date of assessment. The unit specification or suitable centre documentation can be used to form an assessment record.

It is important that the evidence provided to meet the assessment criteria of the unit and learning outcomes is:

<b>Valid</b>	relevant to the standards for which competence is claimed
<b>Authentic</b>	produced by the learner
<b>Current</b>	sufficiently recent to create confidence that the same skill, understanding or knowledge persist at the time of the claim
<b>Reliable</b>	indicates that the learner can consistently perform at this level
<b>Sufficient</b>	fully meets the requirements of the standards.

Learners can provide evidence of occupational competence from:

- **current practice** where evidence is generated from a current job role
- a **programme of development** where evidence comes from assessment opportunities built into a learning programme, whether at or away from the workplace. The evidence provided must meet the requirements of the Sector Skills Council's assessment requirements/strategy.
- the **Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)** where a learner can demonstrate that they can meet the assessment criteria within a unit through knowledge, understanding or skills they already possess without undertaking a course of development. They must submit sufficient, reliable, authentic and valid evidence for assessment. Evidence submitted based on RPL should provide confidence that the same level of skill/understanding/knowledge exists at the time of claim as existed at the time the evidence was produced. RPL is acceptable for accrediting a unit, several units, or a whole qualification.

Further guidance is available in the policy document *Recognition of Prior Learning Policy and Process*, available on the Edexcel website.

- a **combination** of these.



## Assessment requirements/strategy

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The assessment requirements/strategy for these qualifications have been included in *Annexe B and Annexe C*. They set out the overarching assessment principles and the framework for assessing the qualifications to ensure that they remain valid and reliable. They have been developed by SEMTA in partnership with employers, training providers, awarding organisations and the regulatory authorities.

## Types of evidence

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To achieve a unit, the learner must gather evidence that shows that they have met the required standard specified in the assessment criteria as well as the requirements of the SEMTA assessment requirements/strategy. As stated in the assessment requirements/strategy, the evidence for these qualifications can take a variety of forms as indicated below:

- direct observation of the learner's performance by their assessor (O)
- outcomes from oral or written questioning (Q&A)
- products of the learner's work (P)
- personal statements and/or reflective accounts (RA)
- outcomes from simulation (S)
- professional discussion (PD)
- assignment, project/case studies (A)
- authentic statements/witness testimony (WT)
- expert witness testimony (EWT)
- evidence of Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL).

Learners can use the abbreviations for cross-referencing purposes in their portfolios.

Learners can also use one piece of evidence to prove their knowledge, skills and understanding across different assessment criteria and/or across different units. It is not necessary for learners to have each assessment criterion assessed separately. They should be encouraged to reference evidence to the relevant assessment criteria. Evidence must be available to the assessor, internal verifier and Pearson standards verifier.

Any specific evidence requirements for individual units are stated in the unit introduction for the units in *Section 11*.

There is further guidance about assessment on our website. Please see *Section 12* for details.

## Assessment of knowledge

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The units within these qualifications include knowledge-based learning outcomes and assessment criteria. The evidence provided to meet these learning outcomes and assessment criteria must be in line with the SEMTA assessment strategy/requirements. Any specific assessment requirements are stated in the unit introduction for the units in *Section 11*.

Centres need to look closely at the verbs used for each assessment criterion in the units when devising the assessment to ensure that learners can provide evidence with sufficient breadth and depth to meet the requirements. Any assignment brief should indicate clearly, which assessment criteria are being targeted.

Centres are encouraged to give learners realistic scenarios and to maximise the use of practical activities in delivery and assessment. To avoid over-assessment, centres are encouraged to link delivery and assessment across the knowledge-based units learning outcomes.

## Credit transfer

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Credit transfer describes the process of using a credit or credits awarded in the context of a different qualification or awarded by a different awarding organisation towards the achievement requirements of another qualification. All awarding organisations recognise the credits awarded by all other awarding organisations that operate within the QCF.

If learners achieve credits with other awarding organisations, they do not need to retake any assessment for the same units. The centre must keep evidence of unit achievement.

## 5 Centre resource requirements

As part of the approval process, centres must make sure that the resource requirements below are in place before offering the qualifications.

- Centres must have the appropriate physical resources to support both the delivery and assessment of the qualifications. For example, a workplace in line with industry standards, or a Realistic Working Environment (RWE), where permitted, as specified in the assessment requirements/strategy for the sector, equipment, IT, learning materials, teaching rooms.
- Where permitted, RWE must offer the same conditions as the normal day-to-day working environment, with a similar range of demands, pressures and requirements for cost-effective working.
- Centres must meet any specific human and physical resource requirements outlined in the assessment requirements/strategy in *Annexe B and Annexe C*. Staff assessing learners must meet the occupational competence requirements within the overarching assessment requirements/strategy for the sector.
- There must be systems in place to ensure the continuing professional development for staff delivering the qualifications.
- Centres must have appropriate health and safety policies, procedures and practices in place for the delivery of the qualifications.
- Centres must deliver the qualifications in accordance with current equality legislation. For further details on Pearson's commitment to the Equality Act 2010, please see *Section 9 Access and recruitment* and *Section 10 Access to qualifications for learners with disabilities or specific needs*. For full details on the Equality Act 2010, please go to [www.legislation.gov.uk](http://www.legislation.gov.uk)

## 6 Centre recognition and approval

### Centre recognition

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Centres that have not previously offered Pearson Edexcel accredited vocational qualifications need to apply for and be granted centre recognition and approval as part of the process for approval to offer individual qualifications.

Existing centres will be given 'automatic approval' for a new qualification if they are already approved for a qualification that is being replaced by a new qualification and the conditions for automatic approval are met.

Guidance on seeking approval to deliver Pearson Edexcel vocational qualifications is available at [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/qualifications-approval](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/qualifications-approval).

### Approvals agreement

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All centres are required to enter into an approval agreement, which is a formal commitment by the head or principal of a centre, to meet all the requirements of the specification and any associated codes, Conditions or regulations. Pearson will act to protect the integrity of the awarding of qualifications. If centres do not comply with the agreement, this could result in the suspension of certification or withdrawal of approval.

## 7 Quality assurance of centres

Quality assurance is at the heart of vocational qualifications. Centres will internally assess NVQs/Competence-based qualifications using internal quality assurance procedures to ensure standardisation of assessment across all learners. Pearson uses external quality assurance procedures to check that all centres are working to national standards. It gives us the opportunity to identify and provide support, if needed, to safeguard certification. It also allows us to recognise and support good practice.

For the qualifications in this specification, the Pearson quality assurance model is as described below.

Centres offering Pearson Edexcel NVQs/Competence-based qualifications will usually receive two standards verification visits per year (a total of two days per year). The exact frequency and duration of standards verifier visits must reflect the centre's performance, taking account of the number:

- of assessment sites
- and throughput of learners
- and turnover of assessors
- and turnover of internal verifiers.

For centres offering a full Pearson BTEC Apprenticeship (i.e. all elements of the Apprenticeship are delivered with Pearson through registration of learners on a Pearson BTEC Apprenticeship framework) a single standards verifier will be allocated to verify all elements of the Pearson BTEC Apprenticeship programme. If a centre is also offering stand-alone NVQs/Competence-based qualifications in the same sector as a full Pearson BTEC Apprenticeship, the same standards verifier will be allocated.

In order for certification to be released, confirmation is required that the National Occupational Standards (NOS) for assessment, verification and for the specific occupational sector are being consistently met.

Centres are required to declare their commitment to ensuring quality and to providing appropriate opportunities for learners that lead to valid and accurate assessment outcomes.

For further details, please go to the *UK Vocational Quality Assurance Handbook* (updated annually) and the *Edexcel NVQs, SVQs and competence-based qualifications – Delivery Requirements and Quality Assurance Guidance* on our website, at [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/NVQ-competence-based](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/NVQ-competence-based).

## 8 Programme delivery

Centres are free to offer the qualifications using any mode of delivery (for example full-time, part-time, evening only, distance learning,) that meets learners' needs. However, centres must make sure that learners have access to the resources identified in the specification and to the sector specialists delivering and assessing the units. Centres must have due regard to Pearson's policies that may apply to different modes of delivery.

Those planning the programme should aim to address the occupational nature of the qualification by:

- engaging with learners, initially, through planned induction, and subsequently through the involvement of learners in planning for assessment opportunities
- using naturally occurring workplace activities and products to present evidence for assessment against the requirements of the qualification
- developing a holistic approach to assessment by matching evidence to different assessment criteria, learning outcomes and units, as appropriate, thereby reducing the assessment burden on learners and assessors
- taking advantage of suitable digital methods to capture evidence.

## 9 Access and recruitment

Pearson's policy regarding access to its qualifications is that:

- they should be available to everyone who is capable of reaching the required standards
- they should be free from any barriers that restrict access and progression
- there should be equal opportunities for all wishing to access the qualifications.

Centres must ensure that their learner recruitment process is conducted with integrity. This includes ensuring that applicants have appropriate information and advice about the qualification to ensure that it will meet their needs.

Centres should review applicants' prior qualifications and/or experience, considering whether this profile shows that they have the potential to achieve the qualification.

For learners with disabilities and specific needs, this review will need to take account of the support available to them during the delivery and assessment of the qualification. The review must take account of the information and guidance in *Section 10 Access to qualifications for learners with disabilities or specific needs*.

## 10 Access to qualifications for learners with disabilities or specific needs

Equality and fairness are central to our work. Pearson's Equality Policy requires that all learners should have equal opportunity to access our qualifications and assessments and that our qualifications are awarded in a way that is fair to every learner.

We are committed to making sure that:

- learners with a protected characteristic (as defined by the Equality Act 2010) are not, when they are undertaking one of our qualifications, disadvantaged in comparison to learners who do not share that characteristic
- all learners achieve the recognition they deserve from undertaking a qualification and that this achievement can be compared fairly to the achievement of their peers.

Learners taking a qualification can be assessed in British sign language or Irish sign language where it is permitted for the purpose of reasonable adjustments.

Further information on access arrangements can be found in the Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ) document *Access Arrangements, Reasonable Adjustments and Special Consideration for General and Vocational qualifications*.

Details on how to make adjustments for learners with protected characteristics are given in the document *Pearson Supplementary Guidance for Reasonable Adjustment and Special Consideration in Vocational Internally Assessed Units*.

Both documents are on our website at: [www.edexcel.com/policies](http://www.edexcel.com/policies)



# 11 Unit format

Each unit has the following sections.

## Unit title

The unit title is on the QCF and this form of words will appear on the learner's Notification of Performance (NOP).

## Unit reference number

Each unit is assigned a unit reference number that appears with the unit title on the Register of Regulated Qualifications.

## QCF level

All units and qualifications within the QCF have a level assigned to them. There are nine levels of achievement, from Entry to level 8. The QCF Level Descriptors inform the allocation of the level.

## Credit value

All units have a credit value. When a learner achieves a unit, they gain the specified number of credits. The minimum credit value is 1 and credits can be awarded in whole numbers only.

## Guided learning hours

Guided learning hours are the times when a tutor, trainer or facilitator is present to give specific guidance towards the learning aim for a programme. This definition includes workplace guidance to support the development of practical job-related skills, tutorials and supervised study in, for example, open learning centres and learning workshops. It also includes the time spent by staff assessing learners' achievements, for example in the assessment of competence for NVQs/Competence qualifications.

## Unit aim

This gives a summary of what the unit aims to do.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

The SSC/B set the assessment/evidence requirements. Learners must provide evidence according to each of the requirements stated in this section.

## Learning outcomes

The learning outcomes of a unit set out what a learner knows, understands or is able to do as the result of a process of learning.

## Assessment criteria

The assessment criteria specify the standard required by the learner to achieve the learning outcome.

# Unit 1: Complying with Statutory Regulations and Organisational Safety Requirements

**Unit reference number:** A/601/5013

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 5

**Guided learning hours:** 35

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to deal with statutory regulations and organisational safety requirements. It does not deal with specific safety regulations or detailed requirements, it does, however, cover the more general health and safety requirements that apply to working in an industrial environment.

The learner will be expected to comply with all relevant regulations that apply to their area of work, as well as their general responsibilities as defined in the Health and Safety at Work Act. The learner will need to be able to identify the relevant qualified first aiders and know the location of the first aid facilities. The learner will have a knowledge and understanding of the procedures to be adopted in the case of accidents involving injury and in situations where there are dangerous occurrences or hazardous malfunctions of equipment, processes or machinery. The learner will also need to be fully conversant with their organisation's procedures for fire alerts and the evacuation of premises.

The learner will also be required to identify the hazards and risks that are associated with their job. Typically, these will focus on their working environment, the tools and equipment that they use, the materials and substances that they use, any working practices that do not follow laid-down procedures, and manual lifting and carrying techniques.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Comply with statutory regulations and organisational safety requirements	1.1	Comply with their duties and obligations as defined in the Health and Safety at Work Act			
		1.2	Demonstrate their understanding of their duties and obligations to health and safety by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Applying in principle their duties and responsibilities as an individual under the Health and Safety at Work Act</li> <li>• Identifying, within their organisation, appropriate sources of information and guidance on health and safety issues, such as:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- eye protection and personal protective equipment (PPE)</li> <li>- COSHH regulations</li> <li>- risk assessments</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Identifying the warning signs and labels of the main groups of hazardous or dangerous substances</li> <li>• Complying with the appropriate statutory regulations at all times</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Present themselves in the workplace suitably prepared for the activities to be undertaken			
		1.4	Follow organisational accident and emergency procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Comply with emergency requirements, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identifying the appropriate qualified first aiders and the location of first aid facilities</li> <li>Identifying the procedures to be followed in the event of injury to themselves or others</li> <li>Following organisational procedures in the event of fire and the evacuation of premises</li> <li>Identifying the procedures to be followed in the event of dangerous occurrences or hazardous malfunctions of equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Recognise and control hazards in the workplace			
		1.7 Identify the hazards and risks that are associated with the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Their working environment</li> <li>The equipment that they use</li> <li>Materials and substances (where appropriate) that they use</li> <li>Working practices that do not follow laid-down procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use correct manual lifting and carrying techniques			
		1.9 Demonstrate one of the following methods of manual lifting and carrying: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lifting alone</li> <li>With assistance of others</li> <li>With mechanical assistance</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Apply safe working practices and procedures to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Maintaining a tidy workplace, with exits and gangways free from obstruction</li> <li>• Using equipment safely and only for the purpose intended</li> <li>• Observing organisational safety rules, signs and hazard warnings</li> <li>• Taking measures to protect others from any harm resulting from the work that they are carrying out</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to comply with statutory regulations and organisational safety requirements	2.1	Describe the roles and responsibilities of themselves and others under the Health and Safety at Work Act, and other current legislation (such as The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations, Workplace Health and Safety and Welfare Regulations, Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations, Manual Handling Operations Regulations, Provision and Use of Work Equipment Regulations, Display Screen at Work Regulations, Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations)			
		2.2	Describe the specific regulations and safe working practices and procedures that apply to their work activities			
		2.3	Describe the warning signs for the seven main groups of hazardous substances defined by Classification, Packaging and Labelling of Dangerous Substances Regulations			
		2.4	Explain how to locate relevant health and safety information for their tasks, and the sources of expert assistance when help is needed			
		2.5	Explain what constitutes a hazard in the workplace (such as moving parts of machinery, electricity, slippery and uneven surfaces, poorly placed equipment, dust and fumes, handling and transporting, contaminants and irritants, material ejection, fire, working at height, environment, pressure/stored energy systems, volatile, flammable or toxic materials, unshielded processes, working in confined spaces)			
		2.6	Describe their responsibilities for identifying and dealing with hazards and reducing risks in the workplace			
		2.7	Describe the risks associated with their working environment (such as the tools, materials and equipment that they use, spillages of oil, chemicals and other substances, not reporting accidental breakages of tools or equipment and not following laid-down working practices and procedures)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the processes and procedures that are used to identify and rate the level of risk (such as safety inspections, the use of hazard checklists, carrying out risk assessments, COSHH assessments)			
		2.9	Describe the first aid facilities that exist within their work area and within the organisation in general; the procedures to be followed in the case of accidents involving injury			
		2.10	Explain what constitute dangerous occurrences and hazardous malfunctions, and why these must be reported even if no-one is injured			
		2.11	Describe the procedures for sounding the emergency alarms, evacuation procedures and escape routes to be used, and the need to report their presence at the appropriate assembly point			
		2.12	Describe the organisational policy with regard to fire fighting procedures; the common causes of fire and what they can do to help prevent them			
		2.13	Describe the protective clothing and equipment that is available for their areas of activity			
		2.14	Explain how to safely lift and carry loads, and the manual and mechanical aids available			
		2.15	Explain how to prepare and maintain safe working areas; the standards and procedures to ensure good housekeeping			
		2.16	Describe the importance of safe storage of tools, equipment, materials and products			
		2.17	Describe the extent of their own authority, and to whom they should report in the event of problems that they cannot resolve			



Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Learner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
(if sampled)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 2: Using and Interpreting Engineering Data and Documentation

**Unit reference number:** Y/601/5102

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 5

**Guided learning hours:** 25

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to make effective use of text, numeric and graphical information, by interpreting and using technical information extracted from documents such as engineering drawings, technical manuals, reference tables, specifications, technical sales/marketing documentation, charts or electronic displays, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to extract the necessary information from the various documents, in order to establish and carry out the work requirements, and to make valid decisions about the work activities based on the information extracted.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Use and interpret engineering data and documentation	1.1	Use the approved source to obtain the required data and documentation			
		1.2	Use the data and documentation and carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the currency and validity of the data and documentation used</li> <li>• Exercise care and control over the documents at all times</li> <li>• Correctly extract all necessary data in order to carry out the required tasks</li> <li>• Seek out additional information where there are gaps or deficiencies in the information obtained</li> <li>• Deal with or report any problems found with the data and documentation</li> <li>• Make valid decisions based on the evaluation of the engineering information extracted from the documents</li> <li>• Return all documents to the approved location on completion of the work</li> <li>• Complete all necessary work related documentation such as production documentation, installation documentation, maintenance documentation, planning documentation</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3	Correctly identify, interpret and extract the required information		
		1.4	Extract information that includes three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Materials or components required</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Tolerances</li> <li>• Build quality</li> <li>• Installation requirements</li> <li>• Customer requirements</li> <li>• Time scales</li> <li>• Financial information</li> <li>• Operating parameters</li> <li>• Surface texture requirements</li> <li>• Location/orientation of parts</li> <li>• Process or treatments required</li> <li>• Dismantling/assembly sequence</li> <li>• Inspection/testing requirements</li> <li>• Number/volumes required</li> <li>• Repair/service methods</li> <li>• Method of manufacture</li> <li>• Weld type and size</li> <li>• Operations required</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connections to be made</li> <li>• Surface finish required</li> <li>• Shape or profiles</li> <li>• Fault finding procedures</li> <li>• Safety/risk factors</li> <li>• Environmental controls</li> <li>• Specific data (such as component data, maintenance data, electrical data, fluid data)</li> <li>• Resources (such as tools, equipment, personnel)</li> <li>• Utility supply details (such as electricity, water, gas, air)</li> <li>• Location of services, including standby and emergency backup systems</li> <li>• Circuit characteristics (such as pressure, flow, current, voltage, speed)</li> <li>• Protective arrangements and equipment (such as containment, environmental controls, warning and evacuation systems and equipment)</li> <li>• Other specific related information</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Use the information obtained to ensure that work output meets the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Use information extracted from documents to include one from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drawings (such as component drawings, assembly drawings, modification drawings, repair drawings, welding/fabrication drawings, distribution and installation drawings)</li> <li>• Diagrams (such as schematic, fluid power diagrams, piping, wiring/circuit diagrams)</li> <li>• Manufacturers manuals/drawings</li> <li>• Approved sketches</li> <li>• Technical illustrations</li> <li>• Photographic representations</li> <li>• Visual display screen information</li> <li>• Technical sales/marketing documentation</li> <li>• Contractual documentation</li> <li>• Other specific drawings/documents</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Use information extracted from related documentation, to include two from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Instructions (such as job instructions, drawing instructions, manufacturers instructions)</li> <li>• Specifications (such as material, finish, process, contractual, calibration)</li> <li>• Reference materials (such as manuals, tables, charts, guides, notes)</li> <li>• Schedules</li> <li>• Operation sheets</li> <li>• Service/test information</li> <li>• Planning documentation</li> <li>• Quality control documents</li> <li>• Company specific technical instructions</li> <li>• National, international and organisational standards</li> <li>• Health and safety standards relating to the activity (such as COSHH)</li> <li>• Other specific related documentation</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Deal promptly and effectively with any problems within their control and report those which cannot be solved			
		1.9 Report any inaccuracies or discrepancies in documentation and specifications			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to use and interpret engineering data and documentation	2.1	Explain what information sources are used for the data and documentation that they use in their work activities			
		2.2	Explain how documents are obtained, and how to check that they are current and valid			
		2.3	Explain the basic principles of confidentiality (including what information should be available and to whom)			
		2.4	Describe the different ways/formats that data and documentation can be presented (such as drawings, job instructions product data sheets, manufacturers' manuals, financial spreadsheets, production schedules, inspection and calibration requirements, customer information)			
		2.5	Explain how to use other sources of information to support the data (such as electronic component pin configuration specifications, reference charts, standards, bend allowances required for material thickness, electrical conditions required for specific welding rods, mixing ratios for bonding and finishing materials, metal specifications and inspection requirements, health and safety documentation)			
		2.6	Describe the importance of differentiating fact from opinion when reviewing data and documentation			
		2.7	Describe the importance of analysing all available data and documentation before decisions are made			
		2.8	Describe the different ways of storing and organising data and documentation to ensure easy access			
		2.9	Describe the procedures for reporting discrepancies in the data or documentation, and for reporting lost or damaged documents			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the importance of keeping all data and documentation up to date during the work activity, and the implications of this not being done			
		2.11	Explain the care and control procedures for the documents, and how damage or graffiti on documents can lead to scrapped work			
		2.12	Explain the importance of returning documents to the designated location on completion of the work activities			
		2.13	Explain what basic drawing conventions are used and why there needs to be different types of drawings (such as isometric and orthographic, first and third angle, assembly drawings, circuit and wiring diagrams, block and schematic diagrams)			
		2.14	Explain what types of documentation are used and how they interrelate (such as production drawings, assembly drawings, circuit and wiring diagrams, block and schematic diagrams)			
		2.15	Explain the imperial and metric systems of measurement; tolerancing and fixed reference points			
		2.16	Describe the meaning of the different symbols and abbreviations found on the documents that they use (such as surface finish, electronic components, weld symbols, linear and geometric tolerances, pressure and flow characteristics)			
		2.17	Describe the extent of their own responsibility, when to act on their own initiative to find, clarify and evaluate information, and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

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Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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*(if sampled)*

## **Unit 3:**

# **Working Efficiently and Effectively in Engineering**

**Unit reference number:** K/601/5055

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 5

**Guided learning hours:** 25

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to work efficiently and effectively in the workplace, in accordance with approved procedures and practices. Prior to undertaking the engineering activity, the learner will be required to carry out all necessary preparations within the scope of their responsibility. This may include preparing the work area and ensuring that it is in a safe condition to carry out the intended activities, ensuring they have the appropriate job specifications and instructions and that any tools, equipment, materials and other resources required are available and in a safe and usable condition.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Work efficiently and effectively in engineering	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare the work area to carry out the engineering activity			
		1.3	Prepare to carry out the engineering activity, taking into consideration all of the following, as applicable to the work to be undertaken: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The work area is free from hazards and is suitably prepared for the activities to be undertaken</li> <li>• Any required safety procedures are implemented</li> <li>• Any necessary personal protection equipment is obtained and is in a usable condition</li> <li>• Tools and equipment required are obtained and checked that they are in a safe and useable condition</li> <li>• All necessary drawings, specifications and associated documentation is obtained</li> <li>• Job instructions are obtained and understood</li> <li>• The correct materials or components are obtained</li> <li>• Storage arrangements for work are appropriate</li> <li>• Appropriate authorisation to carry out the work is obtained</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Check that there are sufficient supplies of materials and/or consumables and that they meet work requirements			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Ensure that completed products or resources are stored in the appropriate location on completion of the activities			
		1.6 Complete work activities, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Completing all necessary documentation accurately and legibly</li> <li>• Returning tools and equipment</li> <li>• Returning drawings and work instructions</li> <li>• Identifying, where appropriate, any unusable tools, equipment or components</li> <li>• Arranging for disposal of waste materials</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Tidy up the work area on completion of the engineering activity			
		1.8 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be resolved			
		1.9 Deal with problems affecting the engineering process, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Materials</li> <li>• Tools and equipment</li> <li>• Drawings</li> <li>• Job specification</li> <li>• Quality</li> <li>• People</li> <li>• Timescales</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Activities or procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Contribute to and communicate opportunities for improvement to working practices and procedures			
		1.11	Make recommendations for improving to two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Working practices</li> <li>• Working methods</li> <li>• Quality</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Tools and equipment</li> <li>• Supplier relationships</li> <li>• Internal communication</li> <li>• Customer service</li> <li>• Training and development</li> <li>• Teamwork</li> <li>• Other</li> </ul>			
		1.12	Maintain effective working relationships with colleagues to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Colleagues within own working group</li> <li>• Colleagues outside normal working group</li> <li>• Line management</li> <li>• External contacts</li> </ul>			
		1.13	Review personal training and development as appropriate to the job role			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Review personal development objectives and targets to include one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dual or multi-skilling</li> <li>• Training on new equipment / technology</li> <li>• Increased responsibility</li> <li>• Understanding of company working practices, procedures, plans and policies</li> <li>• Other specific requirements</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to work efficiently and effectively in engineering	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed whilst preparing and tidying up their work area			
		2.2	Describe the correct use of any equipment used to protect the health and safety of themselves and their colleagues			
		2.3	Describe the procedure for ensuring that all documentation relating to the work being carried out is available and current, prior to starting the activity			
		2.4	Describe the action that should be taken if documentation received is incomplete and/or incorrect			
		2.5	Describe the procedure for ensuring that all tools and equipment are available prior to undertaking the activity			
		2.6	Describe the checks to be carried out to ensure that tools and equipment are in full working order, prior to undertaking the activity			
		2.7	Describe the action that should be taken if tools and equipment are not in full working order			
		2.8	Describe the checks to be carried out to ensure that all materials required are correct and complete, prior to undertaking the activity			
		2.9	Describe the action that should be taken if materials do not meet the requirements of the activity			
		2.10	Explain whom to inform when the work activity has been completed			
		2.11	Describe the information and/or documentation required to confirm that the activity has been completed			
		2.12	Explain what materials, equipment and tools can be reused			
		2.13	Explain how any waste materials and/or products are transferred, stored and disposed of			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.14	Explain where tools and equipment should be stored and located			
		2.15	Describe the importance of making recommendations for improving working practices			
		2.16	Describe the procedure and format for making suggestions for improvements			
		2.17	Describe the benefits to organisations if improvements can be identified			
		2.18	Describe the importance of maintaining effective working relationships within the workplace			
		2.19	Describe the procedures to deal with and report any problems that can affect working relationships			
		2.20	Describe the difficulties that can occur in working relationships			
		2.21	describe the regulations that affect how they should be treated at work (such as Equal Opportunities Act, Race and Sex Discrimination, Working Time Directive)			
		2.22	Describe the benefits of continuous personal development			
		2.23	Describe the training opportunities that are available in the workplace			
		2.24	Describe the importance of reviewing their training and development			
		2.25	Explain with whom to discuss training and development issues			
		2.26	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have any problems that they cannot resolve			

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*(if sampled)*

## **Unit 4:**

# **Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults in Vehicle Electrical and Electronic Systems**

**Unit reference number:** R/600/5832

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 58

**Guided learning hours:** 105

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out fault diagnosis of vehicle electrical and electronic equipment, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to diagnose faults on a range of vehicle electrical equipment, which will include safety devices, control systems, motors, lighting, navigational and other components. The learner will be expected to use a variety of fault diagnosis methods and techniques, and to utilise a number of diagnostic aids and equipment. From the evidence gained, the learner will be expected to identify the fault and its probable cause, and to carry out appropriate actions to remedy the problem.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Diagnose and rectify faults in vehicle electrical and electronic systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Review and use all relevant information on the symptoms and problems associated with the equipment			
		1.3	Investigate and establish the most likely causes of the faults			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Carry out all of the following activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, assembly drawings, planning and quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the activity and check they are in a safe and usable condition, and within current calibration dates</li> <li>• Follow safe practice/approved diagnostic and rectification techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the diagnostic activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area and equipment in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out fault diagnosis of vehicle electrical systems, to include six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safety systems</li> <li>• Control systems</li> <li>• Lighting systems</li> <li>• Ignition system</li> <li>• Wheel torque instrumentation (prototype)</li> <li>• Heating and ventilating systems</li> <li>• Motors (such as wiper, starter)</li> <li>• Audio/entertainment systems</li> <li>• Fuel management system</li> <li>• Engine calibration tools (prototype)</li> <li>• Exhaust emission control system</li> <li>• Navigational systems</li> <li>• Power-up systems</li> <li>• Braking system</li> <li>• Ignition cut-out</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Select, use and apply diagnostic techniques, tools and aids to locate faults			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	Use a range of fault-diagnostic techniques, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Emergent problem sequence</li> <li>• Half-split technique</li> <li>• Function/performance</li> <li>• Signal injection and sampling</li> <li>• Six point technique</li> <li>• Equipment self-diagnostics</li> <li>• Input/output technique</li> <li>• Computer-aided diagnostics</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use a variety of diagnostic aids and equipment, to include four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manufacturers' manuals</li> <li>• Probability charts/reports</li> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Algorithms</li> <li>• Audible recognition</li> <li>• Voltage tester</li> <li>• Functional system check</li> <li>• Visual recognition</li> <li>• Continuity tester</li> <li>• Ammeter</li> <li>• Computer-aided diagnostic equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Apply fault-diagnostic techniques to all the following type of conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Breakdown</li> <li>• Computer indicated fault</li> <li>• Performance check</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Complete the fault diagnosis within the agreed time and inform the appropriate people when this cannot be achieved			
		1.11 Use the evidence gained to draw valid conclusions about the nature and probable cause of the fault			
		1.12 Rectify the identified faults using appropriate methods and techniques			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Carry out fault rectification, involving two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Component replacement</li> <li>• Component repair</li> <li>• Wire/loom repair</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Carry out diagnostic activities in line with one of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's specifications</li> <li>• Specific system requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Provide a record of the outcome of fault diagnosis, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Step-by-step analytical report</li> <li>• Record card system</li> <li>• Corrective action report</li> <li>• Company-specific reporting procedure</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Record details on the extent and location of the faults in an appropriate format			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to diagnose and rectify faults in vehicle electrical and electronic systems	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the vehicle electrical fault diagnosis (such as any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with diagnosing and rectifying faults in vehicle electrical and electronic systems, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.3	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the vehicle electrical fault diagnostic activities, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.4	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn during the vehicle electrical fault diagnosis activities			
		2.5	Describe the specific health and safety precautions to be followed for the lifting and handling of electrical devices and other components during the diagnostic process			
		2.6	Describe the procedures for obtaining the various types of drawing, job instructions and specifications that are used during the vehicle electrical fault diagnosis, and how to interpret them correctly			
		2.7	Explain how to evaluate the various types of information available for fault diagnosis			
		2.8	Describe the procedures to be followed to investigate faults, and how to deal with intermittent conditions			
		2.9	Explain how to use computer-aided fault diagnostic equipment and various other aids and reports available for fault diagnosis			
		2.10	Explain how to use appropriate fault-diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the different fault-diagnostic methods and techniques, and their application for different conditions			
		2.12	Describe the functionality of vehicle components, and their interrelations with other components and assemblies			
		2.13	Explain how to analyse and evaluate possible characteristics and causes of specific faults/problems			
		2.14	Explain how to relate previous reports/records of similar fault conditions			
		2.15	Explain how to use test equipment, how to calibrate it, and how to check that it is free from damage and defect			
		2.16	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the vehicle equipment, prior to repair			
		2.17	Describe the repair methods, techniques and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			
		2.18	Describe the importance of using the specified components and materials for the repair, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.19	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the repair operations			
		2.20	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the repair			
		2.21	Explain how to recognise defects (such as dry joints, ineffective fasteners, foreign object damage)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the documentation to be completed for the fault diagnostic and repair activities undertaken			
		2.23	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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## **Unit 5:**

# **Carrying Out Fault Diagnosis on Experimental Vehicles**

**Unit reference number:** J/600/6010

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 53

**Guided learning hours:** 105

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out fault diagnosis on experimental vehicles, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to diagnose faults on experimental vehicles, which will involve mechanical equipment, electrical/electronic systems/equipment, steering and suspension equipment, braking systems and components, engine/power units, fuel systems, gearbox and transmission systems, exhaust emission and control systems, cooling and heating systems, and vehicle process controller, at sub-assembly or component level, as applicable. The learner will be expected to use a variety of fault diagnosis methods and techniques, and to utilise a number of diagnostic aids and equipment. From the evidence gained, the learner will be expected to identify the fault and its probable cause, and suggest appropriate action to remedy the problem.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out fault diagnosis on experimental vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Review and use all relevant information on the symptoms and problems associated with the products or assets			
		1.3	Collect evidence about the fault from four of the following sources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Development personnel or customer who reported the fault</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Recording devices</li> <li>• Sensory (such as sight, sound, smell, touch)</li> <li>• Vehicle/manufacture's records/history</li> <li>• Condition of the end product</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Carry out all of the following during the fault diagnostic activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, assembly drawings, vehicle documentation, quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for undertaking the vehicle diagnostics</li> <li>• Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the activity and check they are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Follow safe practice/approved diagnostic techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Collect vehicle fault diagnostic evidence from running and static vehicle systems</li> <li>• Disconnect or isolate components or parts of the system, when appropriate, to confirm the diagnosis</li> <li>• Identify the fault and determine appropriate corrective action</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the diagnostic activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out fault diagnosis, on two of the following, to sub-assembly/component level: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vehicle mechanical equipment</li> <li>• Vehicle braking systems</li> <li>• Prototype engine/power unit</li> <li>• Gearbox and transmission</li> <li>• Steering system</li> <li>• Exhaust emission control system</li> <li>• Vehicle electrical/electronic systems</li> <li>• Vehicle process controllers</li> <li>• Prototype engine test controller</li> <li>• Suspension system</li> <li>• Cooling and heating system</li> <li>• Fuel system</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Investigate and establish the most likely causes of the faults			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	Use a range of fault diagnostic techniques, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Half-split technique</li> <li>• Emergent problem sequence</li> <li>• Six point</li> <li>• Injection and sampling</li> <li>• Unit substitution</li> <li>• Computer-aided diagnostics</li> <li>• Function/performance testing</li> <li>• Input/output</li> </ul>			
		1.8	Select, use and apply diagnostic techniques, tools and aids to locate faults			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Use a variety of diagnostic aids and equipment, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manufacturer's/vehicle manual</li> <li>• Algorithms</li> <li>• Probability charts/reports</li> <li>• Equipment self-diagnostics</li> <li>• Circuit diagrams/specifications</li> <li>• Logic diagrams</li> <li>• Flow charts</li> <li>• Fault analysis charts (such as fault trees)</li> <li>• Troubleshooting guides</li> <li>• Prototype engine test schedule</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Use two of the following types of test equipment to help in the fault diagnosis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanical measuring equipment (such as measuring instruments, dial test indicators, torque instruments)</li> <li>• Electrical/electronic measuring instruments (such as multimeters, logic probes)</li> <li>• Fluid power test equipment (such as test rigs, flow meters, pressure gauges)</li> <li>• Computer programmed self-assessment system</li> <li>• Prototype engine test controller</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Find faults that have resulted in two of the following conditions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intermittent failure</li> <li>• Partial failure or reduced performance/out-of-specification product</li> <li>• Complete breakdown</li> <li>• Incomplete or incorrect test results</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Complete the fault diagnosis within the agreed time and inform the appropriate people when this cannot be achieved			
		1.13 Determine the implications of the fault for other work and for safety considerations			
		1.14 Use the evidence gained to draw valid conclusions about the nature and probable cause of the fault			
		1.15 Record details on the extent and location of the faults in an appropriate format			
		1.16 Provide a record of the outcome of the fault diagnosis, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Step-by-step analytical report</li> <li>• Vehicle test log/report</li> <li>• Corrective action report</li> <li>• Company-specific reporting procedure</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out fault diagnosis on experimental vehicles	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements of the area in which they are carrying out the fault diagnosis activities, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.2	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when carrying out fault diagnosis on experimental vehicles			
		2.3	Describe the isolation of components, and lifting/jacking procedures or permit-to-work procedures that apply			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing protective clothing and other appropriate safety equipment during the fault diagnosis process; the type of equipment to be used and where to obtain it			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out fault diagnosis on experimental vehicle systems (such as handling fluids, stored pressure/force, electrical contact, lifting and jacking devices, process controller systems, using faulty or damaged tools and equipment, using practices that do not follow laid-down procedures), and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.6	Explain where to obtain and how to interpret drawings, circuit diagrams, specifications, vehicle/manufacturers' manuals and other documents needed in the fault diagnosis process			
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of how the vehicle systems function, and the working purpose of the various integrated components			
		2.8	Describe the various fault finding techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input/output, emergent problem sequence, six point technique, function testing, unit substitution, injection and sampling techniques and equipment self-diagnostics)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Explain how to evaluate the various types of information available for fault diagnosis (such as customer/development personnel reports, monitoring equipment, sensory inputs, history records, and condition of the end product)			
		2.10	Explain how to evaluate sensory conditions by sight, sound, smell, touch			
		2.11	Describe the procedures to be followed to investigate faults, and how to deal with intermittent conditions			
		2.12	Explain how to use the various aids and reports available for fault diagnosis			
		2.13	Describe the type of equipment that can be used to aid fault diagnosis, and how to check that it is calibrated or configured correctly for the intended use and that it is free from damage and defects (such as mechanical measuring instruments, electrical measuring instruments, test rigs and pressure and flow devices)			
		2.14	Describe the application of specific fault finding methods and techniques best suited to the problem			
		2.15	Explain how to analyse and evaluate possible characteristics and causes of specific faults/problems			
		2.16	Explain how to relate previous reports/records of similar fault conditions			
		2.17	Explain how to evaluate the likely risk of running the vehicle with the displayed fault, and the effects the fault could have on the overall performance of the vehicle			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18	Explain how to prepare a report in accordance with the company policy on fault diagnosis			
		2.19	Describe the extent of their own authority and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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*(if sampled)*

## **Unit 6:**

# **Assembling and Disassembling Mechanical Equipment on Experimental Vehicles**

**Unit reference number:** J/600/5942

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 70

**Guided learning hours:** 126

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble and disassemble experimental mechanical components to new models/experimental vehicles, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to assemble a range of mechanical sub-assembly units or components, specifically made or reworked for development to experimental vehicles, such as front suspension/brake sub-assembly, rear axle/brake sub-assembly, power unit sub-assembly, exhaust system sub-assembly, steering mechanism sub-assembly, cooling system sub-assembly, gearbox and transmission sub-assembly, complete internal body trim, complete external body trim and complete front and rear seat assemblies, by using a variety of assembly methods and techniques. The learner will also be expected to use a range of tools and specialist equipment associated with the assembly methods, and to check that the assembly has been completed to the level of accuracy and quality required by the specification.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble and disassemble mechanical equipment on experimental vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Follow the relevant instructions, assembly drawings and any other specifications			
		1.3	Ensure that the specified components are available and that they are in a usable condition			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.4 Carry out all of the following during the dismantling and re-assembly activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, drawings, specifications, planning and quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Use safe and approved techniques to dismantle and re-assemble sub-assemblies and components to the vehicles</li> <li>• Check that all tools and measuring equipment to be used are within current calibration/certification dates</li> <li>• Ensure that sub-assemblies and components used are free from damage, foreign objects, dirt or other contamination before assembling them</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fitting activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area and machine in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out development work on three of the following sub-assembly units and/or associated components, by assembling it to an experimental vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Front suspension/brake sub-assembly unit</li> <li>• Rear axle/brake sub-assembly unit</li> <li>• Power unit sub-assembly</li> <li>• Exhaust system sub-assembly</li> <li>• Steering mechanism sub-assembly</li> <li>• Cooling system sub-assembly</li> <li>• Gearbox and transmission sub-assembly</li> <li>• Complete internal body trim</li> <li>• Complete external body trim</li> <li>• Complete front and rear seat assemblies</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Assemble the sub-assembly unit into the experimental vehicle using/modifying, as appropriate, four of the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Locators</li> <li>• Strengtheners</li> <li>• Terminals</li> <li>• Pipes/hoses and connectors</li> <li>• Cables and connectors</li> <li>• Mounting brackets</li> <li>• Spring/snap clips</li> <li>• Positional brackets</li> <li>• Special connectors</li> <li>• Control wires and rods</li> <li>• Foam/padding</li> <li>• Adhesive/tape</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use a variety of assembly and disassembly methods and techniques, to include four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bolts</li> <li>• Staples</li> <li>• Sealants</li> <li>• Clip/push fasteners</li> <li>• Drive/interference fits</li> <li>• Rivets</li> <li>• Adhesives</li> <li>• Weld nuts/bolts</li> <li>• Set/self-tap screws</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Assemble and disassemble components using three of the following devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jigs</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Spring compression devices</li> <li>• Power drivers</li> <li>• Torque drivers</li> <li>• Sub-assemblies cradle</li> <li>• Alignment devices</li> <li>• Lifting devices</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Check the finished assembly is complete and ready for tests to be carried out			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Carry out one of the following test activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pass to physical testing department</li> <li>• New vehicle/component performance check</li> <li>• Hot/cold test</li> <li>• Life expectancy test</li> <li>• Destructive test</li> <li>• Environmental test</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Dismantle the tested assembly to the agreed level using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.13 Disassemble units from the experimental vehicle, to carry out one the following checks on the completion of development test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Breakages</li> <li>• Loose connections</li> <li>• Securing devices</li> <li>• Contamination</li> <li>• Distortion</li> <li>• Wear</li> <li>• Visual indicators</li> <li>• Seizures</li> <li>• Leaks</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Assemble and disassemble mechanical equipment to experimental vehicles in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO r BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Specific system development/experimental requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble and disassemble mechanical equipment on experimental vehicles	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the assembly and disassembly of sub-assemblies and associated components to vehicles (such as any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the development of sub-assemblies and associated components to experimental vehicles, and the responsibility placed on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn during the assembly and dismantling of sub-assemblies and associated components to the vehicle			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with assembling and disassembling mechanical equipment on experimental/development vehicles, and how to minimise them and reduce any risk			
		2.5	Describe the procedures for obtaining the various types of drawing, job instructions and specifications that are used during the assembly and dismantling of sub-assemblies and associated components to the vehicle, and how to interpret them correctly			
		2.6	Explain how to identify the components to be used; component identification systems (such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.7	Describe the assembly and dismantling methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to them			
		2.8	Explain how the sub-assemblies and associated components are to be aligned and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used (such as jigs and fixtures)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.9	Describe the various mechanical fasteners that will be used, and their method of installation and dismantling (such as the use of nuts and bolts, set and self-tap screws, weld nuts and bolts, and fasteners)			
	2.10	Describe the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
	2.11	Describe the company coding procedure for component variants to meet customer requirements			
	2.12	Describe the functions of the various sub-assemblies and associated components			
	2.13	Describe the use of torque wrenches, and the importance of ensuring that fasteners are adjusted to required settings			
	2.14	Describe the consumables, tools and equipment that are used for the assembly of sub-assemblies and associated components to the vehicle			
	2.15	Describe the importance of using the specified fasteners for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
	2.16	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed assembly is free from left-over items and foreign objects			
	2.17	Describe the methods and equipment used to transport, lift and handle the sub-assemblies and components into position, and how to check that the equipment is within its current certification dates			
	2.18	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the sub-assemblies, associated components and fixing points prior to fitting the sub-assemblies and associated components into the vehicle			
	2.19	Explain how to deal with components or fastening devices that are incorrectly assembled, damaged or have other faults			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the assembly operations			
		2.21	Describe the types of tests which the assemblies will be subjected to			
		2.22	Explain how to adjust and make minor alterations to sub-assembly alignment, where appropriate, to meet specifications			
		2.23	Describe the procedure to check that the developed units meet the specification and quality control requirements			
		2.24	Explain how to recognise defects (such as incorrect assembly, ineffective fasteners, foreign object damage)			
		2.25	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.26	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.27	Describe the problems that can occur with the development activities on experimental vehicles, and how these can be overcome			
		2.28	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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(if sampled)

# **Unit 7:**

## **Assembling and Disassembling Electrical and Electronic Equipment on Experimental Vehicles**

**Unit reference number:** R/600/5958

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 70

**Guided learning hours:** 126

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble/disassemble experimental electrical and electronic equipment, and to develop and install wiring looms to new models/experimental vehicles, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to assemble a range of electrical units, such as audio equipment, safety systems, heating and ventilating system, power-up system, entertainment systems, control systems, motors navigation systems, lighting systems, and other components specifically made for the development of experimental vehicles, by using a variety of assembly methods and techniques. The learner will also develop wiring looms to connect the electrical systems, as the specification requires, including modification of existing components. The learner will be expected to use a range of tools and specialised equipment associated with the assembly methods, and to check that the assembly has been completed to the level of accuracy and quality required by the specification.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble and disassemble electrical and electronic equipment on experimental vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Follow the relevant instructions, assembly drawings and any other specifications			
		1.3	Ensure that the specified components are available and that they are in a usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.4 Carry out all of the following during the assembly and dismantling activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, drawings, specifications, planning and quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Use safe and approved techniques to dismantle and re-assemble sub-assemblies and components to the vehicles</li> <li>• Check that all tools and measuring equipment to be used are within current calibration/certification dates</li> <li>• Ensure that sub-assemblies and components used are free from damage, foreign objects, dirt or other contamination before assembling them</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fitting activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area and machine in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out development work on three of the following electrical systems and/or associated components, by assembling it to an experimental vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audio equipment</li> <li>• Safety systems</li> <li>• Motors</li> <li>• Heating and ventilating system</li> <li>• Entertainment systems</li> <li>• Fuel management system</li> <li>• Navigation systems</li> <li>• Power-up system</li> <li>• Control systems</li> <li>• Lighting systems</li> <li>• Other specific</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Select appropriate types and ratings of wire/cables to produce a loom, including three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single strand</li> <li>• Special insulated</li> <li>• Multi-strand</li> <li>• Screened</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	Use a variety of assembly methods and techniques, to include three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Threaded fastening</li> <li>• Clip/spring fastening</li> <li>• Drive/interference fits</li> <li>• Adhesive</li> <li>• Soldered</li> <li>• Screened cable fitment</li> <li>• Cable termination</li> <li>• Multi-connection</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Carry out assembly of electrical units to experimental vehicles using or modifying, as appropriate, four of the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fuses/fusebox</li> <li>• Battery holder</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Lighting system</li> <li>• Circuit boards</li> <li>• Actuators</li> <li>• Plugs/sockets</li> <li>• Wiring/cables</li> <li>• Clips/fixings</li> <li>• Power supply system</li> <li>• Flexible/rigid pipes</li> <li>• Heating &amp; ventilating system</li> <li>• Brackets and supports</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			
		1.10 Check the finished assembly is complete and ready for tests to be carried out			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Carry out one of the following test activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pass to physical testing department</li> <li>• New vehicle/component performance check</li> <li>• Hot/cold test</li> <li>• Life expectancy test</li> <li>• Destructive test</li> <li>• Environmental test</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Dismantle the tested assembly to the agreed level using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.13 Disassemble units from the experimental vehicle, to carry out one the following checks on the completion of the development test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Breakages</li> <li>• Distortion</li> <li>• Loose electrical connections</li> <li>• Overheating</li> <li>• Cable chaffing</li> <li>• Loose securing devices</li> <li>• Contamination</li> <li>• Tripped circuit protection devices</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Assemble and disassemble electrical and electronic equipment to experimental vehicles in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Specific system development/experimental requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble and disassemble electrical and electronic equipment on experimental vehicles	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the assembly and disassembly of electrical/electronic equipment to vehicles (such as any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the assembly and disassembly of electrical/electronic equipment, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn whilst carrying out the assembly of electrical/electronic equipment			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with assembling and disassembling electrical and electronic equipment on experimental/development vehicles, and how to minimise them and reduce any risk			
		2.5	Describe the procedures for obtaining the various types of circuit drawings, sketches, development sheets, job instructions and other related specifications that are used during the assembly and disassembly of electrical/electronic equipment, and how to interpret them correctly			
		2.6	Explain how to identify the electrical/electronic equipment/components to be used; component identification systems (such as codes and component/equipment orientation indicators)			
		2.7	Describe the assembly and disassembly methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			
		2.8	Explain how the components/equipment is to be aligned and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the various joining, fastening and connecting devices that will be used, and their method of installation and disassembly		
		2.10	Describe the function of the various items of electrical/electronic equipment or components		
		2.11	Describe the use of torque wrenches, and the importance of ensuring fasteners are adjusted to the required settings		
		2.12	Describe the types and rating of wires/cables and fuses; their function and application		
		2.13	Describe the principles, conventions and wiring regulations associated with electrical measurement and assembly		
		2.14	Describe the consumables, tools and equipment that are used for constructing and fitting wiring looms to vehicles		
		2.15	Describe the importance of using the specified fasteners for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes		
		2.16	Explain how to deal with components or fastening devices that are incorrectly assembled, damaged or have other faults		
		2.17	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the assembly and disassembly operations		
		2.18	Describe the types of tests which the assemblies will be subjected to		
		2.19	Explain how to adjust and make minor alterations to assembled units and their alignment, where appropriate, to meet specifications		
		2.20	Describe the procedure to check that the developed units meet the specification and quality control requirements		
		2.21	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the assembly produced		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the principles, conventions and wiring regulations associated with electrical measurement and assembly			
		2.23	Describe the use of meters and computer-aided fault diagnostic equipment			
		2.24	Explain how to recognise defects (such as incorrect assembly, ineffective fasteners, foreign object damage)			
		2.25	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed assembly is free from left-over items and foreign objects			
		2.26	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the components and fixing points prior to fitting the components into the vehicle			
		2.27	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.28	Explain the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.29	Describe the problems that can occur with the development activities on experimental vehicles, and how these can be overcome			
		2.30	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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## **Unit 8: Removal and Fitting Fuel Systems to Prototype Engines for Test**

**Unit reference number:** A/601/0393

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 65

**Guided learning hours:** 119

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out the removal and fitting of fuel systems and other components to prototype engines being prepared for test in a vehicle or on a dynamometer. Fitment and set-up of diesel and gasoline units will be covered, and will include components such as fuel pumps, wiring looms, non-return valves, flexible hoses, thermocouples and transducers, in accordance with approved procedures.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Remove and fit fuel systems to prototype engines for test	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Remove and fit fuel system components on two of the following types of engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Hybrid (such as electric, LPG)</li> <li>• Rotary</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow the relevant instructions, vehicle manuals and publications to carry out the required work			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.4 Carry out all of the following during the removal and fitting of the prototype engine fuel systems:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan the removal and fitting activities prior to beginning the work</li> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, drawings, specifications, planning and quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the work area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Ensure that the work area is suitably prepared for the removal and fitting activities to take place</li> <li>• Obtain approval to carry out the fuel system removal and fitting activities</li> <li>• Position and secure the vehicle, using the correct equipment</li> <li>• Ensure that any required consumables are available</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fitting activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area and vehicle in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Use appropriate methods and techniques to remove and fit fuel systems, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing covers</li> <li>• Making an initial judgment of the condition of the fuel system (such as damage, missing components)</li> <li>• Draining and removing fuel</li> <li>• Disconnecting hoses and hard lines</li> <li>• Disconnecting electrical plugs and wiring looms (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Dismantling the fuel system to an appropriate level</li> <li>• Protecting exposed components, looms and pipework</li> <li>• Marking and labelling components to aid reassembly</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Replacing/changing components</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lified' items (such as pumps, seals, gaskets)</li> <li>• Re-assembling fuel system components</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Making mechanical connections and tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Fitting and connecting hoses and hardlines following the correct routeing</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reconnecting wiring looms following the correct routeing (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Refilling the fuel system</li> <li>• Priming/bleeding the fuel system</li> </ul>			
		1.6	Remove and fit eight of the following prototype engine fuel system components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fuel supply lines</li> <li>• Fuel temperature sensors</li> <li>• Auxiliary tanks</li> <li>• Collector pots</li> <li>• Electric fuel pumps</li> <li>• Mechanical fuel pumps</li> <li>• Wiring looms</li> <li>• Non-return valves</li> <li>• Injectors</li> <li>• Flexible hoses</li> <li>• Throttle bodies</li> <li>• Electronic sensors</li> <li>• Fuel rails</li> <li>• Fuel return system</li> <li>• Fuel pressure sensors</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and refit the components in their correct positions			
		1.8 Use five of the following during the removal and fitting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jigs</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Hand tools</li> <li>• Specialist tools</li> <li>• Torque wrenches</li> <li>• Measuring equipment</li> <li>• Alignment devices</li> <li>• Fuel filling devices</li> <li>• Priming devices</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Take suitable precautions to prevent damage to components and surrounding structure			
		1.10 Ensure that the removed components are clean and free from dirt, oil and debris, and that they are in a usable condition, prior to being refitted and tested			
		1.11 Replace and secure the components, using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.12 Carry out appropriate checks to confirm that all operations have been completed, and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.13 Carry out final checks and adjustments on the fuel system, to include six of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensuring that all fuel system components are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Ensuring that the fuel system assembly is complete and complies to specification</li> <li>• Checking that all mechanical fixings are secure and have been 'torqued' to specification and, where appropriate, that bolt securing devices are fitted</li> <li>• Pressure checking the system for potential fuel leaks</li> <li>• Checking electrical looms for correct routeing and security for prevention of wear and chafing</li> <li>• Checking hoses and pipework for correct routeing and security for prevention of wear and chafing</li> <li>• Checking that low pressure pumps are fitted in correct position</li> <li>• Making adjustments, using prototype engine control module</li> <li>• Adjusting fuel delivery is set to specification, using prototype engine control module</li> <li>• Checking and adjusting fuel delivery with standard and multi-injection injectors</li> <li>• Carrying out other specific checks/tests</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	1.14	Remove and refit fuel systems, in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> <li>• Company-specific requirements</li> </ul>			
	1.15	Complete the relevant documentation, in accordance with organisational requirements			
	1.16	Pass relevant information regarding the removal and fitting of the fuel system to the appropriate person, to include one from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Supervisor</li> <li>• Engineer</li> <li>• Other appropriate person</li> </ul>			
	1.17	Label and store, in an appropriate location, components that require repair or overhaul			
	1.18	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			
	1.19	Dispose of waste materials and scrap components in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			
	1.20	Tidy up on completion of the activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to remove and fit fuel systems to prototype engines for test	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the removal and fitting of fuel systems to prototype engines (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the removal and fitting of fuel systems to prototype engines, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with removing and fitting fuel systems to prototype engines, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.4	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn during the removal and fitting of prototype engine fuel systems			
		2.5	Describe the procedures for obtaining the various types of manual/drawing, job instructions and specifications that are used during the removal and fitting of fuel systems to prototype engines, and how to interpret them correctly			
		2.6	Explain how to identify different types of fuel systems used on prototype engines			
		2.7	Describe the removal and fitting methods and procedures used, and the importance of adhering to these			
		2.8	Explain how the components are to be aligned and positioned, prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used (such as jigs and fixtures)			
		2.9	Describe the various mechanical fasteners and other components that are used (such as the use of nuts/bolts and studs, hose fittings, gaskets, seals and specialised fasteners)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the application of greases, sealants and fluids within the removal and fitting activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.11	Describe the company 'lifing' procedure for components, to meet the team's requirements			
		2.12	Describe the operational function of the various fuel systems that are used			
		2.13	Describe the use of torque wrenches, and the importance of ensuring that they are adjusted to the required settings			
		2.14	Describe the preparation to be undertaken on the components, prior to fitting them onto the prototype engine			
		2.15	Explain how to apply correct lubricant/fluids to fuel system components, and the correct waste disposal of surplus fluids			
		2.16	Describe the consumables, tools and equipment used for removal and fitting of the fuel systems to the vehicle			
		2.17	Describe the importance of using the specified fasteners for the installation, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.18	Explain how to deal with components or fastening devices that are incorrectly fitted, damaged or have other faults			
		2.19	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the removal and fitting operations			
		2.20	Describe the various tests, checks and adjustments to be made on completion of the removal and fitting activities			
		2.21	Explain how to recognise assembly defects (such as incorrect installation, ineffective fasteners, component damage, fuel leaks)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed assembly is free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that all sealants and lubricants used are of the correct specification for the fuel system being re-built			
		2.24	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated, and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.25	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly, checked and stored after use			
		2.26	Describe the problems with the removal and fitting operations, and the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.27	Describe the recording documentation to be completed for the activities undertaken			
		2.28	Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials, scrap components, oils and fuel			
		2.29	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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(if sampled)

# **Unit 9:**

## **Installing Electrical/Electronic Engine/Transmission Control Units to Prototype Vehicles**

**Unit reference number:** L/601/0396

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 70

**Guided learning hours:** 126

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to install electrical/electronic control equipment for prototype vehicle engine/transmission systems, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to use appropriate installation drawings, specifications and documentation to install the various types of control equipment, which will include engine management, traction control and gear selection systems. The learner will be required to select the appropriate tools, materials and equipment to use, based on the operations to be performed and the components to be installed. The learner will be expected to position correctly, align and secure the components in the correct locations, using the specified or appropriate techniques and bulkhead/panel penetration and fastening devices.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Install electrical/electronic engine/transmission control units to prototype vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Install engine/transmission electrical/electronic control units on one of the following types of prototype vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A class</li> <li>• B class</li> <li>• C class</li> <li>• C/D class</li> <li>• Sport utility vehicle (SUV)</li> <li>• Light commercial</li> <li>• Other specific prototype vehicles</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow all relevant drawings and specifications for the installation being carried out			
		1.4	Use the correct tools and equipment for the installation operations and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Carry out all of the following activities during the installation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain clearance to work on the vehicle, and observe all relevant isolation and safety procedures</li> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, drawings, vehicle manuals specifications, planning and quality control documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the installation area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Use approved installation techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that components and surrounding structures are maintained free from damage and foreign objects</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste items in a safe and environmentally acceptable manner</li> <li>• Leave the vehicle engine/transmission electrical control system in a condition ready for testing</li> <li>• Leave the vehicle and work area in a safe and suitable condition and free from foreign object debris</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Install one of the following prototype vehicle engine/transmission control systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine management</li> <li>• Traction control</li> <li>• Gear selection systems</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Install eight of the following engine/transmission control system components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Control devices</li> <li>• Microprocessor controllers</li> <li>• Indication/alarm devices</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Detectors</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Inertial reference unit (IRU)</li> <li>• Location/positioning system</li> <li>• Actuators</li> <li>• Cable connectors</li> <li>• Safety devices/overload protection devices</li> <li>• Other specific electrical/electronic equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Apply appropriate installation methods and techniques, to include twelve of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Marking out of location positions for components or modules</li> <li>• Drilling and preparing holes for fasteners</li> <li>• Preparing holes in bulkheads or panels for wires/cables</li> <li>• Positioning and securing equipment and components using mechanical fixings</li> <li>• Routeing and securing component wires and cables to avoid chafing and damage</li> <li>• Terminating cables to installed components using free plugs and sockets</li> <li>• Sealing and protecting cable connections (such as heat shrinking, fitting protection devices and boots)</li> <li>• Making mechanical/screwed/clamped connections</li> <li>• Crimping terminations (such as tags and pins)</li> <li>• Soldering connections</li> <li>• Carrying out earth bonding</li> <li>• Stripping cable insulation/protection</li> <li>• Adding cable end fittings</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification</li> <li>• Carrying out appropriate adjustments to units and components</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Install, position and secure the equipment and components in accordance with the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Produce installations which comply with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Ensure that all necessary connections to the equipment are complete			
		1.12 Carry out checks on the engine/transmission control equipment being installed, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making visual checks for completeness and freedom from damage</li> <li>• Checking the security of all installed components</li> <li>• Torque setting fasteners (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Checking that all installed connectors are secure</li> <li>• Checking the integrity of earth bonding</li> <li>• Checking for correct polarity of all cables and connections</li> <li>• Check for continuity of cables and components</li> <li>• Checking that cable routeing is correct and secure</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Check that the installation is complete and that all components are free from damage			
		1.15	Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one of the following, and pass to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Installation records</li> <li>• Company-specific documentation</li> <li>• Job card</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to install electrical/electronic engine/transmission control units to prototype vehicles	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when installing prototype vehicle engine/transmission electrical/electronic equipment (such as any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials being used)			
		2.2	Describe the procedures to be carried out before starting work on the installation (such as obtaining permission to work on the vehicle, obtaining and complying with risk assessments and other health and safety requirements)			
		2.3	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area where they are carrying out the installation activities, and the responsibility these requirements place on the learner			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with installing prototype vehicle electrical equipment, and with the tools and equipment used, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.5	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) that they need to use for both personal protection and protection of the prototype vehicle			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret the drawings, standards, quality control procedures and specifications used for the installation of prototype engine/transmission control units (such as BS, ISO or BSEN schematics, wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.7	Explain how to carry out currency/issue checks on the specifications they are working with			
		2.8	Explain how to identify prototype engine/transmission control units and components to be installed			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the basic principles of operation of the prototype engine/transmission equipment/control units and circuits being installed, and the purpose of individual modules/components		
		2.10	Describe the assembly and installation techniques to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures		
		2.11	Explain how to mark out, drill and prepare holes for mounting and securing the components and cables (including fitting cable protection devices)		
		2.12	Describe the techniques used to position, align, adjust and secure the components to the prototype vehicle according to their use		
		2.13	Describe the types of fastening methods (such as adhesive, cable ties and mechanical fasteners)		
		2.14	Describe the use of anti-vibration mountings		
		2.15	Describe the different types of cabling and their application (such as multicore cables, single core cables, screened cables, data/communications cables, fibre optics)		
		2.16	Describe the techniques used to terminate electrical equipment and components (such as free plugs and sockets, crimped cable end fittings, soldered fittings, screwed and clamped connections)		
		2.17	Describe the importance of applying electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedures when working on sensitive equipment or devices		
		2.18	Describe the methods of attaching markers/labels to components or cables to assist with identification		
		2.19	Describe the tools and equipment used in the installation activities (including the use of cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons and torches)		



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly			
		2.21	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during and after the installation operations			
		2.22	Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, and are in a safe and usable condition			
		2.23	Describe the various tests, checks and adjustments to be carried out on completion of the installation activities			
		2.24	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed installation is free from dirt, swarf and foreign object damage, and of ensuring that any exposed components, looms and wiring are correctly covered/protected			
		2.25	Explain why electrical bonding is critical, and why it must be both mechanically and electrically secure			
		2.26	Describe the tools and equipment used in the installation activities, and their calibration and care procedures			
		2.27	Explain how to recognise installation defects, and the procedures to correct them			
		2.28	Describe the problems with assembly and installation of prototype electronic and electrical systems, and the importance of informing the appropriate people of non-conformances			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.29	Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials			
		2.30	Describe the recording documentation to be completed for the activities undertaken and, where appropriate, the importance of marking and identifying specific pieces of work in relation to the documentation			
		2.31	Describe the extent of their own responsibility, and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Set up and test prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission control units	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Install engine/transmission electrical/electronic control units on one of the following types of prototype vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A class</li> <li>• B class</li> <li>• C class</li> <li>• C/D class</li> <li>• Sport utility vehicle (SUV)</li> <li>• Light commercial</li> <li>• Other specific prototype vehicles</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow all relevant setting-up and operating specifications for the product or asset being configured			
		1.4	Follow the defined procedures and set up the equipment correctly ensuring that all operating parameters are achieved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Carry out all of the following during the setting-up and testing activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain clearance to work on the control system, and observe all relevant isolation and safety procedures</li> <li>• Use the correct issue of the agreed setting-up and testing procedures and quality documentation</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the installation area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Check that all tools and test equipment to be used are in a safe and usable condition and are within current calibration dates</li> <li>• Carry out the setting-up and testing activities, using safe and approved techniques and procedures</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that the testing equipment is operated within its specification range</li> <li>• Ensure that the vehicle and surrounding structures are maintained free from damage and foreign objects</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the vehicle in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Carry out tests and adjustments using a range of tools and equipment, to include five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dedicated test equipment</li> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Logic/analyser probes</li> <li>• Oscilloscope</li> <li>• Simulators</li> <li>• Calibration injection inputs</li> <li>• Data test sets</li> <li>• Computer/test software</li> <li>• Other specific test equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Deal with two of the following levels of complexity during the setting-up and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Systems with no faults</li> <li>• Systems with faults</li> <li>• Systems with intermittent faults</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Use appropriate equipment to carry out all of the following types of test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard operational checks</li> <li>• Voltage checks</li> <li>• Continuity checks</li> <li>• Input/output</li> <li>• Referencing/calibration checks</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Other specific tests</li> </ul>			
		1.9	Test one of the following types of prototype vehicle engine/transmission control system: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine management</li> <li>• Traction control</li> <li>• Gear selection systems</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Set up and test eight of the following prototype vehicle engine/transmission system components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Microprocessor controllers</li> <li>• Control devices</li> <li>• Indication/alarm devices</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Inertial reference unit (IRU)</li> <li>• Location/positioning system</li> <li>• Detectors</li> <li>• Actuators</li> <li>• Cable connectors</li> <li>• Safety devices/overload protection devices</li> <li>• Other specific electrical/electronic equipment</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Use two of the following fault-finding techniques during the setting-up and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Six point</li> <li>• Half-split</li> <li>• Input-to-output</li> <li>• Function testing</li> <li>• Equipment self-diagnostics</li> <li>• Emergent problem sequence</li> <li>• Injection and sampling</li> <li>• Unit substitution</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			
		1.13 Set up and test prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission systems in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Check that the configuration is complete and that the equipment operates to specification			
		1.15 Complete all relevant documentation accurately and legibly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Provide a record/report of the setting-up and testing outcomes, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data sheets</li> <li>• Calibration records</li> <li>• Prototype vehicle history sheet</li> <li>• Maintenance records</li> <li>• Fault records</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to set up and test prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission control units	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when carrying out the setting-up, testing and adjusting activities on prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission systems (such as any specific legislation, regulations and codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area where they are carrying out the activities, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the safety procedures that must be carried out before work is started on setting up and testing the prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission equipment			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing protective clothing and other appropriate safety equipment during the setting-up and testing activities			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with setting up and testing prototype vehicle electrical/electronic engine/transmission systems, and with the tools and test equipment used, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.6	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, standards, quality control procedures and test specifications used in the setting-up and testing process (including, for example, BS, ISO or BSEN schematics, symbols and terminology used for electrical/electronic engine/transmission systems)			
		2.7	Explain how to carry out currency/issue checks on the specifications they are working with			
		2.8	Describe the correct operating procedures of the system being set up and tested			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.9	Describe the components to be set up and tested, and their function within the particular electrical/electronic engine/transmission system			
	2.10	Describe the adjustments/corrections/tuning required to bring the equipment/system to operational standard through full range parameters			
	2.11	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the setting-up and testing operations			
	2.12	Describe electrical bonding specifications, and their importance			
	2.13	Describe the types of test equipment to be used, and their selection for particular types of test			
	2.14	Explain how to calibrate the test equipment to be used; or the organisational procedures for ensuring that the test equipment is maintained and correctly calibrated			
	2.15	Explain how to connect the appropriate test equipment into the circuits/equipment (for the measurement of such things as continuity, voltage checks, equipment calibration)			
	2.16	Describe the various testing methods and procedures, as recommended in approved electrical codes of practice, and how to apply them to different operating conditions			
	2.17	Explain how to recognise defects (such as under or over performance)			
	2.18	Describe the various fault finding techniques that can be used if the system fails the test			
	2.19	Explain how to display/record test results, and the documentation to be used			
	2.20	Explain how to interpret the test readings obtained, and the significance of the readings gained			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain how to analyse the test results			
		2.22	Describe the authorisation requirements for changes to test procedures			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that test equipment is used only for its intended purpose and within its specified range and limits			
		2.24	Describe the potential problems or errors that could occur, and which may affect the test results, and how they can be avoided			
		2.25	Describe the environmental control and company operating procedures relating to the testing activities			
		2.26	Describe the documentation required, and the procedures to be followed on completion of the tests			
		2.27	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

(if sampled)

## Unit 11: Setting Up and Testing Prototype Vehicle Data Acquisition Systems

Unit reference number: J/601/0400

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 60

**Guided learning hours: 105**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to set up, test and adjust prototype vehicle data acquisition equipment, in accordance with approved procedures. The equipment and systems to be setup and tested may be on a bench or test rig, or fitted to the prototype vehicle. The learner will be required to use appropriate drawings, specifications and test documentation to set up, test and adjust the various items of equipment. The learner will be expected to use the specified/appropriate techniques to carry out the setting-up and testing procedures in the correct sequence. The equipment to be set up and tested will include data logging systems that record data captured via transducers, thermocouples and other analogue sensors placed strategically on the vehicle.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Set up and test prototype vehicle data acquisition systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Follow all relevant setting-up and operating specifications for the product or asset being configured			
		1.3	Follow the defined procedures and set up the equipment correctly ensuring that all operating parameters are achieved			
		1.4	Test three of the following types of prototype vehicle data acquisition system: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data logging system</li> <li>• Transmission data transfer systems</li> <li>• Chassis/aerodynamics data transfer system</li> <li>• Speed/position data transfer system</li> <li>• Audio/visual data transfer systems</li> <li>• Engine data transfer systems</li> <li>• Test/development data transfer systems</li> <li>• Digital data links</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Deal with two of the following levels of complexity during the setting-up and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Systems with no faults</li> <li>• Systems with faults</li> <li>• Systems with intermittent faults</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.6 Carry out all of the following during the setting-up and testing activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain clearance to work on the data system, and observe all relevant isolation and safety procedures</li> <li>• Use the correct issue of the agreed setting-up and testing procedures and quality documentation</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the installation area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Check that all tools and test equipment to be used are in a safe and usable condition and are within current calibration dates</li> <li>• Carry out the setting-up and testing activities, using safe and approved techniques and procedures</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that the testing equipment is operated within its specification range</li> <li>• Ensure that the vehicle and surrounding structures are maintained free from damage and foreign objects</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the vehicle in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Carry out tests and adjustments using a range of tools and equipment, to include seven of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dedicated test equipment</li> <li>• Hydro carbon analyser</li> <li>• Vibration table</li> <li>• Voltage simulators</li> <li>• Thermocouple</li> <li>• Pressure tester</li> <li>• Strain gauge test set</li> <li>• Exhaust gas simulator</li> <li>• Pitot-static test set</li> <li>• Computer/test software</li> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Hot wire</li> <li>• Oscilloscope</li> <li>• Simulators</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Test data acquisition equipment for one of the following types of prototype environment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Environmental test</li> <li>• Emissions test</li> <li>• Engine performance test (dynamometer)</li> <li>• On-road testing</li> <li>• Other specific prototype vehi</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Set up and test six of the following prototype data acquisition system components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accelerometer and associated pre-amplifiers</li> <li>• Control position potentiometers and indicators</li> <li>• Linear voltage displacement transducers (LVDT)</li> <li>• Lambda sensors</li> <li>• Strain gauge components</li> <li>• Potentiometers</li> <li>• Event position indicators</li> <li>• Video cameras</li> <li>• GPS systems</li> <li>• Temperature sensors (such as surface, air or immersed probes)</li> <li>• Controllers</li> <li>• Rotational speed sensors</li> <li>• Instrumentation</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Use appropriate equipment to carry out six of the following types of test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temperature calibration</li> <li>• Accelerometer calibration</li> <li>• Control position calibration</li> <li>• Camera alignment</li> <li>• Signal strength</li> <li>• Strain gauge checks</li> <li>• Signal noise/interference levels</li> <li>• Exhaust gas calibration</li> <li>• Condition of components</li> <li>• Operational/parameter checks</li> <li>• Voltage checks</li> <li>• Continuity</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Open/short circuit</li> <li>• Pressure calibration</li> <li>• Other specific tests</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Use two of the following fault-finding techniques during the setting-up and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Six point</li> <li>• Half-split</li> <li>• Input-to-output</li> <li>• Function testing</li> <li>• Equipment self-diagnostics</li> <li>• Emergent problem sequence</li> <li>• Injection and sampling</li> <li>• Unit substitution</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			
		1.13 Set up and test prototype vehicle data acquisition equipment in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific vehicle/engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Check that the configuration is complete and that the equipment operates to specification			
		1.15 Complete all relevant documentation accurately and legibly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Provide a record/report of the setting-up and test outcomes, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data sheets</li> <li>• Calibration records</li> <li>• Prototype vehicle history sheet</li> <li>• Maintenance records</li> <li>• Fault records</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to set up and test prototype vehicle data acquisition systems	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when carrying out the setting-up, testing and adjusting activities on prototype vehicle data acquisition equipment (such as any specific legislation, regulations and codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area where they are carrying out the activities, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the safety procedures that must be carried out before work is started on setting up and testing the prototype vehicle data acquisition equipment			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing protective clothing and other appropriate safety equipment during the setting-up and testing activities			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with setting up and testing prototype vehicle data acquisition systems, and with the tools and test equipment used, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.6	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, standards, quality control procedures and test specifications used in the setting up and testing process (such as BS, ISO or BSEN schematics, symbols and terminology used for data acquisition systems)			
		2.7	Explain how to carry out currency/issue checks on the specifications they are working with			
		2.8	Describe the correct operating procedures of the system being set up and tested			
		2.9	Describe the components to be set up and tested, and their function within the particular data acquisition system			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the adjustments/corrections/tuning required to bring the equipment/system to operational standard through full range parameters			
		2.11	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the setting-up and testing operations			
		2.12	Describe electrical bonding specifications, and their importance			
		2.13	Describe the types of test equipment to be used, and their selection for particular types of test			
		2.14	Explain how to calibrate the test equipment to be used; or the organisational procedures for ensuring that the test equipment is maintained and correctly calibrated			
		2.15	Explain how to connect the appropriate test equipment into the circuits/equipment (for the measurement of such things as continuity, voltage checks, signal noise/interference levels, signal strength, power output, exhaust gas and pressure calibration, temperature and accelerometer calibration, camera alignment and control position calibration)			
		2.16	Describe the various testing methods and procedures, as recommended in approved electrical codes of practice, and how to apply them to different operating conditions			
		2.17	Explain how to recognise defects (such as under or over performance)			
		2.18	Describe the various fault finding techniques that can be used if the system fails the test			
		2.19	Explain how to display/record test results, and the documentation to be used			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Explain how to interpret the test readings obtained, and the significance of the readings gained			
		2.21	Explain how to analyse the test results			
		2.22	Describe the authorisation requirements for changes to test procedures			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that test equipment is used only for its intended purpose and within its specified range and limits			
		2.24	Describe the potential problems or errors that could occur, and which may affect the test results, and how they can be avoided			
		2.25	Describe the environmental control and company operating procedures relating to the testing activities			
		2.26	Describe the documentation required, and the procedures to be followed on completion of the tests			
		2.27	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Learner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

(if sampled)

# **Unit 12: Stripping and Rebuilding Prototype Engines for Test**

**Unit reference number:** R/601/0402

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 75

**Guided learning hours:** 140

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to strip down, examine and rebuild prototype engines, in accordance with approved procedures. The engine to be dismantled and rebuilt will have been previously subjected to test activity either in vehicle on static test, in a vehicle on road test or on a dynamometer. The activities will take place in a workshop environment linked to the test facility. In carrying out the stripping and rebuilding operations, the learner will be required to follow laid-down procedures and specific dismantling and rebuilding techniques. The activities will involve removing all ancillary equipment and components and dismantling the engine down to the various sub-assembly units, such as cylinder block, cylinder heads and pistons.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Strip and rebuild prototype engines for test	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out the stripping and rebuilding of one of the following types of prototype vehicle engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Hybrid (such as electric, LPG)</li> <li>• Rotary</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow the relevant overhauling schedules to carry out the required work			
		1.4	Establish and, where appropriate, mark components to aid re-assembly			
		1.5	Ensure that any stored energy or substances are released safely and correctly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.6 Carry out all of the following during the stripping and rebuilding of the prototype vehicle engine:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, engine manuals/drawings, vehicle manuals, specifications, quality control and other related documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the work area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Ensure that all oils, fluids and fuel have been drained/removed before breaking into the system</li> <li>• Ensure that the engine is suitably supported and that appropriate lifting and handling equipment is available</li> <li>• Carry out the stripping and rebuilding activities, using appropriate techniques and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that components and surrounding structures are maintained free from damage and foreign objects</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area in a clean and safe condition on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the engine in a condition ready for testing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	Dismantle the prototype engine, to include removing seventeen of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cylinder block</li> <li>• Gearbox</li> <li>• Cylinder liners</li> <li>• Cylinder heads</li> <li>• Crank shafts</li> <li>• Fly wheel</li> <li>• Torque converters</li> <li>• Camshaft assemblies</li> <li>• Pistons and rings</li> <li>• Connecting rods</li> <li>• Timing mechanisms</li> <li>• Injector mechanisms</li> <li>• Pulleys and sprockets</li> <li>• Belt, chains and gears</li> <li>• Balancing mechanisms</li> <li>• Seals and gaskets</li> <li>• Sensing devices</li> <li>• Shim buckets and shims</li> <li>• Levers and linkages</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inlet manifolds</li> <li>• Pipe fittings/connectors</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Bearings (such as shell, ball and race, thrust)</li> <li>• Pumps (such as pressure, scavenge, fuel, oil, water)</li> <li>• Charging/starting components (such as alternators, starter motors, solenoids, magnetos)</li> <li>• Valve mechanisms (such as valves, guides, springs, collets)</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners and mounting studs</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Carry out the overhaul to the agreed level, using the correct tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.9 Carry out all of the following activities on the equipment being stripped and rebuilt:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carrying out pre-disassembly checks</li> <li>• Disconnecting and removing wires/cables and attaching suitable cable identification markers</li> <li>• Disconnecting and removing pipework</li> <li>• Removing all ancillary components</li> <li>• Dismantling equipment to unit/sub-assembly level</li> <li>• Dismantling units to component level</li> <li>• Proof-marking/labelling of components to aid reassembly</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lified' items (such as seals, bearings, locknuts)</li> <li>• Replacing all damaged or defective components</li> <li>• Re-assembling components to sub-assembly level</li> <li>• Re-assembling sub-assemblies to unit level</li> <li>• Lapping in of components (such as valves, bearings), where appropriate</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting replaced components (such as liner protrusion, crankshaft float)</li> <li>• Supporting the equipment to be removed</li> <li>• Earth bonding of components</li> <li>• Applying gaskets and sealant/adhesives</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Securing components using mechanical fasteners and threaded devices (such as nuts, bolts, circlips, pins)</li> <li>• Applying bolt locking methods (such as split pins, wire locking, lock nuts, stiff nuts, swage nuts)</li> </ul>			
		1.10	Ensure that all removed components are correctly identified and stored in the correct location			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.11 Inspect all removed components for wear and serviceability, using appropriate instrumentation, to include checking ten of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cylinder head for flatness, signs of damage and condition of valve seats and guides</li> <li>• Cylinder bores/liners for size/wear/distortion</li> <li>• Crankshaft bearings and journals for size/wear</li> <li>• Camshaft bearings and cam lobes for size/wear</li> <li>• Pistons for cracks, detonation, scoring, ring grooves for wear/damage</li> <li>• Connecting rods for little and big end bearing wear, and freedom from twisting and heat damage</li> <li>• Valves for pitting, cracks and valve stem wear</li> <li>• Flywheel for wear to clutch face, and starter ring gear for damage to teeth</li> <li>• Chain/belt mechanisms for wear to drive teeth</li> <li>• Pumps for damage and excessive movement in bearings</li> <li>• Valve springs for height/tension and signs of damage</li> <li>• Clutch assembly for wear to pressure plate and drive plate(s), release bearing for wear/damage</li> <li>• Pipes for damage and hoses for cuts, cracks and general deterioration</li> <li>• Oil galleries for blockages</li> <li>• Crankshafts, flywheels, connecting rods, pistons for balance</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Transfer port alignment</li> <li>• Manifolds for cracks/leakage</li> <li>• Cylinder block for flatness</li> <li>• Power valves/reed valves for wear and damage</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Rebuild prototype engines, to include fitting seventeen of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cylinder block</li> <li>• Gearbox</li> <li>• Cylinder liners</li> <li>• Cylinder heads</li> <li>• Crank shafts</li> <li>• Fly wheel</li> <li>• Torque converters</li> <li>• Pistons and rings</li> <li>• Connecting rods</li> <li>• Camshaft assemblies</li> <li>• Timing mechanisms</li> <li>• Injector mechanisms</li> <li>• Seals and gaskets</li> <li>• Pulleys and sprockets</li> <li>• Belt, chains and gears</li> <li>• Levers and linkages</li> <li>• Balancing mechanisms</li> <li>• Sensing devices</li> <li>• Shim buckets and shims</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inlet manifolds</li> <li>• Pipe fittings/connectors</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Bearings(such as shell, ball and race, thrust)</li> <li>• Pumps (such as pressure, scavenge, fuel, oil, water)</li> <li>• Charging/starting components (such as alternators, starter motors, solenoids, magnetos)</li> <li>• Valve mechanisms (such as valves, guides, springs, collets)</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners and mounting studs</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Carry out inspections and tests during the rebuilding of the engine, to include eight of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Freedom of movement</li> <li>• End float (such as crankshaft, camshaft, bearing)</li> <li>• Gear backlash</li> <li>• Cylinder liner protrusion</li> <li>• Checking for system blockages (such as oil and airways)</li> <li>• Timing (such as valve, ignition, fuel injection)</li> <li>• Operating/working clearance (such as valve)</li> <li>• Belt/chain tension</li> <li>• Torque loading of bolts</li> <li>• Visual inspection for completeness and freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Report any instances where the overhauling activities cannot be fully met or where there are identified defects outside the planned overhauling schedule			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Strip and rebuild prototype vehicle engines in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Complete the relevant documentation, in accordance with organisational requirements			
		1.17 Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one of the following, and pass it to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Job cards</li> <li>• Computer records</li> <li>• Engine rebuild logs or reports</li> <li>• Work authorisation documents</li> <li>• Permit to work/formal risk assessment</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Dispose of unwanted components, waste materials and substances, in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			
		1.19 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to strip and rebuild prototype engines for test	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when stripping and rebuilding prototype engines (such as any specific legislation, regulations/codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the area in which the prototype engine stripping and rebuilding activity is to take place, and the responsibility these requirements place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with stripping and rebuilding prototype engines (such as such as handling oils, greases, fuel, stored pressure/force, use of power tools, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down procedures, lifting and moving large and heavy components), and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing protective clothing and other appropriate safety equipment during the stripping and rebuilding activities			
		2.5	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, history/maintenance reports, and other documents needed in the stripping and rebuilding process			
		2.6	Explain how to carry out currency/issue checks on the specifications they are working with			
		2.7	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the stripping and rebuilding operations			
		2.8	Describe the importance for obtaining the correct specification replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the stripping and rebuilding			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the company policy on the repair/replacement of components during the stripping and rebuilding process			
		2.10 Describe the terminology used in prototype engines and engine modules			
		2.11 Describe the basic principles of how the engine functions, its operating sequence, the working purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.12 Describe the extent to which the equipment is to be dismantled			
		2.13 Describe the sequence to be adopted for the dismantling/reassembling of various types of engine assemblies			
		2.14 Describe the techniques used to dismantle the prototype vehicle engines without damage to the components or surrounding structure (such as release of energy (pressures/force), draining of fluids, making electrical disconnections, proof-marking components to aid reassembly, removing assemblies requiring pressure/force, removing mechanical locking and securing mechanisms/devices), and the need to protect the system integrity by ensuring that exposed components are correctly covered/protected)			
		2.15 Explain how to lift and move large components and assemblies; the methods and equipment used to transport, handle and lift the components during the dismantling activities			
		2.16 Explain why they need to ensure that lifting and handling equipment is within its current certification dates			
		2.17 Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose, how to identify defects and wear characteristics, and the need to replace 'lived' items (such as seals and gaskets)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18	Describe the uses of measuring equipment (such as micrometers, Verniers, expansion indicators and other measuring devices)			
		2.19	Describe the methods of reassembling the prototype engine using new or previously overhauled subassemblies (such as replacing assemblies requiring pressure/force, ensuring correct orientation and location of subassemblies, replacing mechanical locking and securing mechanisms/devices, reconnecting pipes and electrical connectors)			
		2.20	Explain how to make adjustments to replaced components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly (such as checking alignment, balancing of rotating components (such as flywheels and torque converters), setting working clearance, setting travel, and pre-loading bearings)			
		2.21	Describe the various mechanical fasteners that are used, and their method of removal and replacement (including bolts, nuts, rivets, threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.22	Describe the various types of electrical connectors that are used, methods of unlocking, orientation indicators and locating and locking in of the connections			
		2.23	Describe the tools and equipment used in the overhauling activities, and how to check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		2.24	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.25	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the overhauling activities			
		2.26	Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.27	Describe the generation of maintenance documentation and/or reports following the stripping and rebuilding activity			
		2.28	Describe the problems that can occur during the stripping and rebuilding activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.29	Describe the extent of their own authority and to whom they should report if they have a problem that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Learner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
(if sampled)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Unit 13: Building Prototype Engines for Test

**Unit reference number:** Y/601/0403

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 70

**Guided learning hours:** 133

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out assembly operations to build prototype engines, in accordance with approved procedures. The engine the learner builds will be used as a test engine to gain data on power characteristics, durability, emissions and performance, according to environment. All components assembled will be un-used and will have been produced for prototype application. The learner will be required to obtain all the required tools and equipment for the assembly operations, and to check that they are in a safe and usable condition.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Build prototype engines for test	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Assemble engines for one of the following types of prototype engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Hybrid (such as electric, LPG)</li> <li>• Rotary</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow the relevant instructions, assembly drawings and any other specifications			
		1.4	Ensure that the specified components are available and that they are in a usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Carry out all of the following during the engine assembly activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, engine assembly drawings, vehicle manuals, specifications, planning, quality control and other relevant documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the work area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Check the calibration dates of tools and measuring instruments to be used</li> <li>• Use approved engine assembly techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Ensure that the engine units are suitably supported and appropriate lifting and handling equipment is available</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that the required components are available and have the correct part numbers</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the activities</li> </ul>			

		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions		
		1.7	Use ten of the following assembly methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembling components to sub-assembly level (such as piston assemblies, cylinder heads)</li> <li>• Assembling sub-assemblies to unit level</li> <li>• Positioning and aligning components</li> <li>• Applying gaskets and sealants/adhesives</li> <li>• Drilling and riveting</li> <li>• Lapping/blue bedding of components (such as valves, bearings)</li> <li>• Earth bonding of components</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Assembling components having interference fits (such as by expansion, contraction, pressure)</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting components (such as liner protrusion, crankshaft float, working clearance)</li> <li>• Securing components using mechanical fasteners and threaded devices (such as nuts, bolts, circlips, pins)</li> <li>• Applying locking and retaining devices (such as circlips, pins, wire locking, lock nuts, stiff nuts, swage nuts)</li> <li>• Applying protection to openings to prevent entry of contaminating debris</li> <li>• Measuring of components using high precision measuring equipment (such as bar gauges, burette, bore gauge, micrometer, Vernier)</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Produce prototype engine assemblies by fitting seventeen of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cylinder block</li> <li>• Gearbox</li> <li>• Cylinder liners</li> <li>• Cylinder heads</li> <li>• Crank shafts</li> <li>• Fly wheel</li> <li>• Torque converters</li> <li>• Pistons and rings</li> <li>• Connecting rods</li> <li>• Camshaft assemblies</li> <li>• Timing mechanisms</li> <li>• Injector mechanisms</li> <li>• Seals and gaskets</li> <li>• Pulleys and sprockets</li> <li>• Belt, chains and gears</li> <li>• Levers and linkages</li> <li>• Sensing devices</li> <li>• Balancing mechanisms</li> <li>• Shim buckets and shims</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inlet manifolds</li> <li>• Pipe fittings/connectors</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Instrumentation for data acquisition</li> <li>• Bearings (such as shell, ball and race, thrust)</li> <li>• Pumps (such as pressure, scavenge, fuel, oil, water)</li> <li>• Charging/starting components (such as alternators, starter motors, solenoids, magnetos)</li> <li>• Valve mechanisms (such as valves, guides, springs, collets)</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners and mounting studs</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out the required inspections for accuracy, using the correct equipment, to include eight of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual inspection for completeness and freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Freedom of movement</li> <li>• End float (such as crankshaft, camshaft, bearing)</li> <li>• Checking for system blockages (such as oil and airways)</li> <li>• Cylinder liner protrusion</li> <li>• Timing (such as valve, ignition, fuel injection)</li> <li>• Operating/working clearance (such as valve)</li> <li>• Belt/chain tension</li> <li>• Gear backlash</li> <li>• Torque loading of bolts</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and the finished assembly meets the required specification			
		1.12 Produce engine assemblies which comply with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one of the following, and pass it to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Job cards</li> <li>• Computer records</li> <li>• Engine build logs or reports</li> <li>• Work authorisation documents</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to build prototype engines for test	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the prototype engine assembly/sub-assembly (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the assembly activities, and the responsibility these requirements place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the COSHH regulations with regard to the substances used in the assembly process			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with producing prototype vehicle engine assemblies, and with the tools and equipment used, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.5	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn during the assembly activities			
		2.6	Describe the various types of assembly drawing and specification that are used during the assembly			
		2.7	Explain how to identify the components to be used; component identification systems (such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.8	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the components, prior to fitting them into the assembly			
		2.9	Describe the assembly methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			
		2.10	Explain how the components are to be aligned and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used (such as jigs and fixtures)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11 Describe the various mechanical fasteners that will be used, and their method of installation (such as bolts, nuts, rivets, threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.12 Describe the importance of using the specified mechanical fastening devices for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13 Explain how to complete basic fitting practices, meeting regulatory and organisational requirements (such as torque tightening; wire locking; fitting wire thread inserts; fitting O-ring seals; fitting lock nuts and swage nuts; lapping and blue bedding components)			
		2.14 Explain how to deal with components or fastening devices incorrectly assembled, damaged or having other faults			
		2.15 Describe the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.16 Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the assembly operations			
		2.17 Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the assemblies produced			
		2.18 Explain how to detect assembly defects, and what to do to rectify them (such as ineffective fasteners, foreign object damage)			
		2.19 Explain how to move large components, sub-assemblies and assemblies; the methods and equipment used to transport, handle and lift the components into position, and how to check that the equipment is within its current certification dates			
		2.20 Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.22	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed assembly is free from dirt, swarf and foreign objects			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the assembly activities			
		2.24	Describe the problems with the assembly operations, and the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.25	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Learner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

(if sampled)

# Unit 14: Testing Prototype Engines (Fixed Dynamometer)

**Unit reference number:** D/601/0404

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 60

**Guided learning hours:** 105

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out dynamometer tests on prototype engines, as appropriate to the engine type, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to carry out all necessary preparations to the engine in readiness for the tests to be carried out, and these will include ensuring that the engine is correctly connected to the dynamometer, that all ancillary equipment is fitted to the engine, appropriate blanking plates are fitted, test instrumentation is correctly connected and all necessary electrical checks are carried out.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Test prototype engines (fixed dynamometer)	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Test engines for one of the following types of prototype engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Hybrid (combustion)</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow the appropriate procedures for use of tools and equipment to carry out the required tests			
		1.4	Carry out tests to appropriate schedules on one of the following types of prototype engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Production engines</li> <li>• Repaired/overhauled engines</li> <li>• Development engines</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Prepare the engine for testing and carry out initial start-up checks, to include all of the following, as applicable to the engine type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Correctly connect the engine to the dynamometer</li> <li>• Fit all required engine ancillary equipment (such as starter motors and slave oil filters)</li> <li>• Fit all required environmental equipment (such as forced air fans, exhaust extraction)</li> <li>• Fit blanking plates (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Fill the engine with oil</li> <li>• Make all required connections to the engine (to include fuel connections, electrical and instrumentation)</li> <li>• Carry out all necessary electrical checks and confirm that the engine is ready for testing</li> <li>• Ensure that all personal are clear of the test facility and that safe working distance procedures are maintained</li> <li>• Load and prepare computer software for operation (where applicable)</li> <li>• Check the engine starting system</li> <li>• Run the engine and check that the engine shutdown system operates correctly</li> <li>• Carry out idle checks</li> <li>• Check that engine oil pressure is satisfactory</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that fuel flow is operating correctly</li> <li>• Check all oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals for signs of leakage</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Set up and carry out the tests using the correct procedures and within agreed timescales			
		1.7 Carry out all of the following during the testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, engine test schedules, test procedures, engine specifications, quality control documentation and other related documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the test area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>• Use safe and approved testing techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Leave the engine and work area in a clean and safe condition on completion of the testing activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste items in a safe and environmentally acceptable manner</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Undertake engine tests as listed in the appropriate engine test schedule, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initiating the engine test sequence</li> <li>• Carrying out running and handling checks</li> <li>• Carrying out performance curves</li> <li>• Checking engine pressures are within specification</li> <li>• Checking engine temperature is within specification</li> <li>• Checking throttle/high pressure fuel flow operates smoothly</li> <li>• Ensuring maximum power is achieved</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Deal with two of the following complexities during the engine tests: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine runs with no faults</li> <li>• Engine runs with faults</li> <li>• Engines with intermittent faults</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Disconnect the engine on completion of the testing procedures, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shutting down the computer driver</li> <li>• Checking all oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals for signs of leakage</li> <li>• Removing and checking magnetic chip detectors for contamination</li> <li>• Removing and checking slave filters for contamination</li> <li>• Installing the engine's own magnetic chip detectors and filters</li> <li>• Draining all oil and fuel from the engine</li> <li>• Removing all fitted blanks and instrumentation</li> <li>• Removing the engine from the dynamometer, safely and correctly</li> <li>• Preparing the engine for passing to stripdown/inspection</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Carry out tests in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Record the results of the test, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Test report</li> <li>• Job card</li> <li>• Computer record (engine log computer record)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Review and analyse the results of the test run, using two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data sheets</li> <li>• Calibration records</li> <li>• Log cards/history sheet</li> <li>• Engine test schedule</li> <li>• Fault records</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Review and analyse the results and carry out further tests if necessary			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to test prototype engines (fixed dynamometer)	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when testing prototype engines (including any specific legislation, regulations/codes of practice required for the activities, equipment or materials used)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the activities, and the responsibility these requirements place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the safety procedures that must be carried out before tests are started on the engine (such as checking that the dynamometer safety system is functioning, and that all personnel are clear of the test area)			
		2.4	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment to be worn			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with dynamometer testing prototype engines, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks (such as code of safe working practices/risk assessment)			
		2.6	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the engine prior to starting the engine tests (such as attaching to the dynamometer, fitting test instrumentation, fitting ancillary equipment, fitting blanking plates, filling engine with oil, making fuel connections, attaching electrical power and making final electrical checks of all systems)			
		2.7	Explain how to carry out initial start-up procedures and checks (to include checking that engine starting and shutdown systems operate correctly, idle speed is satisfactory, fuel flow is operating correct, oil pressure is to specification, oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals are free from leaks)			
		2.8	Explain how to access and set up the computer software required to run the engine tests			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Explain how to obtain the required test schedules and specifications for the prototype engine type being tested, and how to check their currency and validity		
		2.10	Explain how to read and interpret the specifications, and from whom they can seek assistance if they have problems or issues regarding the test schedules or specifications		
		2.11	Describe the methods and procedures to be used to carry out the various engine tests		
		2.12	Explain why they need to apply engine power in incremental stages, and to check all readings, temperatures and pressures at each stage		
		2.13	Explain how to record the results of each individual test, and the documentation that must be used		
		2.14	Explain from whom to seek authorisation if they need to alter or change the test procedures		
		2.15	Describe the procedures to be followed if the engine or system fails to meet the test specification		
		2.16	Explain how to analyse the test results and make valid decisions about the acceptability of the engine		
		2.17	Describe the potential problems that can occur with the testing activities, and how they can be overcome		
		2.18	Describe the things that may cause errors or discrepancies in/with the test results, and how to avoid them		
		2.19	Describe any environmental controls required relating to the testing		
		2.20	Explain why equipment control is critical, and what to do if a piece of equipment is unaccounted for on completion of the testing activities		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the documentation to be completed at the end of the testing activities			
		2.22	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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*(if sampled)*

# Unit 15: Testing Prototype Engines Installed in Vehicles

**Unit reference number:** H/601/0405

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 60

**Guided learning hours:** 105

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to test installed engines in prototype vehicles on a rolling road, or static in an environmental or emissions test cell, as appropriate to the engine type, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to carry out all necessary preparations to the engine in readiness for the tests to be carried out, and these will include ensuring that the prototype vehicle is correctly located on the rolling road or within the cell, that all ancillary equipment is fitted to the engine, appropriate test instrumentation is correctly connected and that all necessary electrical checks are carried out.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Test prototype engines installed in vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Test prototype engines for one of the following types of prototype vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A class</li> <li>• B class</li> <li>• C class</li> <li>• C/D class</li> <li>• Sport utility vehicle (SUV)</li> <li>• Light commercial</li> <li>• Other specific prototype vehicles</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Carry out tests to appropriate schedules on one of the following types of prototype engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Hybrid (combustion)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Prepare the engine for testing and carry out initial start-up checks, to include all of the following, as applicable to the engine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Locate the vehicle on the rolling road or within the test cell, and secure it where appropriate</li> <li>• Fit all required ancillary equipment (such as forced air fans, exhaust extraction)</li> <li>• Check all fluid levels</li> <li>• Make all required connections to the engine (to include fuel monitoring, electrical and instrumentation)</li> <li>• Carry out all necessary electrical checks and confirm that the vehicle is ready for testing</li> <li>• Ensure that all personal are clear of the test facility and that safe working distance procedures are maintained</li> <li>• Check the engine starting system</li> <li>• Run the engine and check that the engine shutdown system operates correctly</li> <li>• Carry out idle checks</li> <li>• Check that engine oil pressure is satisfactory</li> <li>• Check that fuel flow is operating correctly</li> <li>• Check all oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals for signs of leakage</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Follow the appropriate procedures for use of tools and equipment to carry out the required tests			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Carry out all of the following during the testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, engine test schedules, test procedures, engine specifications, quality control documentation and other related documentation)</li> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the test area, and ensure that any appropriate environmental conditions can be met</li> <li>Use safe and approved testing techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>Dispose of waste items in a safe and environmentally acceptable manner</li> <li>Leave the vehicle and work area in a safe and appropriate condition on completion of the engine tests</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Set up and carry out the tests using the correct procedures and within agreed timescales			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Undertake engine tests as listed in the appropriate engine test schedule, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Initiating the engine test sequence</li> <li>• Carrying out running and handling checks</li> <li>• Carrying out performance curves</li> <li>• Checking engine pressures are within specification</li> <li>• Checking throttle or fuel injection operates within specifications</li> <li>• Ensuring that maximum power is achieved</li> <li>• Checking engine for hot and cold running temperatures</li> <li>• Checking and monitoring exhaust emissions</li> <li>• Checking engine temperature is within specification</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Deal with two of the following complexities during the engine tests: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine runs with no faults</li> <li>• Engine runs with faults</li> <li>• Engines with intermittent faults</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Check the vehicle on completion of the testing procedures, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shutting down rolling road or test cell (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Checking oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals for signs of oil leakage</li> <li>• Checking all hoses and connections for fluid leakage</li> <li>• Checking all fuel connections for leakage</li> <li>• Removing and checking magnetic chip detectors for contamination (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Removing and checking slave filters for contamination</li> <li>• Draining all oil and fuel from the engine</li> <li>• Removing all instrumentation fitted for the tests</li> <li>• Removing the vehicle from the rolling road or test cell, safely and correctly</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Carry out tests in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedure</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Record the results of the test, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Test report</li> <li>• Job card</li> <li>• Computer record</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Review and analyse the results of the test run, using two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Data sheets</li> <li>• Calibration records</li> <li>• Prototype vehicle history sheet</li> <li>• Vehicle test schedule</li> <li>• Fault records</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Review and analyse the results and carry out further tests if necessary			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to test prototype engines installed in vehicles	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when testing installed prototype engines on rolling roads and in test cells (such as any specific legislation, regulations/codes of practice required for the activities, equipment or materials used)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the activities, and the responsibility these requirements place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the safety procedures that must be carried out before tests are started on the vehicle (such as all personnel except the test driver are clear of the test area)			
		2.4	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment to be worn			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with testing installed prototype engines on rolling roads, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks (such as code of safe working practices/risk assessment)			
		2.6	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the vehicle/engine prior to starting the tests (such as location on rolling road, fitting test instrumentation, fitting ancillary equipment, attaching electrical power and making final electrical checks of all systems)			
		2.7	Explain how to carry out initial start-up procedures and checks (to include checking that engine starting and shutdown systems operate correctly, idle speed is satisfactory, fuel flow is operating correct, oil pressure is to specification, oil filters, connections, gaskets and seals are free from leaks)			
		2.8	Explain how to obtain the required test schedules and specifications for the prototype vehicle and engine type being tested, and how to check their currency and validity			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.9	Explain how to read and interpret the specifications, and from whom they can seek assistance if they have problems or issues regarding the test schedules or specifications			
	2.10	Describe the methods and procedures to be used to carry out the various prototype vehicle/engine tests			
	2.11	Explain why they need to apply engine power in incremental stages, and to check all readings, temperatures and pressures at each stage			
	2.12	Explain how to record the results of each individual test, and the documentation that must be used			
	2.13	Explain from whom to seek authorisation if they need to alter or change the test procedures			
	2.14	Explain how to analyse the test results and make valid decisions about the acceptability of the vehicle (including referencing to standard temperature and pressure)			
	2.15	Explain how to analyse the test results and make valid decisions about the acceptability of the engine			
	2.16	Describe the procedures to be followed if the engine or system fails to meet the test specification			
	2.17	Describe the potential problems that can occur with the testing activities, and how they can be overcome			
	2.18	Describe the things that may cause errors or discrepancies in/with the test results, and how to avoid them			
	2.19	Describe any environmental controls required relating to the testing (such as exhaust extraction, climate simulation)			
	2.20	Explain why equipment control is critical, and what to do if a piece of equipment is unaccounted for on completion of the testing activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the documentation to be completed at the end of the testing activities			
		2.22	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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*(if sampled)*

# **Unit 16: Dressing Prototype Engines for Test**

**Unit reference number:** K/601/0406

**QCF level:** 3

**Credit value:** 65

**Guided learning hours:** 105

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out assembly operations to dress prototype engines in readiness for test, in accordance with approved procedures. The learner will be required to obtain all the required tools and equipment for the assembly/dressing operations, and to check that they are in a safe and usable condition. In carrying out the assembly operations, the learner will be required to follow laid-down procedures and specific assembly techniques in order to assemble the various components onto the engine. The assembly activities will also include making all necessary checks and adjustments, to ensure that components are correctly orientated, positioned and aligned, that moving parts have the correct working clearances, that all fasteners are tightened to the correct torque, and that the assembled parts function as per the specification.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment Strategy in Annexe B.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Dress prototype engines for test	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Dress prototype engines with two of the following types of fuel/configurations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Petrol/gasoline vee</li> <li>• Petrol/gasoline inline</li> <li>• Diesel vee</li> <li>• Diesel inline</li> <li>• Hybrid (such as electric, LPG)</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Follow the relevant instructions, assembly drawings and any other specifications			
		1.4	Ensure that the specified components are available and that they are in a usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Carry out all of the following during the engine dressing activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions, engine assembly drawings, specifications, quality control documentation and other related documentation)</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures to realise a safe system of work</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the engine dressing area</li> <li>• Check that all tools and measuring instruments to be used are in a safe and usable condition and are within current calibration dates</li> <li>• Ensure that the required components are available and have the correct part numbers</li> <li>• Use safe and approved assembly techniques and procedures at all times</li> <li>• Ensure that the engine is maintained free from damage and foreign objects</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste items in a safe and environmentally acceptable manner</li> <li>• Leave the engine and work area in a safe and appropriate condition and ready for testing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Carry out dressing of the engine, by fitting ten of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine mountings</li> <li>• Manifolds</li> <li>• Pumps (such as fuel, coolant, oil)</li> <li>• Coolers (such as air, oil, fuel)</li> <li>• Filters (such as fuel, oil, air)</li> <li>• Valves (such as solenoid, bleed, pressure)</li> <li>• Heat exchangers (such as oil, water)</li> <li>• Charging/starting components</li> <li>• Clutch assemblies</li> <li>• Sensors (such as temperature, pressure, fire)</li> <li>• Electronic control units</li> <li>• Electrical harnesses/looms</li> <li>• Primary exhaust systems</li> <li>• Turbochargers/superchargers</li> <li>• Air intake systems (such as air boxes and plenums)</li> <li>• Fuel pipes</li> <li>• Oil pipes</li> <li>• Air pipes</li> <li>• Brackets</li> <li>• Sump pans</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			
		1.8 Use five of the following assembly methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembly of components by pressure</li> <li>• Aligning components</li> <li>• Setting working clearances</li> <li>• Torque setting of fasteners</li> <li>• Applying sealant/adhesives</li> <li>• Drilling and riveting</li> <li>• Earth bonding of components</li> <li>• Securing components using mechanical fasteners and threaded devices</li> <li>• Making connections to electrical components and harnesses</li> <li>• Applying bolt locking methods (split pins, wire locking, lock nuts, stiff nuts)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out all the required checks for accuracy, using the correct inspection and testing equipment, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Positional accuracy</li> <li>• Freedom of movement</li> <li>• Operating/working clearance</li> <li>• Torque loadings</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Completeness</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Dress engine assemblies for prototype vehicles in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS, ISO or BSEN standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Engineer developed procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and the finished assembly meets the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one of the following, and pass to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembly records</li> <li>• Company specific documentation</li> <li>• Job card</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and report those that cannot be solved			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to dress prototype engines for te	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the dressing of prototype engines (such as any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the health and safety requirements of the work area in which they are carrying out the engine dressing activities, and the responsibility they place on the learner			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the dressing of prototype engines, and how to minimise them and reduce any risks			
		2.4	Describe the COSHH regulations with regard to the substances used in the dressing/assembly process			
		2.5	Describe the personal protective equipment and clothing to be worn during the dressing/assembly activities			
		2.6	Describe the various types of drawing and specification that are used during the engine dressing and assembly activities			
		2.7	Explain how to identify the components to be used; component identification systems (such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.8	Describe the preparations and inspections to be undertaken on the components prior to fitting them onto the engine			
		2.9	Describe the engine dressing/assembly methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to the procedures			
		2.10	Explain how the components are to be aligned and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used (such as jigs and fixtures)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11 Describe the various mechanical fasteners that will be used, and their method of installation (such as threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.12 Describe the importance of using the specified fasteners for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13 Explain how to complete basic fitting practices, meeting regulatory and organisational requirements (such as torque tightening, wire locking, fitting wire thread inserts, fitting O-ring seals, fitting lock nuts and tab washers)			
		2.14 Explain how to deal with components or fastening devices incorrectly assembled, damaged or having other faults			
		2.15 Describe the application of sealants and adhesives within the dressing/assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.16 Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the dressing/assembly operations			
		2.17 Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the dressed engines			
		2.18 Explain how to detect assembly defects, and what to do to rectify them (such as ineffective fasteners, foreign object damage)			
		2.19 Explain how to move large components and assemblies, the methods and equipment used to transport, handle and lift the components into position, and how to check that the equipment is within its current certification dates			
		2.20 Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.22	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed engine is free from dirt, swarf and foreign objects			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the engine dressing/assembly activities			
		2.24	Describe the things that can go wrong with the engine dressing activities, and how they can be avoided			
		2.25	Describe the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.26	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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# Unit 17: Producing Mechanical Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6348

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce mechanical engineering drawings using a CAD system. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce mechanical engineering drawings using a CAD system	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare the CAD system for operation by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that all the equipment is correctly connected and in a safe and usable working condition (such as cables undamaged, correctly connected, safely routed, PAT tested)</li> <li>• Power up the equipment and activate the appropriate drawing software</li> <li>• Set up the drawing system to be able to produce the drawing to the appropriate scale</li> <li>• Set up and check that all peripheral devices are connected and correctly operating (such as keyboard, mouse, light pen, digitiser/tablet, scanner, printer, plotter)</li> <li>• Set the drawing datum at a convenient point (where applicable)</li> <li>• Set up drawing parameters (to include layers, line types, colour, text styles) to company procedures or to suit the drawing produced</li> <li>• Create a drawing template to the required standards, which includes all necessary detail (such as title, drawing number, scale, material, date, etc)</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the drawing activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4	Use appropriate sources to obtain the required information for the drawing to be created			
		1.5	Use three of the following to obtain the necessary data to produce the required drawings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drawing brief</li> <li>• Drawing change or modification request</li> <li>• Manuals</li> <li>• Calculations</li> <li>• Sketches</li> <li>• Specifications</li> <li>• Regulations</li> <li>• Sample component</li> <li>• Existing drawings/designs</li> <li>• Standards reference documents (such as limits and fits, tapping drill charts)</li> <li>• Notes from meetings/discussions</li> <li>• Other available data</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Take into account three of the following design features, as appropriate to the drawing being produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function</li> <li>• Quality</li> <li>• Manufacturing method</li> <li>• Ergonomics</li> <li>• Materials</li> <li>• Cost</li> <li>• Life of the product</li> <li>• Tolerances</li> <li>• Clearance</li> <li>• Aesthetics</li> <li>• Physical space</li> <li>• Operating environment</li> <li>• Interfaces</li> <li>• Safety</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Carry out all of the following before producing the engineering drawing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that the data and information they have is complete and accurate</li> <li>• Review the data and information to identify the drawing requirements</li> <li>• Recognise and deal with problems (such as information-based and technical)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Access and use the correct drawing software		
		1.9	Use appropriate techniques to create drawings, in the required formats, that are sufficiently and clearly detailed		
		1.10	Interpret and produce drawings, using two of the following methods of projection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• First angle orthographic projections</li> <li>• Isometric/oblique projections</li> <li>• Third angle orthographic projections</li> </ul>		
		1.11	Produce two of the following types of drawing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detail drawings</li> <li>• General arrangement drawings</li> <li>• Sub-assembly drawings</li> <li>• Installation drawings</li> </ul>		



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce mechanical drawings which include ten of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight lines</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Angled lines</li> <li>• Text</li> <li>• Insertion of standard components</li> <li>• Symbols and abbreviations</li> <li>• Curved/contour lines</li> <li>• Circles or ellipses</li> <li>• Geometrical tolerancing</li> <li>• Hidden detail</li> <li>• Sectional detail</li> <li>• Parts lists</li> <li>• Other specific detail</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use codes and other references that follow the required conventions			
		1.14 Produce drawings which comply with the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS and ISO standards</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines</li> <li>• Statutory regulations and codes of practice</li> <li>• CAD software standards</li> <li>• Other international standard</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Make sure that drawings are checked and approved by the appropriate person			
		1.16 Save the drawings in the appropriate medium and location to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that their drawing has been checked and approved by their supervisor</li> <li>• Check that the drawing is correctly titled and referenced</li> <li>• Save the drawing to an appropriate storage medium (such as hard drive, CD/DVD, external storage device)</li> <li>• Create a separate backup copy and place it in safe storage</li> <li>• Produce a hard copy printout of the drawing for file purposes</li> <li>• Register and store the drawings in the appropriate company information system (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Record and store any changes to the drawings in the company information system (where appropriate)</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Produce hard copies of the finished drawings			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Shut down the CAD system to a safe condition on completion of the drawing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce mechanical engineering drawings using a CAD system	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with computer systems (to include safety guidance relating to the use of visual display unit (VDU) equipment and work station environment (such as lighting, seating, positioning of equipment), repetitive strain injury (RSI); the dangers of trailing leads and cables; how to spot faulty or dangerous electrical leads, plugs and connections)			
		2.2	Describe good housekeeping arrangements (such as cleaning down work surfaces; storage devices, manuals and unwanted items of equipment into safe storage; leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition)			
		2.3	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.4	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.5	Describe the relevant sources and methods for obtaining any required technical information relevant to the drawing being produced (such as drawing briefs, specification sheets, request for changes or modifications to drawings; technical information such as limits and fits, contraction allowances, bearing selection, surface finish)			
		2.6	Describe the basic principles of engineering manufacturing operations, assembly and installation methods, and limitations of the equipment/processes that are used to produce the drawn item (such as machining methods, joining processes, fabrication, casting and forging), and how these can influence the way they present the drawing			
		2.7	Describe the functionality of the component being drawn, and its interrelationship with other components and assemblies			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.8	Describe the correct start-up and shutdown procedures to be used for the computer systems			
	2.9	Describe the identification of the correct drawing software package from the menu or operating environment; the various techniques that are available to access and use the CAD software (such as mouse, menu or tool bar, light pens, digitisers and tablets, printers or plotters, and scanners)			
	2.10	Describe the use of software manuals and related documents to aid efficient operation of the relevant drawing system			
	2.11	Explain how to deal with system problems (such as error messages received, peripherals which do not respond as expected, obvious faults with the equipment or connecting leads)			
	2.12	Describe the types of drawings that may be produced by the software (such as first and third angle drawings, sectional elevations, isometric or oblique drawings)			
	2.13	Explain how to set up the viewing screen to show multiple views of the drawing to help with drawing creation (to include isometric front and side elevations)			
	2.14	Describe the national, international and organisational standards and conventions that are used for the drawings			
	2.15	Explain how to set up the drawing template parameters (such as layers of drawings, scale, paper size, colour setup, line types, dimension system and text styles)			
	2.16	Describe the application and use of drawing tools (such as for straight lines, curves and circles; how to create hatching and shading on drawings; how to add dimensions and text to drawings; producing layers of drawings)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Explain how to access, recognise and use a wide range of standard components and symbol libraries from the CAD equipment			
		2.18 Describe the need for document control (such as ensuring that completed drawings are approved, labelled and stored on a suitable storage medium)			
		2.19 Explain how to save and store drawings, (such as determining document size; how to check that there is sufficient space to save the file in their chosen destination; saving and naming the file/drawing)			
		2.20 Describe the need to create backup copies, and to file them in a separate and safe location			
		2.21 Explain how to produce hard copies of the drawings, and the advantages and disadvantages of printers and plotters			
		2.22 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23 Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the drawing activities (such as correctly isolated, removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

# **Unit 18:**

## **Producing Components Using Hand Fitting Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** J/504/6349

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce components using hand fitting techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce components using hand fitting techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the hand fitting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a serviceable condition</li> <li>• Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fitting activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the fitting activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the hand fitting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.5	Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Mark out a range of material forms, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Square/rectangular (such as bar stock, sheet material, machined components)</li> <li>• Circular/cylindrical (such as bar stock, tubes, turned components, flat discs)</li> <li>• Sections (such as angles, channel, tee section, joists, extrusions)</li> <li>• Irregular shapes (such as castings, forgings, odd shaped components)</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Use marking out methods and techniques, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking using instruments</li> </ul> Plus one more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of templates</li> <li>• Tracing/transfer methods</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use a range of marking out equipment, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules/tapes</li> <li>• Dividers/trammels</li> <li>• Scribes</li> <li>• Punches</li> <li>• Scribing blocks</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Protractor</li> <li>• Vernier instruments</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Mark out workpieces which include all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datum/centre lines</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Circles</li> <li>• Radial profiles</li> <li>• Linear hole positions</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Angles/angular profiles</li> <li>• Radial hole positions</li> <li>• Allowances for bending</li> <li>• Simple pattern development</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.11 Cut and shape two different types of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/synthetic</li> <li>• Composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	Use both of the following hand fitting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Filing</li> <li>• Hand sawing</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power sawing</li> <li>• Offhand grinding</li> <li>• Scraping</li> <li>• Chiselling</li> <li>• Lapping</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce components which combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat datum faces</li> <li>• Faces which are square to each other</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Drilled through holes</li> <li>• Reamed holes</li> <li>• Internal threads</li> <li>• External threads</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Faces that are parallel to each other</li> <li>• Faces angled to each other</li> <li>• Holes drilled to a depth</li> <li>• Chamfers and radii</li> <li>• Counterbore, countersink, or spot face</li> <li>• Sliding or mating parts</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.15 Use all of the following measuring equipment during the hand fitting and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier calliper</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• squares</li> <li>• Callipers</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth verniers</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear dimensions</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Profiles</li> <li>• Hole position</li> <li>• Hole size/fit</li> <li>• Depths</li> <li>• Thread size and fit</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components to all of the following standards, as applicable to the process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance +/- 0.25mm or +/- 0.010"</li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within +/- 0.1mm or +/- 0.004"</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness 0.05mm per 25mm or 0.002" per inch</li> <li>• Angles within +/- 1 degree</li> <li>• Screw threads to BS Medium fit</li> <li>• Reamed and bored holes within H8</li> <li>• Surface finish 63 µin or 1.6 µm</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the fitting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce components using hand fitting techniques	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements and safe working practices and procedures required for the hand fitting activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the hand fitting activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, using files with damaged or poor fitting handles), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards), in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges, applying a marking out medium)			
		2.8	Explain how to select and establish a suitable datum; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datum, and the possible effects of working from a different datum			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the methods of holding and supporting the workpiece during the marking out activities, and equipment that can be used (such as surface plates, angle plates, vee blocks and clamps, parallel bars, screw jacks)			
		2.10 Describe the use of marking out conventions when marking out the workpiece (including datum lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, circular and radial profiles, angles, holes which are linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.11 Describe the ways of laying out the marking out shapes or patterns to maximise use of materials			
		2.12 Describe the need for clear and dimensional accuracy in marking out to specification and drawing requirements			
		2.13 Explain how to set and adjust tools (such as squares, protractors and Verniers)			
		2.14 Describe the importance of using tools only for the purpose intended; the care that is required when using the equipment and tools; the proper way of storing tools and equipment between operations			
		2.15 Describe the cutting and shaping methods to be used, and the sequence in which the operations are to be carried out			
		2.16 Describe the various types of file that are available, and the cut of files for different applications			
		2.17 Describe the importance of ensuring that file handles are secure and free from embedded foreign bodies or splits			
		2.18 Explain how to prepare the components for the filing operations (cleaning, de-burring, marking out)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the use of vice jaw plates to protect the workpiece from damage			
		2.20	Explain how to file flat, square and curved surfaces, and how to achieve a smooth surface finish (such as by draw filing, the use of abrasive cloth, lapping using abrasive pastes)			
		2.21	Explain how to select saw blades for different materials, and how to set the saw blades for different operations (such as cutting externally and internally)			
		2.22	Explain how to cut external threads using hand dies, and the method of fixing and adjusting the dies to give the correct thread fit			
		2.23	Explain how to determine the drill size for tapped holes, and the importance of using the taps in the correct sequence			
		2.24	Explain how to prepare drilling machines for operations (such as adjustment of table height and position; mounting and securing drills, reamers, countersink and counterbore tools in chucks or Morse taper sockets; setting and adjusting spindle speeds; setting and adjusting guards/safety devices)			
		2.25	Explain how to mount the workpiece (such as in a machine vice, clamped to table, clamped to angle brackets); techniques of positioning drills to marking out, use of centre drills and taking trial cuts and checking accuracy, and how to correct holes which are off centre			
		2.26	Explain how to produce a sliding or mating fit using filing, scraping and lapping techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.27	Describe the problems that can occur with the hand fitting activities, and how these can be overcome (such as defects caused by incorrectly ground drills, inappropriate speeds, damage by workholding devices)			
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the fitting activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, removing and returning drills, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 19: Producing Mechanical Assemblies

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6351

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce mechanical assemblies. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce mechanical assemblies	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Check that tools and measuring instruments to be used are within calibration date</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct locations on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the assembly activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, tools and equipment			
		1.5	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Produce assemblies using six of the following methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembling of components by expansion/contraction</li> <li>• Fitting (such as filing, scraping, lapping or polishing)</li> <li>• Securing by using mechanical fasteners/threaded devices</li> <li>• Applying sealants/adhesives</li> <li>• Electrical bonding of components</li> <li>• Assembling of products by pressure</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting</li> <li>• Drilling</li> <li>• Reaming</li> <li>• Balancing components</li> <li>• Applying bolt locking methods</li> <li>• Shimming and packing</li> <li>• Blue-bedding of components</li> <li>• Aligning components</li> <li>• Riveting</li> <li>• Pinning</li> <li>• Torque setting</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Assemble products to meet the required specification, using nine of the following types of component: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembly structure (framework, support, casings, panels)</li> <li>• Pre-machined components</li> <li>• Fabricated components</li> <li>• Bearings</li> <li>• Seals</li> <li>• Bushes</li> <li>• Shafts</li> <li>• Chains</li> <li>• Couplings</li> <li>• Sprockets</li> <li>• Cams and followers</li> <li>• Levers/linkages</li> <li>• Keys</li> <li>• Pulleys</li> <li>• Gears</li> <li>• Pipework/hoses</li> <li>• Springs</li> <li>• Belts</li> <li>• Gaskets</li> <li>• Other specific component</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Assemble products using two of the following assembly aids and equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Workholding devices</li> <li>• Lifting and moving equipment</li> <li>• Specialised assembly tools/equipment</li> <li>• Jigs and fixtures</li> <li>• Shims and packing</li> <li>• Rollers or wedges</li> <li>• Supporting equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.10 Secure the components using both of the following categories of fastening devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Threaded fasteners (such as nuts, bolts, machine screws, cap screws)</li> <li>• Locking and retaining devices (such as tab washers, locking nuts, wire locks, special purpose types)</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pins (such as parallel/dowels, hollow/roll, tapered, split)</li> <li>• Spring clips (such as external circlips, internal circlips, special clips)</li> <li>• Rivets (such as countersunk, roundhead, blind, special purpose types)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished assembly meets the required specification		
		1.12	Carry out the required quality checks, to include eight from the following, using appropriate equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positional accuracy</li> <li>• Freedom of movement</li> <li>• Component security</li> <li>• Completeness</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Function</li> <li>• Bearing/shaft end float</li> <li>• Operating/working clearances</li> <li>• Freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> <li>• Torque settings</li> </ul>		



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce mechanical assemblies which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Moving parts are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances</li> <li>• Where appropriate, assemblies meet required geometric tolerances (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• All fastenings have appropriate washers and are tightened to the required torque</li> <li>• Where appropriate, bolt locking methods are applied</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce mechanical assemblies	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the assembly activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the assembly activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or air hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, lifting and handling heavy items), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to prepare the components in readiness for the assembly activities (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the components, removing burrs and sharp edges)			
		2.8	Describe the general principles of mechanical assembly, and the purpose and function of the components and materials used (including component identification systems such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.9	Describe the assembly/joining methods, techniques and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how the components are to be aligned, adjusted and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment to be used for this			
		2.11	Describe the various mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts, bolts, machine screws, cap screws, clips, pins, locking and retaining devices)			
		2.12	Describe the importance of using the specified components and joining devices for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13	Explain where appropriate, the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.14	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy, position, security, function and completeness of the assembly (such as checking for correct operation where the assembly has moving parts, checking the torque figures to which critical fastenings have been tightened, checking the end float on shafts, checking operating clearance on actuating mechanisms)			
		2.15	Explain how to detect assembly defects, and what to do to rectify them (such as ineffective joining techniques, foreign objects, component damage)			
		2.16	Describe the methods and equipment used to transport, lift and handle components and assemblies			
		2.17	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.18	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the assembly activities			
		2.20	Describe the problems that could occur with the assembly operations, and the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Explain how to Leave the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly activities (such as removing and storing power leads, returning hand tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 20: Forming and Assembling Pipework Systems

Unit reference number: L/504/6353

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to form and assemble pipework systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Form and assemble pipework systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the pipe bending, forming and fitting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the bending and forming equipment is in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the pipe fitting activities</li> <li>• Apply safe working practices at all times</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the pipe fitting activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4	Produce pipework assemblies using two of the following types of pipe: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Brass</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> <li>• Plastic</li> </ul>			
		1.5	Mark out pipework, using the following method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking using tapes and markers</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set-outs of pipework using templates</li> <li>• Producing set wires</li> <li>• Set-outs of pipework onto floor</li> </ul>			
		1.6	Cut the pipes to the appropriate lengths making allowances for bending and attachment of fittings			
		1.7	Cut and prepare the pipes for forming and assembly, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cutting pipes to length with appropriate allowance for fittings</li> <li>• Removing all external and internal burrs</li> <li>• Cleaning pipe ends for soldering or cementing (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Cutting threads on pipe ends to the appropriate length (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Checking that prepared pipes are the correct length</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Cut and prepare pipework using the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Saws (hand or power)</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pipe/tube cutter</li> <li>• De-burring reamers</li> <li>• Abrasive cloth</li> <li>• Wire pipe cleaners</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Bend and form the pipes using the appropriate tools and equipment for the types and sizes of pipe			
		1.10 Bend and form pipe using the following method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand operated pipe bender</li> </ul> Plus one more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bending springs</li> <li>• Hydraulic pipe bending equipment</li> <li>• Pipe expander</li> <li>• Heating methods</li> <li>• Swaging kit</li> <li>• Fillers</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Produce pipework bends/forms that include both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Angular bends</li> <li>• Offsets</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bridge sets</li> <li>• Expansion loops</li> <li>• Radii</li> <li>• External swaged ends</li> <li>• Internal swaged ends</li> </ul>			
		1.12	Assemble and secure the pipework, using the correct fittings and joining techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce pipework assemblies which combine a range of different fittings, covering all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight couplings</li> <li>• Elbows</li> <li>• Tee pieces</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flanges</li> <li>• Unions</li> <li>• Reduction pieces</li> <li>• Valves</li> <li>• Drain/bleeding devices</li> <li>• Blanking caps</li> <li>• Screwed fittings (such as tank, tap, pump, gauges)</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Assemble pipes using three of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compression fittings</li> <li>• Snap-on/push fittings</li> <li>• Screwed connections</li> <li>• Soldered fittings</li> <li>• Brazed fittings</li> <li>• Cemented fittings</li> <li>• Welded joints</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Assemble pipework using all of the following methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Securing pipework supports to structures</li> <li>• Fitting pipework supports</li> <li>• Connecting pipe-to-pipe</li> <li>• Connecting pipe-to-equipment</li> <li>• Using gaskets, seals/sealing tapes or jointing compounds</li> <li>• Alignment/levelling equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Produce pipework assemblies which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pipes are bent to the appropriate shape/form and position</li> <li>• All pipe bends are free from buckling or deformation</li> <li>• Appropriate fittings are used, and are secure and leak free</li> <li>• Soldered and cemented fittings are free from excessive residues</li> <li>• The completed assembly meets the specific system requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished pipe assembly meets the required specification			
		1.18 Test the completed pipe assembly, using the appropriate techniques, tools and equipment			
		1.19 Carry out tests on the assembled pipework, to include one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hydraulic pressure testing</li> <li>• Gas/air leakage test</li> <li>• Water leakage testing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.20	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.21	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to form and assemble pipework systems	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the pipe fitting activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the pipe fitting activities (such as handling long pipe lengths, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, using pipe bending equipment, using heating and soldering equipment, using adhesives), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Describe the principles and methods of marking out pipework, and the type of equipment used (such as direct marking, use of templates, use of set wires)			
		2.8	Explain how to prepare the pipes in readiness for the marking out activities (visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges)			
		2.9	Explain how to determine the overall length of the pipework required, taking into account allowances for pipe fittings and (where appropriate) screwed connections			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the tools and equipment used in the cutting and preparing the pipes (such as saws, pipe and tube cutters)			
		2.11	Describe the characteristics of the various materials that are to be used with regard to the bending operations, and why some materials may require the addition of heat/hot air to aid the bending process			
		2.12	Describe the methods used to hand bend and form the pipe (including the use of bending springs, hand bending machines, fillers, heating methods)			
		2.13	Explain how to produce the various bends required (such as angled bends, dog-leg sets, bridge sets and expansion loops)			
		2.14	Describe the reasons for incorporating expansion loops in a system, and where they should be positioned			
		2.15	Explain how to prepare pipework and fittings for the assembly operation (such as checking for damage, removing foreign objects, dirt and swarf from bore of pipe, removing burrs)			
		2.16	Describe the range of pipe fittings that can be used, and how to identify them (such as straight connectors, elbows, tee pieces, reduction pieces, flanged fittings, valves, blanking pieces/cap ends)			
		2.17	Describe the different types of fittings available, such as screwed fittings, soldered fittings, compression fittings, push fit fittings and glued/cemented fittings			
		2.18	Explain how to produce screw threads on the pipe ends, and the tools and equipment that can be used (such as stocks and dies, pipe threading machines)			
		2.19	Describe the methods used to seal screwed joints (such as tapes and sealing compounds)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the use of flanges to connect pipes; use of gaskets; and torque loading of flange bolts			
		2.21	Describe the methods used to prepare pipe ends and fittings for soldering or brazing, and why it is necessary to ensure that these preparations are carried out			
		2.22	Describe the various types of soldered connectors available (such as solder ring types and capillary fittings)			
		2.23	Describe the methods used to solder the joints, and how to recognise when the fitting is correctly soldered			
		2.24	Describe the precautions to be taken when using gas torches to form the joint, and the effect of overheating the joint			
		2.25	Describe the methods used to prepare pipe ends and fittings when using adhesives, and why it is necessary to ensure that these preparations are carried out			
		2.26	Describe the methods used to cement the joints, and how to recognise when the fitting is correctly secured			
		2.27	Describe the various adhesives and sealing compounds that are used on non-metallic pipework			
		2.28	Describe the precautions to be taken when using the adhesives, cements and sealing compounds (such as adequate ventilation, fume extraction, away from naked flames, avoiding skin contact)			
		2.29	Describe the use of compression fittings; how the pipes are sealed; and the effects of over tightening the fittings			
		2.30	Describe the use of push-fit connectors, and their advantages and disadvantages			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.31	Explain how to identify the correct orientation of fittings with regard to flow, and the consequences of incorrect orientation			
		2.32	Describe the supporting methods that are used when assembling pipework, and the type of fittings that are used			
		2.33	Describe the methods of testing pipework systems for leaks (using air, water or hydraulic testing methods)			
		2.34	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and whom they should report to if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		2.35	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the pipework assembly activities (such as removing and storing power leads, returning hand tools and equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)



# Unit 21: Carrying Out Aircraft Detail Fitting Activities

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6354

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out aircraft detail fitting activities. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out aircraft detail fitting activities	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the aircraft detail fitting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> <li>Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a serviceable condition and PAT tested</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the detail fitting activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the aircraft detail fitting activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the aircraft detail fitting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.5	Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Mark out a range of material forms, to include three from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Square/rectangular (such as bar stock, sheet material, machined components)</li> <li>• Circular/cylindrical (such as bar stock, tubes, turned components, flat discs, rolled cylinders/cones)</li> <li>• Sections (such as angle, channel, tee section, joists, extrusions)</li> <li>• Irregular shapes (such as castings, forgings, odd shaped components)</li> <li>• Detail assemblies</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Use two types of material from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aluminium</li> <li>• Titanium</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Composite material</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use marking out methods and techniques which include the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking using instruments</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of templates</li> <li>• Tracing/transfer methods</li> <li>• Other specific method</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Use a range of marking out equipment, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Marking tools</li> <li>• Rules/tapes</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Vernier instruments</li> <li>• Dividers/compass</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Mark out workpieces, to include all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datum/centre lines</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Circles and radial profiles</li> <li>• Linear hole positions</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Angles/angular profiles</li> <li>• Radial hole positions</li> <li>• Allowances for bending</li> <li>• Simple pattern development</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Cut and shape the materials, using four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Saws (hand or mechanical)</li> <li>• Guillotines</li> <li>• Bench knives</li> <li>• Tin snips</li> <li>• Drills and hole saws</li> <li>• Nibblers</li> <li>• Cropping machines</li> <li>• Files</li> <li>• Abrasive discs</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Bend and form the materials, using the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.14 Bend and form materials using four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bench folding machines</li> <li>• Box pan folding machines</li> <li>• Pinch or pyramid rolling machines</li> <li>• Presses</li> <li>• Hand tools</li> <li>• Heating techniques</li> <li>• Shrinking techniques</li> <li>• Stretching techniques</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce components which combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Edges/faces that are square to each other</li> <li>• Edges/faces that are parallel</li> <li>• Curved or circular forms</li> <li>• Holes linearly pitched</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Edges/faces that are angled</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• External profiles</li> <li>• • Holes radially pitched</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Produce a range of components with features that cover five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Right angled bends</li> <li>• Angled bends</li> <li>• Square flanges</li> <li>• Tray sections and channels</li> <li>• Curved/circular flanges</li> <li>• Curved profile</li> <li>• Cylindrical shape</li> <li>• Conical shape</li> <li>• Dished profile</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Assemble and secure the components, using the correct fastening devices and joining techniques			
		1.18 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			
		1.19 Produce components to all of the following standards, as applicable to the process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (to the template profile)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from excessive tooling marks, deformation or cracking</li> <li>• Dimensional tolerance +/- 0.25mm or +/- 0.010"</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness 0.05mm per 25mm or 0.002" per inch</li> <li>• Angles within +/- 0.5 degree</li> <li>• Screw threads to BS Medium fit</li> <li>• Reamed and bored holes within H8</li> <li>• Surface finish 63 µin or 1.6 µm</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.20 Use both of the following types of measuring equipment during the detail fitting and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier calliper</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Callipers (external and internal)</li> <li>• Vernier protractors</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.21	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.22	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the fitting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out aircraft detail fitting activities	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the aircraft detail fitting activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the aircraft detail fitting activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, use of forming and bending equipment, using hand shears and guillotines), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to identify the materials to be used; material identification systems; codes used and grain flow indicators			
		2.8	Describe the principles of marking out, and the equipment used in the aerospace industry			
		2.9	Explain how to clean and prepare the surfaces to be marked out ensuring, where appropriate, that grain flow is taken into account			
		2.10	Explain how to calculate bending allowances when marking out			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Explain how to select and establish suitable datums; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datums, and the possible effects of working from different datums			
		2.12	Explain how to mark out the workpiece (including datums; cutting guidelines; square and rectangular profiles; circular and radial profiles; angles; holes which are linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.13	Describe the various methods of pattern development that can be used (such as parallel line; radial line; triangulation), and typical applications of each method			
		2.14	Describe the ways of laying out the marking-out shapes or patterns to maximise use of materials			
		2.15	Describe the need for clear and dimensional accuracy in marking out to specification and drawing requirements			
		2.16	Describe the importance of using tools only for the purpose intended; the care that is required when using the equipment and tools; the proper way of storing tools and equipment between operations			
		2.17	Describe the shaping methods and techniques that can be used to produce a range of shapes/profiles on the various section materials (such as sawing, shearing, drilling, filing, abrading), and the sequence in which the operations will need to be carried out			
		2.18	Explain how to select saw blades for different applications and materials, and methods of setting saw blades for cutting externally and internally (such as hand saws, mechanical saws, band saws)			
		2.19	Describe the various shearing methods that can be used (such as tin snips, bench shears, guillotines, cropping machines and nibbling machines)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the range of hand tools and associated equipment that is used to produce a variety of shapes, bends, curved surfaces, dished profiles			
		2.21	Describe the range of bending and forming machines to be used (such as fly presses, bending machines, rolling machines, flanging machines)			
		2.22	Explain how to set up a bending machine to produce a range of forms (such as right-angled bends, angled bends, tray sections, channel sections)			
		2.23	Explain how to set up pinch/pyramid forming rolls to produce a variety of forms (such as curved profiles, cylinders, cones)			
		2.24	Explain how to produce flanges on curved/cylindrical components (using machines and hand tools)			
		2.25	Describe the methods of drilling and finishing holes in sheet and stock materials (such as drills, reamers, countersinks, hole saws)			
		2.26	Describe the various types of files that are available; the cut of files for different applications; the importance of ensuring that file handles are safe and free from embedded foreign bodies			
		2.27	Describe the preparations and or treatments that may need to be carried out on the materials before and after the cutting and shaping operations			
		2.28	Describe the purpose and use of joint sealing agents and anti-electrolysis barriers, and the precautions to be taken when using them			
		2.29	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the components produced			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.30	Describe the problems that can occur with the cutting, shaping and forming operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.31	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.32	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the aircraft detail fitting activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, removing and returning drills, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

## Unit 22: Installing Aircraft Mechanical Fasteners

Unit reference number: L/504/6367

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours: 61**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to install aircraft mechanical fasteners. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Install aircraft mechanical fasteners	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following activities during the installation of the mechanical fasteners: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> <li>Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a serviceable condition and PAT tested</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the installation activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the installation of the mechanical fasteners before they start the activity			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the installation operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Use both of the following types of equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Riveting guns (appropriate to rivet type)</li> <li>• Gripping pins and location dowels</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gauges for intrusions</li> <li>• Drills and tools with attachments</li> <li>• Redline templates</li> <li>• Jigs</li> <li>• Clamps</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Assemble and secure the components, using the correct fastening devices and joining techniques			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Install a range of mechanical fasteners, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hollow rivets</li> <li>• Solid rivets</li> <li>• threaded fasteners</li> <li>• Quick release fasteners</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Collared fasteners</li> <li>• Anchor nuts</li> <li>• Split pins</li> <li>• Rivnuts</li> <li>• NAPPY pins</li> <li>• Pin clips</li> <li>• PIP/PIT pins</li> <li>• Wire locks</li> <li>• Other locking devices</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use all of the following installation methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Countersinking</li> <li>• Milling rivets</li> <li>• Solid riveting (single and double handed)</li> <li>• Wire locking</li> <li>• Through-hole</li> <li>• Blind riveting</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9	Make three types of connection from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wet assembly</li> <li>• Dry assembly</li> <li>• Panels</li> <li>• Skins</li> <li>• Structures</li> <li>• Repairs</li> </ul>			
		1.10	Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Use four of the following to carry out appropriate checks during, and on completion of, the installation activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Callipers</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Micrometers</li> <li>• Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Torque wrenches/gauges</li> <li>• Rivet intrusion gauges</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Install aircraft mechanical fasteners to comply with all of the following requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned, in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Overall dimensions are within specification tolerances</li> <li>• Assemblies meet appropriate geometric tolerances (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Where appropriate, pitches of rivets/fasteners meet specification requirements</li> <li>• Completed assemblies have secure and firm joints, and are clean and free from burrs/flash, deformation or cracking</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Check that the installation is complete, and that all components are free from damage			
		1.14 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the fitting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to install aircraft mechanical fasteners	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the installation of the aircraft mechanical fasteners			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with installing aircraft mechanical fasteners, and with the tools and equipment used (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Describe the importance of working to the installation instructions and appropriate specifications			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the process for the control of materials, and the need for component control and quarantine			
		2.9	Explain how to identify the mechanical fasteners to be used; material identification systems; codes used and grain flow indicators			
		2.10	Explain why they must obtain design approval before removing and replacing faulty fasteners			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the purpose and use of joint sealing agents and anti-electrolysis barriers, and the precautions to be taken when using them		
		2.12	Describe the regulations concerning electrical bonding and anti-electrolysis barriers		
		2.13	Describe the various types and range of screwed fasteners used on aircraft fittings, and the methods of installing them		
		2.14	Describe the types and applications of aircraft rivets, and the advantages of hollow rivets over solid rivets		
		2.15	Describe the reasons for using screw fastenings rather than rivets		
		2.16	Describe the purpose and use of a countersink cage		
		2.17	Describe the various locking devices used with fastenings		
		2.18	Describe the purpose and use of locating dowels, gripping pins and gauges, when carrying out fastening operations		
		2.19	Describe the procedures to be adopted when removing rivets and other fasteners		
		2.20	Describe the term 'quilting', its occurrence and avoidance		
		2.21	Describe bolt break-offs, and where they occur		
		2.22	Explain how to check that riveting guns, power tools and attachments are in a safe and usable condition, and the action to be taken in the event of identifying defective equipment		
		2.23	Describe the types of gauges used to measure angles, depths, countersinks and torque		
		2.24	Explain how and why tools are calibrated, and how to check that the tools they are using are within calibration dates		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the installations produced			
		2.26	Describe the problems that can occur with the installation of the mechanical fasteners, and how these can be overcome			
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, removing and returning drills, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

## Unit 23: Producing Aircraft Detail Assemblies

Unit reference number: L/504/6370

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce aircraft detail assemblies. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce aircraft detail assemblies	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following activities during assembly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check that all tools, test and measuring equipment are within calibration date and PAT tested</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a serviceable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the aircraft detail assembly activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the aircraft detail assembly operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.5	Obtain the specified components and check that they are in a usable condition			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Produce aircraft detail assemblies, which includes seven of the following components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Skins</li> <li>• Stringers</li> <li>• Cleats</li> <li>• Tanks</li> <li>• Frames</li> <li>• Ribs</li> <li>• Panels</li> <li>• Brackets</li> <li>• Trays</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Pipes, unions and joints</li> <li>• Jumper braids, bonding clips, earthing straps</li> <li>• Aircraft general supplies</li> <li>• Other small assemblies, as applicable</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Apply all of the following assembly methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drilling and riveting</li> <li>• Ensuring that correct part numbers are used</li> <li>• Applying sealants/adhesives</li> <li>• Electrical bonding of components</li> <li>• Ensuring that correct hand of components is used (left or right handed)</li> <li>• Positioning and aligning components for cosmetic appearance and skin lines</li> <li>• Securing components using mechanical fasteners and threaded devices</li> <li>• Applying bolt locking methods (such as split pins, wire locking, lock nuts, stiff nuts)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.10 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce assemblies which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Overall dimensions are within specification tolerances</li> <li>• Assemblies meet appropriate geometric tolerances (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Where appropriate, pitches of rivets/fasteners meet specification requirements</li> <li>• Completed assemblies have secure and firm joints, and are clean and free from burrs/flash, deformation or cracking</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			
		1.13 Carry out quality and accuracy checks which include three from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cosmetic appearance</li> <li>• Accuracy of skin lines</li> <li>• Freedom from damage</li> <li>• Torque loading checks</li> <li>• Electrical bonding and continuity</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the fitting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce aircraft detail assemblies	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the detail assembly operations (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with producing aircraft detail assemblies, and with the tools and equipment used (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Describe the importance of working to the assembly instructions and appropriate specifications			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Explain how to identify the components to be used; component identification systems; codes used and component orientation indicators			
		2.9	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the components prior to fitting them into the assembly			
		2.10	Describe the assembly methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Explain how the components are to be aligned and positioned, and the tools and equipment that are used (including jigs and fixtures)			
		2.12	Describe the methods used to hold the components in their correct position prior to securing them with the appropriate fasteners			
		2.13	Describe the various mechanical fasteners that will be used, and their method of installation (including open and blind rivets, threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.14	Describe the importance of using the specified fasteners for the particular assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.15	Explain what to do if the components or fastening devices are not assembled correctly, are damaged, or have other faults			
		2.16	Explain why they must obtain design approval before removing and replacing faulty fasteners			
		2.17	Describe the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with the various adhesives and sealants			
		2.18	Describe the purpose and use of joint sealing agents and anti-electrolysis barriers, and the precautions to be taken when using them			
		2.19	Describe the quality control procedures to be followed during the assembly operations			
		2.20	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the assemblies produced			
		2.21	Explain how and why tools are calibrated, and how to check that the tools they are using are within calibration dates			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the importance of using all tools in the correct manner and within their permitted operating range			
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that the completed assembly is free from dirt, swarf and foreign objects			
		2.24	Describe the problems that can occur with the detail assembly operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the aircraft detail assembly activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, removing and returning drills, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 24: Preparing and Using Lathes for Turning Operations

Unit reference number: Y/504/6372

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours: 68**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use lathes for turning operations. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use lathes for turning operations	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the turning activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and are correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Cutting tools are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the machining activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate materials, tools and equipment			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and cutting tools			
		1.7 Mount, secure and machine components using three of the following workholding devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Three-jaw chucks with hard jaws</li> <li>• Three-jaw chucks with soft jaws</li> <li>• Four-jaw chucks</li> <li>• Collet chucks</li> <li>• Drive plate and centres</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Faceplates</li> <li>• Magnetic or pneumatic devices</li> <li>• Fixed steadies or travelling steadies</li> <li>• Special purpose workholding devices (such as wax chucks)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Mount and use eight of the following types of tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turning</li> <li>• Facing</li> <li>• Boring</li> <li>• Knurling</li> <li>• Parting off</li> <li>• Forming</li> <li>• Recessing/grooving</li> <li>• Chamfering</li> <li>• Centre drills</li> <li>• Twist/core drills</li> <li>• Reamers</li> <li>• Taps</li> <li>• Thread forming tools</li> <li>• Dies</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Set and adjust the machine tool speeds and feeds to achieve the component specification			
		1.10 Use the machine tool controls safely and correctly, in line with operational procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce machined components which combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Parallel diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Reamed holes</li> <li>• Chamfers</li> <li>• Grooves/undercuts</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bored holes</li> <li>• Profile forms</li> <li>• Internal threads</li> <li>• External threads</li> <li>• Eccentric diameters</li> <li>• Parting off</li> <li>• Knurls or special finishes</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.13 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External diameters</li> <li>• Parallelism</li> <li>• Bore/hole size/fit</li> <li>• Angle/taper</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> <li>• Linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths)</li> <li>• Grooves/undercuts (such as position, width, depth)</li> </ul> <p>Plus two more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal diameters</li> <li>• Concentricity</li> <li>• Eccentricity</li> <li>• Ovality</li> <li>• Thread fit</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.14 Use all of the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges (such as ring, plug, profile)</li> <li>• Plug gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance <math>\pm 0.25\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.010''</math></li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within <math>\pm 0.1\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.004''</math></li> <li>• Surface finish <math>63\text{ }\mu\text{in}</math> or <math>1.6\text{ }\mu\text{m}</math></li> <li>• Reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Screw threads BS medium fit</li> <li>• Angles within <math>\pm 0.5</math> degree</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use lathes for turning operations	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using lathes (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting workholding devices; fitting and adjusting machine guards, ensuring that the workpiece is secure and that tooling is free from the workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the turning operations (such as revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools and burrs and sharp edges on component), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the turning activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency treadle brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the machine controls in both hand and power modes, how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.6	Explain how to plan and prepare to carry out the machining operations (such as obtaining the component drawing, determining the machines required, selecting materials, selecting workholding methods and devices, selecting cutting tools, determining a suitable sequence of operations, determining quality checks to be made and equipment to be used)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7 Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken (to include first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing)			
		2.8 Describe the main features of the lathe and the accessories that can be used (such as saddle, capstan/turret head, compound slide, tailstock, taper turning attachments, profile attachments, fixed and travelling steadies)			
		2.9 Explain how to position and secure workholding devices to the machine spindle, and the checks to be made (such as ensuring that all seating/location faces are clean and undamaged, that (where appropriate) the workholding device location marks are lined up with those on the machine spindle, and checking that all bolts, cam locks or other securing devices are tightened securely)			
		2.10 Describe the effects of clamping the workpiece in a chuck/workholding device, and how this can cause damage or distortion in the finished components			
		2.11 Describe the various turning operations that can be performed, and the shapes and types of tooling that can be used (such as solid high-speed tooling, brazed tip tooling, interchangeable tipped tooling)			
		2.12 Explain how to mount and secure the cutting tools in the tool holding devices (such as front or rear tools posts; mounting drills in chucks or by the use of Morse taper sockets; the importance of ensuring that the tool is at the correct centre height and that tool overhang is kept to a minimum)			
		2.13 Explain how to check that cutting tools are in a safe and usable condition and how to handle and store tools safely/correctly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.14	Describe the effects of backlash in machine slides and screws, and how this can be overcome			
		2.15	Describe the techniques of taking trial cuts and checking dimensional accuracy; the application of roughing and finishing cuts, and the effect on tool life, surface finish and dimensional accuracy			
		2.16	Describe the factors that affect the selection of cutting feeds and speeds, and the depth of cut that can be taken (such as type of material, type of tool used, size of material, operations being performed, workholding method/security of workpiece, condition of machine, finish and tolerance required)			
		2.17	Describe the application of cutting fluids and compounds with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require cutting fluids to be used			
		2.18	Describe the checks to be carried out on the components before removing them from the machine, and the equipment that will need to be used (including micrometers, Verniers and surface texture comparison methods)			
		2.19	Explain how to check that the measuring equipment is within current calibration dates and that the instruments are correctly zeroed; measuring internal and external dimensions (such lengths, diameters, depths, slots, hole positions, angles, profiles); measuring geometric features (such flatness, squareness, parallelism, concentricity, ovality); how to check surface finish (such as by using comparison blocks or instruments)			
		2.20	Describe the problems that can occur with the turning activities (such as defects caused by incorrectly ground tools, inappropriate feeds/speeds, damage by workholding devices), and how these can be overcome			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the turning activities (such as correctly isolated, cutting tools removed, cleaning the machine and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 25: Preparing and Using Milling Machines

**Unit reference number:** K/504/6375

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use milling machines. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use milling machines	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the machining activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Cutting tools are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the machining activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate materials, tools and equipment			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and cutting tools			
		1.7 Mount, secure and machine components, using two of the following workholding devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed vice</li> <li>• Swivel or universal vice</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Direct clamping to machine table</li> <li>• Angle plates</li> <li>• Vee block and clamps</li> <li>• Magnetic or pneumatic devices</li> <li>• Chucks</li> <li>• Indexing device</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Mount and use four of the following types of milling cutters/tools tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Face mills</li> <li>• Slab/cylindrical cutters</li> <li>• End mills</li> <li>• Slot drills</li> <li>• Side and face cutters</li> <li>• Slot cutters</li> <li>• Slitting saws</li> <li>• Vee cutters</li> <li>• Taps</li> <li>• Twist/core drills</li> <li>• Reamers</li> <li>• Boring bars</li> <li>• Other form cutters</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Set and adjust the machine tool speeds and feeds to achieve the component specification			
		1.10 Use the machine tool controls safely and correctly, in line with operational procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce machined components that combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Square faces</li> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Steps/shoulders</li> <li>• Open ended slots</li> <li>• Enclosed slots</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Angular faces</li> <li>• Recesses</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Tee slots</li> <li>• Bored holes</li> <li>• Indexed or rotated forms</li> <li>• Profile forms (such as vee, concave, convex, gear forms, serrations, special forms)</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear dimensions</li> <li>• Depths</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> <li>• Slots (such as position, width, depth)</li> <li>• Angles (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Hole size/fit (where appropriate)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.14 Use the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance +/- 0.25mm or +/- 0.010"</li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within +/- 0.1mm or +/- 0.004"</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness within 0.125mm per 25mm or 0.005" per inch</li> <li>• Reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Surface finish 63 µin or 1.6µm</li> <li>• Angles within +/- 1 degree</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use milling machines	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using milling machines (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting cutters and workholding devices; fitting and adjusting machine guards, ensuring that the workpiece is secure and that cutters are free from the workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the milling operations (such as revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools and burrs and sharp edges on component), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the milling activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the machine controls in both hand and power modes, how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.6	Describe the planning and preparing to carry out the machining operations (such as obtaining the component drawing, determining the machines required, selecting materials, selecting workholding methods and devices, selecting cutting tools, determining a suitable sequence of operations, determining quality checks to be made and equipment to be used)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken (to include first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing)			
		2.8	Describe the main features of the milling machine, and the accessories that can be used (such as vertical heads, indexing devices)			
		2.9	Explain how to position and secure workholding devices to the machine table, and the checks to be made (such as ensuring all seating/location faces are clean and undamaged, ensuring that the device is suitably aligned using instruments or tenons, as appropriate, and checking that all bolts or other securing devices are tightened securely)			
		2.10	Describe the effects of clamping the workpiece in a vice or other workholding device, and how this can cause damage or distortion in the finished components			
		2.11	Describe the various milling operations that can be performed, and the types of cutters that are used (such as face mills, slab/cylindrical cutters, side and face cutters, end mills, slot drills, form cutters, twist drills)			
		2.12	Explain how to mount and secure the cutting tools in the tool holding devices and to the machine spindle (such as face mills on stub arbors or direct to the machine spindle; slab mills/cylindrical cutters and side and face cutters on long arbors; end mills and slot drills in collet chucks; mounting drills in chucks or by the use of Morse taper sockets)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.13	Explain how to position the workpiece in relation to the milling cutters to give conventional or climb milling conditions			
		2.14	Explain how to check that the milling cutters are in a safe and usable condition, and how to handle and store cutters safely			
		2.15	Describe the effects of backlash in machine slides and screws, and how this can be overcome			
		2.16	Describe the techniques of taking trial cuts and checking dimensional accuracy; the application of roughing and finishing cuts and the effect on tool life, surface finish and dimensional accuracy			
		2.17	Describe the factors that affect the selection of cutting feeds and speeds, and the depth of cut that can be taken (such as type of material, type of tool used, operations being performed, workholding method/security of workpiece, condition of machine, finish and tolerance required)			
		2.18	Describe the application of cutting fluids and compounds with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require cutting fluids to be used			
		2.19	Describe the checks to be carried out on the components before removing them from the machine, and the equipment that will need to be used (including micrometers, Verniers and surface texture comparison methods)			
		2.20	Explain how to check that the measuring equipment is within current calibration dates and that the instruments are correctly zeroed; measuring linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths, slots, positions, angles, profiles); measuring geometric features (such as flatness, squareness, parallelism); how to check surface finish (such as by using comparison blocks or instruments)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the problems that can occur with the milling activities (such as defects caused by worn cutters, inappropriate feeds/speeds, damage by workholding devices), and how these can be overcome			
		2.22	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the milling activities (such as correctly isolated, cutting tools removed, cleaning the machine and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 26: Preparing and Using Grinding Machines

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6377

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use grinding machines. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use grinding machines	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the grinding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and are correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Grinding wheels are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the grinding activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate materials, tools and equipment			
		1.5	Prepare grinding wheels to include carrying out two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dressing and 'trueing up' grinding wheels</li> <li>• Wheel forming (such as chamfers, radii, angular forms, profiles)</li> <li>• Relieving the wheel sides</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Grind components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Mount and set the required workholding devices, and set and secure the workpiece			
		1.8 Mount, secure and machine components using two of the following workholding devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Magnetic chuck or blocks</li> <li>• Fixed vice</li> <li>• Swivel or universal vice</li> <li>• Angle plates</li> <li>• Vee block and clamps</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Chucks</li> <li>• Centres</li> <li>• Mandrels</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Set and adjust the machine tool speeds and feeds to achieve the component specification (where appropriate)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Use the machine tool controls safely and correctly in line with operational procedures			
		1.11 Produce ground components that combine different operations and have features that cover five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Faces square to each other</li> <li>• Vertical faces</li> <li>• Angular faces</li> <li>• Steps and shoulders</li> <li>• Slots</li> <li>• Parallel diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Counterbores</li> <li>• Tapered bores</li> <li>• Parallel bores</li> <li>• Profile forms</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Measure and check all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Parallelism</li> <li>• Surface texture</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Profile</li> <li>• Angle/taper</li> <li>• Concentricity</li> <li>• Ovality/lobbing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.14 Use the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus two more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth verniers</li> <li>• Comparators (external or internal)</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false grinding cuts, wheel marks, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance <math>\pm 0.125\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.005"</math></li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within <math>\pm 0.025\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.001"</math></li> <li>• Flatness and squareness within <math>0.025\text{mm}</math> per <math>25\text{mm}</math> or <math>0.001"</math> per inch</li> <li>• Surface texture <math>8\text{ }\mu\text{in}</math> or <math>0.2\mu\text{m}</math></li> <li>• Angles/tapers within <math>\pm 30</math> minutes</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people when they have problems they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the grinding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use grinding machines	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using grinding machines (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting the workholding devices and workpiece; fitting and adjusting machine guards and dust extraction equipment, ensuring that the workpiece is secure and grinding wheels are free from damage and clear of the workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the grinding operations (such as revolving/moving parts of machinery, sparks/airborne particles, bursting grinding wheels, insecure components, burrs and sharp edges on component), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the grinding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine, and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the machine controls in both hand and power modes, how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.6	Explain how to plan and prepare to carry out the grinding operations (such as obtaining the component drawing, determining the machines required, selecting workholding methods and devices, selecting grinding wheels, determining a suitable sequence of operations, determining quality checks to be made and equipment to be used)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7 Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken (to include first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing)			
		2.8 Describe the main features of the grinding machine, and the accessories that can be used			
		2.9 Describe the range of workholding methods and devices that are used on grinding machines (such as magnetic chucks and blocks, vices, angle plates, fixtures, centres, mandrels, collets and chucks)			
		2.10 Explain how to position and secure workholding devices and the workpiece to the machine table, and the checks to be made (such as ensuring that all seating/location faces are clean and undamaged, the device is suitably aligned using instruments or tenons, as appropriate, checking that all bolts or other securing devices are tightened securely)			
		2.11 Describe the effects of clamping the workpiece in a vice or other workholding device, and how this can cause damage or distortion in the finished components			
		2.12 Describe the various grinding operations that can be performed, and the types of grinding wheels that are used (such as surface grinding using solid, segmented and cup wheels; cylindrical grinding wheels and internal grinding wheels)			
		2.13 Explain how to check that the grinding wheels are in a safe and serviceable condition (such as free from damage, cracks, correctly balanced)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.14	Describe the importance of 'trueing up' and dressing wheels to prevent glazing and burning of the workpiece, and methods of forming the wheels to the required profile (such as use of pantograph, diamond dressing units)			
		2.15	Describe the effects of backlash in machine slides and screws, and how this can be overcome			
		2.16	Describe the techniques of taking trial cuts and checking dimensional accuracy; the application of roughing and finishing cuts and the effect on wheel life, surface finish and dimensional accuracy			
		2.17	Describe the factors that affect the selection of grinding feeds and speeds, and the depth of cut that can be taken (such as type of material, type of grinding wheel, operations being performed, workholding method/security of workpiece, condition of machine, finish and tolerance required)			
		2.18	Describe the application of cutting fluids with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require cutting fluids to be used			
		2.19	Explain how to recognise grinding faults, and how to identify when grinding wheels need dressing			
		2.20	Describe the checks to be carried out on the components before removing them from the machine, and the equipment that will need to be used (including micrometers, Verniers and surface texture comparison methods)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21 Explain how to check that the measuring equipment is within current calibration dates and that the instruments are correctly zeroed; measuring linear dimensions (such as diameters, lengths, depths, slots, positions, angles, profiles); measuring geometric features (such as flatness, squareness, parallelism); how to check surface finish (such as by using comparison blocks or instruments)			
		2.22 Describe the problems that can occur with the grinding activities (such as defects caused by glazed wheels, inappropriate feeds/speeds, damage by workholding devices), and how these can be overcome			
		2.23 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.24 Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the grinding activities (such as correctly isolated, cutting tools removed, cleaning the machine and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 27: Preparing and Proving CNC Machine Tool Programs

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6379

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and prove CNC machine tool programs. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and prove CNC machine tool programs	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the programming activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• The correct component drawings are obtained and checked for currency and validity</li> <li>• The appropriate reference manuals and programming codes are used to suit the machine controller</li> <li>• The machine controller is prepared ready to accept the operating program</li> <li>• The prepared program is input/loaded into the controller safely and correctly</li> <li>• Programs are stored safely and correctly in the appropriate format</li> <li>• Program media is stored safely and correctly, away from contaminants and corruption</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Prepare and prove programs for one of the following types of CNC machine tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Two axis machine</li> <li>• Three axis machine</li> <li>• Multiple axis machines (5 or more)</li> <li>• Machining centres</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the programming activities before they start them			
		1.5 Determine an operational sequence that avoids wasted tool/cutter movements and tool changes			
		1.6 Develop component programs using appropriate programming codes and techniques			
		1.7 Produce CNC programs using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Entered directly into the machine controller</li> <li>• Using computer software</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Develop part programs which contain all of the following, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All necessary positional information</li> <li>• Appropriate codes</li> <li>• Machine management commands (preparatory/auxiliary functions)</li> <li>• Repetitions within programs (using features such as subroutines, canned cycles, labels)</li> <li>• Absolute or incremental co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool/cutter change positions</li> <li>• Tool information (such as lengths, offsets, radius compensation)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Develop programs to produce components which cover eight of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parallel diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Internal undercuts</li> <li>• External undercuts</li> <li>• Steps/shoulders</li> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Faces that are square to each other</li> <li>• Angular faces</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• External profiles</li> <li>• Tapped holes</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Holes on pitched circles</li> <li>• Holes linearly pitched</li> <li>• Parting-off</li> <li>• Enclosed slots/recesses</li> <li>• Open ended slots</li> <li>• Eccentric diameters</li> <li>• External screw threads</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal screw threads</li> <li>• Chamfers and radii</li> <li>• Bored holes</li> <li>• Special forms (such as concave, convex)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Develop part programs to machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Specify positional information and machine axes that are consistent with the requirements of each stage/operation			
		1.12 Load/input the program to the machine controller, and check/prove the program for errors using approved procedures			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Prove the part program using six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single block mode</li> <li>• Graphic displays/modelling</li> <li>• Data input facilities</li> <li>• Full dry run (in air)</li> <li>• Search facilities</li> <li>• Edit facilities</li> <li>• Program override controls (spindle speed, feed rate, tool data)</li> <li>• Program save/store facilities</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Confirm that the program operates safely and correctly, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datums for each machine axis are set in relation to all equipment and tooling used</li> <li>• All operations are carried out to the program co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool change positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered into the machine controller</li> <li>• Tool cutter paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program (cutter start/stop, coolant flow)</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Save and store the program in line with organisational procedures			
		1.16	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17	Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the programming activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and prove CNC machine tool programs	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when developing and proving CNC machine tool programs			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with using CNC machine tools (such as automatic machine operations, power operated chucks, revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools and burrs and sharp edges on component), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing the appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area clean and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as program operating and control buttons)			
		2.6	Explain how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, absolute and incremental systems, workpiece zero/reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.9	Describe the computer coding language used in CNC programs (with regard to machine axes, positional information, machine management and auxiliary functions)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how to prepare part programs (using operational sequences and machining techniques that avoid unnecessary tool/cutter movements or tool changes)			
		2.11	Describe the use of features that enable reductions in program size and input time (such as canned cycles, subroutines and labels)			
		2.12	Describe the function keys and operating system of the machine computer control system being operated			
		2.13	Explain how to set machine datums for each of the machine axes being used			
		2.14	Explain how to set the machine control system in the programming and editing mode, download (input) and upload (output) modes			
		2.15	Explain how to deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment			
		2.16	Explain how to access the program edit facility, in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)			
		2.17	Describe the use of tool posts, magazines, carousels and turrets, and how to identify the tools in relationship to the operating program			
		2.18	Explain how to conduct trial runs (using single block run, dry run and feed and spindle speed override controls)			
		2.19	Describe the factors that may affect the feeds and spindle speeds being used, and why they may need to be adjusted from the programmed values (such as condition of material, workholding method, tooling used, tolerance and finish to be achieved)			
		2.20	Describe the checks to be made before allowing the CNC machine to operate in full program run mode			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the need to store programs and storage devices safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.22	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the programming, loading and editing activities, and what to do if they occur			
		2.23	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.24	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 28: Preparing and Using CNC Turning Machines

Unit reference number: F/504/6382

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use CNC turning machines. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use CNC turning machines	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the turning activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Cutting tools are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• The work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the CNC machining activities before they start them			
		1.4	Load/input the program to the machine controller and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.5	Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and cutting tools			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Position and secure workpieces, using two of the following workholding methods and devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chucks with hard jaws</li> <li>• Chucks with soft jaws</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Drive centres</li> <li>• Collet chucks</li> <li>• Faceplates</li> <li>• Magnetic/pneumatic devices</li> <li>• Other workholding devices</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic or composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Select and mount the appropriate tool holding device and six of the following types of cutting tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Roughing tool</li> <li>• Finishing tool</li> <li>• Parting-off tool</li> <li>• Screw-thread tool</li> <li>• Profiling tools</li> <li>• Form tools</li> <li>• Centre drills</li> <li>• Twist/core drills</li> <li>• Boring tools</li> <li>• Reamers</li> <li>• Maxi-tipped drills</li> <li>• Carbide insert drills</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Check that all safety mechanisms are in place, and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Prepare the tooling for operation by carrying out all the following activities, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positioning tools in the correct location in the tool posts, turrets, magazine or carousel</li> <li>• Checking the tool numbers in relation to the CNC program</li> <li>• Entering relevant tool data (such as tool lengths, tool offsets, radius compensation) into the CNC program or control system, as appropriate</li> <li>• Pre-setting tooling using setting jigs/fixtures</li> <li>• Setting tool datum</li> <li>• Saving changes to the program</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Run the operating program, and check and adjust the machine tool speeds, feeds and operating parameters to achieve the component specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	<p>Confirm that the machine and program operate safely and correctly, by checking all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datums for each machine axis are set in relation to all equipment and tooling used</li> <li>• The machining carried out meets the drawing specification</li> <li>• Tool change positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered</li> <li>• Tool cutter paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary/miscellaneous functions operate at the correct point in the program (cutter start/stop, coolant flow)</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce machined components that combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parallel diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Chamfers and radii</li> </ul> Plus four more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Undercuts</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• External profiles</li> <li>• Reamed holes</li> <li>• Tapped holes</li> <li>• Parting-off</li> <li>• Eccentric diameters</li> <li>• External screw threads</li> <li>• Internal screw threads</li> <li>• Bored holes</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.15 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External diameters</li> <li>• Linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths)</li> <li>• Parallelism/cylindricity</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal diameters</li> <li>• Bore/hole size/fit</li> <li>• Angle/taper</li> <li>• Thread fit</li> <li>• Concentricity/coaxiality</li> <li>• Grooves/undercuts (such as position, width, depth)</li> <li>• Eccentricity</li> <li>• Ovality</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.16 Use all of the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges (such as ring, plug, profile)</li> <li>• Plug gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance +/- 0.25mm or +/- 0.010"</li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within +/- 0.1mm or +/- 0.004"</li> <li>• Surface finish 63 µin or 1.6µm</li> <li>• Reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Screw threads BS medium fit</li> <li>• Angles/tapers within +/- 0.5 degree</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use CNC turning machines	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using CNC lathes (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting workholding devices and tooling; fitting and adjusting machine guards; ensuring that the workpiece is secure and tooling is free from the workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the using CNC lathes, (such as automatic machine operations, power operated chucks, revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools, and burrs and sharp edges on components), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the CNC turning activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as program operating and control buttons)			
		2.6	Explain how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, absolute and incremental systems, workpiece zero/reference points and system of tolerancing		
		2.9	Describe the computer coding language used in CNC programs, with regard to machine axes, positional information, machine management and auxiliary/miscellaneous functions		
		2.10	Explain how to set the machine controller in the program and editing mode, and how to enter or download the prepared program		
		2.11	Explain how to deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment		
		2.12	Describe the range of workholding methods and devices that are used on CNC lathes		
		2.13	Explain why it is important to set the workholding device in relationship to the machine datums and reference points		
		2.14	Describe the methods of setting the workholding devices, and the tools and equipment that can be used		
		2.15	Describe the range of cutting tools that are used on CNC lathes, and typical applications		
		2.16	Explain how to check that the cutting tools are in a safe and serviceable condition		
		2.17	Describe the use of tungsten carbide, ceramic and diamond indexable tips, and the factors that determine their selection and use (such as the condition of material supplied, hardness of the material, the cutting characteristics of the material, tolerances to be achieved, component surface finish and specifications)		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18	Describe the various tool holding devices that are used, and the methods of correctly mounting and securing the cutting tools to the tool holders			
		2.19	Describe the advantages of using pre-set tooling, and how to set the tooling by using setting jigs/fixtures			
		2.20	Describe the use of tool posts, magazines and carousels, and how to position and identify the tools in relationship to the operating program			
		2.21	Explain how to place the machine into the correct operating mode, and how to access the program edit facility in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)			
		2.22	Explain how to conduct trial runs using single block run, dry run, and feed and speed override controls			
		2.23	Describe the items that they need to check before allowing the machine to operate in full program run mode			
		2.24	Describe the factors that affect the feeds and speeds that can be used, and why these may need to be adjusted from the program setting (such as type and condition of material, workholding method, tooling used, tolerance and finish to be achieved)			
		2.25	Describe the application of cutting fluids with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require the use of cutting fluids			
		2.26	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the importance of storing programs and storage devices safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.27	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the CNC turning activities, and what to do if they occur			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, ensuring that any spilt cutting fluids are correctly dealt with and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

## Unit 29: Preparing and Using CNC Milling Machines

Unit reference number: L/504/6384

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use CNC milling machines. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use CNC turning machines	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the turning activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Cutting tools are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• The work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the CNC machining activities before they start them			
		1.4	Load/input the program to the machine controller and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.5	Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and cutting tools			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Position and secure workpieces, using two of the following workholding methods and devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Machine vices</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Chucks</li> <li>• Angle plate</li> <li>• Direct clamping to machine table</li> <li>• Pneumatic or magnetic table</li> <li>• Ancillary indexing devices</li> <li>• Other workholding devices</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Select and mount four of the following types of milling cutters to the appropriate tool holding device: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Face mills</li> <li>• End mills</li> <li>• Twist/core drills</li> <li>• Boring tools</li> <li>• Reamers</li> <li>• Slot drills</li> <li>• Special profile cutters</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Check that all safety mechanisms are in place, and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations			
		1.10 Prepare the tooling for operation, by carrying out all of the following activities, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Securing tools to the machine spindle or positioning tools in the correct position in the tool magazine/carousel</li> <li>• Checking that tools have specific tool number in relation to the operating program</li> <li>• Entering all relevant tool data to the operating program (such as tool lengths, tool offsets, radius compensation)</li> <li>• Pre-setting tooling using setting jigs/fixtures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Setting tool datum</li> <li>• Saving changes to the program</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Run the operating program, and check and adjust the machine tool speeds, feeds and operating parameters to achieve the component specification		
		1.12	Confirm that the machine and program operates safely and correctly, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datums for each machine axis are set in relation to all equipment and tooling used</li> <li>• All operations are carried out to the program co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool change positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered into the machine controller</li> <li>• Tool cutter paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program (such as cutter start/stop, coolant flow)</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>		



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce machined components that combine different operations and have features that cover all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Steps/shoulders</li> <li>• Open ended slots</li> <li>• Enclosed slots/recesses</li> <li>• Drilled holes linearly pitched</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Square faces</li> <li>• Angular faces</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• External profiles</li> <li>• Drilled holes on pitched circles</li> <li>• Bored holes</li> <li>• Reamed holes</li> <li>• Tapped holes</li> <li>• Circular/curved profiles</li> <li>• Special forms (such as concave, convex)</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths)</li> <li>• Slots (such as position, width, depth)</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> </ul> Plus four more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Parallelism</li> <li>• Hole size/fit</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Recesses</li> <li>• Thread fit</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.16 Use all of the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges</li> <li>• Plug gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Vernier protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance <math>\pm 0.25\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.010''</math></li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within <math>\pm 0.1\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.004''</math></li> <li>• Surface finish <math>63\text{ }\mu\text{in}</math> or <math>1.6\text{ }\mu\text{m}</math></li> <li>• Reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Screw threads BS medium fit</li> <li>• Angles/tapers within <math>\pm 0.5</math> degree</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness <math>0.001''</math> per inch or <math>0.025\text{mm}</math> per <math>25\text{mm}</math></li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use CNC milling machines	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using CNC milling machines (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting workholding devices and tooling; fitting and adjusting machine guards; ensuring that the workpiece is secure and that tooling is free from workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the using CNC milling machines (such as automatic machine operations, revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools, lifting and handling workholding devices, and burrs and sharp edges on component), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the CNC milling activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as program operating and control buttons)			
		2.6	Explain how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8 Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, absolute and incremental systems, workpiece zero/reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.9 Describe the computer coding language used in CNC programs (with regard to machine axes, positional information, machine management and auxiliary functions)			
		2.10 Explain how to set the machine controller in the program and editing mode, and how to enter or download the prepared program			
		2.11 Explain how to deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment			
		2.12 Describe the range of workholding methods and devices that are used on CNC milling machines			
		2.13 Explain why it is important to set the workholding device in relationship to the machine axis and reference points			
		2.14 Describe the methods of setting the workholding devices, and the tools and equipment that can be used			
		2.15 Describe the range of milling cutters/cutting tools that are used on CNC milling machines, and their typical applications			
		2.16 Explain how to check that the cutting tools are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.17 Describe the use of tungsten carbide, ceramic and diamond indexable tips, and the factors which will determine their selection and use (such as the condition of material supplied, hardness of the material, the cutting characteristics of the material, tolerances to be achieved, component surface finish and specifications)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18	Describe the various tool holding devices that are used, and the methods of correctly mounting and securing the cutting tools to the tool holders and machine spindle			
		2.19	Describe the advantages of using pre-set tooling, and how to set the tooling by using setting jigs/fixtures			
		2.20	Describe the use of tool magazines and carousels, and how to position and identify the tools in relationship to the operating program			
		2.21	Explain how to place the machine into the correct operating mode, and how to access the program edit facility in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)			
		2.22	Explain how to conduct trial runs (using single block run, dry run, and feed and speed override controls)			
		2.23	Describe the items that they need to check before allowing the machine to operate in full program run mode			
		2.24	Describe the factors that affect the feeds and speeds that can be used, and why these may need to be adjusted from the program setting (such as type and condition of material, workholding method, tooling used, tolerance and finish to be achieved)			
		2.25	Describe the application of cutting fluids with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require the use of cutting fluids			
		2.26	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the importance of storing programs and storage devices safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.27	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the CNC milling activities, and what to do if they occur			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, and ensuring that any spilt cutting fluids are correctly dealt with and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 30: Preparing and Using CNC Machining Centres

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6387

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use CNC machine centres. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use CNC machining centres	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the machining activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Machine guards are in place and correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Cutting tools are maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• The work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the CNC machining activities before they start them			
		1.4	Load/input the program to the machine controller, and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.5	Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and cutting tools			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Position and secure workpieces, using two of the following workholding methods and devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Clamping direct to machine table</li> <li>• Machine vice</li> <li>• Chucks with hard jaws</li> <li>• Chucks with soft jaws</li> <li>• Collet chucks</li> <li>• Jigs and fixtures</li> <li>• Faceplates</li> <li>• Angle plate</li> <li>• Indexing/rotating device</li> <li>• Magnetic or pneumatic devices</li> <li>• Other workholding devices</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Machine components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Select and mount the appropriate tool holding device and six of the following types of cutting tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Turning tools</li> <li>• Boring tools</li> <li>• Facing tools</li> <li>• Profiling tools</li> <li>• Parting-off tool</li> <li>• Thread cutting tools</li> <li>• Centre drills</li> <li>• Twist/core drills</li> <li>• Reamers</li> <li>• Recessing/undercutting tools</li> <li>• Face mills</li> <li>• Slotting cutters</li> <li>• Slitting saws</li> <li>• End mills</li> <li>• Slot drills</li> <li>• Grinding wheels</li> <li>• Taps</li> <li>• Dies</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Check that all safety mechanisms are in place and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Prepare the tooling for operation, by carrying out all of the following activities, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positioning tools in the correct position in the tool posts, turrets, magazine or carousel</li> <li>• Checking that tools have a specific tool number in relation to the operating program</li> <li>• Entering relevant tool data to the operating program (such as tool lengths, tool offsets, radius compensation)</li> <li>• Pre-setting tooling by using setting jigs/fixtures</li> <li>• Setting tool datum</li> <li>• Saving changes to the program</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Run the operating program, and check and adjust the machine tool speeds, feeds and operating parameters to achieve the component specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Confirm that the machine and program operates safely and correctly, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datums for each machine axis are set in relation to all equipment and tooling used</li> <li>• All operations are carried out to the program co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool change positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered into the machine controller</li> <li>• Tool cutter paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program (cutter start/stop, coolant flow)</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce machined components that combine different operations, and have features that cover ten of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parallel diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Eccentric diameters</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Reamed holes</li> <li>• Bored holes</li> <li>• Tapped holes</li> <li>• External screw threads</li> <li>• Internal screw threads</li> <li>• Parting-off</li> <li>• Chamfers and radii</li> <li>• Tapered holes</li> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Square faces</li> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Angular faces</li> <li>• Shoulders and steps</li> <li>• Drilled holes linearly pitched</li> <li>• Drilled holes on pitched circles</li> <li>• Indexed or rotated forms</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• External profiles</li> <li>• Open ended slots</li> <li>• Enclosed slots/recesses</li> <li>• Grooves/undercuts</li> <li>• Special forms (such as concave, convex)</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include eight of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External diameters</li> <li>• Internal diameters</li> <li>• Linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths)</li> <li>• Bore/hole size/fit</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> <li>• Angle/taper</li> <li>• Thread fit</li> <li>• Grooves/undercuts (such as position, width, depth)</li> <li>• Slots (such as position, width, depth)</li> <li>• Concentricity</li> <li>• Eccentricity</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Parallelism</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Ovality</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.16 Use all of the following measuring equipment during the machining and checking activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial callipers</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> <p>Plus four more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Internal micrometers</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges (such as ring, plug, profile)</li> <li>• Plug gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components to all of the following quality and accuracy standards, as applicable to the operation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• General dimensional tolerance <math>\pm 0.25\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.010"</math></li> <li>• There must be one or more specific dimensional tolerances within <math>\pm 0.1\text{mm}</math> or <math>\pm 0.004"</math></li> <li>• Surface finish <math>63\text{ }\mu\text{in}</math> or <math>1.6\text{ }\mu\text{m}</math></li> <li>• reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Screw threads BS medium fit</li> <li>• Angles/tapers within <math>\pm 0.5</math> degree</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness <math>0.001"</math> per inch or <math>0.025\text{mm}</math> per <math>25\text{mm}</math></li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use CNC machining centres	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using CNC machining centres (such as ensuring the correct isolation of the machine before mounting workholding devices and tooling; fitting and adjusting machine guards; ensuring that the workpiece is secure and that tooling is free from the workpiece before starting the machine)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the using CNC machining centres (such as automatic machine operations, power operated workholding devices, revolving/moving parts of machinery, airborne and hot metal particles, sharp cutting tools, and burrs and sharp edges on components), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be worn for the CNC machining activities (such as correctly fitting overalls and safety glasses; ensuring that, if they have long hair, it is tied back or netted; and removing any jewellery or other items that can become entangled in the machinery)			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as program operating and control buttons)			
		2.6	Explain how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards in relation to work undertaken)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, absolute and incremental systems, workpiece zero/reference points and system of tolerancing		
		2.9	Describe the computer coding language used in CNC programs (with regard to machine axes, positional information, machine management and auxiliary functions)		
		2.10	Explain how to set the machine controller in the program and editing mode, and how to enter or download the prepared program		
		2.11	Explain how to deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment		
		2.12	Describe the range of workholding methods and devices that are used on CNC machining centres		
		2.13	Explain why it is important to set the workholding device in relationship to the machine datum/axis and reference points		
		2.14	Describe the methods of setting the workholding devices, and the tools and equipment that can be used		
		2.15	Describe the range of cutting tools that are used on CNC machining centres, and their typical applications		
		2.16	Explain how to check that the cutting tools are in a safe and serviceable condition		
		2.17	Describe the use of tungsten carbide, ceramic and diamond indexable tips, and the factors that determine their selection and use (the condition of material supplied, hardness of the material, the cutting characteristics of the material, tolerances to be achieved, component surface finish and specifications)		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.18	Describe the various tool holding devices that are used, and the methods of correctly mounting and securing the cutting tools to the tool holders			
	2.19	Describe the advantages of using pre-set tooling, and how to set the tooling by using setting jigs/fixtures			
	2.20	Describe the use of tool posts, magazines and carousels, and how to position and identify the tools in relationship to the operating program			
	2.21	Explain how to place the machine into the correct operating mode, and how to access the program edit facility in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)			
	2.22	Explain how to conduct trial runs (using single block run, dry run and feed and speed override controls)			
	2.23	Describe the items that they need to check before allowing the machine to operate in full program run mode			
	2.24	Describe the factors that affect the feeds and speeds that can be used, and why these may need to be adjusted from the program setting (such as type and condition of material, workholding method, tooling used, tolerance and finish to be achieved)			
	2.25	Describe the application of cutting fluids with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require the use of cutting fluids			
	2.26	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the importance of storing programs and storage devices safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
	2.27	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the CNC machining activities, and what to do if they occur			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, and ensuring that any spilt cutting fluids are correctly dealt with and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 31: Preparing and Using Industrial Robots

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6390

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use industrial robots. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use industrial robots	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices during the robot programming activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check that all the teach pendant/computer equipment is correctly connected, and is in a safe and usable working condition (such as cable undamaged, safely routed and PAT tested)</li> <li>• Power up the equipment and activate the programming software</li> <li>• Set up the computer system to produce the program</li> <li>• Ensure that the correct process input/output and control data to produce the program is obtained and checked for currency and validity</li> <li>• Store completed program media safely and correctly, away from contaminants or possible corruption</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Produce robot programs for one of the following engineering applications: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welding</li> <li>• Surface coating</li> <li>• Gluing/sealing</li> <li>• Machine loading/unloading</li> <li>• Assembly</li> <li>• Logistics movement/control</li> <li>• Packaging</li> <li>• Stud welding</li> <li>• Other specific activity</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Prepare and use one of the following types of industrial robot: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cartesian (gantry)</li> <li>• SCARA</li> <li>• Articulated</li> <li>• Parallel</li> <li>• Other specific type</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Prepare, load and prove programs using one of the following types of robot programming methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positional commands (x, y, z)</li> <li>• Teach pendant</li> <li>• Lead by the nose</li> <li>• Off-line programming</li> <li>• Other specific method</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Plan the programming activities before they start them			
		1.7 Determine an operational sequence that avoids wasted robot arm movements and tool/accessory changes			
		1.8 Produce industrial robot control programs, in the appropriate formats, containing all the relevant and necessary data for the engineering activity to be carried out			
		1.9 Select and set up one of the following types of robot end effectors for the engineering application of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welding guns</li> <li>• Spot welders</li> <li>• Spray guns</li> <li>• Grippers</li> <li>• Drills</li> <li>• Vacuum devices</li> <li>• Other specific tooling</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Develop programs that contain all of the following, as applicable to the robot type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Safe start and stop positions</li> <li>• All necessary positional information</li> <li>• Type of motion (such as joint interpolated, linear, circular)</li> <li>• Preparatory commands and process management/auxiliary functions</li> <li>• Repetitive programs (sub-routines, canned cycles, labels)</li> <li>• Speed/acceleration parameters</li> <li>• Sensor information</li> <li>• Part programs downloaded from a computer (such as patch programs)</li> <li>• Use of workframes (such as tool, global, joint, user)</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Load/input the program to the robot controller, and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.12 Make sure that codes and other references used in the programs are applicable to the type of controller used			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Prove the robot program using four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single block run</li> <li>• Search facilities</li> <li>• Program override controls</li> <li>• All modes (such as auto, T1, T2 and remote)</li> <li>• Full dry run</li> <li>• Edit facilities</li> <li>• Data input facilities</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Save and store the program, in line with organisational procedures			
		1.15 Mount and set the required workholding devices and robot tooling			
		1.16 Run the operating program, and check and adjust the operating parameters to achieve the output specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Carry out operations for one of the applications identified in assessment criteria 1.3, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checking that all safety mechanisms are in place and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations</li> <li>• Positioning work in relation to the robot parameters (such as securing in the workholding device)</li> <li>• Running the operating program in accordance with operating procedures</li> <li>• Checking that all operations are carried out safely and correctly</li> <li>• Editing programs using the correct procedure (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Examining the completed work visually and/or using suitable test/measuring instruments, gauges or checking fixtures, as appropriate to the operations performed</li> <li>• Determining if the completed setup completes the operations to the required specification, including repeatability and accuracy</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the output are to the specification			
		1.19 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the robotic activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use industrial robots	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when developing and proving industrial robot operating programs			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with using industrial robots (such as automatic/sudden movements of arm, power operated accessories), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing the appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area clean and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the robot and operating envelope (such as emergency stop buttons, movement/hazard sensors), and the procedure for checking that they function correctly			
		2.5	Explain how to stop the robot in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.6	Describe the correct operation of all available modes (such as automatic operation, teach pendant, program operating and control buttons)			
		2.7	Explain how to drive the robot in each type of coordinate frame (such as tool, global, joint, user)			
		2.8	Explain how to drive the robot at different speeds, including jog mode			
		2.9	Describe the main robot types that are available, and the importance of understanding that a different robot may use a completely different syntax for similar functions			
		2.10	Describe the information and data required in order to produce complete and accurate robot programs			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Explain how to extract and interpret general and technical data and information from different sources (such as drawings, computer models, symbols and conventions, BS or ISO standards) in order to produce the robot program			
		2.12	Describe the factors to be taken into account when producing robot programs (including the type of robot and its control capabilities, safety, the product/environment being controlled)			
		2.13	Explain how to produce effective and efficient programs to avoid unnecessary operations (including the use of macro programs and canned cycles, to reduce program size)			
		2.14	Describe the methods and procedures used to check that the completed program will perform safely, accurately and efficiently (such as conducting trial runs, using single block run, dry run and speed override controls)			
		2.15	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the importance of storing program safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.16	Explain how to back up completed or edited programs, and the implications if this is not carried out effectively			
		2.17	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.18	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.19	Describe the problems that can occur with the downloading and running of the robot program, and how these can be overcome			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the various workholding devices that are used for robot applications, and the methods of positioning and setting them in relation to the robot's operating parameters (such as jigs and fixtures)			
		2.21	Describe the various tools and end effector equipment that are used for the particular robot operations (such as mechanical grippers, welding torches, stud guns, spray guns, drilling attachments)			
		2.22	Explain why they need to ensure that tools are positioned correctly in relationship to the robot's reference points and tool centre points			
		2.23	Describe the importance of checking that the tool change positions (where appropriate) are clear of the workpiece and can be safely and quickly achieved			
		2.24	Describe the need to ensure that all guards are in place and that the interlock systems are in correct working order			
		2.25	Explain how to run the robot operating program and check that all operations are carried out safely and correctly			
		2.26	Explain how to check that the finished operations meet the work specification			
		2.27	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the programming, loading and editing activities, and what to do if they occur			
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 32: Maintaining Mechanical Devices and Equipment**

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6394

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to maintain mechanical devices and equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Maintain mechanical devices and equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the maintenance activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as mechanical, electrical, gas, air or fluids), where appropriate</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date, and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out maintenance activities on two of the following types of mechanical equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gearboxes</li> <li>• Compressors</li> <li>• Process control valves</li> <li>• Machine tools</li> <li>• Processing plant</li> <li>• Mechanical structures</li> <li>• Engines</li> <li>• Transfer equipment</li> <li>• Pumps</li> <li>• Workholding devices</li> <li>• Lifting and handling equipment</li> <li>• Company-specific equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			
		1.5 Obtain all the information they need for the safe removal and replacement of the equipment components			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.7 Apply appropriate maintenance diagnostic techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use four of the following maintenance diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as half-split, input/output, unit substitution)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flowcharts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> <li>• Information gathered from fault reports</li> <li>• Visual checks (such as signs of leakage, damage, missing parts, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• Alignment checks</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as excessive movement or clearance, loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Force/pressure checks (such as spring pressure, belt or chain tension)</li> <li>• Overheating checks (such as bearings, friction surfaces)</li> <li>• Sensory input (such as sight, sound, smell, touch)</li> <li>• Information from monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Operating (such as manual operation, timing and sequencing)</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as pressure, flow, timing, sequence, movement)</li> <li>• Measuring instruments (such as dial test indicators, torque measuring devices, feeler gauges)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Use appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Carry out all of the following maintenance activities, as applicable to the equipment being maintained: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dismantling equipment to unit/sub-assembly level</li> <li>• Dismantling units to component level</li> <li>• Proof marking/labelling of components</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lived' items (such as seals, bearings, gaskets)</li> <li>• Replacing damaged/defective components</li> <li>• Replenishing oils and greases</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Making 'off-load' checks before starting up</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Remove and refit a range of mechanical components, to include eight of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shafts</li> <li>• Couplings</li> <li>• Gears</li> <li>• Clutches</li> <li>• Valves and seats</li> <li>• Pistons</li> <li>• Brakes</li> <li>• Splines</li> <li>• Bearing and seals</li> <li>• Fitting keys</li> <li>• Springs</li> <li>• Diaphragms</li> <li>• Cams and followers</li> <li>• Chains and sprockets</li> <li>• Pulleys and belts</li> <li>• Levers and links</li> <li>• Slides</li> <li>• Rollers</li> <li>• Housings</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Actuating mechanisms</li> <li>• Structural components</li> <li>• Locking and retaining devices (such as circlips, pins)</li> <li>• Other specific components</li> </ul>			
		1.12	Carry out tests on the maintained equipment, in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			
		1.13	Carry out checks on the maintained equipment, to include three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Correct operation of moving parts</li> <li>• Correct working clearance of parts</li> <li>• Backlash in gears</li> <li>• Belt/chain tension</li> <li>• Bearing loading</li> <li>• Torque loading of fasteners</li> <li>• Operational performance</li> <li>• Functionality test the system</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Maintain mechanical equipment in compliance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines and codes of practice</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturers' operation range</li> <li>• BS and/or ISO standards</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to maintain mechanical devices and equipment	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the mechanical maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out mechanical maintenance activities (such as handling oils, greases, stored energy/force, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down maintenance procedures), and how to minimise them			
		2.4	Describe the system isolation procedures or permit-to-work procedure that applies			
		2.5	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, specifications, manufacturers' manuals and other documents needed in the maintenance process			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the maintenance activities			
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of how the equipment functions, its operating sequence, the working purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.8	Describe the various maintenance diagnostic techniques and aids that can be used (such as fault reports, visual checks, measuring, movement and alignment checks, testing)			
		2.9	Describe the various fault location techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how to evaluate sensory information (sight, sound, smell, touch)			
		2.11	Describe the sequence to be adopted for the dismantling/re-assembly of various types of assemblies			
		2.12	Describe the methods and techniques used to dismantle/assemble mechanical equipment (such as release of pressures/force, proof marking, extraction, pressing, alignment)			
		2.13	Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose, and how to identify defects and wear characteristics			
		2.14	Describe the identification, application, fitting and removal of different types of bearings (such as roller, ring, thrust)			
		2.15	Describe the methods and techniques of fitting keys and splines			
		2.16	Describe the identification, application, fitting and removal of different types of gears			
		2.17	Explain how to correctly tension belts and chains			
		2.18	Describe the identification and application of different types of locking device			
		2.19	Describe the methods of checking that removed components are fit for purpose, and the need to replace 'lifer' items (such as seals and gaskets)			
		2.20	Describe the uses of measuring equipment (such as micrometers, verniers, run-out devices and other measuring devices)			
		2.21	Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defect, are in a safe and usable condition, are within calibration, and are configured correctly for the intended purpose			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly (such as setting working clearance, setting travel, setting backlash in gears, preloading bearings)			
		2.23	Describe the importance of making 'off-load' checks before running the equipment under power			
		2.24	Describe the importance of completing maintenance documentation and/or reports following the maintenance activity			
		2.25	Explain how to use lifting and handling equipment in the maintenance activity			
		2.26	Describe the problems associated with the mechanical maintenance activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to the designated locations, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 33: Assembling and Testing Fluid Power Systems

Unit reference number: J/504/6397

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble and test fluid power systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble and test fluid power systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the maintenance activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as mechanical, electrical, gas, air or fluids), where appropriate</li> <li>Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date, and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Assemble one of the following types of fluid power system: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pneumatic</li> <li>Hydraulic</li> <li>Vacuum</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Plan the assembly activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Obtain all the information they need for the safe assembly of the fluid power system			
		1.6	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, assembly tools and test equipment			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.7 Produce fluid power assemblies that contain a range of components, including all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rigid pipework</li> <li>• Hoses</li> <li>• Valves</li> <li>• Cylinders/actuators</li> </ul> <p>Plus six more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pumps</li> <li>• Compressors</li> <li>• Accumulators</li> <li>• Reservoirs/storage devices</li> <li>• Motors</li> <li>• Lubricators</li> <li>• Pressure intensifiers</li> <li>• Regulators</li> <li>• Gauges/indicators</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Receivers</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Bearings</li> <li>• Cables and wires</li> <li>• Gaskets and seals</li> <li>• Other specific components</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			
		1.9 Apply fluid power assembly methods and techniques to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Positioning equipment/components</li> <li>• Aligning pipework and connections</li> <li>• Dressing and securing pipes and hoses</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting system components</li> <li>• Securing by using mechanical fixings</li> <li>• Applying screw fastener locking devices</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Applying hose/cable clips and fasteners</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before filling and/or pressurising the system</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Secure the components, using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.11 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished system meets the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Carry out quality checks, to include all of the following, using appropriate equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The system is complete, as per specification</li> <li>• Dimensions are within specification requirements</li> <li>• Components are correctly positioned</li> <li>• Components are correctly aligned</li> <li>• Direction and flow indicators on components are correct</li> <li>• Components are securely held in place</li> <li>• Connections to components are tightened to the required torque</li> <li>• Pipework is free from ripple and creases</li> <li>• Electrical connections are correctly made (where applicable)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Carry out tests on the assembled system, in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			
		1.14 Carry out all of the following checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the tests carried out: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The test equipment is correctly calibrated</li> <li>• The test equipment used is appropriate for the tests being carried out</li> <li>• Test procedures used are as recommended in the appropriate specifications</li> <li>• Test readings are taken at the appropriate points, and where appropriate components are adjusted to give the required readings</li> <li>• Test equipment is operated within its specification range</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out tests and adjustments on the assembled system, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leak test</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure line pressure tests</li> <li>• Return line pressure test</li> <li>• Flow</li> <li>• Speed</li> <li>• Sequence</li> <li>• Operational performance</li> <li>• Contamination</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Produce fluid power assemblies which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned, in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Moving parts are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances</li> <li>• The system functions in line with the specification requirements</li> <li>• The system is leak free</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.18 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble and test fluid power systems	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the fluid power assembly activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out assembly activities on fluid power equipment (such as handling fluids, stored energy/force, misuse of tools), and how these can be minimised			
		2.4	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, charts, circuit and physical layouts, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, symbols used in fluid power, and other documents needed in the assembly activities			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards in relation to work undertaken)			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, components, materials and other consumables necessary for the assembly activities			
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of how the fluid power equipment functions, its operating sequence, the purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.8	Describe the different types of pipework, fittings and manifolds, and their application			
		2.9	Describe the identification and application of different types of valve (such as poppet, spool, piston, disc)			
		2.10	Describe the identification and application of different types of sensors and actuators (such as rotary, linear, mechanical, electrical)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11 Describe the identification and application of different types of cylinder (such as single acting, double acting)			
		2.12 Describe the identification and application of different types of pump (such as positive and non-positive displacement)			
		2.13 Describe the identification and application of different types compressors (such as screw, piston, rotary vane)			
		2.14 Describe the application and fitting of static and dynamic seals			
		2.15 Describe the techniques used to assemble/install fluid power equipment (such as marking out the positions of components; making pipe bends using fittings and by hand bending methods; connecting components using rigid and flexible pipework; using gaskets/seals and jointing/sealing compounds)			
		2.16 Describe the need to ensure that pipework is supported at appropriate intervals, and the need to eliminate stress on the pipework connections			
		2.17 Describe the need to ensure cleanliness of the fluid power system, and the ways of purging pipework before connection to components and pressure sources			
		2.18 Describe the recognition of contaminants and the problems they can create, and the effects and likely symptoms of contamination in the system			
		2.19 Describe the methods of testing the fluid power system; the types of test equipment to be used, and their selection for particular tests			
		2.20 Explain how to make safety checks of the system before carrying out tests, to ensure that all pipes and components are secure and that moving parts are chocked or parked			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain how to connect suitably calibrated test equipment into the circuit, and how to connect the circuit to a suitable pressure source containing appropriate ancillary equipment			
		2.22	Explain how to carry out the tests (such as applying test pressures in incremental stages; checking for leaks; taking appropriate test readings; adjusting appropriate components to give required operating conditions)			
		2.23	Explain how to determine pressure settings, and their effect on the system			
		2.24	Explain how to display/record test results, and the documentation used			
		2.25	Explain how to interpret the test readings obtained, and the significance of the readings gained			
		2.26	Describe the importance of ensuring that test equipment is used only for its intended purpose and within its specified range and limits			
		2.27	Explain how to check that tools and test equipment are free from damage or defect, are in a safe and usable condition, are within calibration, and are configured correctly for the intended purpose			
		2.28	Describe the problems associated with the fluid power assembly and testing activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.29	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.30	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 34: Maintaining Fluid Power Equipment

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6401

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to maintain fluid power equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Maintain fluid power equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the maintenance activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as mechanical, electrical, gas, air or fluids)</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Check that tools and test instruments to be used are within calibration and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Carry out maintenance activities on one of the following types of fluid power equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pneumatic</li> <li>• Hydraulic</li> <li>• Vacuum</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Obtain all the information they need for the safe isolation, removal and replacement of the system components			
		1.6	Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and test equipment			
		1.7	Apply appropriate maintenance diagnostic techniques and procedures			
		1.8	Use four of the following maintenance diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as six point, half-split, input/output, unit substitution, emergent sequence)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> <li>• Information gathered from fault reports</li> <li>• Inspecting (such as checking for damage, wear/deterioration, leaks, loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Sensory input (such as sight, sound, smell, touch)</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Operating the equipment (such as manual operation, timing and sequencing)</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as pressure, flow, timing, sequence, movement)</li> </ul>			
		1.9	Use two of the following types of fluid power test instruments: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measuring devices</li> <li>• Pressure indicators</li> <li>• Flow indicators</li> <li>• Test rigs</li> <li>• Self-diagnostic equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required components		
		1.11	Carry out all of the following maintenance activities, as applicable to the equipment being maintained: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chocking/supporting cylinders/rams/components</li> <li>• Releasing stored energy</li> <li>• Draining and removing fluids (as applicable)</li> <li>• Disconnecting/removing hoses and pipes</li> <li>• Removing and replacing units/components (such as pumps, cylinders, valves, actuators)</li> <li>• Proof marking/labelling of removed components</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Replacing damaged/defective components</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lived' items (such as seals, filters, gaskets)</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Prime, bleed and recharge the system (as applicable)</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before re-pressurising the system</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Remove and replace a range of fluid power components, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pipework/hoses</li> <li>• Valves</li> <li>• Cylinders/actuators</li> </ul> Plus five more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reservoirs/storage devices</li> <li>• Accumulators</li> <li>• Pressure intensifiers</li> <li>• Compressors</li> <li>• Receivers</li> <li>• Regulators</li> <li>• Gauges/indicators</li> <li>• Pumps</li> <li>• Motors</li> <li>• Gaskets and seals</li> <li>• Pistons</li> <li>• Spools</li> <li>• Bearings</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Lubricators</li> <li>• Filters</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cables and wires</li> <li>• Timers</li> <li>• Coolers</li> <li>• Other specific components</li> </ul>			
		1.13	Carry out tests on the maintained system in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			
		1.14	Carry out all of the following checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the tests carried out: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The test equipment is correctly calibrated</li> <li>• The test equipment used is appropriate for the tests being carried out</li> <li>• Test procedures used are as recommended in the appropriate specifications</li> <li>• Test readings are taken at the appropriate points, and where appropriate components are adjusted to give the required readings</li> <li>• Test equipment is operated within its specification range</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out tests on the maintained equipment, to include both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Leak test</li> <li>• Operational performance</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure line pressure tests</li> <li>• Return line pressure test</li> <li>• Flow</li> <li>• Speed</li> <li>• Sequence</li> <li>• Fluid contamination test</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Maintain fluid power equipment in compliance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines and codes of practice</li> <li>• Specific system requirements</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturers' operation range</li> <li>• BS and/or ISO standards</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people when they have problems they cannot resolve			
		1.18 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to maintain fluid power equipment	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the fluid power maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out maintenance activities on fluid power equipment (such as handling fluids, stored energy/force, misuse of tools), and how these can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the system isolation procedures or permit-to-work procedure that applies			
		2.5	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, charts, circuit and physical layouts, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, history/maintenance reports, symbols used in fluid power, and other documents needed in the maintenance activities			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the maintenance activities			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Describe the basic principles of how the fluid power equipment functions, its operating sequence, the purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.9	Describe the different types of pipework, fittings and manifolds, and their application			
		2.10	Describe the identification and application of different types of valve (such as poppet, spool, piston, disc)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the identification and application of different types of sensors and actuators (such as rotary, linear, mechanical, electrical)			
		2.12	Describe the identification and application of different types of cylinder (such as single acting, double acting)			
		2.13	Describe the identification and application of different types of pump (such as positive and non-positive displacement)			
		2.14	Describe the identification and application of different types compressors (such as screw, piston, rotary vane)			
		2.15	Describe the application and fitting of static and dynamic seals			
		2.16	Describe the techniques used to dismantle/assemble fluid power equipment (such as release of energy/force, proof marking, extraction)			
		2.17	Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose			
		2.18	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly			
		2.19	Explain how to determine pressure settings, and their effect on the system			
		2.20	Describe the selection of fluids for the system			
		2.21	Describe the recognition of contaminants and the problems they can create, and the effects and likely symptoms of contamination in the system			
		2.22	Describe the various maintenance diagnostic techniques and aids that can be used (such as fault reports, visual checks, measuring, movement and alignment checks, testing)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.23	Describe the various fault location techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			
	2.24	Explain how to evaluate sensory information (sight, sound, smell, touch)			
	2.25	Explain how to use a range of fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem			
	2.26	Describe the care, handling and application of mechanical measuring/test equipment (such as measuring instruments, pressure and flow indicators and self-diagnostic equipment)			
	2.27	Describe the types of test equipment to be used, and their selection for particular tests			
	2.28	Explain how the test equipment is connected into the circuit, and the methods of doing this			
	2.29	Describe the techniques, methods and procedures to be used during the tests			
	2.30	Explain how to display/record test results, and the documentation used			
	2.31	Explain how to interpret the test readings obtained, and the significance of the readings gained			
	2.32	Describe the importance of ensuring that test equipment is used only for its intended purpose and within its specified range and limits			
	2.33	Explain how to check that tools and test equipment are free from damage or defect, are in a safe and usable condition, are within calibration, and are configured correctly for the intended purpose			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.34	Describe the problems associated with maintaining fluid power equipment, and how they can be overcome			
		2.35	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.36	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

## **Unit 35:**                      **Producing Sheet Metal Components and Assemblies**

**Unit reference number:** J/504/6402

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce sheet metal components and assemblies. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce sheet metal components and assemblies	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the sheet metalworking activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a tested and serviceable condition</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the sheet metalworking activities</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the sheet metalworking activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Use sheet metal (up to and including 3 mm) in two different materials from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot rolled mild steel</li> <li>• Cold rolled mild steel</li> <li>• Coated mild steel (such as primed, tinned and galvanised)</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> <li>• Brass</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Lead</li> <li>• Titanium</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the sheet metalworking operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.6 Use a range of marking out equipment, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Scriber</li> <li>• Punch</li> <li>• Rule or tape</li> <li>• Straight edge</li> <li>• Square</li> <li>• Protractor</li> <li>• Dividers or trammels</li> <li>• Chalk, blueing or paint</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.8	Use marking out methods and techniques, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking using instruments</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of templates</li> <li>• Tracing/transfer methods</li> </ul>			
		1.9	Mark out material, to include all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datum and centre lines</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Circles</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Cutting and bending detail (including allowances)</li> <li>• Hole centring and outlining (such as circular or linear)</li> </ul>			
		1.10	Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Cut and finish material to the marked out shape, using both of the following hand tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tin snips</li> <li>• Bench shears</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hacksaw</li> <li>• Hand power tools (such as drill, nibbling, saw)</li> <li>• Trepanning</li> <li>• Files</li> <li>• Pneumatic tools</li> <li>• Thermal device</li> <li>• Other specific tool</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Cut and finish material to the marked out shape, using the following machine tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Guillotine</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pillar drill</li> <li>• Bench saw</li> <li>• Punch/cropping machine</li> <li>• Nibbling machine</li> <li>• Trepanning machine</li> <li>• Band saw</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Perform cutting operations to produce components with all three of the following shapes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Square or rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Angled profiles</li> <li>• External curved profiles</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Notches</li> <li>• Internal curved contours</li> <li>• Round holes</li> <li>• Square holes</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Use both of the following types of forming equipment/techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bending machine (hand or powered)</li> <li>• Rolling machine (hand or powered)</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hammers/panel beating equipment</li> <li>• Stakes and formers</li> <li>• Presses</li> <li>• Jenny/wiring machine</li> <li>• Wheeling machine</li> <li>• Swaging machine</li> <li>• Shrinking techniques</li> <li>• Stretching techniques</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out forming operations which produce components having all of the following shapes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bends/upstands</li> <li>• Folds/safe edges</li> <li>• Tray/box sections</li> <li>• Cylindrical sections</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wired edges</li> <li>• Swages</li> <li>• Curved panels</li> <li>• Ribbed components</li> <li>• Cowlings and rounded covers</li> <li>• Square to round trunking</li> <li>• Lobster-back trunking</li> <li>• Concertina ducting or trunking</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Assemble sheet metal components, using two of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temporary tack welding</li> <li>• Soldering or brazing</li> <li>• Resistance spot welding</li> <li>• Riveting (such as hollow or solid)</li> <li>• Adhesive bonding</li> <li>• Flanged and mechanically fastened (such as bolts, screws)</li> <li>• Self securing joints (such as knocked up, paned down, swaged, joggled)</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			
		1.19 Produce sheet metal components which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All dimensions are within +/- 2.0mm or +/- 0.079"</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from excessive tooling marks, deformation, cracking, sharp edges, slivers or burrs</li> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and have secure and firm joints</li> </ul>			
		1.20 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.21 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the fitting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce sheet metal components and assemblies	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the sheet metalworking activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when carrying out the sheet metal activities (such as leather gloves, eye protection, ear protection), and the importance of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the correct methods of moving or lifting sheet materials			
		2.4	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be observed when using manual and power operated tools			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out sheet metalworking activities (such as handling sheet materials, using dangerous or badly maintained tools and equipment, operating guillotines and bending machines, and when using hand and bench shears), and how they can be minimised			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.9	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges, applying a marking out medium)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10 Explain how to select and establish a suitable datum; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datum, and the possible effects of working from a different datum			
		2.11 Describe the use of marking out conventions when marking out the workpiece (including datum lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, circular and radial profiles, angles, holes linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.12 Describe the ways of laying out the marking-out shapes or patterns to maximise use of materials			
		2.13 Describe the tools and techniques available for cutting and shaping sheet metal (such as tin snips, bench shears, guillotines, portable power tools, bench drills, saws)			
		2.14 Describe the use and care of tools and equipment (including checks that must be made to ensure that the tools are fit for purpose - such as sharp, undamaged, plugs and cables secure and free from damage, PAT tested, machine guards or safety devices operating correctly)			
		2.15 Describe the hand tools used in sheet metal forming activities (such as range of hammers, stakes, formers, sand bags), and typical operations that they are used for			
		2.16 Describe the various machine tool forming equipment that can be used to produce a range of shapes (such as bends, box sections, cylinders and curved sections, wired edges and swages)			
		2.17 Describe the methods of stretching and shrinking materials, and the tools, equipment and techniques used for this			
		2.18 Explain how to set up the various machines to produce the required forms (setting up of rolls; setting fingers on bending machines; setting forming tools for swaging)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the ways of limiting distortion, marking, creases, flats (in curved sections)			
		2.20	Describe the characteristics of the various materials used (with regard to the bending and forming process)			
		2.21	Explain how the materials are to be prepared for the forming operations, and why some materials may require a heating process prior to forming			
		2.22	Describe the importance of using tools or equipment only for the purpose intended; the care that is required when using the tools or equipment; the proper way of preserving tools or equipment between operations			
		2.23	Describe the various methods of securing the assembled components, and the range of mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts and bolts, rivets, screws, special fasteners), resistance and tack welding methods and techniques, adhesive bonding of components and self secured joints (such as knocked up, paned down, swaged and joggled)			
		2.24	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the components prior to assembling them			
		2.25	Explain how to set up and align the various components, and the tools and equipment that are used for this			
		2.26	Describe the methods of temporarily holding the joints together to aid the assembly activities (such as clamps, rivet clamps)			
		2.27	Describe the inspection techniques that can be applied to check that shape (including straightness) and dimensional accuracy are to specification and within acceptable limits			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.28	Describe the problems that can occur with the sheet metalworking activities (such as defects caused by incorrectly set or blunt shearing blades), and how these can be overcome			
		2.29	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.30	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the sheet metal activities (such as storing power leads, isolating machines, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 36:**

# **Producing Platework Components and Assemblies**

**Unit reference number:** L/504/6403

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce platework components and assemblies. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce platework components and assemblies	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the plateworking activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a tested and serviceable condition</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the plateworking activities</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the plateworking activities before they start them			
		1.4	Use the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flat plate</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pipe/tube</li> <li>Solid bar (such as square, round, hexagonal)</li> <li>Rolled sections (angle, channel, RSJ, rail section )</li> <li>Non-ferrous materials</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the plateworking operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.6	Use a range of marking out equipment, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Scriber</li> <li>• Punch</li> <li>• Rule or tape</li> <li>• Straight edge</li> <li>• Square</li> <li>• Protractor</li> <li>• Dividers or trammels</li> <li>• Chalk, blueing or paint</li> </ul>			
		1.7	Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.8	Use marking out methods and techniques, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking using instruments</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of templates</li> <li>• Tracing/transfer methods</li> <li>• Other specific method</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Mark out material, to include all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datum and centre lines</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Circles</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Cutting and bending detail (including allowances)</li> <li>• Hole centring and outlining (such as circular or linear)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.11 Cut and finish material to the marked out shape, using both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Guillotine</li> <li>• Drill (such as bench, pillar, radial)</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Abrasive disc</li> <li>• Cropping machine</li> <li>• Machine saw</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Perform cutting operations to produce components that combine operations and cover all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components with parallel sides</li> <li>• Components with sides square to each other</li> <li>• Holes linearly pitched</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components with angled sides</li> <li>• Bevelled edges or weld preps</li> <li>• Components with curved contours</li> <li>• Holes radially pitched</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use two of the following types of forming equipment/techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bending machine (hand or powered)</li> <li>• Rolling machine (hand or powered)</li> <li>• Presses</li> <li>• Heating techniques</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Perform forming operations to produce components that combine operations and cover all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bends at 90°</li> <li>• Bends of various angles</li> <li>• Cylinders</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set plate ends</li> <li>• Box square and rectangular sections</li> <li>• Curved plates</li> <li>• Pipe sections</li> <li>• Cones</li> <li>• Segments of a cylindrical tank</li> <li>• Curved section or sector of an otherwise flat plate</li> <li>• Counter-curved sections</li> <li>• Flattening or straightening plate</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			
		1.16 Assemble platework components using two of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temporary tack welding</li> <li>• Riveting (hot or cold)</li> <li>• Adhesive bonding</li> <li>• Mechanically fastened (such as bolts, screws)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the components are to the specification			
		1.18 Produce platework components which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All dimensions are within +/- 3.0mm or +/- 0.125"</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from excessive tooling marks, deformation, cracking, sharp edges, slivers or burrs</li> <li>• All components are correctly assembled, and have secure and firm joints</li> </ul>			
		1.19 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the platework activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce platework components and assemblies	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the plateworking activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when carrying out the plateworking activities (such as leather gloves, eye protection, ear protection), and the importance of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the correct methods of moving or lifting long and heavy sheet and section materials			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out heavy plateworking activities (such as handling sheet materials, using dangerous or badly maintained tools and equipment, operating guillotines, cropping and bending machines, and when using power saws, drilling machines and abrasive cutting discs), and how they can be minimised			
		2.5	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges, applying a marking out medium)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Explain how to select and establish a suitable datum; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datum, and the possible effects of working from a different datum			
		2.10 Describe the use of marking out conventions when marking out the workpiece (including datum lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, circular and radial profiles, angles, holes linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.11 Describe the ways of laying out the marking-out shapes or patterns to maximise use of materials			
		2.12 Describe the tools and techniques available for cutting and shaping heavy plate and section materials (such as guillotines, cropping machines, abrasive discs (such as hand held portable machines and bench type radiac cutting machines), drilling machines and machine saws)			
		2.13 Describe the selection and fitting of abrasive cutting discs, cutting disc identification markings, how to identify the correct type of disc for the type of material being cut; statutory regulations regarding the fitting and use of abrasive discs			
		2.14 Describe the use and care of tools and equipment (including checks that must be made to ensure that the tools are fit for purpose - such as cutting blades are sharp and undamaged, setting and adjusting guillotine blades for the material thickness, ensuring machine guards, interlocks or other safety devices are operating correctly)			
		2.15 Describe the various shearing machine cutting methods and techniques (such as cutting to marking out; using machine back-stops; setting plate at an angle to the machine slides)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.16	Describe the various machine tool forming equipment that can be used to produce a range of shapes (such as bends, box sections, cylinders and curved sections)			
		2.17	Explain how to set up the various machines to produce the required forms (setting up of rolls; releasing formed work from rolls; setting up bending machines and setting forming tools)			
		2.18	Describe the ways of limiting distortion, marking, creases, flats (in curved sections)			
		2.19	Describe the characteristics of the various materials used (with regard to the bending and forming process); how the materials are to be prepared for the forming operations, and why some materials may require a heating process prior to forming			
		2.20	Describe the various methods of securing the assembled components; the range of mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts and bolts, rivets, screws, special fasteners); tack welding methods and techniques			
		2.21	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the components prior to assembling them			
		2.22	Explain how to set up and align the various components, and the tools and equipment that are used for this			
		2.23	Describe the methods of temporarily holding the joints together to aid the assembly activities			
		2.24	Describe the inspection techniques that can be applied to check that shape (including straightness) and dimensional accuracy are to specification and within acceptable limits			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Describe the problems that can occur with the heavy plateworking activities, and how these can be overcome (such as defects caused by incorrectly set or blunt shearing blades)			
		2.26	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.27	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the platework activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, cleaning the equipment, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 37:**

# **Cutting and Shaping Materials Using Thermal Cutting Equipment**

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6404

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to cut and shape materials using thermal cutting equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Cut and shape materials using thermal cutting equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Confirm that the equipment is safe and fit for purpose, by carrying out all of the following checks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• The equipment selected is suitable for the operations to be performed</li> <li>• Regulators, hoses and valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage</li> <li>• The correct gas nozzle is fitted to the cutting torch</li> <li>• A flashback arrestor is fitted to the gas equipment</li> <li>• Appropriate gas pressures are set</li> <li>• The correct procedure is used for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the cutting flame</li> <li>• Hoses are safely routed and protected at all times</li> <li>• Gas cylinders are handled and stored safely and correctly</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the thermal cutting activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Produce thermal cuts in the following form of material (metal of 3mm and above): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plate</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rolled sections</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> <li>• Structures</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Produce cut profiles for one type of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mild steel</li> <li>• High tensile/special steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Other appropriate metal</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the cutting operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.7 Set up the thermal cutting equipment for the operations to be performed			
		1.8 Use the following thermal cutting method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand-held oxy-fuel gas cutting equipment</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand-held plasma gas cutting equipment</li> <li>• Simple, portable, track-driven cutting equipment (electrical or mechanical)</li> <li>• Fixed bench gas cutting equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Where appropriate, mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.10 Operate the thermal cutting equipment to produce items/cut shapes to the dimensions and profiles specified			
		1.11 Perform thermal cutting operations, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Down-hand straight cuts (freehand)</li> <li>• Cutting regular shapes</li> <li>• Making radial cuts</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making straight cuts (track guided)</li> <li>• Making vertical cuts</li> <li>• Making overhead cuts</li> <li>• Cutting irregular shapes</li> <li>• Making angled cuts</li> <li>• Cutting chamfers</li> <li>• Gouging/flushing</li> <li>• Bevelled edge – weld preparations</li> <li>• Cutting out holes</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Produce thermally-cut components which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy is within the tolerances specified on the drawing/specification, or within +/- 3mm</li> <li>• Angled/radial cuts are within specification requirements</li> <li>• Cuts are clean and smooth, and free from flutes</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15	Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on conclusion of the machining activities			
		1.16	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the thermal cutting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to cut and shape materials using thermal cutting equipment	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with thermal cutting equipment in a fabrication environment (including general workshop safety; protecting other workers by siting protective screens; fire and explosion prevention; safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume control)			
		2.2	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when working with thermal cutting equipment (such as leather aprons and gloves, eye/ear protection)			
		2.3	Describe the correct methods of moving or lifting plate and section materials			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out thermal cutting activities (including trailing hoses, naked flames, fumes and gases, explosive gas mixtures, oxygen enrichment, spatter, hot metal, enclosed spaces), and how they can be minimised			
		2.5	Describe the safe working practices and procedures for using thermal equipment, in line with British Compressed Gas Association (BCGA) codes of practice (to include setting up procedures, and emergency shutdown procedures)			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.7	Explain how to extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the basic principles of thermal cutting, the various types of thermal cutting equipment available, and typical applications			
		2.10	Describe the accessories that can be used with hand-held thermal cutting equipment to aid cutting operations (such as cutting guides, trammels, templates); arrangements for attaching cutting aids to the equipment			
		2.11	Describe the gases used in thermal cutting; gas identification and colour codes; their particular characteristics and safety procedures			
		2.12	Explain how to set up the thermal cutting equipment (including connection of hoses, regulators and flashback arrestors, selection of cutting torch and nozzle size in relationship to material thickness and operations performed)			
		2.13	Describe the preparations prior to cutting (including checking connections for leaks, setting gas pressures, setting up the material/workpiece, and checking the cleanliness of materials used)			
		2.14	Describe the holding methods that are used to aid thermal cutting, and the equipment that can be used			
		2.15	Describe the setting of operating conditions (including flame control, and the effects of mixtures and pressures associated with thermal cutting)			
		2.16	Describe the correct procedure for lighting and extinguishing the flame (to include lighting the cutting torch and adjusting gas controls to produce a neutral flame; methods of starting the cut and controlling the cutting speed, direction and angle of cut; the procedure for extinguishing the flame and the importance of following the procedure)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the procedures to be followed for cutting specific materials, and why these procedures must always be adhered to			
		2.18	Describe the problems that can occur with thermal cutting (including causes of distortion during thermal cutting and methods of controlling distortion), and how they can be avoided			
		2.19	Describe the effects of oil, grease, scale or dirt on the cutting process			
		2.20	Describe the causes of cutting defects, how to recognise them, and methods of correction and prevention			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the thermal cutting activities (such as safely storing gas cylinders and cutting equipment, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 38:**

# **Preparing and Proving CNC Fabrication Machine Tool Programs**

**Unit reference number:** Y/504/6405

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and prove CNC fabrication tool programs. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and prove CNC fabrication machine tool programs	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the programming activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Obtain the correct component drawings, and check them for currency and validity</li> <li>• Use the appropriate reference manuals and programming codes to suit the machine controller</li> <li>• Prepare the machine controller to accept the operating program</li> <li>• Input/load the prepared program into the controller safely and correctly</li> <li>• Store the programs safely and correctly in the appropriate format</li> <li>• Store program media safely and correctly, away from contaminants or corruption</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Prepare and prove programs for one of the following types of CNC machine tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shearing machine</li> <li>• Punching machine</li> <li>• Forming machine</li> <li>• Bending machine</li> <li>• Plasma cutting</li> <li>• Water cutting</li> <li>• Laser cutting</li> <li>• Gas cutting</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the programming activities before they start them			
		1.5 Determine an operational sequence that avoids wasted tool/cutter movements and tool changes			
		1.6 Develop component programs, using appropriate programming codes and techniques			
		1.7 Produce CNC programs using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Entered directly into the machine controller</li> <li>• Using computer software</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Develop part programs that contain all of the following, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All necessary positional information</li> <li>• Appropriate codes</li> <li>• Machine management commands (preparatory/auxiliary functions)</li> <li>• Repetitions within programs (using features such as sub-routines, canned cycles, labels)</li> <li>• Absolute or incremental co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool/cutter change positions</li> <li>• Tool information (such as lengths, offsets, radius compensation)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Develop programs to produce components combining several different operations, covering four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight cuts</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• Holes linearly pitched</li> <li>• Holes radially pitched</li> <li>• Louvers</li> <li>• Swages</li> <li>• Bends at 90°</li> <li>• Bends of various angles</li> <li>• Multi-bend platework</li> <li>• Curved plates</li> <li>• Other specific operations</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Develop part programs to produce components made from two of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous</li> <li>• Non-ferrous</li> <li>• Stainless</li> <li>• Special alloys</li> <li>• Other specific materials</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Specify positional information and machine axes that are consistent with the requirements of each stage/operation			
		1.12	Load/input the program to the machine controller, and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.13	Confirm that the program operates safely and correctly, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All operations are carried out to the program co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool change/park positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program (where applicable)</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered into the machine controller</li> <li>• Tool cutter head paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Prove the part program using six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single block run</li> <li>• Graphic displays/modelling</li> <li>• Data input facilities</li> <li>• Full dry run</li> <li>• Search facilities</li> <li>• Edit facilities</li> <li>• Program override controls (speed, feed, tool data)</li> <li>• Program save/store facilities</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Save and store the program in line with organisational procedures			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people when they have problems they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the programming activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and prove CNC fabrication machine tool programs	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when developing and proving CNC fabrication machine tool programs			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with using CNC fabrication machine tools (such as automatic machine operations, power operated workholding devices, moving parts of machinery, sharp cutting tools and burrs and sharp edges on components), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing the appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the safety mechanisms on the machine, and the procedure for checking that they function correctly (such as emergency stop buttons, emergency brakes)			
		2.5	Describe the correct operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as program operating and control buttons)			
		2.6	Explain how to stop the machine in both normal and emergency situations, and the procedure for restarting after an emergency			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, absolute and incremental systems, workpiece zero/reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.9	Describe the computer coding language used in CNC fabrication machine programs (with regard to machine axes, positional information, machine management and auxiliary functions)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how to prepare part programs, using operational sequences and machining techniques that avoid unnecessary tool/cutter head movements or tool changes		
		2.11	Describe the use of repetitive programs and canned cycles to reduce program size and input time		
		2.12	Describe the function keys and operating system of the machine computer control system being operated		
		2.13	Explain how to set machine datums for each of the machine axes being used		
		2.14	Explain how to set the machine controller in the program and editing mode, and how to enter or download the prepared program		
		2.15	Explain how to deal with error messages and faults on the program or equipment		
		2.16	Explain how to access the program edit facility in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)		
		2.17	Describe the use of tool posts, magazines and carousels, and how to identify the tools in relationship to the operating program		
		2.18	Explain how to conduct trial runs, using single block run, dry run and feed and speed override controls		
		2.19	Describe the factors affecting the feeds and speeds that can be used, and why they may need to be adjusted from the program setting (such as condition of material, workholding method, tooling used, tolerance and finish to be achieved)		
		2.20	Describe the items that they need to check before allowing the machine to operate in full program run mode		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format, and the importance of storing program safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.22	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.23	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.24	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the programming, loading and editing activities, and what to do if they occur			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

## **Unit 39:**

# **Preparing and Using CNC Fabrication Machinery**

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6406

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use CNC fabrication machinery. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use CNC fabrication machinery	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Ensure that they apply all of the following checks and practices at all times during the CNC fabrication machining activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure that machine guards are in place and are correctly adjusted</li> <li>• Ensure that components are held securely (without damage or distortion)</li> <li>• Ensure that tooling is maintained in a suitable/safe condition</li> <li>• Make sure that the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Prepare one of the following CNC fabrication machines in readiness for production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shearing machine</li> <li>• Punching machine</li> <li>• Forming machine</li> <li>• Bending machine</li> <li>• Plasma cutting</li> <li>• Laser cutting</li> <li>• Water cutting</li> <li>• Gas cutting</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the CNC machining activities before they start them			
		1.5 Load/input the program to the machine controller, and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			
		1.6 Mount and set the required workholding devices, workpiece and tooling			
		1.7 Position and secure workpieces, using two of the following workholding methods and devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jigs and fixtures</li> <li>• Clamps and stops</li> <li>• Pneumatic/magnetic devices</li> <li>• Other workholding devices</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Set up the machine to produce components, combining several different operations and covering four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight cuts</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Internal profiles</li> <li>• Holes linearly pitched</li> <li>• Holes radially pitched</li> <li>• Louvers</li> <li>• Swages</li> <li>• Bends at 90°</li> <li>• Bends of various angles</li> <li>• Multi-bend platework</li> <li>• Curved plates</li> <li>• Other specific operations</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Produce components using one of the following types of material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous</li> <li>• Non-ferrous</li> <li>• Stainless</li> <li>• Special alloys</li> <li>• Other specific materials</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Select and mount, in the appropriate holding device, one of the following types of cutting/forming tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Shearing blades</li> <li>• Hole punching tools</li> <li>• Forming tools</li> <li>• Nibbling tools</li> <li>• Bending tools</li> <li>• Cutting heads/nozzles</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Check that all safety mechanisms are in place and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations			
		1.12 Prepare the tooling by carrying out all of the following activities, as applicable to the machine type: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pre-setting tooling, using setting jigs/fixtures</li> <li>• Setting tool datums</li> <li>• Mounting tools in the correct position in the tool-posts, turrets, magazine or carousel</li> <li>• Checking that tools have a specific tool number in relationship to the operating program</li> <li>• Entering all relevant tool data into the operating program (such as tool lengths, tool offsets, radius compensation)</li> <li>• Saving changes to the program</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Run the operating program, and check and adjust the machine tool speeds/feeds and operating parameters to achieve the component specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Confirm that the machine and program operate safely and correctly, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All operations are carried out to the program co-ordinates</li> <li>• Tool change positions are safe and clear of the workpiece and machine equipment</li> <li>• The correct tools are selected at the appropriate points in the program</li> <li>• Tool offsets are correctly entered into the machine controller</li> <li>• Tool cutter paths are executed safely and correctly</li> <li>• Auxiliary functions operate at the correct point in the program (cutter start/stop, coolant flow)</li> <li>• Programs have been saved in the appropriate format</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			
		1.16 Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy of three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear dimensions</li> <li>• Position of features</li> <li>• Accuracy of profiles</li> <li>• Flatness/freedom from excessive distortion</li> <li>• Accuracy of louvres and swages</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Produce components that meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy is within specification tolerance</li> <li>• Components are free from deformity, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• Profiles conform to specification/template requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.18	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19	Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the machining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use CNC fabrication machinery	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when setting up workholding devices and tooling on CNC fabrication machines			
		2.2	Explain how to start and stop the machine, in normal and emergency situations			
		2.3	Describe the importance of ensuring that the machine is isolated from the power supply before mounting the cutting and forming tools and workholding devices			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing the appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with working on CNC fabrication machines (such as moving machinery, automatic machine operation, handling of cutting and forming tools, lifting and handling workholding devices, handling sheet materials), and how they can be minimised			
		2.6	Explain how to handle and store cutting and forming tools and programs, safely and correctly			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings or data and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.9	Explain how to carry out currency/issue checks of the specifications they are working with			
		2.10	Describe the range of workholding methods and devices that are used on CNC fabrication machines			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Explain why it is important to set the workholding device/workpiece in relationship to the machine datums and reference points			
		2.12	Describe the methods of setting the workholding devices/workpieces, and the tools and equipment that can be used			
		2.13	Describe the range of cutting and forming tools that are used on the CNC fabrication machine			
		2.14	Explain how to check that the cutting and forming tools are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.15	Describe the various tool holding devices that are used, and the methods of correctly mounting and securing the cutting and forming tools to the tool holders			
		2.16	Describe the advantages of using pre-set tooling, and how to set the tooling by using setting jigs/fixtures			
		2.17	Describe the use of tool-posts, magazines and carousels, and how to position and identify the tools in relationship to the operating program			
		2.18	Explain how to set and secure the workpiece to the machine/workholding device; the effects of clamping the workpiece; and how material removal can cause warping/distortion of the finished workpiece			
		2.19	Explain how to place the machine into the correct operating mode, and how to access the program edit facility in order to enter tooling data (such as tool datums, positions, lengths, offsets and radius compensation)			
		2.20	Explain how to interpret the visual display and the various messages displayed			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the function of error messages, and what to do when an error message is displayed			
		2.22	Explain how to find the correct restart point in the program, when the machine has been stopped before completion of the program			
		2.23	Describe the operation of the various hand and automatic modes of machine control (such as hand wheels, joysticks, program operating and control buttons)			
		2.24	Explain how to operate the machine using single-block run, full program run and feed/speed override controls			
		2.25	Explain how to make adjustments to the program operating parameters			
		2.26	Explain how to conduct trial runs using single block run, dry run, and feed and speed override controls			
		2.27	Describe the items that they need to check before allowing the machine to operate in full program run mode			
		2.28	Explain how the various types of materials used will affect the feeds/speeds that can be used			
		2.29	Describe the typical problems that can occur with the setting up and operating of the machine and workholding devices, and what to do if they occur			
		2.30	Explain how to save the completed or edited programs in the appropriate format, and the need to store programs and storage devices safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.31	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.32	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and machine in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, ensuring that any spilt cutting fluids are correctly dealt with, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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*(if sampled)*

# Preparing and Using Manual Metal Arc Welding Equipment

**Guided learning hours: 68**



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use manual metal arc welding equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare for the manual metal arc welding process by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check the condition of, and correctly connect, welding leads, earthing arrangements and electrode holder</li> <li>• Set and adjust the welding conditions/parameters, in accordance with the welding procedure specification</li> <li>• Prepare the work area for the welding activities (such as positioning welding screens and fume extraction)</li> <li>• Prepare the materials and joint in readiness for welding (such as cleaning of joint faces, grinding weld preparations, setting up the joint, supporting the joint)</li> <li>• Make sure that the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the welding activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate welding equipment and welding consumables			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Use manual metal-arc welding and related equipment to include either of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alternating current (AC) equipment</li> <li>• Direct current (DC) equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Use two types of electrode from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rutile</li> <li>• Basic</li> <li>• Cellulosic</li> <li>• Other suitable electrodes</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Prepare and support the joint, using the appropriate methods			
		1.8 Tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding			
		1.9 Weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile			
		1.10 Produce three of the following welded joints, of at least 150mm long, using single or multi-run welds (as appropriate), with at least one stop and start included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fillet lap joints</li> <li>• Tee fillet joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce joints as follows: One type of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• And one form of material from the following:</li> <li>• Sheet (less than 3mm)</li> <li>• Plate</li> <li>• Section</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> <li>• Other forms</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Weld joints in good access situations, in two of the following BS EN ISO 6947 positions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat (PA)</li> <li>• Horizontal vertical (PB)</li> <li>• Horizontal (PC)</li> <li>• Vertical upwards (PF)</li> <li>• Vertical downwards (PG)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the weld are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Check that the welded joint conforms to the specification by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Alignment/squareness</li> <li>• Size and profile of weld</li> <li>• Number of runs</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Carry out non destructive testing of the welds, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dye penetrant</li> <li>• Fluorescent penetrant</li> <li>• Magnetic particle</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Carry out destructive tests on weld specimens, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Macroscopic examination</li> <li>• Nick break test</li> <li>• Bend tests (such as face, root or side, as appropriate)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Identify all of the following weld defects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of continuity of the weld</li> <li>• Uneven and irregular ripple formation</li> <li>• Incorrect weld size or profile</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Undercutting</li> <li>• Overlap</li> <li>• Inclusions</li> <li>• Porosity</li> <li>• Surface cracks</li> <li>• Internal cracks</li> <li>• Lack of fusion</li> <li>• Lack of penetration</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.18 Produce welded joints which meet all of the following (with reference to BS 4872 Part 1 Weld test requirements):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welds meet the required dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Fillet welds are equal in leg length and slightly convex in profile, with the size of the fillet equivalent to the thickness of the material welded</li> <li>• The weld contour is linear, of uniform profile, free from excessive undulations, with regular and even ripple formation</li> <li>• The welds are adequately fused, and with minimal undercut, overlap and surface inclusions</li> <li>• Weld finishes are built up to the full section of the weld</li> <li>• Joins at stop/start positions merge smoothly, with no pronounced hump or crater in the weld surface</li> <li>• Tack welds are blended in to form part of the finished weld, without excessive hump</li> <li>• Corner joints have minimal burn through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate, penetration is present to a maximum depth of 3mm for at least 75% of the joint</li> <li>• The weld surface is free from cracks, and substantially free from porosity, shrinkage cavities and trapped slag</li> <li>• The weld surface and adjacent parent metal is substantially free from arcing or chipping marks</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20	Shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the welding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use manual metal arc welding equipment	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using MMA welding equipment (such as general workshop safety; appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); fire prevention; protecting other workers from the effects of the welding arc; safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume extraction/control)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with MMA welding (such as live electrical components; poor earthing; the electric arc; fumes and gases; spatter; hot slag and metal; grinding and mechanical metal/slag removal; elevated working; welding in enclosed spaces; slips, trips and falls), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment to be worn for the welding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls; leather aprons, welding gloves/gauntlets; safety boots; head/eye shield with correct shade of filter)			
		2.4	Describe the manual metal arc welding process (such as basic principles of fusion welding, AC and DC power sources, power ranges)			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Describe the types of electrodes used, and the correct control, storage and drying of electrodes			
		2.7	The types of welded joints to be produced (such as lap joints, corner joints, tee joints, butt welds, single and multi-run welds)			
		2.8	Describe the terminology used for the appropriate welding positions			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the welding activity (such as ensuring that the material is free from excessive surface contamination such as rust, scale, paint, oil/grease and moisture); ensuring that edges to be welded are correctly prepared (such as made flat, square or bevelled)			
		2.10 Explain how to set up and restrain the joint, and the tools and techniques to be used (such as the use of jigs and fixtures, restraining devices - such as clamps and weights/blocks; setting up the joint in the correct position and alignment)			
		2.11 Describe the tack welding size and spacing in relationship to material thickness			
		2.12 Describe the checks to be made prior to welding (such as confirming the correct set-up of the joint; condition of electrical connections, welding return and earthing arrangements; checking operating parameters)			
		2.13 Describe the techniques of operating the welding equipment to produce a range of joints in the various joint positions (such as striking and initiating the arc; fine adjustment of parameters; correct manipulation and welding speed of electrode; blending in stops/starts and tack welds)			
		2.14 Explain how to close down the welding equipment safely and correctly			
		2.15 Explain how to control distortion (such as welding sequence; deposition technique)			
		2.16 Describe the problems that can occur with the welding activities (such as causes of distortion and methods of control; effects of welding on materials and sources of weld defects), and how these can be overcome			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be adopted when preparing the welds for examination (such as handling hot materials, using chemicals for cleaning and etching, using equipment to fracture welds)			
		2.18 Explain how to prepare the welds for examination (such as removing slag, spatter and surface irregularities; cleaning the weld, polishing and making saw cuts on welds to be fracture tested)			
		2.19 Explain how to check the welded joints for uniformity, alignment, position, weld size and profile			
		2.20 Describe the various procedures for visual examination of the welds for cracks, porosity and slag inclusions (such as dye penetrant, fluorescent penetrant; magnetic particle testing)			
		2.21 Describe the various procedures for carrying out destructive tests on the welds (such as macroscopic examination, bend tests, nick break tests)			
		2.22 Describe the methods of removing a specimen of weld from a suitable position in the joint (such as a stop/start position using a non-thermal process, such as hand saws, power saws, abrasive discs)			
		2.23 Explain how to examine the welds after the tests and check for such defects as the degree of penetration and fusion, inclusions, porosity, cracks, undercut and overlap, uneven and irregular ripple formation			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.24	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.25	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the welding activities (such as isolation of electrical supplies; safely storing welding cables and electrode holders; storing electrodes; removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 41: Preparing and Using Manual TIG or Plasma-Arc Welding Equipment

Unit reference number: M/504/6409

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours: 68**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use manual TIG or plasma-arc welding equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use manual TIG or plasma-arc welding equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare for the TIG or plasma-arc welding process by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check the condition of and correctly connect welding leads, earthing arrangements, hoses and welding torch</li> <li>• Set and adjust the welding conditions/parameters, in accordance with the welding procedure specification</li> <li>• Prepare the work area for the welding activities (such as positioning welding screens and fume extraction)</li> <li>• Prepare the materials and joint in readiness for welding (such as cleaning of joint faces, grinding weld preparations, setting up the joint, supporting the joint)</li> <li>• Make sure that the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the welding activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate welding equipment and welding consumables			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Use manual welding and related equipment, to include one of the following welding processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TIG</li> <li>• Plasma-arc</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Use welding consumables appropriate to the material and application, to include one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AC current types</li> <li>• DC current types</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Prepare and support the joint, using the appropriate methods			
		1.8 Tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding			
		1.9 Weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile			
		1.10 Produce three of the following welded joints of at least 150mm long, by single or multi-run (as appropriate), with at least one stop and start included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fillet lap joints</li> <li>• Tee fillet joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> </ul> And using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• With filler wire</li> <li>• Without filler wire (autogenously)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce joints in the following: One type of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> </ul> And two forms of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sheet (less than 3mm)</li> <li>• Plate</li> <li>• Section</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> <li>• Other forms</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Weld joints in good access situations, in two of the following BS EN ISO 6947 positions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat (PA)</li> <li>• Horizontal vertical (PB)</li> <li>• Horizontal (PC)</li> <li>• Vertical upwards (PF)</li> <li>• Vertical downwards (PG)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the weld are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Check that the welded joint conforms to the specification, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Alignment/squareness</li> <li>• Size and profile of weld</li> <li>• Number of runs</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Carry out non-destructive testing of the welds, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dye penetrant</li> <li>• Fluorescent penetrant</li> <li>• Magnetic particle</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Carry out destructive tests on weld specimens, using one of the following : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Macroscopic examination</li> <li>• Nick break test</li> <li>• Bend tests (such as face, root or side, as appropriate)</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Identify all of the following weld defects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of continuity of the weld</li> <li>• Uneven and irregular ripple formation</li> <li>• Incorrect weld size or profile</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Undercutting</li> <li>• Overlap</li> <li>• Inclusions</li> <li>• Porosity</li> <li>• Internal cracks</li> <li>• Surface cracks</li> <li>• Lack of fusion</li> <li>• Lack of penetration</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.18 Produce welded joints which meet all of the following (with reference to BS 4872 Part 1 Weld test requirements):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welds meet the required dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Fillet welds are equal in leg length and slightly convex in profile (where applicable), with the size of the fillet equivalent to the thickness of the material welded</li> <li>• The weld contour is linear, of uniform profile, free from excessive undulations, with regular and even ripple formation</li> <li>• The welds are adequately fused, and there is minimal undercut, overlap and surface inclusions</li> <li>• Weld finishes are built up to the full section of the weld</li> <li>• Joins at stop/start positions merge smoothly, with no pronounced hump or crater in the weld surface</li> <li>• Tack welds are blended in to form part of the finished weld, without excessive hump</li> <li>• Corner joints have minimal burn through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate, penetration is present to a maximum depth of 3mm for at least 75% of the joint</li> <li>• The weld surface is free from cracks, and substantially free from porosity, shrinkage cavities and trapped slag</li> <li>• The weld surface and adjacent parent metal is substantially free from arcing or chipping marks</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20	Shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the welding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use manual TIG or plasma-arc welding equipment	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using TIG or plasma-arc welding equipment (such as general workshop safety; appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); fire prevention; protecting other workers from the effects of the welding arc; safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume extraction/control)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with TIG and plasma-arc welding (such as live electrical components; poor earthing; the electric arc; fumes and gases; hot metal; welding in enclosed spaces; slips, trips and falls), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment to be worn for the welding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls; leather aprons, welding gloves/gauntlets; safety boots; head/eye shield with correct shade of filter)			
		2.4	Describe the correct handling and storage of gas cylinders (such as manual handling and use of cylinder trolley, leak detection procedures, relevant BCGA codes of practice, cylinder identification, gas pressures, cylinder and equipment safety features)			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Describe the manual TIG or plasma-arc welding process (such as basic principles of fusion welding; the major parts of the welding equipment and their function)			
		2.7	Describe the types, selection and application of filler wires and welding electrodes			
		2.8	Describe the reasons for using shielding gases, and the types and application of the various gases			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the gas pressures and flow rates (in relationship to the type of material being welded)			
		2.10	Describe the types of welded joints to be produced (such as lap joints, corner joints, tee joints and butt welds)			
		2.11	Describe the terminology used for the appropriate welding positions			
		2.12	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the welding activity (such as ensuring that the material is free from excessive surface contamination - such as rust, scale, paint, oil/grease and moisture; ensuring edges to be welded are correctly prepared - such as made flat, square or bevelled)			
		2.13	Explain how to set up and restrain the joint, and the tools and techniques to be used (such as the use of jigs and fixtures, restraining devices such as clamps and weights/blocks; setting up the joint in the correct position and alignment)			
		2.14	Describe the tack welding size and spacing (in relationship to material thickness)			
		2.15	Describe the checks to be made prior to welding (such as confirming the correct set-up of the joint; the condition of electrical connections, welding return and earthing arrangements; operating parameters)			
		2.16	Describe the techniques of operating the welding equipment to produce a range of joints in the various joint positions (such as fine adjustment of parameters; correct manipulation of the torch; blending in stops/starts and tack welds)			
		2.17	Explain how to control distortion (such as welding sequence; deposition technique)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.18	Describe the problems that can occur with the welding activities (such as causes of distortion and methods of control; effects of welding on materials and sources of weld defects), and how these can be overcome			
	2.19	Explain how to close down the welding equipment safely and correctly			
	2.20	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be adopted when preparing the welds for examination (such as handling hot materials, using chemicals for cleaning and etching, using equipment to fracture welds)			
	2.21	Explain how to prepare the welds for examination (such as removing surface irregularities; cleaning the weld, polishing and making saw cuts on welds to be fracture tested)			
	2.22	Explain how to check the welded joints for uniformity, alignment, position, weld size and profile			
	2.23	Describe the various procedures for visual examination of the welds for cracks, porosity and slag inclusions (such as dye penetrant, fluorescent penetrant; magnetic particle testing)			
	2.24	Describe the various procedures for carrying out destructive tests on the welds (such as macroscopic examination, bend tests, nick break tests)			
	2.25	Describe the methods of removing a specimen of weld from a suitable position in the joint (such as a stop/start position) using a non thermal process (such as hand saws, power saws, abrasive discs)			
	2.26	Explain how to examine the welds after the tests and how to check for such defects as the degree of penetration and fusion, inclusions, porosity, cracks, undercut and overlap, uneven and irregular ripple formation			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the welding activities (such as isolation of electrical supplies, safely storing equipment and consumables, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 42: Preparing and Using Semi-Automatic MIG, MAG and Flux Cored Arc Welding Equipment

Unit reference number: H/504/6410

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours: 68**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use semi-automatic MIG, MAG and Flux cored arc welding equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use manual MIG, MAG and other continuous wire welding equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines.			
		1.2	Prepare for the MIG, MAG or flux cored-wire arc welding process by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check the condition of, and correctly connect, welding leads/cables, hoses, shielding gas supply and wire feed mechanisms</li> <li>• Set and adjust the welding conditions/parameters, in accordance with the welding procedure specification</li> <li>• Prepare the work area for the welding activities (such as positioning welding screens and fume extraction)</li> <li>• Prepare the materials and joint in readiness for welding (such as cleaning of joint faces, grinding weld preparations, setting up the joint, supporting the joint)</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the welding activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Obtain and prepare the appropriate welding equipment and welding consumables			
		1.5 Use manual/semi-automatic welding and related equipment to include one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MIG</li> <li>• MAG</li> <li>• Flux cored wire welding equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Use consumables appropriate to the material and application, to include: One of the following wire types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid wire</li> <li>• Cored wire</li> </ul> Plus one of the following types of shielding gas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inert</li> <li>• Active</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Prepare and support the joint, using the appropriate methods			
		1.8 Tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding			
		1.9 Weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Produce three of the following welded joints of at least 150mm long, by single or multi-run (as appropriate), with at least one stop and start included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fillet lap joints</li> <li>• Tee fillet joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Produce joints as follows: One type of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> </ul> And two forms of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plate</li> <li>• Section</li> <li>• Sheet (less than 3mm)</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> <li>• Other forms</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Weld joints in good access situations in two of the following BS EN ISO 6947 positions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat (PA)</li> <li>• Horizontal vertical (PB)</li> <li>• Horizontal (PC)</li> <li>• Vertical upwards (PF)</li> <li>• Vertical downwards (PG)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the weld are to the specification			
		1.14 Check that the welded joint conforms to the specification, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Alignment/squareness</li> <li>• Size and profile of weld</li> <li>• Number of runs</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Carry out non-destructive testing of the welds, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dye penetrant</li> <li>• Fluorescent penetrant</li> <li>• Magnetic particle</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16 Carry out destructive tests on weld specimens using one of the following : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Macroscopic examination</li> <li>• Nick break test</li> <li>• Bend tests (such as face, root or side, as appropriate)</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Identify all of the following weld defects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of continuity of the weld</li> <li>• Uneven and irregular ripple formation</li> <li>• Incorrect weld size or profile</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Undercutting</li> <li>• Overlap</li> <li>• Inclusions</li> <li>• Porosity</li> <li>• Internal cracks</li> <li>• Surface cracks</li> <li>• Lack of fusion</li> <li>• Lack of penetration</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.18 Produce welded joints which meet all of the following (with reference to BS 4872 Part 1 Weld test requirements):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welds meet the required dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Fillet welds are equal in leg length and slightly convex in profile, with the size of the fillet equivalent to the thickness of the material welded</li> <li>• The weld contour is linear, of uniform profile, free from excessive undulations, with regular and even ripple formation</li> <li>• The welds are adequately fused, and there is minimal undercut, overlap and surface inclusions</li> <li>• Weld finishes are built up to the full section of the weld</li> <li>• Joins at stop/start positions merge smoothly, with no pronounced hump or crater in the weld surface</li> <li>• Tack welds are blended in to form part of the finished weld, without excessive hump</li> <li>• Corner joints have minimal burn through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate, penetration is present to a maximum depth of 3mm for at least 75% of the joint</li> <li>• The weld surface is free from cracks, and substantially free from porosity, shrinkage cavities and trapped slag</li> <li>• The weld surface and adjacent parent metal is substantially free from arcing or chipping marks</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20	Shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the welding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use manual MIG, MAG and other continuous wire welding equipment	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using MIG, MAG or flux cored wire arc welding equipment (such as general workshop safety; appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); fire prevention; protecting other workers from the effects of the welding arc; safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume extraction/control)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with MIG, MAG or flux cored-wire arc welding (such as live electrical components; poor earthing; the electric arc; fumes and gases; spatter; hot slag and metal; grinding and mechanical metal/slag removal; elevated working; enclosed spaces; slips, trips and falls), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment to be worn for the welding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls; leather aprons, welding gloves/gauntlets; safety boots; head/eye shield with correct shade of filter)			
		2.4	Describe the correct handling and storage of gas cylinders (such as manual handling and use of cylinder trolley, leak detection procedures, relevant BCGA codes of practice, cylinder identification, gas pressures, cylinder and equipment safety features)			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Describe the semi-automatic MIG, MAG or flux cored wire arc welding process (such as basic principles of fusion welding, power sources, the major parts of the welding equipment and their function)			
		2.7	Describe the types, selection and application of electrode wires (such as solid and cored)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the reasons for using shielding gases, and the types and application of the various gases			
		2.9	Describe the gas pressures and flow rates (in relation to the type of material being welded)			
		2.10	Describe the types of welded joints to be produced (such as lap joints, corner joints, tee joints and butt welds)			
		2.11	Describe the terminology used for the appropriate welding positions			
		2.12	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the welding activity (such as ensuring that the material is free from excessive surface contamination - such as rust, scale, paint, oil/grease and moisture; ensuring edges to be welded are correctly prepared - such as made flat, square or bevelled)			
		2.13	Explain how to set up and restrain the joint, and the tools and techniques to be used (such as the use of jigs and fixtures, restraining devices - such as clamps and weights/blocks; setting up the joint in the correct position and alignment)			
		2.14	Describe the tack welding size and spacing (in relation to material thickness)			
		2.15	Describe the checks to be made prior to welding (such as confirming the correct set-up of the joint; the condition of electrical connections, welding return and earthing arrangements; wire feed mechanisms; gas supply; operating parameters)			
		2.16	Describe the techniques of operating the welding equipment to produce a range of joints in the various joint positions (such as fine adjustment of parameters; correct manipulation of the welding gun; blending in stops/starts and tack welds)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Describe the methods/modes of metal transfer and their uses (such as dip, globular, free flight, spray and pulsed)			
		2.18 Explain how to close down the welding equipment safely and correctly			
		2.19 Explain how to control distortion (such as welding sequence; deposition technique)			
		2.20 Describe the problems that can occur with the welding activities (such as causes of distortion and methods of control; effects of welding on materials and sources of weld defects), and how these can be overcome			
		2.21 Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be adopted when preparing the welds for examination (such as handling hot materials, using chemicals for cleaning and etching, using equipment to fracture welds)			
		2.22 Explain how to prepare the welds for examination (such as removing surface irregularities; cleaning the weld, polishing and making saw cuts on welds to be break tested)			
		2.23 Explain how to check the welded joints for uniformity, alignment, position, weld size and profile			
		2.24 Describe the various procedures for visual examination of the welds for cracks, porosity and slag inclusions (such as dye penetrant, fluorescent penetrant; magnetic particle testing)			
		2.25 Describe the various procedures for carrying out destructive tests on the welds (such as macroscopic examination, bend tests, nick break tests)			
		2.26 Describe the methods of removing a specimen of weld from a suitable position in the joint (such as a stop/start position), using a non thermal process (such as hand saws, power saws, abrasive discs)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.27	Explain how to examine the welds after the tests, and how to check for such defects as the degree of penetration and fusion, inclusions, porosity, cracks, undercut and overlap, uneven and irregular ripple formation			
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the welding activities (such as isolation of electrical supplies; safely storing welding cables and electrode holders; storing electrodes; removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 43: Preparing and Using Manual Oxy/Fuel Gas Welding Equipment

Unit reference number: Y/504/6419

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use manual oxy/fuel gas welding equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use manual gas welding equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.2 Prepare for the gas welding process by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check regulators, hoses and check that valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage</li> <li>• Check/fit the correct gas nozzle to the torch</li> <li>• Check that a flashback arrestor is fitted</li> <li>• Set appropriate gas pressures</li> <li>• Use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the welding flame</li> <li>• Use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders</li> <li>• Prepare the work area for the welding activities (such as positioning welding screens and fume extraction)</li> <li>• Prepare the materials and joint in readiness for welding (such as cleaning of joint faces, grinding weld preparations, setting up the joint, supporting the joint)</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3 Plan the welding activities before they start them			
		1.4 Obtain and prepare the appropriate welding equipment and welding consumables			
		1.5 Prepare and support the joint, using the appropriate methods			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6	Tack weld the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final welding		
		1.7	Weld the joint to the specified quality, dimensions and profile		
		1.8	Produce three of the following welded joints of at least 150mm long, by single or multi-run (as appropriate), with at least one stop and start included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fillet lap joints</li> <li>• Tee fillet joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> <li>• Welds made without filler wire (autogenously)</li> </ul> Using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• With filler wire</li> <li>• Without filler wire (autogenously)</li> </ul>		
		1.9	Produce joints in one form of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sheet (less than 3mm)</li> <li>• Plate</li> <li>• Section</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> <li>• Other forms</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Weld joints in good access situations in two of the following BS EN ISO 6947 positions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat (PA)</li> <li>• Horizontal vertical (PB)</li> <li>• Horizontal (PC)</li> <li>• Vertical upwards (PF)</li> <li>• Vertical downwards (PG)</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the weld are to the specification			
		1.12 Check that the welded joint conforms to the specification, by checking all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Alignment/squareness</li> <li>• Size and profile of weld</li> <li>• Number of runs</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Carry out non-destructive testing of the welds, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dye penetrant</li> <li>• Fluorescent penetrant</li> <li>• Magnetic particle</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Carry out destructive tests on weld specimens using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Macroscopic examination</li> <li>• Nick break test</li> <li>• Bend tests (such as face, root or side, as appropriate)</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Identify all of the following weld defects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of continuity of the weld</li> <li>• Uneven and irregular ripple formation</li> <li>• Incorrect weld size or profile</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Undercutting</li> <li>• Overlap</li> <li>• Inclusions</li> <li>• Porosity</li> <li>• Surface cracks</li> <li>• Internal cracks</li> <li>• Lack of fusion</li> <li>• Lack of penetration</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.16 Produce welded joints which meet all of the following (with reference to BS 4872 Part 1 Weld test requirements):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Welds meet the required dimensional accuracy</li> <li>• Fillet welds are equal in leg length and slightly convex in profile (where appropriate), with the size of the fillet equivalent to the thickness of the material welded</li> <li>• The weld contour is linear, of uniform profile, free from excessive undulations, with regular and even ripple formation</li> <li>• The welds are adequately fused, and there is minimal undercut and overlap</li> <li>• Weld finishes are built up to the full section of the weld</li> <li>• Joins at stop/start positions merge smoothly, with no pronounced hump or crater in the weld surface</li> <li>• Tack welds are blended in to form part of the finished weld, without excessive hump</li> <li>• Corner joints have minimal burn through to the underside of the joint or, where appropriate, penetration is present to a maximum depth of 3mm for at least 75% of the joint</li> <li>• The weld surface is free from cracks, and substantially free from porosity, shrinkage cavities and trapped slag</li> <li>• The weld surface and adjacent parent metal is substantially free from spatter or chipping marks</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.18	Shut down and make safe the welding equipment on completion of the welding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use manual gas welding equipment	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be followed when preparing and using manual gas welding equipment (such as general workshop safety; appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); fire and explosion prevention, protecting other workers, safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume extraction/control)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with manual oxy/fuel gas welding (such as naked flames, fumes and gases, explosive gas mixtures, oxygen enrichment, spatter, hot metal, elevated working, welding in enclosed spaces, slips trips and falls), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment to be worn for the welding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls; leather aprons, welding gloves/gauntlets; safety boots; head/eye shield with correct grade of filter)			
		2.4	Describe the correct handling and storage of gas cylinders (such as manual handling and use of cylinder trolley, leak detection procedures, relevant BCGA codes of practice, cylinder identification, gas pressures, cylinder and equipment safety features)			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Describe the manual gas welding process (such as basic principles of gas welding and related equipment; care of the equipment)			
		2.7	Describe the consumables associated with gas welding (such as types of filler wire, fluxes, the types of gas and its supply and control)			
		2.8	Explain how to prepare the welding equipment, and the checks to be made to ensure that it is safe and ready to use (such as connection of hoses, torch, flashback arrestors, hose check valves and regulators)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Explain how to check connections for leaks, and the methods that are used			
		2.10	Explain how to set gas working pressures; reading the gauges to establish content and pressures			
		2.11	Describe the types of welded joints to be produced (such as lap joints, corner joints, tee joints and butt welds)			
		2.12	Describe the terminology used for the appropriate welding positions			
		2.13	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the welding activity (such as ensuring that the material is free from excessive surface contamination - such as rust, scale, paint, oil/grease and moisture; ensuring edges to be welded are correctly prepared - such as made flat, square or bevelled)			
		2.14	Explain how to set up and restrain the joint, and the tools and techniques to be used (such as the use of jigs and fixtures, restraining devices - such as clamps and weights/blocks; setting up the joint in the correct position and alignment)			
		2.15	Describe the tack welding size and spacing (in relation to material thickness)			
		2.16	Describe the techniques of operating the welding equipment to produce a range of joints in the various joint positions (such as selection of nozzle, lighting and adjusting the flame, correct manipulation of torch and filler rods)			
		2.17	Describe the safe and correct sequence for shutting down the equipment (such as sequence of turning off the gases, extinguishing the flame and closing valves on the gas supply/cylinders)			
		2.18	Describe the control of heat input to prevent filler material and parent material faults (such as welding sequence; deposition technique)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the problems that can occur with the welding activities (such as causes of distortion and methods of control; effects of welding on materials and sources of weld defects), and how these can be overcome			
		2.20	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be adopted when preparing the welds for examination (such as handling hot materials, using chemicals for cleaning and etching, using equipment to fracture welds)			
		2.21	Explain how to prepare the welds for examination (such as removing surface irregularities; cleaning the weld, polishing and making saw cuts on welds to be break tested)			
		2.22	Explain how to check the welded joints for uniformity, alignment, position, weld size and profile			
		2.23	Describe the various procedures for visual examination of the welds for cracks, porosity and inclusions (such as dye penetrant, fluorescent penetrant; magnetic particle testing)			
		2.24	Describe the various procedures for carrying out destructive tests on the welds (such as macroscopic examination, bend tests, nick break tests)			
		2.25	Describe the methods of removing a specimen of weld from a suitable position in the joint (such as a stop/start position), using a non thermal process (such as hand saws, power saws, abrasive discs)			
		2.26	Explain how to examine the welds after the tests, and how to check for such defects as the degree of penetration and fusion, inclusions, porosity, cracks			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the gas welding activities (such as isolation of gas cylinders; safely storing cylinders, hoses and torches; storing filler rods; removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 44: Preparing and Using Manual Flame Brazing and Braze Welding Equipment

Unit reference number: L/504/6420

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours: 61**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and use manual flame brazing and braze welding equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and use manual flame brazing and braze welding equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.2 Prepare for the manual flame brazing or braze welding process by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check that hoses, regulators and valves are securely connected and free from leaks and damage</li> <li>• Check/fit the correct size gas nozzle to the torch</li> <li>• Check that a flashback arrestor and check valves are fitted</li> <li>• Set appropriate gas pressures</li> <li>• Use the correct procedure for lighting, adjusting and extinguishing the flame</li> <li>• Use appropriate and safe procedures for handling and storing of gas cylinders (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Prepare the work area for the activities (such as positioning screens and fume extraction equipment)</li> <li>• Prepare the materials and joint in readiness for brazing or braze welding (such as cleaning of joint faces, setting up the joint, supporting the joint)</li> <li>• Make sure the work area is maintained and left in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3 Plan the brazing or braze welding activities before they start them			
		1.4 Obtain and prepare the appropriate manual flame brazing or braze welding equipment and consumables			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Set up, check, adjust and use both of the following manual flame processes and related equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brazing</li> <li>• Braze welding</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Use specified consumables appropriate to the parent metals, to include one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Self fluxing rods</li> <li>• Flux coated/impregnated rods</li> <li>• Powder/paste flux and rods</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Prepare and support the joint, using the appropriate methods			
		1.8 Tack the joint at appropriate intervals, and check the joint for accuracy before final brazing or braze welding			
		1.9 Produce the brazed or braze welded joints of the required quality and of specified dimensional accuracy			
		1.10 Produce joints in two of the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Copper to copper</li> <li>• Brass to brass</li> <li>• Copper to brass</li> <li>• Copper to carbon</li> <li>• Other appropriate materials</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce joints in good access situations, covering two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lap joints</li> <li>• Tee joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> <li>• Socket joints</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Produce joints in the following positions: For brazing, use one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horizontal flow</li> <li>• Vertical down flow</li> <li>• Vertical up flow</li> </ul> For braze welding, use one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat position</li> <li>• Horizontal-vertical position</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Produce joints in both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sheet/plate</li> <li>• Pipe/tube</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Use appropriate methods and equipment to check the quality, and that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the joint are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Carry out destructive tests on weld specimens, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Macroscopic examination</li> <li>• Nick break test</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Identify all of the following brazing and braze welding defects: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lack of continuity of the brazed and braze welded joint</li> <li>• Uneven and irregular ripple formation</li> <li>• Incorrect joint size or profile</li> </ul> Plus three more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Overlap</li> <li>• Inclusions</li> <li>• Porosity</li> <li>• Surface cracks</li> <li>• Lack of penetration</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Produce brazed and braze welded components which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Achieve the specified joint quality</li> <li>• Meet the required dimensional accuracy within specified tolerance</li> <li>• Are of good appearance, free from flux residues and excess filler metal</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.18	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19	Shut down and make safe the brazing or braze welding equipment on completion of the activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and use manual flame brazing and braze welding equipment	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be observed when working with manual flame gas brazing and braze welding equipment (such as general workshop safety; appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE); fire and explosion prevention, protecting other workers, safety in enclosed/confined spaces; fume extraction/control)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with flame brazing and braze welding (such as naked flames, explosive gas mixes, oxygen enrichment, fumes and gasses, hot metal, enclosed spaces), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment to be worn for the brazing and braze welding activities (such as correctly fitting overalls; leather aprons, eye protection with the appropriate shade of filter)			
		2.4	Describe the correct handling and storage of gas cylinders (such as manual handling and use of cylinder trolley, leak detection procedures, relevant BCGA codes of practice, cylinder identification, gas pressures, cylinder and equipment safety features)			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Describe the manual flame brazing and braze welding process (such as basic principles of the process, wetting and capillary flow, deposition of brazed beads, role of fluxes)			
		2.7	Describe the types of filler metal and fluxes; forms of filler metal			
		2.8	Describe the types of joints to be produced (such as lap, tee, corner, butt)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Explain how to set up and support the joint (such as methods of cleaning joint faces; use of jigs and fixtures, restraining devices; self-locating joints; pre-placement of filler metal and flux)			
		2.10 Explain how to prepare the brazing and braze welding equipment, and the checks to be made to ensure that it is safe and ready to use (such as connection of hoses, torch, flashback arrestors, hose check valves and regulators)			
		2.11 Explain how to check hose connections for leaks, and the methods that are used			
		2.12 Explain how to set gas working pressures; reading the gauges to establish content and pressures			
		2.13 Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the brazing and braze welding activity (such as ensuring that the material is free from surface contamination -such as rust, scale, paint, oil/grease and moisture; ensuring edges to be brazed/braze welded are correctly prepared - such as made flat, square)			
		2.14 Describe the correct use of the torch to produce a range of joints (such as selection of nozzle, adjustment of the flame, application of flux and the correct manipulation of torch and filler wire)			
		2.15 Describe the control of heat input to prevent filler material and parent material faults (such as brazing/braze welding sequence; deposition technique)			
		2.16 Describe the safe and correct sequence for shutting down the brazing or braze welding equipment (such as sequence of turning off the gases, extinguishing the flame and closing valves on gas supply/cylinders)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the importance of complying with job instructions and the joining procedure specification			
		2.18	Describe the problems that can occur with the joining activities (such as incorrect heat pattern (hot or cold spots); fluxing technique; formation of oxides during the process; distortion of the joint due to overheating), and how these can be overcome			
		2.19	Describe the methods of removing flux residues and cleaning the finished joint			
		2.20	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be adopted when preparing the brazed and braze welded joints for examination (such as handling hot materials, using chemicals for cleaning, using equipment to fracture joints)			
		2.21	Explain how to prepare the joints for examination (such as removing surface irregularities; cleaning and degreasing the brazed or braze welded joint, making saw cuts on joints to be fracture tested)			
		2.22	Explain how to check the brazed or braze welded joints for uniformity, alignment, position, joint size and profile			
		2.23	Describe the various procedures for carrying out destructive tests on the joints (such as macroscopic examination and nick break tests)			
		2.24	Explain how to examine the joints after the tests and check for such defects as the degree of penetration, inclusions, porosity, cracks			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the brazing or braze welding activities (such as isolation of gas cylinders; safely storing cylinders, hoses and torches; storing filler rods; removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 45: Producing Electrical or Electronic Engineering Drawings Using a CAD System**

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6421

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce electrical or electronic engineering drawings using a CAD system. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce electrical or electronic engineering drawings using a CAD system	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.2 Prepare the CAD system for operation by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that all the equipment is correctly connected and in a safe and usable working condition (such as cables undamaged, correctly connected, safely routed, PAT tested)</li> <li>• Power up the equipment and activate the appropriate drawing software</li> <li>• Set up the drawing system to be able to produce the drawing to the appropriate scale</li> <li>• Set up and check that all peripheral devices are connected and correctly operating (such as keyboard, mouse, light pen, digitiser/tablet, scanner, printer, plotter)</li> <li>• Set the drawing datum at a convenient point (where applicable)</li> <li>• Set up drawing parameters (to include layers, lines type, colour, text styles) to company procedures or to suit the drawing produced</li> <li>• Create a drawing template to the required standards, which includes all necessary detail (such as title, drawing number, scale, material, date)</li> </ul>			
		1.3 Plan the drawing activities before they start them			
		1.4 Use appropriate sources to obtain the required information for the drawing to be created			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Use three of the following to obtain the necessary data to produce the required drawings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drawing brief/request</li> <li>• Drawing change or modification request</li> <li>• Manuals</li> <li>• Calculations (such as Ohm's law)</li> <li>• Sketches</li> <li>• Specifications</li> <li>• Electrical regulations</li> <li>• Previous drawings/designs</li> <li>• Standards</li> <li>• Standard reference documents (such as current carrying capacity of cables, electrical or electronic component catalogues)</li> <li>• Notes from meetings/discussions</li> <li>• Other available data</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Take into account four of the following design features, as appropriate to the drawing being produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function</li> <li>• Operating environment</li> <li>• Tolerances</li> <li>• Physical space/dimensions of circuit</li> <li>• Component orientation</li> <li>• Operating voltages</li> <li>• Cost</li> <li>• Interfaces</li> <li>• Power supplies</li> <li>• Connectors/test point access</li> <li>• Ergonomics</li> <li>• Lifetime of the product</li> <li>• Aesthetics</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Types of components available/to be used</li> <li>• Position of circuit elements/components</li> <li>• Connections between components</li> <li>• Method of installation (such as conduit, trunking, traywork)</li> <li>• Type of cables (such as PVC, mineral insulated)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uses an appropriate type of circuit (such as digital, analogue, hybrid)</li> <li>• Uses appropriate technology of circuit design (such as single sided, double sided, multi-layer, flexi-rigid)</li> <li>• Meets signal integrity parameters (such as capacitance, inductance, resistance, insulation voltages)</li> <li>• Meets specified operating conditions (such as temperature, humidity, shock and vibration)</li> <li>• Any assembly/manufacturing schedule constraints (such as high profile components mounted after low profile SMT ones)</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Carry out all of the following before producing the engineering drawing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that data and information are complete and accurate</li> <li>• Review the data and information to identify the drawing requirements</li> <li>• Recognise and deal with problems (such as information based, technical)</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Access and use the correct drawing software			
		1.9 Use appropriate techniques to create drawings, in the required formats, that are sufficiently and clearly detailed			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Produce three of the following types of electrical or electronic engineering drawings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Circuit diagrams</li> <li>• Wiring diagrams</li> <li>• Block diagrams</li> <li>• Schematics</li> <li>• System drawings</li> <li>• General assembly drawings</li> <li>• Panel assembly</li> <li>• Cable and routing</li> <li>• Circuit board assembly</li> <li>• Circuit board layout</li> <li>• Installation/commissioning</li> <li>• Manufacture of cable looms</li> <li>• Fault diagnostics (such as flow diagrams)</li> <li>• Modifications to equipment/systems (such as cable looms, cable routing and clipping, panels/sub-assemblies, installation of electrical systems)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce electrical or electronic drawings which include ten of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight lines</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Angled lines</li> <li>• Text</li> <li>• Insertion of standard electrical or electronic components</li> <li>• Type and size of cables</li> <li>• Connection/termination details</li> <li>• Electrical/electronic symbols and abbreviations</li> <li>• Fault diagnosis (such as flow diagrams)</li> <li>• Curved/contour lines</li> <li>• Circles or ellipses</li> <li>• Hidden detail</li> <li>• Parts lists</li> <li>• Test points</li> <li>• Colour/component coding</li> <li>• Parts lists</li> <li>• Other specific electrical or electronic detail</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Use codes and other references that follow the required conventions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce drawings which comply with the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS and ISO standards and procedures</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines</li> <li>• Statutory regulations and codes of practice</li> <li>• CAD software standards</li> <li>• Other international standards</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Make sure that the drawings are checked and approved by the appropriate person			
		1.15 Save and store drawings in appropriate locations, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that their drawing has been checked and approved by the appropriate person(s)</li> <li>• Check that the drawing is correctly titled and referenced</li> <li>• Save the drawing to an appropriate storage medium (such as hard drive, DVD, external storage device)</li> <li>• Create a separate backup copy, and place it in safe storage</li> <li>• Produce a hard copy printout of the drawing for file purposes</li> <li>• Register and store the drawings in the appropriate company information system (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Where appropriate, record and store any changes to the drawings in the appropriate company information system</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Save the drawings in the appropriate medium and location			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Produce hard copies of the finished drawings			
		1.18	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19	Shut down the CAD system to a safe condition on completion of the drawing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce electrical or electronic engineering drawings using a CAD system	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with computer systems (to include safety guidance relating to the use of visual display unit (VDU) equipment and work station environment (such as lighting, seating, positioning of equipment), repetitive strain injury (RSI); the dangers of trailing leads and cables; how to spot faulty or dangerous electrical leads, plugs and connections)			
		2.2	Describe good housekeeping arrangements (such as cleaning down work surfaces; putting storage devices, manuals and unwanted items of equipment into safe storage; leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition)			
		2.3	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.4	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.5	Describe the relevant sources and methods for obtaining any required technical information relevant to the drawing being produced (such as drawing briefs, specification sheets, request for changes or modifications to drawings; technical information such as cable current carrying capacity, component values or coding systems, component pin configurations)			
		2.6	Describe the functionality of the circuit being drawn, and its interrelationship with other circuits and assemblies			
		2.7	Describe the correct startup and shutdown procedures to be used for the computer systems			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.8	Describe the identification of the correct drawing software package from the menu or windows environment; the various techniques that are available to access and use the CAD software (such as mouse, menu or tool bar, light pens, digitisers and tablets, printers or plotters, and scanners)			
	2.9	Describe the use of software manuals and related documents to aid efficient operation of the relevant drawing system			
	2.10	Explain how to deal with system problems (such as error messages received, peripherals which do not respond as expected, obvious faults with the equipment or connecting leads)			
	2.11	Describe the types of electrical or electronic drawings that may be produced by the software (such as circuit and wiring diagrams, block and schematic diagrams, assembly and installation drawings)			
	2.12	Describe the national, international and organisational standards and conventions that are used for the drawings			
	2.13	Explain how to set up the drawing template parameters (such as layers of drawings, scale, paper size, colour set-up, line types, dimension system and text styles)			
	2.14	Describe the application and use of drawing tools (such as for straight lines, curves and circles; how to add dimensions and text to drawings, producing layers of drawings)			
	2.15	Explain how to access, recognise and use a wide range of standard components and symbol libraries from the CAD equipment			
	2.16	Describe the factors to be taken into account when producing electrical drawings (such as safety requirements, operating parameters of components, position of components in relation to other sources or circuits, possibility of external interference)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe their understanding of the electrical or electronic equipment and circuits being worked on, and the function of the individual components within the circuits			
		2.18	Describe the selection of the various components and cables being used (with regard to their operating ranges and current carrying capacity)			
		2.19	Describe the use of specific regulations and standard reference tables when selecting components and cables			
		2.20	Explain how power cables might affect/corrupt signal transmission, and the need to consider this in siting and routing cables			
		2.21	Describe the basic calculations that may be required to be carried out to verify the acceptability of components and circuits (such as Ohm's Law)			
		2.22	Explain how to save and store drawings (such as determining document size; how to check that there is sufficient space to save the file in their chosen destination; saving and naming the file/drawing)			
		2.23	Describe the need to create backup copies, and to file them in a separate and safe location			
		2.24	Explain how to produce hard copies of the drawings, and the advantages and disadvantages of printers and plotters			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the drawing activities (such as correctly isolated, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 46:**

# **Wiring and Testing Electrical Equipment and Circuits**

**Unit reference number:** Y/504/6422

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to wire and test electrical equipment and circuits. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Wire and test electrical equipment and circuits	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following activities during the wiring and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of services during the wiring and testing activities</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, circuit drawings and test procedures at all times</li> <li>• Check that tools and test instruments to be used are within calibration date, and are in a safe and usable condition, including PAT tested</li> <li>• Ensure that the electrical system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply procedures and precautions to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the wiring and testing activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Wire up three of the following electrical systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Domestic lighting circuits</li> <li>• Domestic power circuits</li> <li>• Motor start and control</li> <li>• Vehicle heating or ventilating</li> <li>• Vehicle lighting</li> <li>• Vehicle starting and ignition</li> <li>• Instrumentation and control circuits</li> <li>• Alarm systems (such as fire, intruder, process control)</li> <li>• Electro-pneumatic or electro-hydraulic control circuits</li> <li>• Other control circuits (such as pumps, fans, blowers, extractors)</li> <li>• Air conditioning control circuits</li> <li>• Refrigeration control circuits</li> <li>• Heating/boiler control circuits</li> <li>• Aircraft lighting circuits</li> <li>• Power generation and control circuits</li> <li>• Avionic circuits and systems</li> <li>• Emergency lighting systems</li> <li>• Communication systems</li> <li>• Computer systems</li> <li>• Other specific electrical circuits</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the wiring and testing activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Use appropriate sources to obtain the required specifications, circuit diagrams and test information			
		1.6	Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the wiring and testing operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.7	Use two of the following test instruments during the wiring and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Insulation resistance tester</li> <li>• Polarity tester/indicator</li> <li>• RCD tester</li> <li>• Earth-loop impedance tester</li> <li>• Other specific test equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.8	Mount and secure the electrical components safely and correctly, to meet specification requirements			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9	Wire circuits using three of the following types of cables: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single core</li> <li>• Multicore</li> <li>• PVC twin and earth</li> <li>• Flexible (such as cotton or rubber covered)</li> <li>• Data/communication</li> <li>• Fibre-optics</li> <li>• Screened</li> <li>• Coaxial</li> <li>• Ribbon cables</li> <li>• Mineral insulated</li> <li>• Armoured</li> <li>• Wiring loom/harness</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Connect up ten of the following electrical modules/components to produce circuits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolators</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Sockets</li> <li>• Contactors</li> <li>• Motor starters</li> <li>• Solenoids</li> <li>• Relays</li> <li>• Alarm devices</li> <li>• Motors</li> <li>• Pumps</li> <li>• Heaters</li> <li>• Blowers</li> <li>• Lamp holders</li> <li>• Panel lamps</li> <li>• Luminaires</li> <li>• Ballast chokes</li> <li>• Consumer units</li> <li>• Residual current device (RCD)</li> <li>• Instruments</li> <li>• Transformers</li> <li>• Panels or sub-assemblies</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Control devices</li> <li>• Cable connectors</li> <li>• Fuses</li> <li>• circuit breakers</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Actuators</li> <li>• Junction boxes</li> <li>• Terminal blocks</li> <li>• Electronic modules/units</li> <li>• Other electrical components</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Install and terminate the cables to the appropriate connections on the components			
		1.12 Apply wiring methods and techniques to include six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positioning and securing of equipment and components</li> <li>• Levelling and alignment of components</li> <li>• Determining current rating and lengths of cables required</li> <li>• Securing by using mechanical fixings (such as screws, nuts and bolts)</li> <li>• Laying in cables without twisting or plaiting</li> <li>• Feeding cables into conduit without twisting or plaiting</li> <li>• Leaving sufficient slack for termination and movement</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Carry out eight of the following cable termination activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stripping cable sheaths without damage to conductor insulation</li> <li>• Removing cable insulation</li> <li>• Connecting accessories (such as plugs, sockets multi-way connectors)</li> <li>• Making mechanical/screwed/clamped connections</li> <li>• Crimping (such as spade end, loops, tags and pins)</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering</li> <li>• Terminating armoured cables</li> <li>• Terminating mineral insulated cables</li> <li>• Sealing/protecting cable connections</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification</li> <li>• Securing wires and cables (such as clips, plastic strapping, lacing, harnessing)</li> <li>• Heat shrinking (devices and boots)</li> <li>• Earth bonding</li> <li>• Cable glands and grips</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Use appropriate test methods and equipment to check that the completed circuit is safe and meets all aspects of the specification			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.15 Carry out checks and adjustments, appropriate to the equipment and circuits being wired, to include three of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making visual checks (such as completeness, signs of damage, incorrect termination)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Testing that the equipment operates to the circuit specification</li> <li>• Carrying out fault finding techniques (such as half-split, input/output, unit substitution)</li> </ul> <p>Plus three more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protective conductor resistance values</li> <li>• Insulation resistance values</li> <li>• Continuity</li> <li>• Voltage levels</li> <li>• Load current</li> <li>• Polarity</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Capacitance</li> <li>• Power rating</li> <li>• Frequency values</li> <li>• Inductance</li> <li>• RCD disconnection time</li> <li>• Specialised tests (such as speed, sound, light, temperature)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Produce electrical circuits in accordance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• BS 7671/IET wiring regulations</li><li>• Other BS and/or ISO standards</li><li>• Company standards and procedures</li></ul>			
		1.17	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.18	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to wire and test electrical equipment and circuits	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when wiring and testing electrical equipment (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with wiring and testing electrical equipment, and with the tools and equipment used, (such as using sharp instruments for stripping cable insulation), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise victims of electric shock			
		2.5	Explain how to reduce the risks of a phase to earth shock (such as insulated tools, rubber mating and isolating transformers)			
		2.6	Describe the interpretation of circuit diagrams, wiring diagrams, and other relevant specifications (including BS and ISO schematics, wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of operation of the equipment/circuits being produced, and the purpose of the individual modules/components used			
		2.8	Describe the different types of cabling and their application (such as multicore cables, single core cables, solid and multi-stranded cables, steel wire armoured (SWA), mineral insulated (MI), screened cables, data/communications cables, fibre-optics)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the application and use of a range of electrical components (such as plugs, switches, sockets, lighting and fittings, junction boxes, consumer units, relays, solenoids, transformers, sensors and actuators)			
		2.10 Describe the application and use of circuit protection equipment (such as fuses and other overload protection devices, trips, residual current device (RCD))			
		2.11 Explain how to check that components meet the required specification/operating conditions (such as values, tolerance, current carrying capacity, voltage rating, power rating, working temperature range)			
		2.12 Describe the methods of mounting and securing electrical equipment/components to various surfaces (such as the use of nuts and bolts, screws and masonry fixing devices)			
		2.13 Explain how to check that the positions selected for mounting the components do not interfere with or damage existing services (such as cable harnesses, pipework or electricity supplies)			
		2.14 Describe the methods of laying in or drawing cables into conduit, trunking and traywork systems, and the need to ensure the cables are not twisted or plaited			
		2.15 Describe the techniques used to terminate electrical equipment (such as plugs and sockets; soldering; screwed, clamped and crimped connections, glands and sealed connectors)			
		2.16 Describe the use of BS7671/IET wiring regulations when selecting wires and cables and when carrying out tests on systems			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the methods of attaching markers/labels to components or cables to assist with identification (such as colour coding conductors, using coded tabs)			
		2.18	Describe the tools and equipment used in the wiring and testing activities (including the use of cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons and torches, gland connecting tools)			
		2.19	Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, and are in a safe, PAT tested, calibrated and usable condition			
		2.20	Describe the importance of conducting inspections and checks before connecting to the supply (such as visual examination for loose or exposed conductors, excessive solder or solder spikes which may allow short circuits to occur, strain on terminations, insufficient slack cable at terminations, continuity and polarity checks, insulation checks)			
		2.21	Describe the care, handling and application of electrical test and measuring instruments (such as multimeter, insulation resistance tester, loop impedance test instruments)			
		2.22	Explain how to apply approved test procedures; the safe working practices and procedures required when carrying out the various tests, and the need to use suitably fused test probes and clips			
		2.23	Explain how to identify suitable test points within the circuit, and how to position the test instruments into the circuit whilst ensuring the correct polarity and without damaging the circuit components and the test equipment			
		2.24	Explain how to set the instrument's zero readings; obtaining instrument readings and comparing them with circuit parameters			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Explain why electrical bonding/earthing is critical, and why it must be both mechanically and electrically secure			
		2.26	Describe the problems that can occur with the wiring and testing operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.27	Describe the fault-finding techniques to be used if the equipment fails to operate correctly (such as half split, unit substitution and input/output)			
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 47:**

## **Forming and Assembling Electrical Cable Enclosure and Support Systems**

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6423

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 13

**Guided learning hours:** 65

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to form and assemble electrical cable enclosure and support systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Form and assemble electrical cable enclosure and support systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the electrical cable enclosure forming and assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions and assembly/installation drawings at all times</li> <li>• Ensure that the electrical cable enclosure system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the installation activities</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Form and assemble the following types of electrical cable enclosures/support systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Metal conduit systems</li> </ul> Plus one more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non-metallic conduit systems</li> <li>• Non-metallic trunking systems</li> <li>• Metal trunking system</li> <li>• Traywork systems</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the assembly and installation of the cable enclosure system before they start			
		1.5 Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the cutting, forming and assembly operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.6 Cut and form the cable enclosure components to the required size and shape, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Construct cable enclosures/support system components, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Selecting the correct type and size of conduit, trunking or traywork (with regard to number of cables and climatic conditions)</li> <li>• Cutting the materials to the correct lengths (taking into account allowances for bends or joints required)</li> <li>• Removing all burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• Producing external threads on conduit</li> <li>• Producing or fabricating bends, up to and including 90°</li> <li>• Producing or fabricating bends over 90°</li> <li>• Making tee/multiple junctions in trunking/traywork (where applicable)</li> <li>• Producing or fabricating offsets</li> <li>• Producing or fabricating bridge/saddle sets</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Assemble the cable enclosure system, using the appropriate connectors			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Assemble cable enclosure/support systems that include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bends/elbows (solid or inspection type)</li> <li>• Boxes (such as circular or square, terminal or multi branch)</li> <li>• Horizontal runs</li> <li>• Vertical drops</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight connectors/couplings</li> <li>• Tee pieces (such as solid or inspection type)</li> <li>• Reducers</li> <li>• Conversion units and adaptors</li> <li>• Cross over units (such as bridge or saddle sets)</li> <li>• Off sets</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Mount and secure the cable enclosure components safely and correctly to meet the specification requirements			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Apply all of the following installation methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Marking out the location of the trunking, traywork or conduit</li> <li>• Positioning and securing the trunking, traywork or conduit using mechanical fixings</li> <li>• Drilling and preparing holes for the trunking, traywork or conduit</li> <li>• Levelling and alignment of the wiring enclosures and components</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed, and that the finished assembly is secure and meets the required specification			
		1.13 Check the completed assembly, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checking for level and alignment</li> <li>• Checking that all connections are secure</li> <li>• Checking that sufficient supports are used and that they are correctly spaced</li> <li>• Checking that correct outlets are used (such as for sockets, switches, light fittings, wire junction and inspection fittings)</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Produce cable enclosure/support systems in accordance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS 7671/IET wiring regulations</li> <li>• Other BS and/or ISO standards</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the forming and assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to form and assemble electrical cable enclosure and support systems	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when forming and assembling cable enclosure/support systems (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with forming and assembling cable enclosure/support systems, and with the tools and equipment used (such as using bending and forming equipment, handling long lengths of pipe and trunking, using solvents and adhesives), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the interpretation of circuit and wiring diagrams, and specifications used for the installation (including BS and ISO schematics, wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.5	Describe the various types of electrical cable enclosure and support systems used, and their typical applications			
		2.6	Describe the factors to be taken into account when choosing metallic or non-metallic systems, and the effects of ambient temperatures within conduit and trunking systems			
		2.7	Describe the marking out lengths to be cut, taking into account any allowances (such as for bending, screwing, gluing)			
		2.8	Describe the methods of holding workpieces without damaging them (such as the use of a pipe vice)			
		2.9	Describe the tools and equipment used in the cutting, bending and forming operations (such as the use of conduit bending machines, threading equipment, hot air torches and bending springs)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the methods of producing bends and sets in conduit materials (such as 90° bends, offsets, bridge sets)			
		2.11	Describe the methods of bending plastic conduit (such as using hot air guns and springs)			
		2.12	Explain how to produce fabricated bends in trunking and traywork section material (such as bends, tee junctions, double and saddle sets)			
		2.13	Describe the methods of forming screw threads on ends of conduit, and of using appropriate tools to remove all sharp edges and burrs			
		2.14	Describe the various fittings used to assemble conduit, trunking and traywork systems (including screwed fittings, cemented fittings, straight connectors, bends, tees, inspection fittings, light, power and control outlet boxes)			
		2.15	Describe the importance and use of inspection fittings (such as elbows and junction boxes)			
		2.16	Describe the problems to look for when checking finished components/installations (such as dimensional checks, position and angle of bends/sets, out of alignment, loose connections, insufficient supports, damaged threads, deformed pipe around area of bend, burrs and sharp edges that could damage cables, ensuring that trunking lengths are free from swarf or other obstructions before connecting into the system)			
		2.17	Explain how to join the system components (such as using screw fittings, cemented fittings, fabricated components, nuts and bolts)			
		2.18	Explain how to check alignment of components (including use of plumb bobs, levels and by visual means)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the methods of supporting and securing the components (such as position and spacing of supporting brackets and devices, using pipe clips, saddles and supports)			
		2.20	Describe drilling masonry, and the types and application of masonry fixing devices used in installation work			
		2.21	Describe the need to ensure that components are clear of services (such as gas water or electricity) before drilling walls			
		2.22	Describe the problems that can occur with the installation operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.23	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.24	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly/installation activities (such as returning tools and equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 48: Assembling, Wiring and Testing Electrical Panels/Components Mounted in Enclosures

Unit reference number: H/504/6424

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble, wire and test electrical panels/components mounted in enclosures. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble, wire and test electrical panels/components mounted in enclosures	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.2 Carry out all of the following during the mounting of the electrical components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and test procedures at all times</li> <li>• Ensure that the components are free from damage, foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe, tested and usable condition</li> <li>• Prepare the electrical components and enclosures for the assembly operations</li> <li>• Use safe and approved techniques to mount the electrical components in the enclosures</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply procedures and precautions to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards (such as the use of grounded wrist straps and mats)</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3 Plan the electrical assembly, wiring and testing activities before they start them			
		1.4 Use appropriate sources to obtain the required specifications, circuit diagrams, components, assembly and test information			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the assembly and test operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.6	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Mount electrical components on panels or into enclosures, to include twelve of the following items: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enclosure partitions</li> <li>• Component mounting plates</li> <li>• Component marking</li> <li>• Trunking</li> <li>• Conduit</li> <li>• Contactors</li> <li>• Overload and other relays</li> <li>• Transformers/chokes</li> <li>• Circuit breakers/fuses</li> <li>• Panel meters (voltage, current)</li> <li>• Terminal blocks/junction boxes</li> <li>• Safety interlocks</li> <li>• Isolators</li> <li>• Bases for plug-in devices</li> <li>• Switches (push button, toggle)</li> <li>• Capacitors</li> <li>• Resistors</li> <li>• Rectifiers</li> <li>• Timers</li> <li>• Power supplies</li> <li>• Circuit boards</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thermistors/thermocouples</li> <li>• Indicators (lamps, LEDs)</li> <li>• Thermostats</li> <li>• Busbars</li> <li>• Soft starters</li> <li>• Variable speed drives</li> <li>• Limit switches</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Programmable controllers</li> <li>• Plugs/sockets</li> <li>• Grommets/grommet strip</li> <li>• Lighting fixtures</li> <li>• Batteries</li> <li>• Connector rails</li> <li>• Solenoids</li> <li>• Other specific components</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Use ten of the following methods and techniques (and the appropriate tools) during the wiring activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cable forming/bending</li> <li>• Cable supporting/tying</li> <li>• Cable/wire clamping</li> <li>• Cable protection (such as sleeving, grommets)</li> <li>• Cable/wire crimping</li> <li>• Insulation stripping</li> <li>• Making screwed connections</li> <li>• Soldering (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Cable routing</li> <li>• Connecting pre-formed looms</li> <li>• Wire marking/colour coding</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Carry out eight of the following activities during the mounting of the electrical components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Setting working clearance</li> <li>• Drilling</li> <li>• Filing</li> <li>• Riveting</li> <li>• Sawing/cutting</li> <li>• Forming</li> <li>• Aligning components</li> <li>• Torque setting fasteners</li> <li>• Earth bonding</li> <li>• Securing using mechanical fasteners/threaded devices</li> <li>• Punching</li> <li>• Applying sealants/adhesives</li> <li>• Clamping</li> <li>• Crimping</li> <li>• Component marking</li> <li>• Making screw connections</li> <li>• Measuring</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Wire up electrical components on panels or in enclosures, using two of the following cable/wire types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single core cable</li> <li>• Multicore cable</li> <li>• Laminated copper</li> <li>• Data/communication cable</li> <li>• Mineral insulated cable</li> <li>• Screened cable</li> <li>• Fibre-optic</li> <li>• Braided copper</li> <li>• Twisted pair/ribbon cable</li> <li>• Other specialist cable</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Secure the components, using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.12 Wire and terminate cables to the appropriate connections on the components			
		1.13 Use appropriate test methods and equipment to check that the completed assembly is safe and meets all aspects of the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Carry out quality checks, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positional accuracy of all components</li> <li>• Correct orientation</li> <li>• Correct alignment</li> <li>• Component security</li> <li>• Security of all terminations</li> <li>• Correct termination of all wires to components</li> <li>• Completeness</li> <li>• Ensuring enclosure is free of debris (such as cable offcuts/insulation, enclosure/trunking breakouts)</li> <li>• Ensuring freedom from damage</li> </ul> Plus all of the following electrical checks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuity of cable/wiring connections (such as battery and lamp checks)</li> <li>• Earth continuity</li> <li>• Polarity</li> <li>• Protective conductor resistance values</li> <li>• Insulation resistance</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Assemble electrical components on panels or in enclosures, in accordance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS7671/IET wiring regulations</li> <li>• Other BS or ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the electrical assembly and testing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble, wire and test electrical panels/components mounted in enclosures	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when assembling, wiring and testing electrical components mounted in enclosures (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with assembling, wiring and testing electrical panels (such as using sharp instruments for stripping cable insulation, use of soldering irons, carrying out insulation tests), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the precautions to be taken to prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage to circuits and sensitive components (such as use of earthed wrist straps, anti-static mats, special packaging and handling areas)			
		2.5	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise victims of electric shock			
		2.6	Explain how to reduce the risks of a phase to earth shock (such as insulated tools, rubber matting and isolating transformers)			
		2.7	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, circuit and physical layouts, charts, specifications, graphical electrical symbols, BS and ISO wiring regulations, and other documents needed for the electrical component mounting, wiring and testing activities			
		2.8	Describe the basic principle of operation of the equipment/circuits being assembled and wired, and the purpose of individual components within the circuit			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the assembly methods and techniques to be used when wiring electrical panels or components mounted in enclosures (such as cable stripping, soldering, crimping, securing cables using cable ties, lacing/strapping of wires)			
		2.10	Describe the type of components and sub-assemblies that are used in the assembly activities (such as contactors, relays, circuit breakers/fuses, solenoids, switches, transformers, ballast chokes, terminal blocks, sub-assemblies)			
		2.11	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the components and enclosure, prior to the mounting activities			
		2.12	Explain how the components are to be aligned and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment that are used			
		2.13	Explain how to identify any orientation requirements, values or polarity for the components used in the electrical wiring activities			
		2.14	Describe the methods of attaching identification markers/labels during electrical assembly activities			
		2.15	Describe the different types of cabling, and their application (such as multicore cables, single core cables, single insulated, double insulated, steel wire armoured (SWA), mineral insulated (MI), screened cables)			
		2.16	Explain why electrical bonding/earthing is critical, and why it must be both mechanically and electrically secure			
		2.17	Describe the use of BS7671/IET wiring, and other regulations, when selecting wires and cables and when carrying out tests on electrical circuits			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18 Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the assembly produced (such as visual checks for completeness and freedom from damage to conductors or components, mechanical checks for security of components and connections, ingress protection, electrical checks for electrical continuity and earth continuity, insulation resistance and polarity checks)			
		2.19 Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, are in a safe, tested, calibrated and usable condition, and are configured correctly for the intended purpose			
		2.20 Describe the problems that can occur with the wiring and testing operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.21 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22 Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the electrical assembly and wiring activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to the designated locations, cleaning the work area, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 49:**                      **Assembling and Testing Electronic Circuits**

**Unit reference number:**    **K/504/6425**

**QCF level:**                      **2**

**Credit value:**                **14**

**Guided learning hours:**    **64**

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble and test electronic circuits. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble and test electronic circuits	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.2 Carry out all of the following during the electronic assembly and testing activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and test procedures at all times</li> <li>• Ensure that the components are free from damage, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Prepare the electronic components for the assembly operations (such as pre-forming and cleaning pins)</li> <li>• Use safe and approved techniques to mount the electronic components on the circuit boards</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe, tested and usable condition</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply procedures and precautions to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards (such as the use of grounded wrist straps and mats)</li> <li>• Follow clean work area protocols, where appropriate</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Assemble one of the following circuit types: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single-sided circuit</li> <li>• Flexible circuit</li> <li>• Thick film circuit</li> <li>• Double-sided circuit</li> <li>• Thin film circuit</li> <li>• Hybrid circuit</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the electronic assembly, wiring and testing activities before they start them			
		1.5 Use appropriate sources to obtain the required specifications, circuit diagrams, component assembly and test information			
		1.6 Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the assembly and test operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.7 Assemble circuits using four of the following tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heat shunts/tweezers</li> <li>• Snipe or long nosed pliers</li> <li>• Sleeving pliers</li> <li>• Component forming devices</li> <li>• Wire strippers</li> <li>• Side or end cutters</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners (screwdriver, spanners)</li> <li>• Anti-static packaging, mats and straps</li> <li>• Specialised assembly tools/equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			
		1.9	Assemble electronic components using two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manual soldering techniques</li> <li>• Surface mount techniques</li> <li>• Mechanical fixing methods</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Assemble circuits to the required specification, to include using fifteen of the following types of component: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fixed resistors</li> <li>• Variable resistors</li> <li>• Potentiometers</li> <li>• Light dependent resistors (LDR)</li> <li>• Fixed capacitors</li> <li>• Variable capacitors</li> <li>• Electrolytic capacitors</li> <li>• Diodes</li> <li>• Zener diodes</li> <li>• Light emitting diodes (LEDs)</li> <li>• Transistors</li> <li>• Thyristors</li> <li>• Thermistors</li> <li>• Analogue or digital integrated circuits</li> <li>• Surface mount packages</li> <li>• Rectifiers</li> <li>• Switches</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mini transformers</li> <li>• Decoders</li> <li>• Regulators</li> <li>• Encoders or resolvers</li> <li>• Inverters or servo controllers</li> <li>• Edge connectors</li> <li>• Wiring pins/tags/wire links</li> <li>• Fixing spacers</li> <li>• Insulators</li> <li>• Small heat sinks</li> <li>• Cables</li> <li>• Cable connectors</li> <li>• Protection devices</li> <li>• Opto-electronics/optical fibre components</li> <li>• Relays</li> <li>• Inductors</li> <li>• Other specific electronic components</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.11 Assemble electronic components to produce five of the following types of circuit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audio amplifiers</li> <li>• Signal converters</li> <li>• Signal generators</li> <li>• Counter/timers</li> <li>• Oscillators</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Microprocessor based applications (such as PIC chips)</li> <li>• Comparators</li> <li>• Power amplifiers</li> <li>• Motor control</li> <li>• Regulated power supplies</li> <li>• Logic function controls</li> <li>• Display circuits</li> <li>• Sensor/actuator circuit (such as linear, rotational, temperature, photo-optic, flow, level, pressure)</li> <li>• Digital circuit (such as process control, microprocessor, logic devices, display devices)</li> <li>• Signal processing circuit (such as frequency modulating/demodulating, amplifiers, filters)</li> <li>• Alarms and protection circuits</li> <li>• ADC and DAC hybrid circuits</li> <li>• Other specific circuit</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	Secure the components, using the specified connectors, securing devices and soldering techniques			
		1.13	Wire and terminate cables to the appropriate connections on the circuit boards			
		1.14	Use appropriate test methods and equipment to check that the completed assembly is safe and meets all aspects of the specification			
		1.15	Carry out visual checks on the completed circuits, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Soldered joints are clean, shiny, free from solder spikes, bridges, holes, excess solder and flux</li> <li>• Components are correctly mounted for best physical support, and are correctly orientated</li> <li>• Excess component leads have been trimmed off to the standard required</li> <li>• Circuit tracks are free from faults (such as lifting, breaks, bridges, hot spots)</li> <li>• There are no obvious signs of damage, to components or to the substrate</li> <li>• All required connectors, wire links, spacers and other ancillary items are in place</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16 Use five of the following types of test equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Oscilloscope</li> <li>• Logic probe/clip</li> <li>• Logic analyser</li> <li>• Pulse sequencing analyser</li> <li>• Counter/timers</li> <li>• Signature analysers</li> <li>• Protocol analyser</li> <li>• Signal generator</li> <li>• Signal tracer</li> <li>• Stabilised power supplies</li> <li>• Measuring bridges</li> <li>• Software diagnostic programs</li> <li>• Data communications test set</li> <li>• Bus exerciser/analyser</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Carry out checks, adjustments and fault rectification where appropriate to the circuits being assembled, to include six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Logic states</li> <li>• DC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• AC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• Clock/timer switching</li> <li>• Oscillations</li> <li>• Attenuation</li> <li>• Pulse width/rise time</li> <li>• Open/short circuit</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Capacitance</li> <li>• Waveform analysis</li> <li>• Inductance</li> <li>• Frequency modulation/demodulation</li> <li>• Amplification</li> <li>• Signal noise/interference levels</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Produce electronic circuits in accordance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS or ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Other international standard</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the electronic assembly and testing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble and test electronic circuits	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when assembling and testing electronic circuits (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with assembling and testing electronic circuits (such as heat, toxic fumes, spilled/splashed chemicals/solder, static electricity, using sharp instruments for stripping cable insulation, connecting clips/probes into circuits), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the precautions to be taken to prevent electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage to electronic circuits and components (such as use of earthed wrist straps, anti-static mats, special packaging and handling areas)			
		2.5	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise victims of electric shock			
		2.6	Explain how to reduce the risks of a phase to earth shock (such as insulated tools, rubber mating and isolating transformers)			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from circuit diagrams, block and schematic diagrams, equipment manuals, data sheets, test procedures and instructions (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Describe the various types of circuit boards used (such as printed circuit boards, thin film, thick film and flexible film circuitry)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Explain how to recognise, read the values and identify polarity and any other orientation requirements for all electronic components being used in the assemblies (such as capacitors, diodes, transistors, integrated circuit chips, and other discrete through-hole or surface-mounted components)			
		2.10 Explain how to check that components meet the required specification/operating conditions (such as values, tolerance, current carrying capacity, voltage rating, power rating, working temperature range)			
		2.11 Describe the basic principles of operation of the electronic circuits being assembled, and the purpose of the individual modules/components within the circuits			
		2.12 Describe the application and use of circuit protection equipment (such as fuses and other overload protection devices)			
		2.13 Describe the preparation requirements for components to be used in the assembly (such as pre-forming component pins/legs)			
		2.14 Describe the methods of mounting and securing electronic components to various surfaces (such as the use of manual soldering techniques, surface mount technologies and mechanical fixing devices, use of heat sinks/shunts)			
		2.15 Describe the methods of attaching markers/labels to components or cables to assist with identification (such as colour coding conductors, using coded tabs)			
		2.16 Describe the use calculations and regulations, when selecting wires and cables and when carrying out tests on electronic circuits			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the importance of making visual checks of the completed assembly (such as examination for excessive solder or solder spikes which may allow short circuits to occur, correct orientation of components for pin configuration or polarity, obvious signs of damage (such as heat damage) or strain on terminations)			
		2.18	Describe the tools and equipment used in the electronic assembly activities (including the use of cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons, specialist assembly tools)			
		2.19	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are in a safe and serviceable condition, are used correctly and are returned to their correct location on completion of the assembly activities			
		2.20	Describe the care, handling and application of electronic test and measuring instruments (such as multimeter, oscilloscope, signal generators, stabilised power supplies, logic probes/analyzers, measuring bridges)			
		2.21	Explain how to check that test equipment is safe to use (such as condition of power cables, using suitably fused test probes, clips and leads); how to check that equipment is within current calibration approval dates, and PAT tested; checking that the test equipment is suitable for the tests they are to carry out and can cover the range and values they are to measure			
		2.22	Explain how to connect to an approved power supply and, where appropriate, signal source; identifying correct test points in the circuit; how to position test instruments into circuits without damaging circuit components (such as using test probes, ensuring correct polarity, taking antistatic precautions); setting instrument zero readings; obtaining instrument readings and comparing them with expected results			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.23	Explain how to make adjustments to circuit components; making decisions on circuit performance and faulty components; removal and replacement of faulty components			
		2.24	Describe the fault-finding techniques to be used when the equipment fails to operate correctly (such as half split, unit substitution and input/output)			
		2.25	Describe the problems that can occur with the assembling and testing operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.26	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.27	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the electronic assembly and testing activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 50: Maintaining Electrical Equipment/Systems**

**Unit reference number:** M/504/6426

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to maintain electrical equipment/systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Maintain electrical equipment/ systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the electrical maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as electrical, mechanical, gas, air or fluids), where appropriate</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe, PAT tested and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out maintenance/repair activities on two of the following types of electrical equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Electrical plant</li> <li>• Wiring enclosures</li> <li>• Portable appliances</li> <li>• Generators</li> <li>• Alternators</li> <li>• Motors and starters</li> <li>• Heaters</li> <li>• Luminaires</li> <li>• Switchgear</li> <li>• Distribution panels</li> <li>• Transformers</li> <li>• Pumps</li> <li>• Fans/blowers</li> <li>• Other specific electrical equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			
		1.5 Obtain all the information they need for the safe removal and replacement of the equipment/system components			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.7 Apply appropriate maintenance diagnostic techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use four of the following maintenance diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as six point, half-split, input/output, unit substitution)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> <li>• Information gathered from fault reports</li> <li>• Visual checks (such as signs of damage, overheating, missing parts, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as voltage, resistance, current)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.10 Carry out maintenance/repair activities on three of the following electrical systems:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single-phase lighting circuits</li> <li>• Single-phase power circuits</li> <li>• Three-phase power supplies</li> <li>• Direct current power supplies</li> <li>• Motor start and control</li> <li>• Vehicle heating or ventilating</li> <li>• Vehicle lighting</li> <li>• Vehicle starting and ignition</li> <li>• Instrumentation and control circuits</li> <li>• Alarm systems (such as fire, intruder, process control)</li> <li>• Electro-pneumatic or electro-hydraulic control circuits</li> <li>• Air conditioning control circuits</li> <li>• Refrigeration control circuits</li> <li>• Heating/boiler control circuits</li> <li>• Aircraft lighting circuits</li> <li>• Power generation and control circuits</li> <li>• Avionic circuits and systems</li> <li>• Emergency lighting systems</li> <li>• Communication systems</li> <li>• Computer systems</li> <li>• Other control systems</li> <li>• Other specific electrical systems</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Carry out all of the following maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing excessive dirt and grime</li> <li>• Dismantling/disconnecting equipment to the required level</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires and cables</li> <li>• Stripping cable insulation/protection</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification markers</li> <li>• Removing electrical units/components</li> <li>• Removing/replacing cable end fittings</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Making mechanical/screwed/clamped connections</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering</li> <li>• Crimping (such as tags and pins)</li> <li>• Replacing damaged/defective components</li> <li>• Removing and replacing damaged wires and cables</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before reconnecting power supply</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Replace/refit a range of electrical components, to include six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cables and connectors</li> <li>• Locking and retaining devices</li> <li>• Overload protection devices</li> <li>• Inverter and servo controllers</li> <li>• Relay components</li> <li>• Rectifiers</li> <li>• Capacitors</li> <li>• Circuit boards</li> <li>• Luminaires</li> <li>• Switches or sensors</li> <li>• Contactors</li> <li>• Encoders or resolvers</li> <li>• Batteries</li> <li>• Transformers</li> <li>• Solenoids</li> <li>• Thermistors or thermocouples</li> <li>• Other specific components</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Carry out tests on the maintained equipment, in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Carry out checks and tests on the maintained equipment, to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making visual checks for completeness and freedom from damage</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protective conductor resistance values</li> <li>• Insulation resistance values</li> <li>• Continuity</li> <li>• Voltage levels</li> <li>• Load current</li> <li>• Polarity</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Capacitance</li> <li>• Power rating</li> <li>• Frequency values</li> <li>• Inductance</li> <li>• RCD disconnection time</li> <li>• Specialised tests (such as speed, sound, light, temperature)</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Maintain electrical equipment, in accordance with one or more of the following quality and accuracy standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS 7671/IET wiring regulations</li> <li>• Other BS and/or ISO standards</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's requirements</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to maintain electrical equipment/ systems	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the electrical maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the isolation and lock-off procedure or permit-to-work procedure that applies to electrical maintenance activities (to include electrical isolation, locking off switchgear, removal of fuses, placing of maintenance warning notices, proving that isolation has been achieved and secured)			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out electrical maintenance activities (such as dangers of electric shock, capacitor discharge, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down maintenance procedures), and how to minimise them			
		2.4	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise and deal with victims of electric shock (to include methods of safely removing the victim from the power source, isolating the power source, and how to obtain first aid assistance)			
		2.5	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the maintenance activities			
		2.7	Explain how to obtain and interpret information from job instructions and other documentation used in the maintenance activities (such as drawings, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, BS and ISO wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.8	Describe the basic principles of how the equipment functions, and the working purpose of individual units/components			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the various maintenance diagnostic techniques and aids that can be used (such as fault reports, visual checks, measuring, movement and alignment checks, testing)			
		2.10	Describe the various fault location techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			
		2.11	Explain how to use a range of fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem			
		2.12	Describe the care, handling and application of electrical measuring instruments			
		2.13	Describe the different types of cabling used in the maintenance activities, and their methods of termination			
		2.14	Describe the techniques used to dismantle/assemble electrical equipment (such as unplugging, de-soldering, removal of screwed, clamped and crimped connections)			
		2.15	Describe the methods of removing and replacing cables and wires in wiring enclosures without causing damage to existing cables			
		2.16	Describe the use of BS 7671/IET wiring, and other regulations, when selecting wires and cables and when carrying out tests on systems			
		2.17	Describe the methods of attaching identification markers/labels to removed components or cables, to assist with re-assembly			
		2.18	Describe the tools and equipment used in the maintenance activities (such as the use of cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons and torches, gland connecting tools)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19 Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose, and the need to replace 'lified' items (such as seals and gaskets overload protection devices)			
		2.20 Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, and are in a safe and usable condition			
		2.21 Describe the importance of completing documentation and/or reports following the maintenance activity			
		2.22 Describe the importance of making 'off-load' checks before proving the equipment with the electrical supply on			
		2.23 Explain how to use appropriate lifting and handling equipment in the maintenance activity			
		2.24 Describe the problems that can occur during the electrical maintenance activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.25 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26 Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 51: Maintaining Electronic Equipment/Systems

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6427

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to maintain electronic equipment/systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Maintain electronic equipment/ systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Take electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions when handling sensitive components and circuit boards</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe, PAT tested and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> <li>• Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out maintenance/repair activities on three of the following types of electronic equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Power supplies (such as switched mode, series regulation, shunt regulation)</li> <li>• Motor control systems (such as closed loop servo/proportional control, inverter control)</li> <li>• Sensor/actuator circuit (such as linear, rotational, temperature, photo-optic, flow, level, pressure)</li> <li>• Digital circuit (such as process control, microprocessor, logic devices, display devices)</li> <li>• Signal processing circuit (such as frequency modulating/demodulating, amplifiers, filters)</li> <li>• Alarms and protection circuits</li> <li>• ADC and DAC hybrid circuits</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			
		1.5 Obtain all the information they need for the safe removal and replacement of the equipment/system components			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.7 Apply appropriate maintenance diagnostic techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use four of the following maintenance diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as six point, input/output, half-split, unit substitution)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> <li>• Information gathered from the person who reported the fault</li> <li>• Visual checks (such as signs of damage, overheating, missing parts, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as voltage, resistance, current, waveform)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out all of the following maintenance techniques and procedures during the repair activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing excessive dirt and grime</li> <li>• Dismantling/disconnecting equipment to the required level</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires and cables</li> <li>• Checking the condition/deterioration of components</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering</li> <li>• Repairing circuit board tracks</li> <li>• Removing and replacing electronic units/circuit boards</li> <li>• Removing and replacing electronic components</li> <li>• Making adjustments to components and/or connections</li> <li>• Re-assembling of units or sub-assemblies</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Replace/refit a range of electronic components, to include twelve of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cables and connectors</li> <li>• Printed circuit boards</li> <li>• Fixed resistors</li> <li>• Variable resistors</li> <li>• Potentiometers</li> <li>• Light dependent resistor (LDR)</li> <li>• Fixed capacitors</li> <li>• Variable capacitors</li> <li>• Electrolytic capacitors</li> <li>• Mini transformers</li> <li>• Rectifiers</li> <li>• Thermistors</li> <li>• Thyristors</li> <li>• Transistors</li> <li>• Diodes</li> <li>• Zener diodes</li> <li>• Light emitting diodes (LEDs)</li> <li>• Sensors</li> <li>• Heat sinks</li> <li>• Protection devices</li> <li>• Surface mount packages</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Integrated circuits</li> <li>• Decoders</li> <li>• Regulators</li> <li>• Encoders or resolvers</li> <li>• Inverters or servo controllers</li> <li>• Analogue or digital integrated circuits</li> <li>• Edge connectors</li> <li>• Switches</li> <li>• Wiring pins/tags/wire links</li> <li>• Opto-electronics/optical fibre components</li> <li>• Relays</li> <li>• Inductors</li> <li>• Protection devices</li> <li>• Surface mount packages</li> <li>• Integrated circuits</li> <li>• Decoders</li> <li>• Regulators</li> <li>• Encoders or resolvers</li> <li>• Inverters or servo controllers</li> <li>• Analogue or digital integrated circuits</li> <li>• Edge connectors</li> <li>• Switches</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiring pins/tags/wire links</li> <li>• Opto-electronics/optical fibre components</li> <li>• Relays</li> <li>• Inductors</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Use the correct joining/connecting techniques to deal with three of the following types of connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Push-fit connectors</li> <li>• Soldering or de-soldering</li> <li>• Clip assemblies</li> <li>• Threaded connections</li> <li>• Crimped connections</li> <li>• Zero insertion force (zif) connectors</li> <li>• Adhesive joints/assemblies</li> <li>• Edge connectors</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Carry out tests on the maintained equipment, in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.14 Carry out checks and tests on the maintained equipment, to include both of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual checks (such as for solder bridges, dry joints, incorrect value components, signs of damage, missing components)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose wires and connections, incorrectly seated devices/packages)</li> </ul> <p>Plus three more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Logic states</li> <li>• DC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• AC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• Clock/timer switching</li> <li>• Oscillations</li> <li>• Attenuation</li> <li>• Pulse width/rise time</li> <li>• Open/short circuit</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Capacitance</li> <li>• Wave form analysis</li> <li>• Inductance</li> <li>• Frequency modulation/demodulation</li> <li>• Amplification</li> <li>• Signal noise/interference levels</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Use five of the following types of test equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Oscilloscope</li> <li>• Logic probe/clip</li> <li>• Logic analyser</li> <li>• Pulse sequencing analyser</li> <li>• Counter-timers</li> <li>• Signature analysers</li> <li>• Protocol analyser</li> <li>• Signal generator</li> <li>• Signal tracer</li> <li>• Stabilised power supplies</li> <li>• Measuring bridges</li> <li>• Software diagnostic programs</li> <li>• Data communications test set</li> <li>• Bus exerciser/analyser</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Carry out maintenance activities on electronic equipment, in accordance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines and codes of practice</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's operation range</li> <li>• BS and ISO standards</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.18	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to maintain electronic equipment/ systems	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the electronic maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the isolation and lock-off procedure or permit-to-work procedure that applies to the electronic repair activities and the electronic equipment or circuits being worked on (such as electrical isolation, locking off switchgear, removal of fuses, placing maintenance warning notices, proving that isolation has been achieved and secured)			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with maintaining electronic equipment, and with the tools and equipment that are used (such as live electrical components, capacitor discharge, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down maintenance procedures), and how these can be minimised			
		2.4	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise and deal with victims of electric shock (to include methods of safely removing the victim from the power source, isolating the power source, and how to obtain first aid assistance)			
		2.5	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise and deal with victims of electric shock (to include methods of safely removing the victim from the power source, isolating the power source, and how to obtain first aid assistance)			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7	Explain how to extract information from job instructions, drawings and data (such as circuit diagrams, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, test procedures and other documents needed to carry out repairs)			
		2.8	Describe the procedures and precautions to be adopted to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards			
		2.9	Describe the basic principles of how the electronic circuit functions, and the working purpose of individual units/components			
		2.10	Describe the various maintenance diagnostic techniques and aids that can be used (such as fault reports, visual checks, measuring, movement and alignment checks, testing; fault location using techniques such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			
		2.11	Describe the care, handling and application of electronic measuring instruments/fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem (such as multimeter, oscilloscope, signal generators, logic probes/analyzers, measuring bridges)			
		2.12	Explain how to check that test equipment is safe to use (such as condition of power cables, using suitably fused test probes, clips and leads); how to check that equipment is within current calibration approval dates and PAT tested; checking that the test equipment is suitable for the tests they are to carry out and can cover the range and values they are to measure			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.13	Explain how to connect to an approved power supply and, where appropriate, signal source; identifying correct test points in the circuit; how to position test instruments into circuits without damaging circuit components (such as using test probes, ensuring correct polarity, taking antistatic precautions); setting instrument zero readings; obtaining instrument readings and comparing them with expected results			
	2.14	Describe the application of Ohm's Law and relevant calculations (including units of electronic measurement and their multiples and sub-multiples)			
	2.15	Describe the use of calculations and other regulations, when selecting wires and cables and when carrying out tests on electronic circuits			
	2.16	Explain how to make adjustments to circuit components; making decisions on circuit performance and faulty components; removal and replacement of faulty components			
	2.17	Explain how to check that the replacement components meet the required specification/operating conditions (such as values, tolerance, current-carrying capacity, ambient temperatures, connection orientation)			
	2.18	Describe the methods of removing and replacing the faulty components from the equipment (such as unplugging, de-soldering, removal of screwed, clamped, edge connected, zero insertion force, and crimped connections) without causing damage to other components, wiring, circuit boards or the surrounding structure			
	2.19	Describe the tools and equipment used in the repair activities (including the use of wire-stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons, insertion devices and connecting tools); how to check that they are in a safe and usable condition			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the sequence for reconnecting the equipment, and the checks to be made prior to restoring power (such as checking components for correct polarity, ensuring that there are no exposed conductors, cable insulation is not damaged, all connections are mechanically and electrically secure, casings are free from loose screws, there are no wire ends or solder blobs/spikes that could cause short circuits, and all fuses/protection devices are installed)			
		2.21	Describe the importance of making de-energised checks before proving the equipment with the electrical supply on			
		2.22	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly			
		2.23	Describe the documentation and/or reports to be completed following the maintenance activity, and the importance of ensuring that these reports are completed accurately and legibly			
		2.24	Describe the problems that can occur with the electronic equipment maintenance activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 52:**

# **Maintaining and Testing Process Instrumentation and Control Devices**

**Unit reference number:** A/504/6428

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to maintain and test process instrumentation and control devices. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Maintain and test process instrumentation and control devices	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the instrumentation maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Where appropriate, ensure the safe isolation of instruments (such as electrical, pneumatic, process)</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the equipment/system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out maintenance activities on two of the following types of instrumentation and control systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure</li> <li>• Fluid level</li> <li>• Fluid flow</li> <li>• Temperature measurement</li> <li>• Fire detection</li> <li>• Gas detection</li> <li>• Emergency shutdown</li> <li>• Speed measurement</li> <li>• Noise</li> <li>• Vibration monitoring</li> <li>• Nucleonic and radiation measurement</li> <li>• Telemetry systems</li> <li>• Weight measurement</li> <li>• Alarm systems</li> <li>• Environmental</li> <li>• Other specific system</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			
		1.5 Obtain all the information they need for the safe removal and replacement of the instruments and/or sensors			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.7 Apply appropriate maintenance diagnostic techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Use four of the following maintenance diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as input/output, half-split, unit substitution)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> <li>• Information gathered from the person who reported the fault</li> <li>• Visual checks (such as signs of damage, leaks, missing parts, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment or gauges</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as voltage, resistance, current)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required instruments/sensors			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out all of the following instrumentation maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing excessive dirt and grime</li> <li>• Taking electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Disconnecting supply/signal connections</li> <li>• Removing instruments from the system</li> <li>• Dismantling equipment to the required level</li> <li>• Labelling/markings of components</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lived' items (such as seals, gaskets)</li> <li>• Replacing instruments/devices in the system</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting components</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque</li> <li>• re-connecting instrumentation pipework and power supply</li> <li>• Checking signal transmission is satisfactory</li> <li>• Replacing or repairing damaged/defective components (such as electrical, mechanical and back-up batteries)</li> <li>• Functionally testing the maintained equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Use four of the following types of instrumentation test and calibration equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Signal sources</li> <li>• Standard test gauges</li> <li>• Analogue or digital meters</li> <li>• Digital pressure indicators</li> <li>• Calibrated flow meters</li> <li>• Special-purpose test equipment</li> <li>• Pressure sources</li> <li>• Comparators</li> <li>• Manometers</li> <li>• Current injection devices</li> <li>• Calibrated weights</li> <li>• Logic probes</li> <li>• Temperature baths</li> <li>• Workshop potentiometers</li> <li>• Dead weight testers</li> <li>• Insulation testers</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Carry out tests on sensing elements and associated instruments			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Set up and test sensing elements and/or stand alone instruments, to include three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure (such as bourdon tube gauge, capsule/diaphragm gauge, pressure transducers)</li> <li>• Temperature (such as thermocouple, resistance thermometers, liquid in steel thermometer)</li> <li>• Flow (such as differential pressure systems, balanced flow meters, positive displacement)</li> <li>• Level (such as displacer systems, purged dip leg, capacitance probes, differential pressure systems, ultrasonic probes)</li> <li>• Other instruments/sensing elements (such as fire or gas detection, noise or vibration, speed or weight)</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Maintain instrumentation and control systems, in accordance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines and codes of practice</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's operation range</li> <li>• BS and ISO standards</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to maintain and test process instrumentation and control devices	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the instrumentation maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the isolation and lock-off procedure or permit-to-work procedure that applies to the system and instruments being worked on, and how to check that any stored energy in pipework and instruments has been released			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out instrumentation and control maintenance activities (such as live electrical components, process controller interface, stored pressure/force, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down maintenance procedures), and how to minimise them			
		2.5	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise and deal with victims of electric shock (to include methods of safely removing the victim from the power source, isolating the power source, and how to obtain first aid assistance)			
		2.6	Describe the procedures and precautions to be adopted to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD)			
		2.7	Explain how to obtain and interpret information from job instructions and other documents needed for the maintenance activities (such as drawings, circuit and physical layouts, charts, specifications, manufacturers' manuals, history/maintenance reports, symbols and terminology, BS and ISO wiring regulations)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the basic principles of operation of the instrumentation being maintained (to include pressure, temperature, level and flow instrument sensors)			
		2.9	Explain how to identify the various instrument sensors (including how to identify their markings, calibration information, component values, operating parameters and working range)			
		2.10	Describe the various maintenance diagnostic techniques and aids that can be used (such as flow charts, fault reports, visual checks, measuring, movement and alignment checks, testing)			
		2.11	Describe the various fault location techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			
		2.12	Explain how to select and use a range of fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem			
		2.13	Describe the care, handling and application of instrumentation and control measuring instruments			
		2.14	Describe the reasons for making sure that control systems are isolated or put into manual control, and that appropriate trip locks or keys are inserted, before removing any sensors or instruments from the system, and the consequences of failing to do this			
		2.15	Describe the techniques used to dismantle/remove the equipment (such as release of pressures/force, proof marking to aid assembly, plugging exposed pipe/component openings, dealing with soldered joints, screwed, clamped and crimped connections)			
		2.16	Describe the methods of attaching identification marks/labels to removed components or cables, to assist with reassembly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose, and the need to replace batteries, boards and other failed items			
		2.18 Describe the correct way of re-fitting instruments to avoid faulty readings (such as caused by head correction, poor flow past the sensor, blockages, incorrect wiring, poor insulation or incorrect materials)			
		2.19 Explain how to carry out visual checks of the instruments (such as security of joints and physical damage)			
		2.20 Describe the need to carry out tests and calibration checks on the various sensing elements and stand alone instruments, and the use of standard calibration charts and tables			
		2.21 Describe the types and application of standard test equipment (such as pressure sources, deadweight tester, temperature baths, signal sources and comparators)			
		2.22 Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects and are in a safe, calibrated, PAT tested and usable condition			
		2.23 Describe the approved methods of carrying out the tests on each type of instrument/sensor; setting instrument zero readings; obtaining instrument readings and comparing them with the circuit parameters; making adjustments to instrument/circuit components			
		2.24 Describe the generation of maintenance documentation and/or reports following the maintenance activity			
		2.25 Describe the problems that can occur during the maintenance of the instrumentation and control system, and how they can be overcome			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.26	Describe the organisational procedure to be adopted for the safe disposal of waste of all types of materials			
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 53:**

## **Wiring and Testing Programmable Controller Based Systems**

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6429

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to wire and test programmable controller-based systems. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Wire and test programmable controller based systems	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the wiring and testing of the programmable controller equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of services during the wiring activities</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, wiring drawings and test procedures at all times</li> <li>• Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration date and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the programmable controller system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply procedures and precautions</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the installation activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Connect and test equipment for one of the following types of programmable controller systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitoring system</li> <li>• Process/product control system</li> <li>• Diagnostic system</li> <li>• Combination system</li> <li>• Building services system</li> <li>• Other specific system</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Plan the programmable controller wiring and testing activities before they start them			
		1.5 Use appropriate sources to obtain the required circuit diagrams, wiring, programming and test information			
		1.6 Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the wiring and testing operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.7 Use two of the following test instruments during the wiring and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Multimeter</li> <li>• Programming devices (such as loader terminal, hand held programmer, personal computer)</li> <li>• Signal generator</li> <li>• Network testing equipment</li> <li>• Other specific test equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Position and secure the programmable controller components and peripheral devices safely and correctly, to meet specification requirements			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.9 Connect up and test one of the following types of programmable controller equipment/components:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Unitary controller units</li> <li>• Rack mounted controller units</li> <li>• Modular controller units</li> </ul> <p>Plus five more items from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sensors (such as inductive, proximity, temperature, colour, optical)</li> <li>• Actuators (such as pneumatic or hydraulic)</li> <li>• Switches (such as emergency stop, limit, pressure)</li> <li>• Valves (such as pneumatic or hydraulic)</li> <li>• Safety interlocks</li> <li>• Motor starters</li> <li>• Barcode scanners</li> <li>• PC peripheral devices</li> <li>• Analogue to digital modules</li> <li>• PID (proportional, integral, derivative) controller</li> <li>• Modems</li> <li>• Printer's panels and sub-assemblies</li> <li>• Electrical wires and cable connections</li> <li>• Signal transmission components/cables</li> <li>• Overload protection devices</li> <li>• Other devices</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Connect and terminate the cables to the appropriate connections on the components			
		1.11 Apply wiring and connection methods and techniques, to include five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Locating and securing equipment in the correct positions</li> <li>• Making mechanical/screwed/clamped connections</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering connections</li> <li>• Sealing and protecting cable connections</li> <li>• Crimping (such as tags and pins)</li> <li>• Connecting all input and output devices</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification</li> <li>• Routeing and securing wires and cables</li> <li>• Using heat shrinking devices or boots</li> <li>• Stripping cable insulation/protection</li> <li>• Adding cable end fittings</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Develop programmable controller programs, using the appropriate techniques and programming language			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Develop programs which use one of the following, as applicable to the type of controller and programming software: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ladder and logic diagrams</li> <li>• Function block diagrams</li> <li>• Statement/instruction lists</li> <li>• Structured text</li> <li>• Sequential function charts</li> <li>• Other specific programming language</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Use appropriate test methods and equipment to check and prove the program integrity			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Prove and edit the programmable logic controller program, using five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single block run</li> <li>• Program save/store facilities</li> <li>• Search facilities</li> <li>• Program override controls</li> <li>• Taking test measurements</li> <li>• Using monitoring mode</li> <li>• Using process simulation techniques (forcing contacts on/off)</li> <li>• Edit facilities</li> <li>• Data input facilities</li> <li>• Program full run</li> <li>• Graphic displays</li> <li>• Counter and timer settings</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Wire up and test programmable controllers, in accordance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's specification/operation range</li> <li>• BS7671/IET wiring regulations</li> <li>• Other BS and/or ISO standards</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.18 Use three of the following diagnostic techniques, tools and aids: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual checks (such as signs of damage, missing parts, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose fittings and connections)</li> <li>• Fault finding techniques (such as input/output, half-split, unit substitution)</li> <li>• Diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, logic diagrams, troubleshooting guides)</li> <li>• Test instrumentation measurement (such as continuity, voltage, resistance, current)</li> <li>• Controller error warning lights/displays</li> </ul>			
		1.19 Carry out all of the following on completion of the programming activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check and review program format and content</li> <li>• Edit programs using the correct procedure (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Check that the program is correctly titled and referenced</li> <li>• Ensure that programs are stored safely and correctly in the correct format</li> <li>• Create a separate backup copy of the program in case of file corruption</li> </ul>			
		1.20 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to wire and test programmable controller based systems	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required when wiring and testing programmable controller equipment			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with wiring and testing programmable controller equipment, and with the tools and equipment used (such as live electrical components, process controller interface, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down procedures), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.5	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.6	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise victims of electric shock			
		2.7	Explain how to reduce the risks of a phase to earth shock (such as insulated tools, rubber mating and isolating transformers)			
		2.8	Describe the interpretation of circuit and wiring diagrams, and specifications used for the wiring and testing activities (including BS and ISO schematics, wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.9	Describe the basic principles of operation of the programmable controller equipment/circuits being connected and tested, and the purpose of the individual modules/components used (such input and output devices)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the techniques used to connect programmable controller equipment (such as plugs, soldering, screwed, clamped and crimped connections) and if the controller is sinking or sourcing the required current to operate the input/output devices			
		2.11	Describe the use of BS 7671/IET wiring, and other regulations, when selecting wires and cables, and when carrying out tests on systems			
		2.12	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the wiring (such as visual checks for completeness and freedom from damage to conductors or components, mechanical checks for security of components and connections, ingress protection, electrical checks for electrical continuity and earth continuity, insulation resistance and polarity checks)			
		2.13	Describe the main programmable controller types that are available, and the importance of understanding that a different programmable controller may use completely different codes for similar functions			
		2.14	Describe the programming languages commonly used with programmable controller based systems (such as structured, ladder, statement lists, logic function blocks, Boolean algebra)			
		2.15	Describe the common programmable controller numbering systems (such as binary, octal, decimal, hexadecimal, binary coded decimal (BCD))			
		2.16	Describe the different programming codes used to identify factors such as sensor inputs, actuator and other outputs, process management and auxiliary functions			
		2.17	Describe the information and data required in order to produce a complete and accurate programmable controller program, and how to translate the operating criteria into logic programming format			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18 Describe the factors to be taken into account when producing programs (including the type of programmable controller (unitary, modular, rack mounted) and its control capabilities); safety considerations and the product/environment being controlled by the process			
		2.19 Describe the methods and procedures used to check that the completed program will control the required parameters safely, accurately and efficiently (such as checking the program for errors against expected performance with regard to sequence of operations; checking that programmed instructions cover all operational requirements; using monitoring devices and test measurements to check inputs and outputs; using techniques such as 'force on- force off' to simulate process conditions; checking that failsafe devices and system emergency stops are operating correctly)			
		2.20 Explain how to identify system errors, and how to search a program within the programmable controller for specific elements and rectify the causes of the errors			
		2.21 Explain how to save the completed programs in the appropriate format and the need to store the program safely and correctly, away from contaminants and possible corruption			
		2.22 Explain how to back up completed or edited programs, and the implications if this is not carried out effectively			
		2.23 Describe the fault-finding techniques to be used when the equipment fails to operate correctly			
		2.24 Describe the problems that can occur with the wiring and testing operations, and how these can be overcome			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to its designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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*(if sampled)*

# **Unit 54:**

## **Using Wood for Pattern, Modelmaking and Other Engineering Applications**

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6430

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to use wood for pattern, modelmaking and other engineering applications. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Use wood for pattern, modelmaking and other engineering applications	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the cutting and shaping activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain all the necessary information to carry out the cutting and shaping activities (drawings, specifications)</li> <li>• Check that the equipment to be used are fit for purpose, and is in a safe, tested and usable condition (such as hand tools, machines and machine cutting tools)</li> <li>• Ensure that the work area is free from hazards</li> <li>• Ensure that all machine guards and safety devices are correctly positioned</li> <li>• Check that dust extraction equipment is functioning correctly</li> <li>• Set and adjust the machines to produce the components to the required specification</li> <li>• Use safe and approved hand and machine shaping techniques at all times</li> <li>• Maintain the cutting tools in a serviceable condition</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the pattern, model or engineering woodworking activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Identify and isolate any materials that have defects, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structural</li> <li>• Cosmetic</li> <li>• Dimensional</li> <li>• Distortion</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.6 Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.7 Use marking out methods and techniques, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct marking, using instruments</li> </ul> Plus one more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of templates</li> <li>• Tracing/transfer methods</li> <li>• Other specific method</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Use a range of marking out equipment, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pencil</li> <li>• Marking knife</li> <li>• Rule or tape</li> <li>• Straight edge</li> <li>• Square</li> <li>• Protractor or sliding bevel</li> <li>• Dividers, compass or trammels</li> <li>• Marking gauge</li> </ul>			
		1.9	Mark out material, to include all of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Datum and centre lines</li> <li>• Square/rectangular profiles</li> <li>• Cutting detail</li> <li>• Circles</li> <li>• Hole centring and outlining</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Joints</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Assembly positions</li> </ul>			
		1.10	Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.11 Use hand tools to cut and shape materials, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rip saws</li> <li>• Tenon saws</li> <li>• Chisels/gouges</li> <li>• Jack or smoothing planes</li> <li>• Drills/braces</li> <li>• Sanding blocks/paper</li> </ul> <p>Plus two more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fret/bow saws</li> <li>• Rebating planes</li> <li>• Spokeshaves</li> <li>• Files/rasps</li> <li>• Portable powered hand tools</li> <li>• Other specific hand tools</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Use fixed and portable machines, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Circular saw</li> <li>• Planer/thicknesser</li> <li>• Bench or pedestal drill</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Band saw</li> <li>• Sander (such as face, belt, bobbin)</li> <li>• Router</li> <li>• Morticer/tenoner</li> <li>• Combing machine</li> <li>• Lathe</li> <li>• Spindle moulder (single or double)</li> <li>• Other special purpose machine</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.13 Produce components which combine different features and cover all of the following profiles:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat faces</li> <li>• Parallel faces</li> <li>• Square faces</li> <li>• Angular/tapered faces</li> <li>• Curved profiles</li> <li>• Drilled holes</li> <li>• Countersunk/counterbored holes</li> </ul> <p>Plus six more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plain diameters</li> <li>• Stepped diameters</li> <li>• Tapered diameters</li> <li>• Slots/grooves</li> <li>• Rebates</li> <li>• Tenons</li> <li>• Mortices</li> <li>• Half lap joints</li> <li>• Combed joints</li> <li>• Dovetail joints</li> <li>• Concave profiles</li> <li>• Convex profiles</li> <li>• Other specific joints</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Produce components made from four of the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Soft woods</li> <li>• Hard woods</li> <li>• Plywood</li> <li>• Blockboard</li> <li>• Hardboard</li> <li>• Fibreboard (MDF)</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			
		1.16	Use appropriate measuring equipment and tools to check all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Angles/taper</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Position</li> <li>• Profile</li> <li>• Distortion/straightness</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components which meet all of the following requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, and material defects</li> <li>• The shape and general tolerances meet the drawing or specification requirements with some dimensional tolerances within +/- 1mm or +/- 0.040"</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness 0.25mm per 25mm or 0.010" per inch</li> <li>• Angles within +/- 2 degrees</li> <li>• Interlocking components (joints) are secure</li> <li>• Components have an appropriate surface texture</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the pattern, modelmaking or engineering woodworking activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to use wood for pattern, modelmaking and other engineering applications	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the pattern, modelmaking or engineering woodworking activities undertaken (including the use of hand tools; working with machinery; operation of machine safety devices; dust extraction; stopping the machine in an emergency; closing the machine down on completion of activities)			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing/equipment (PPE), and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with cutting and shaping wood and composite materials, and with the tools and equipment that is used, (such as use of hand power tools, trailing leads or hoses, dust inhalation, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, using tools with damaged or poor fitting handles, handling long or wide lengths of material), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to identify the materials that are to be used (to include colour, grain structure, size), and the common defects that occur in the wood to be used			
		2.8	Describe the types of defects that would render the materials unfit for use			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the material characteristics and process considerations to be taken into account when marking out wood (such as the importance of colour matching and grain convention when using wood and wood-based materials)			
		2.10	Describe the principles of marking out, and the types of equipment used (including the range of operations that the various items of marking out equipment are capable of performing)			
		2.11	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, preparing the materials, removing sharp corners and edges)			
		2.12	Describe the use of marking out conventions when marking out the workpiece (including datums, centre lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, joints, circular and curved profiles, angles, holes which are linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.13	Explain how to select and establish suitable datums; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datums; and the possible effects of working from different datums			
		2.14	Describe the use of geometrical construction methods applied to marking out			
		2.15	Describe the ways of laying out the marking out shapes or patterns to maximise the use of materials			
		2.16	Describe the various hand tools that are used to cut and shape the materials, and the range of operations they are capable of performing (such as rip saws, tenon saws, fret/bow saws; smoothing planes, jack planes, rebating planes; chisels and gouges; spokeshaves)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Explain how to check that the hand cutting tools are in a usable and safe condition; and the procedure for sharpening and adjusting these when required			
		2.18	Describe the various machines that are used in wood machining, and the range of operations they are capable of performing (such as sawing, planing, rebating, profiling)			
		2.19	Describe the importance of checking that the machinery used is complete and working correctly, that the cutting tools are undamaged and are in a safe and sharp condition, and the procedure for changing, sharpening and adjusting these when required			
		2.20	Describe the methods of setting up and operating the equipment and machinery, how to set up and use dust extraction equipment, and the importance of ensuring that this equipment is operating correctly			
		2.21	Describe the importance of ensuring that all machine and portable tools are used correctly, PAT tested and within their permitted operating range			
		2.22	Describe the various methods used to hold the components that are being shaped, formed or dressed by hand			
		2.23	Explain why they need to consider grain direction and construction when cutting and shaping wood and composites			
		2.24	Describe the methods used to cut square, angular and circular/curved profiles			
		2.25	Explain how different materials require changes to the machining methods (such as roughing and finishing cuts, changes in feed or speeds)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.26	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the components produced, and the type of equipment that is used			
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.28	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the woodworking activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating machines, cleaning the equipment, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 55:** **Assembling Pattern, Model and Engineering Woodwork Components**

**Unit reference number:** A/504/6431

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble pattern model and engineering woodwork components. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble pattern, model and engineering woodwork components	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the pattern, model or engineering woodwork assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tools, cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a safe, tested and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Check that tools and measuring instruments to be used are within calibration date</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Ensure that components used are free from damage, material defects, foreign objects, or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3	Plan the assembly activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, tools and equipment			
		1.5	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Produce pattern, model or engineering woodwork assemblies, which include three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat backed patterns (with/without cores)</li> <li>• Irregular joint patterns (with/without cores)</li> <li>• Split patterns (with/without cores)</li> <li>• Solid turnout coreboxes</li> <li>• Split coreboxes</li> <li>• Plated patterns (drags)</li> <li>• Plated patterns (copes)</li> <li>• Furniture units without drawers and doors</li> <li>• Furniture units with drawers</li> <li>• Furniture units with doors</li> <li>• Doors and door frames</li> <li>• Storage units</li> <li>• Frames or bulkheads</li> <li>• Structures</li> <li>• Show stands or cases</li> <li>• Transportation units</li> <li>• Consoles</li> <li>• Full-size models</li> <li>• Sectional full-size models</li> <li>• Scale models</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sectional scale models</li> <li>• Jigs or fixtures</li> <li>• Formers</li> <li>• Other specific assemblies</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Apply all of the following assembly methods and techniques, as appropriate for the assemblies produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensuring that correct and undamaged components are used</li> <li>• Ensuring that the correct 'hand' of component is used at the appropriate position (left or right handed)</li> <li>• Ensuring the correct orientation, position and alignment of components</li> <li>• Using cramps and clamps to hold the components during the assembly activities</li> <li>• Drilling and countersinking/counterboring (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Securing components using mechanical fasteners (such as pins, screws, nails, special fasteners, dowels)</li> <li>• Securing components by using prepared joints</li> <li>• Securing components by using adhesives</li> <li>• Fitting of accessories (hinges, locks, handles, catches)</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Secure the components, using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.9 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed, and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out the required quality checks, to include ten from the following, using appropriate equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Alignment</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Positional accuracy</li> <li>• Distortion/straightness</li> <li>• Profile (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Fit/component security</li> <li>• Finish</li> <li>• Completeness</li> <li>• Function (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Freedom from damage</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce pattern, model or engineering woodwork assemblies which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Assemblies are dimensionally accurate within specification tolerances</li> <li>• Where appropriate, assemblies meet appropriate geometric tolerances (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Interlocking components (joints) are secure</li> <li>• Doors and drawers are correctly aligned and open freely (where applicable)</li> <li>• Moving parts are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.13 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to assemble pattern, model and engineering woodwork components	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken whilst carrying out the woodwork assembly activities (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice relating to the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing/equipment (PPE) during the woodwork assembly activities, and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with producing wood and composite assemblies, and with the tools and equipment used, (such as dust inhalation, use of hand power tools, trailing leads or hoses, using adhesives), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.5	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.6	Explain how to identify the components to be used, component identification systems (such as codes and component orientation indicators, left and right handing)			
		2.7	Describe the preparations to be undertaken on the components prior to fitting them into the assembly			
		2.8	Describe the assembly methods and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			
		2.9	Describe the importance of assembling components in the correct order			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how to mark out the necessary datum lines for the assembly operations			
		2.11	Explain how the components are to be aligned, oriented and positioned prior to securing them, and the tools and equipment that are used for this			
		2.12	Explain why some types of assembly require the use of jigs and gauges to aid the assembly			
		2.13	Describe the various mechanical fasteners that will be used to secure the components, and their method of installation (such as nails, screws and special securing devices)			
		2.14	Describe the application of adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.15	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the assembly produced, and the type of equipment that is used			
		2.16	Explain how to recognise defects, blemishes, poor alignment, ineffective fasteners and damaged components within the assembly			
		2.17	Explain how defects and variations should be dealt with, and what factors determine the actions to be taken (including the relative costs of reworking or discarding the defective item)			
		2.18	Explain how to check that the assembly tools and equipment to be used are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.19	Explain why it is important to keep the tools and equipment clean and free from damage, to practice good housekeeping of tools and equipment, and to maintain a clean and unobstructed working area			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.21	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly activities (such as removing and storing clamps, isolating equipment, cleaning the equipment, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 56: Producing Composite Mouldings Using Wet Lay-Up Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6432

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce composite moulding using wet lay-up techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce composite mouldings using wet lay-up techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the moulding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, drawings, process specifications and moulding/lay-up procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all equipment and tools used are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the moulding/lay-up activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the moulding/laying-up activities before they start them			
		1.4	Prepare the moulds, jigs or formers ready for the manufacturing operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out all of the following activities when preparing production tooling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that tooling is correct and complete</li> <li>• Clean the tooling and remove resin build-ups</li> <li>• Check for surface defects</li> <li>• Correctly apply sealers/release agents</li> <li>• Clean and store tooling suitably after use</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Mix and prepare the required materials			
		1.7 Carry out all of the following activities to prepare materials for production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain the correct materials for the activity</li> <li>• Check that materials are fit for purpose and in life</li> <li>• Cut materials to correct size and shape</li> <li>• Check correct quantity of resin is available</li> <li>• Calculate the correct resin to fibre ratios</li> <li>• Check correct measure and mix of resin/catalyst</li> <li>• Identify and protect materials in the work area</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Carry out all of the following activities to prepare materials for production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain the correct materials for the activity</li> <li>• Check that materials are fit for purpose and in life</li> <li>• Cut materials to correct size and shape</li> <li>• Check correct quantity of resin is available</li> <li>• Calculate the correct resin to fibre ratios</li> <li>• Check correct measure and mix of resin/catalyst</li> <li>• Identify and protect materials in the work area</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Produce a range of mouldings using one of the following types of production tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pattern</li> <li>• Mandrel</li> <li>• Metallic</li> <li>• Tooling block</li> <li>• Wet lay-up</li> <li>• Infused mould</li> <li>• Glass pre-preg</li> <li>• Carbon pre-preg</li> <li>• Female tooling</li> <li>• Male tooling</li> <li>• Multi-part tools</li> <li>• Matched tooling</li> <li>• Closed tooling</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Carry out the moulding or laying-up activities, using the correct methods and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce a range of mouldings using two of the following application techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Spray application of fibre/resin</li> <li>• Spray application of a gel coat</li> <li>• Brush application of a gel coat</li> <li>• Brush application of fibre/resin</li> <li>• Roller application of fibre/resin</li> <li>• Removal of voids and air pockets</li> <li>• Brush/roller consolidation</li> <li>• Use of vacuum bagging</li> <li>• Use of bleed plies</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Produce a range of mouldings incorporating two of the following in the lay-up: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Feathered joins</li> <li>• Staggered joins</li> <li>• Overlap joins</li> <li>• Orientated plies</li> <li>• Inserts</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Butt joins</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce a range of mouldings incorporating four of the following shape features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal corner</li> <li>• External corner</li> <li>• Horizontal surface</li> <li>• Vertical surface</li> <li>• Return surfaces</li> <li>• Double curvature</li> <li>• Concave surface</li> <li>• Convex surface</li> <li>• Joggle details</li> <li>• Nett edges</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Produce a range of mouldings using one type of resin from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bio resin</li> <li>• Acrylic</li> <li>• Polyester</li> <li>• Vinyl ester</li> <li>• Epoxy</li> <li>• Phenolic</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce a range of mouldings using techniques for one type of fibre from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural fibre</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Glass</li> <li>• Aramid</li> <li>• Carbon</li> <li>• Hybrid</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Produce a range of mouldings using techniques for two types of reinforcement from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uni-directional</li> <li>• Roving</li> <li>• Braids</li> <li>• Tapes</li> <li>• Chopped strand</li> <li>• Continuous filament</li> <li>• Tissues/veils</li> <li>• Bonded fabrics</li> <li>• Woven</li> <li>• Multi axis/stitched</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Produce a range of mouldings using techniques for one of the following types of core material from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid timber</li> <li>• Coremat</li> <li>• Rigid foam</li> <li>• Expanding foam</li> <li>• Skinned honeycomb</li> <li>• End grain balsa</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.18	Remove the mouldings from the formers and trim/finish them to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19 Remove the moulding and carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually check that the moulding is complete and free from defects</li> <li>• Use appropriate equipment/gauges to check for dimensional accuracy (such as overall dimensions, thickness of material/moulding, geometric features)</li> <li>• Mark out the mouldings for trimming of excess material</li> <li>• Cut/trim the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment (such as cutting wheels/discs, routers, saws)</li> <li>• Carry out repairs (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Finish the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment (such as rubbing blocks, diamond files, disc or belt sanders, pencil grinders)</li> <li>• Polish the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment (such as wet sanding, cutting compounds)</li> </ul>			
		1.20 Check that all the required operations have been completed to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.21 Produce composite mouldings which comply with one of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components are dimensionally accurate within specification requirements</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as squareness, straightness, angularity and being free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from defects, sharp edges or slivers</li> <li>• Components meet company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.22 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.23 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the moulding activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce composite mouldings using wet lay-up techniques	2.1	Describe the health and safety precautions to be taken and procedures to be used when working with composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment in the specific work area			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with using composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment, and how to minimise these and reduce any risks			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment (PPE) that is needed for personal protection and, where required, the protection of others			
		2.4	Describe the application of COSHH regulations in relation to the storage, use and disposal of composite materials and consumables			
		2.5	Describe the specific environmental conditions that must be observed when producing composite mouldings (such as temperature, humidity, styrene levels to threshold limits, fume/dust extraction systems and equipment)			
		2.6	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS, ISO or BSEN standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret drawings/lay up manuals, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference/datum points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the quality procedures used in the workplace to ensure production control (in relation to currency, issue, meeting specification) and the completion of such documents			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the conventions and terminology used for wet lay-up techniques (such as resin and fibre weights/volumes, material orientation, material identification, material tailoring, mixing ratios, gel times, exotherm, bleed plies)		
		2.10	Describe the different types of resins, reinforcement, catalysts, accelerators and additives used, and their applications		
		2.11	Describe the different types of fibre materials, fabrics, orientations, their combinations and applications		
		2.12	Describe the different core, insert and filler materials, and their applications		
		2.13	Describe the visual identification of both raw and finished composite materials		
		2.14	Describe the different types of production tooling used for producing composite mouldings, and their applications		
		2.15	Describe the identification and rectification of defects in production tooling		
		2.16	Describe the methods of preparation for patterns, moulds and tooling, (including the correct use of surface sealers and release agents)		
		2.17	Describe the methods for handling and preparing the reinforcing fibres		
		2.18	Explain how to estimate/calculate resin volume/weight required to wet-out the reinforcing fibres		
		2.19	Describe the mixing ratios for gel coats, resins, accelerators and catalysts, and the associated working times		
		2.20	Describe the methods used in the application of the resin/fibre during the lay-up activity		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the tools and equipment used in the lay-up activities, and their care, preparation and control procedures			
		2.22	Describe the problems that can occur during the lay-up process (including defects such as contamination, resin/fibre rich areas, and distortion)			
		2.23	Explain how defects can be overcome during the lay-up activity			
		2.24	Describe the different methods and techniques used to cure composite mouldings including cure cycles and the need for monitoring			
		2.25	Describe the methods and techniques used to trim mouldings prior to release (green trimming)			
		2.26	Describe the procedures and methods used for removing mouldings from production tooling			
		2.27	Describe the identification of defects in the composite moulding (such as de-lamination, voids, contaminants)			
		2.28	Describe the care and safe handling of production tooling and composite mouldings throughout the production cycle			
		2.29	Describe the production controls used in the work area, and actions to be taken for unaccounted items			
		2.30	Explain how the composite moulding relates to its own quality documents and the production tooling used			
		2.31	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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*(if sampled)*

# **Unit 57: Producing Composite Mouldings Using Pre-Preg Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** L/504/6434

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce composite mouldings using pre-preg techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce composite mouldings using pre-preg laminating techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following activities during the moulding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, drawings, process specifications and moulding/laminating procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all equipment and tools used are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the moulding/laminating activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the moulding/laminating activities before they start them			
		1.4	Prepare the moulds, jigs or formers ready for the manufacturing operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out all of the following activities when preparing production tooling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that tooling is correct and complete</li> <li>• Clean the tooling and remove resin build-ups</li> <li>• Check for surface defects</li> <li>• Correctly apply sealers/release agents</li> <li>• Clean and store tooling suitably after use</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Carry out all of the following activities to prepare materials for production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain correct materials for the activity</li> <li>• Thaw material removed from freezer storage</li> <li>• Identify defects in pre-preg materials</li> <li>• Check that materials are fit for purpose and in life</li> <li>• Check availability of ancillary materials required</li> <li>• Cut materials to the correct shape and orientation</li> <li>• Check the materials when provided in kit form</li> <li>• Identify and protect materials in the work area</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Mix and prepare the required materials			
		1.8 Carry out the moulding/laminating activities, using the correct methods and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Produce a range of mouldings, using one of the following types of production tool: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pattern</li> <li>• Mandrels</li> <li>• Metal</li> <li>• Tooling block</li> <li>• Glass pre-preg</li> <li>• Carbon pre-preg</li> <li>• Female tooling</li> <li>• Male tooling</li> <li>• Multi-part tools</li> <li>• Matched tooling</li> <li>• Closed tooling</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Produce a range of mouldings, incorporating two of the following in the lay-up: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Butt joins</li> <li>• Overlap joins</li> <li>• Staggered joins</li> <li>• Orientated plies</li> <li>• Inverted plies</li> <li>• Balancing plies</li> <li>• Inserts</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce a range of mouldings incorporating four of the following shape features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal corners</li> <li>• External corners</li> <li>• Horizontal surface</li> <li>• Vertical surface</li> <li>• Double curvature</li> <li>• Concave surface</li> <li>• Convex surfaces</li> <li>• Return surfaces</li> <li>• Joggle details</li> <li>• Nett edges</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Produce a range of mouldings using one type of resin from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bio resin</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Epoxy</li> <li>• Phenolic</li> <li>• Bismaleimide</li> <li>• Cyanate ester</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Produce a range of mouldings using techniques for one type of fibre from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural fibre</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Glass</li> <li>• Aramid</li> <li>• Carbon</li> <li>• Hybrid</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.14	Produce a range of mouldings using one type of reinforcement from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous</li> <li>• Uni-directional</li> <li>• Tissues/veils</li> <li>• Braids</li> <li>• Woven</li> <li>• Multi-axis</li> <li>• Tapes</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Produce a range of mouldings, using one type of core material (where applicable to the sector or process): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid timber</li> <li>• End grain balsa</li> <li>• Thermoplastic core</li> <li>• Rigid foam</li> <li>• Syntactic core</li> <li>• Expanding core</li> <li>• Fibrous honeycomb</li> <li>• Aluminium honeycomb</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Use one of the following methods when using core materials (where applicable to the Sector or process): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Core templates</li> <li>• Pre-shaping core</li> <li>• Core chamfers</li> <li>• Core splicing</li> <li>• Peel plies</li> <li>• Bonding paste</li> <li>• Edge filling</li> <li>• Adhesive/resin films</li> <li>• Potting/filler compound</li> <li>• Single stage curing</li> <li>• Multi-stage curing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Prepare the moulding for temperature curing using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oven</li> <li>• Heat mats</li> <li>• Heated press</li> <li>• Curing lamps</li> <li>• Autoclave</li> <li>• Infrared heating</li> <li>• UV curing</li> <li>• Electro-magnetic inductance</li> <li>• Micro-wave</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Preparing the moulding for pressure consolidation using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vacuum bags</li> <li>• Hot de-bulk</li> <li>• Pressure de-bulk</li> <li>• Pressure bags</li> <li>• Thermal mould expansion</li> <li>• Fibre tensioning</li> <li>• Press</li> <li>• Autoclave</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19 Remove the mouldings from the formers and trim/finish them to specification			
		1.20 Remove composite moulding and carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually check that the moulding is complete and free from defects</li> <li>• Use appropriate equipment/gauges to check for dimensional accuracy (such as overall dimensions, thickness of material/moulding, geometric features)</li> <li>• Mark out the mouldings for trimming of excess material</li> <li>• Cut/trim the mouldings using appropriate tools and equipment (such as cutting wheels/discs, routers, saws)</li> <li>• Carry out repairs (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Finish the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment (such as rubbing blocks, diamond files, disc or belt sanders, pencil grinders)</li> <li>• Polish the mouldings using appropriate tools and equipment (such as wet sanding , cutting compounds)</li> </ul>			
		1.21 Check that all the required operations have been completed to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.22 Produce composite mouldings which comply with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components are dimensionally accurate, within specification requirements</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as square, straight, angle, free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from defects, sharp edges or slivers</li> <li>• Components meet company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.23 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.24 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce composite mouldings using pre-preg laminating techniques	2.1	Describe the health and safety precautions to be taken, and procedures to be used, when working with composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment in the specific work area			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out pre-preg laminating techniques, and with the composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment used, and how to minimise these and reduce any risks			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment (PPE) that is needed for personal protection and, where required, the protection of others			
		2.4	Describe the application of COSHH regulations in relation to the storage, use and disposal of composite materials and consumables			
		2.5	Describe the specific environmental conditions that must be observed when producing composite mouldings (such as temperature, humidity, fume/dust extraction systems and equipment)			
		2.6	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS, ISO BSEN standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret drawings/lay up manuals, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the quality procedures used in the workplace to ensure production control (in relation to currency, issue, meeting specification) and the completion of such documents			
		2.9	Describe the conventions and terminology used for pre-preg laminating techniques (such as material orientation, material identification, material templates, ply lay-up, pressure plates, vacuum bagging, cure cycles, exotherm)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the different types of resins, reinforcement, catalysts, accelerators and additives used, and their applications			
		2.11	Describe the different types of fibre materials, fabrics, orientations, their combinations and applications			
		2.12	Explain how to build up laminates (including orientation and balance of plies) to minimise spring and distortion in composite mouldings			
		2.13	Describe the different core, insert and filler materials, and their applications			
		2.14	Describe the visual identification of both raw and finished composite materials			
		2.15	Describe the identification of materials by product codes			
		2.16	Describe the Different types of production tooling used for producing composite mouldings, and their applications			
		2.17	Describe the identification and rectification of defects in production tooling			
		2.18	Describe the methods of preparation for patterns, moulds and tooling, including the correct selection and use of surface sealers and release agents			
		2.19	Describe the correct methods of storage, thawing and handling of pre-preg materials (including monitoring temperature, storage life and out-life)			
		2.20	Describe the methods used in the application of pre-preg materials to tooling surfaces (including methods of tailoring and cutting)			
		2.21	Describe the correct methods of storage and handling of ancillary and consumable materials			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the selection and use of ancillary and consumable materials (such as release films, breather fabrics, bagging films, tapes) to meet performance requirements (such as temperature and compatibility)			
		2.23	Describe the tools and equipment used in the pre-preg laminating activities, and their care, preparation and control procedures			
		2.24	Describe the problems that can occur during the lay-up process (including modifications to the ply lay-up, and defects such as contamination and distortion)			
		2.25	Describe the cure cycles (including temperature and pressure ramps, dwell times, post curing)			
		2.26	Describe the need for monitoring the cure cycle (using thermocouples, probes, chart recorders and data logs)			
		2.27	Describe the procedures and methods used for removing mouldings from production tooling			
		2.28	Describe the identification of defects in the composite moulding (such as de-lamination, voids, contaminants)			
		2.29	Describe the care and safe handling of production tooling and composite mouldings throughout the production cycle			
		2.30	Describe the production controls used in the work area, and actions to be taken for unaccounted items			
		2.31	Explain how the composite moulding relates to its own quality documents, and the production tooling used			
		2.32	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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# **Unit 58:**

## **Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Flow Infusion Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6435

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce composite mouldings using resin flow infusion techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce Composite Mouldings using Resin Flow Infusion Techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the moulding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, drawings, process specifications and moulding/laminating procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all equipment and tools used are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the moulding activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the resin infusion activities before they start them			
		1.4	Prepare the moulds, jigs or formers ready for the manufacturing operations			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Prepare the tooling for production, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that tooling is correct and complete</li> <li>• Clean tooling and remove resin build-ups</li> <li>• Check for surface defects</li> <li>• Correctly apply sealers/release agents</li> <li>• Clean and store tooling suitably after use</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Check materials are fit for purpose and in life			
		1.7 Prepare the materials for production, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain the correct materials for the activity</li> <li>• Check that materials are fit for purpose and in life</li> <li>• Cut materials to the correct size, shape and orientation</li> <li>• Calculate the correct resin to fibre ratios</li> <li>• Check correct quantity of resin is available</li> <li>• Check the availability of required ancillary materials</li> <li>• Identify and protect materials in the work area</li> <li>• Obtain the correct infusion media and layout for the activity</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Carry out the resin flow infusion activities, using the correct methods and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Produce composite mouldings, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Test panel trials/tracking</li> <li>• Partial trial runs/tracking</li> <li>• Full scale trial runs/tracking</li> <li>• Production runs</li> <li>• Staged resin entry</li> <li>• Dry area rectification</li> <li>• Vacuum regulation</li> <li>• Resin flow regulation</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Produce composite mouldings incorporating two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Butt joins</li> <li>• Overlap joins</li> <li>• Staggered joins</li> <li>• Feathered joins</li> <li>• Orientated plies</li> <li>• Inverted plies</li> <li>• Balancing plies</li> <li>• Inserts</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce composite mouldings incorporating four of the following shape features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal corners</li> <li>• External corners</li> <li>• Horizontal surface</li> <li>• Vertical surface</li> <li>• Double curvature</li> <li>• Concave surface</li> <li>• Convex surfaces</li> <li>• Return surfaces</li> <li>• Joggle details</li> <li>• Nett edges</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Produce composite mouldings, using techniques for one type of resin from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bio resin</li> <li>• Acrylic</li> <li>• Polyester</li> <li>• Vinyl ester</li> <li>• Epoxy</li> <li>• Phenolic</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Produce composite mouldings, using techniques for one type of fibre from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural fibre</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Glass</li> <li>• Aramid</li> <li>• Carbon</li> <li>• Hybrid</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Produce composite mouldings, using techniques for one type of reinforcement from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Uni-directional</li> <li>• Chopped strand</li> <li>• Tissues/veils</li> <li>• Woven</li> <li>• Braids</li> <li>• Multi m axis/stitched</li> <li>• Knitted</li> <li>• Tapes</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Produce composite mouldings, using techniques for one type of core materials from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid timber</li> <li>• End grain balsa</li> <li>• Coremat</li> <li>• Rigid foam</li> <li>• Expanding foam</li> <li>• Skinned honeycomb</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16 Produce composite mouldings using techniques for three types of resin distribution media: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mould surface entry</li> <li>• Interlaminar</li> <li>• Surface meshes</li> <li>• Infusion mats/fabrics</li> <li>• Channelled core</li> <li>• Perforated core</li> <li>• Perforated hose</li> <li>• Spiral wrap</li> <li>• Peel ply</li> <li>• Braid</li> <li>• Flow channels</li> <li>• Manifolds</li> <li>• Networks</li> <li>• Bleed plies</li> <li>• Moulded vacuum bags</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Use three of the following vacuum bagging processes/methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check vacuum integrity</li> <li>• Surface bagging</li> <li>• Envelope bagging</li> <li>• Internal bagging</li> <li>• Pleats and tucks</li> <li>• Reusable bagging</li> <li>• Leak detection</li> <li>• Leak rectification</li> <li>• Catch pots/tanks</li> <li>• Localised resin injection</li> <li>• Use of reusable vacuum fittings</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Remove the mouldings correctly and trim/finish them to specification			
		1.19 Remove the composite mouldings and carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually check that the moulding is complete and free from defects</li> <li>• Use appropriate equipment/gauges to check for dimensional</li> <li>• Accuracy (such as overall dimensions, thickness of</li> <li>• Material/moulding, geometric features)</li> <li>• Carry out repairs (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Finish the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.20 Check that all the required operations have been completed to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.21	Produce composite mouldings in compliance with one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components are dimensionally accurate within specification requirements</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as square, straight, angle, free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from defects, sharp edges or slivers</li> <li>• Components meet company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.22	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.23	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce Composite Mouldings using Resin Flow Infusion Techniques	2.1	Describe the Health and safety precautions to be taken, and procedures used, when working with composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment in the specific work area			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out resin flow infusion techniques, and with the composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment used, and how to minimise these and reduce any risks in the work area			
		2.3	Describe the Protective equipment (PPE) that is needed for personal protection and, where required, the protection of others			
		2.4	Describe the application of COSHH regulations in relation to the storage, use and disposal of composite materials and consumables			
		2.5	Describe the specific workshop environmental conditions that must be observed when producing composite mouldings using resin flow infusion techniques (such as temperature, humidity, styrene levels to threshold limits, fume/dust extraction systems and equipment)			
		2.6	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS, ISO or BSEN standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret drawings/ lay up manuals, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the quality procedures used in the workplace to ensure production control (in relation to currency, issue, meeting specification), and the completion of such documents			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9	Describe the conventions and terminology used for resin flow infusion techniques (such as material orientation, material identification, distribution media, resin viscosity, flow paths, ply lay-up, vacuum bagging, resin and fibre weights/volumes, gel times, exotherm, bleed plies)		
		2.10	Describe the different types of resins, reinforcement, catalysts, accelerators and additives used, and their applications		
		2.11	Describe the different types of fibre materials, fabrics, orientations, their combinations and applications		
		2.12	Describe the different core and insert materials, and their merits		
		2.13	Describe the different types of resin distribution media, and their merits		
		2.14	Describe the visual identification of both raw and finished composite materials		
		2.15	Describe the different types of production tooling used for producing composite mouldings, and their applications		
		2.16	Describe the identification and rectification of defects in production tooling		
		2.17	Describe the building up laminates (including orientation and balance of plies), to minimise spring and distortion in composite mouldings		
		2.18	Describe the methods of preparation for patterns, moulds and tooling (including the correct selection and use of surface sealers and release agents)		
		2.19	Describe the methods for handling, preparation and application of the reinforcing fibres and fabrics		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the correct methods of storage and handling of ancillary and consumable materials			
		2.21	Describe the methods used in the positioning and application of the resin distribution media			
		2.22	Explain how to estimate/calculate resin volume/weight required to saturate the reinforcing fibres			
		2.23	Describe the mixing ratios for gel coats, resins and catalysts, and the associated working times			
		2.24	Describe the tools and equipment used in the resin flow infusion activities, and their care, preparation and control procedures			
		2.25	Describe the operation and importance of a vacuum check before the infusion starts			
		2.26	Describe the problems that can occur during the resin flow infusion process (including defects such as contamination, incomplete wet out, vacuum leaks, flow restrictions)			
		2.27	Describe the different methods and techniques used to cure composite mouldings including cure cycles and the need for monitoring			
		2.28	Describe the procedures and methods used for removing mouldings from production tooling			
		2.29	Describe the identification of defects in the composite mouldings (such as de-lamination, voids, contaminants)			
		2.30	Describe the care and safe handling of production tooling and composite mouldings throughout the production cycle			
		2.31	Describe the production controls used in the work area, and actions to be taken for unaccounted items			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.32	Explain how the composite component relates to its own quality documents and the production tooling used			
		2.33	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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*(if sampled)*

## Unit 59: Producing Composite Assemblies

**Unit reference number:** Y/504/6436

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce composite assemblies. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce composite assemblies	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, assembly drawings and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads or air supply hoses are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Check that tools and measuring instruments to be used are within calibration date</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the composite assembly activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, tools and equipment			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out all of the following when preparing for the assembly activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that mouldings are correct and complete</li> <li>• Check for any defects in the mouldings</li> <li>• Check that components are correct and complete</li> <li>• Select the correct equipment for the activity</li> <li>• Check availability of ancillary materials required</li> <li>• Check that equipment is suitable for use</li> <li>• Identify and protect the moulding and components in the work area</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			
		1.7 Produce one of the following types of composite assembly: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trial assemblies</li> <li>• One-off assemblies</li> <li>• Batch assemblies</li> <li>• Assembly line</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Produce composite assemblies that incorporate two of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loose fit tolerances</li> <li>• Close fit tolerances</li> <li>• Non-permanent fixing</li> <li>• Permanent fixing</li> <li>• Shape location</li> <li>• Return joins</li> <li>• Overlap joins</li> <li>• Joggle joins</li> <li>• Strap joins</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Produce composite assemblies that require two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fettling</li> <li>• Pinning</li> <li>• Clamping</li> <li>• Trial fitting</li> <li>• Aligning</li> <li>• Tongue and groove</li> <li>• Assembly jigs</li> <li>• Assembly sequences</li> <li>• Datum points</li> <li>• Orientation</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Produce composite assemblies, using two of the following mechanical joining methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Thread inserts</li> <li>• Quick-release fasteners</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners</li> <li>• Blind fasteners</li> <li>• Adhesive bonding</li> <li>• Anchor nuts</li> <li>• Pinning</li> <li>• Rivets</li> <li>• Thermo welding</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Produce composite assemblies that must include two of the following composite components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Trim</li> <li>• Closing panels</li> <li>• Body panels</li> <li>• Tubes</li> <li>• Structural</li> <li>• Aerodynamic</li> <li>• Core materials</li> <li>• Sections</li> <li>• Castings/covers</li> <li>• Housings</li> <li>• Inserts</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce composite assemblies that must include two of the following non-composite components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brackets</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> <li>• Fittings</li> <li>• Metal components</li> <li>• Non metallic components</li> <li>• Trim</li> <li>• Finishing tapes</li> <li>• Memory foam</li> <li>• Labels/decals</li> <li>• Surface films</li> <li>• Edge bands</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Secure the components, using the specified methods and securing devices			
		1.14 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed, and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce a range of assemblies which comply with all of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assemblies are dimensionally accurate within specification requirements</li> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned, in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• All fastenings are correctly fitted and are secure (where applicable)</li> <li>• Moving parts are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances (where applicable)</li> <li>• Finished assemblies meet the required shape/geometry, and are free from defects (such as square, straight, angle, free from twists)</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the composite assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce composite assemblies	2.1	Describe the health and safety precautions to be taken, and procedures to be used, when working with composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment in the specific work area			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out composite assembly activities, and with the composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment, and how to minimise these in the work area			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment (PPE) that is needed for personal protection and, where required, the protection of others			
		2.4	Describe the application of COSHH regulations in relation to the storage, use and disposal of composite materials and consumables			
		2.5	Describe the specific environmental conditions that must be observed when producing composite mouldings (such as temperature, humidity, fume/dust extraction systems and equipment)			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS, ISO or BSEN standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the quality procedures used in the workplace to ensure production control (in relation to currency, issue, meeting specification) and the completion of such documents			
		2.9	Describe the conventions and terminology used for assembly activities (such as types metric and imperial threads, rivet specifications, clearances, types of fittings)			
		2.10	Describe the types of component trimming/cutting methods and preparation methods available			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the visual identification of cured composite materials			
		2.12	Describe the assembly operations and their sequence			
		2.13	Describe the methods for handling composite assemblies throughout the assembly activities			
		2.14	The identification and rectification of defects in composite assemblies			
		2.15	Describe the tools and equipment used in assembly activities, and their care, preparation and control procedures			
		2.16	Describe the problems that can occur with the production of the composite assemblies			
		2.17	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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# **Unit 60: Producing Components by Rapid Prototyping Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6437

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce components by rapid prototyping techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce components by rapid prototyping techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare the system and data for operation by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that all the equipment is in a safe and usable working condition (such as undamaged, safety devices in place and operational)</li> <li>• Obtain sufficient quantities of all required materials and checking use by dates</li> <li>• Obtain all the necessary data, documentation and specifications for the components to be produced</li> <li>• Download the correct build files to produce the components</li> <li>• Check that data files are suitable for the application</li> <li>• Apply safe working practices and procedures at all times</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Select the type of rapid prototyping machine to be used			
		1.4	Identify material specification before they start			
		1.5	Check material availability			
		1.6	Load/input the program file to the machine controller, and check the program for errors using the approved procedures			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Check that all safety mechanisms are in place, and that the equipment is set correctly for the required operations			
		1.8 Set up the rapid prototyping equipment, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Powering up the equipment and activating the appropriate software</li> <li>• Importing files from system</li> <li>• Loading materials</li> <li>• Checking/setting equipment operating parameters</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Produce the required components, using appropriate manufacturing methods and techniques			
		1.10 Produce components using one of the following types of rapid prototyping equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Stereo lithography apparatus (SLA)</li> <li>• Fused deposition modelling (FDM)</li> <li>• Selective laser sintering (SLS)</li> <li>• Direct metal laser sintering (DMLS)</li> <li>• Selective laser melting (SLM)</li> <li>• 3D printing (thermojet)</li> <li>• Laminated object manufacturing (LOM)</li> <li>• Digital light process (DLP)</li> <li>• Other specific prototyping equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Produce components made from one of the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Photo-polymer resin</li> <li>• Plastics</li> <li>• Wax</li> <li>• Metal</li> <li>• Laminated paper</li> <li>• Polyurethane</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Unload the components from the rapid prototyping equipment, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing the part from remaining raw material</li> <li>• Removing the part from supports (where applicable)</li> <li>• Pre-cleaning</li> <li>• Infiltrate (when required)</li> <li>• Packing to avoid damage</li> <li>• Storing</li> <li>• Complete all relevant documentation (such as material batch number, CAD file name, date of manufacture, operator's name, quality report)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Produce components which comply with all the following quality and accuracy requirements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Correctly formed</li> <li>• Checked against model specification</li> <li>• Free from manufacturing defects</li> <li>• Satisfactory visual appearance/finish</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15	Shut down the equipment to a safe condition on completion of the rapid prototyping activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce components by rapid prototyping techniques	2.1	Describe the safe working practices and procedures to be observed when setting and operating rapid prototyping equipment (such as care when working with laser beams; machine guards; ventilation and fume extraction; machine safety devices)			
		2.2	Explain how to start and stop the machine in normal and emergency situations, and how to close the machine down on completion of activities			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with operating rapid prototyping machines (such as dangers from laser beams; live electrical components; materials; fumes/gases), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.5	Describe the importance of ensuring that the machine is isolated from the power supply before working with the equipment			
		2.6	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.7	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.8	Describe the basic principles of rapid prototyping relevant to the machine being used			
		2.9	Describe the benefits and limitations of the different types of rapid prototyping equipment			
		2.10	Describe the rapid prototyping techniques used, and how to differentiate between the different processes (including the advantages and disadvantages)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the finishing techniques that are required, and how they are applied to the different rapid prototyping processes			
		2.12	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.13	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.14	Explain how to import appropriate files (STL) from a data system into the rapid prototyping software			
		2.15	Explain how to set up the rapid prototyping equipment to achieve the component specification (such as electrical and optical conditions; focal distance; forming speed)			
		2.16	Explain how to place the machine in the correct operating mode, and how to access the program edit facility, in order to make minor adjustments for production			
		2.17	Describe the different materials used to produce components by the rapid prototyping process, and how the various materials used will affect the operating conditions that can be applied relevant to the machine being used			
		2.18	Describe the reasons why certain materials are suitable for producing components by the rapid prototyping process			
		2.19	Describe the importance of knowing when components can be unloaded from the machine in relation to the different rapid prototyping processes			
		2.20	Describe the importance of handling and storing materials correctly and linking to the correct documentation			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the problems and defects that can occur in components produced by rapid prototyping processes, how these can occur, and what preventative actions are needed to overcome them			
		2.22	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23	Describe the importance of leaving the machine in a safe condition on completion of the rapid prototyping activities (such as correctly isolated, operating programs closed or removed, cleaning the machine, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 61: Producing and Preparing Sand Moulds and Cores for Casting**

**Unit reference number:** H/504/6438

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce and prepare sand moulds and cores for casting. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce and prepare sand moulds and cores for casting	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the sand moulding and core making activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions and moulding procedure specifications</li> <li>• Use the correct tools and equipment for the moulding activity</li> <li>• Follow the defined moulding techniques and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that the moulds produced meet the required specification for quality and accuracy</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the moulding and core making activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the sand moulding and core making activities before they start them			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Prepare sand and produce moulds/cores from two of the following types of sand: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Greensand (naturally or synthetically bonded)</li> <li>• Chemically bonded gas activated</li> <li>• Chemically bonded resin/catalyst</li> <li>• Resin bonded heat activated</li> <li>• Other type of sand (specify)</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Prepare the sand for the mould/core making activities, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measuring out the required amounts of sand for the operations being performed</li> <li>• Adding the correct additives in the correct ratios</li> <li>• Performing the mixing and milling operations safely and correctly</li> <li>• Testing that the finished sand meets requirements (such as moisture, permeability, viscosity and strength)</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools, equipment and materials			
		1.7 Prepare the mould/coremaking equipment for use, to include carrying out both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually inspecting the pattern or core box for damage</li> <li>• Applying release agents to the pattern or core box (as applicable)</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Ensure that the patterns are correctly prepared, sited and positioned ready for the moulding process			
		1.9 Ensure that the sand is correctly mixed and milled			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Test the prepared sand to ensure that it meets the specification requirements			
		1.11 Carry out the sand moulding and core making activities, using the correct methods and techniques			
		1.12 Produce moulds and cores to the required specification			
		1.13 Produce full or half cores from both of the following types of core box: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid turnout boxes</li> <li>• Split boxes</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Produce cores using two of the following techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand tucking and ramming</li> <li>• Mechanical assistance with core consolidation</li> <li>• Curing and drying the cores</li> <li>• Inserting reinforcements (such as wire or bars)</li> <li>• Incorporating vents (such as pre-formed, manually applied)</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Produce drag and cope mould parts from patterns which are either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Loose flat back and split type</li> </ul> Or <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plated flat type and split type</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Produce mould parts, using one of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Use of moulding boxes</li> <li>• Boxless, using mould location devices</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.17 Assemble and finish the moulds (which must include at least one core), by carrying out all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inserting the cores (such as horizontal or vertical location)</li> <li>• Securing the cores (using print locations, adhesives or mechanical devices)</li> <li>• Forming runner, riser and feeder systems on the mould (such as cut and formed manually, reformed with fixed formers, preformed with loose formers)</li> <li>• Inserting filters, chills or feeder sleeves as necessary</li> <li>• Carrying out any repairs to the moulds/cores (such as patching up greensand moulds or cores, repairing rigid sand moulds or cores using adhesives)</li> <li>• Applying mould coatings/dressings (such as by spray, flood, brush or dry)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.18 Prepare and close the moulds ready for casting, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cleaning and removing foreign bodies and surplus sand from the mould cavity</li> <li>• Carrying out visual checks on moulds for completeness (including all cores and freedom from cracks)</li> <li>• Checking that runner/riser/feeder systems are clean, connected and complete</li> <li>• Applying mould sealant, where appropriate</li> <li>• Locating the moulds (using pins, rebates, diabolos or cores, as appropriate)</li> <li>• Closing moulds manually or by mechanical means</li> <li>• Securing the moulds using clamps/clips and/or weights</li> </ul>			
		1.19 Produce sand moulds which meet all of the following quality and accuracy standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complete and free from obvious defects (such as cracks, broken or damaged mould surfaces)</li> <li>• Meet the required specification (such as shape, dimensional accuracy)</li> <li>• Free from soft spots</li> </ul>			
		1.20 Dispose of surplus material safely and correctly			
		1.21 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.22 Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the moulding and core making activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce and prepare sand moulds and cores for casting	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when producing and preparing sand moulds for casting (such as wearing full protective clothing and protective equipment; ensuring adequate ventilation/fume extraction and the elimination of slipping or tripping hazards)			
		2.2	Describe the COSHH regulations that apply when dealing with chemically bonded sands, surface coatings, release agents and surface dressings			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with producing and preparing sand moulds and cores for casting, including exposure to dust and fumes, and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.5	Describe the types of sands and sand binder systems used in core and mould making activities (such as silica, olivine, chromite and zircon sands and green sand, and chemically prepared sands such as gas activated, resin/catalyst activated types)			
		2.6	Describe the various types of sand additives which are suitable for the sand and type of metal to be cast (such as chemicals, resins, catalyst, esters, breakdown agents, inhibitors, refractory materials and bentonite)			
		2.7	Describe the methods used to prepare greensand and chemically or resin bonded sands, using manual and machine methods			
		2.8	Explain how to calculate the amount of sand required, and the ratios of sand additives that may be required			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.9	Describe the effects on the prepared materials if the base product is passed the 'use by' date, is added to the mix at the wrong time or at the wrong temperature, too little or too much is added to the mix, or the mixture is over mixed or over milled			
	2.10	Describe the procedures for testing the prepared sand for moisture content, strength, viscosity and freedom from foreign bodies			
	2.11	Describe the various types of core box that are used (such as solid turnout boxes, split boxes, multi-part, strickle and boxes containing loose pieces or prints)			
	2.12	Describe the different pattern types used in the moulding process (such as loose and plated), and the jointing methods that are required for the different pattern types			
	2.13	Describe the methods of positioning the patterns for correct orientation; centralising and supporting the pattern in the moulding box			
	2.14	Describe the application and use of pattern release agents and core coatings or dressings			
	2.15	Describe the methods of filling moulds and core boxes and compacting sands (such as manual filling and compacting and machine filling and compacting), and the precautions to be taken to ensure that the pattern doesn't become displaced during the filling and compacting activities			
	2.16	Describe the methods of reinforcement and venting of the moulds and cores (such as using vent wire and rods, pre-formed shapes, pre-formed wax or nylon) and placement and use of chills and filters			
	2.17	Describe the methods of mould stripping and pattern rapping; removing the pattern without damaging the mould cavity or pattern			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18	Describe the methods of cutting and forming downsprues, ingates, riser and feeder systems			
		2.19	Describe the various methods of drying and curing cores (such as the use of ovens, CO2 gas and catalytic action)			
		2.20	Explain why it is necessary to check the moulds and cores prior to commencing core setting and mould closing operations			
		2.21	Describe the defects that can occur in the moulds and cores (such as cracked surfaces, exposed reinforcements, friable surfaces, broken or weak mould and core sections, incomplete mould or cores, damaged or broken core prints and core locations, mould location devices missing or distorted, uncoated moulds or cores)			
		2.22	Describe the methods of rectifying defects in moulds or cores, by patching and gluing			
		2.23	Explain how to prepare the moulds, and the methods of locating and setting cores in the moulds (using core prints, chaplets, glues and sprigs)			
		2.24	Describe the methods of closing and securing the moulds (using weights or clamps), and the dangers/effects of using moulds which are incorrectly closed or clamped			
		2.25	Explain why it is important to keep the pattern and core box equipment clean and free from damage, to practice good housekeeping of moulding tools and equipment, and to maintain a clean working area			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.26	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.27	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the sand moulding and core making activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 62: Producing and Preparing Molten Materials for Casting**

**Unit reference number:** K/504/6439

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce and prepare molten materials for casting. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce and prepare molten materials for casting	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare the furnace for operation, to include all of the following, as appropriate to the equipment used: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, melting specifications and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that services/power supplies are connected, and operational and start-up procedures are initiated</li> <li>• Check that guards/screens are in position and operational</li> <li>• Check that emergency stop controls are operational</li> <li>• Check that visual display panels are operational</li> <li>• Ensure that supply and discharge outlets are clear and operational</li> <li>• Check that furnace linings and equipment are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Shut down the furnace to a safe condition on completion of the melting activities</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the melting activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3	Plan the material melting activities before they start them			
		1.4	Set up the operating conditions of the melting furnace, making any necessary adjustments to maintain satisfactory operating conditions			
		1.5	Obtain the required charge materials, and check that they are in a suitable condition to use			
		1.6	Prepare the materials used in the casting process, and check that they are to the required specification, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Selection and preparation of the base charge materials (such as scrap, ingots, returns)</li> <li>• Selection and preparation of any additives and additions (such as fluxes, alloys, trimming additions, inhibitors, de-oxidisers, colour – relevant for plastics and ceramics only)</li> <li>• Selection and preparation of any fuel charge materials</li> </ul>			
		1.7	Produce molten materials, using one of the following types of furnace: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cupola</li> <li>• Induction (high or medium frequency)</li> <li>• Rotary</li> <li>• Bale out</li> <li>• Lift out crucible</li> <li>• Tilting crucible</li> <li>• Direct or indirect arc</li> <li>• Other melting furnaces (specify)</li> </ul>			
		1.8	Start up the furnace, using approved procedures, and add the materials at the appropriate time			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Produce molten material from one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Non-ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/polymer</li> <li>• Liquid ceramics</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Carry out appropriate tests of the molten material at suitable intervals, in order to achieve the material specification			
		1.11 Monitor the melting process, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measuring the melt temperature (such as visually, immersion pyrometer, visual display units)</li> <li>• Adjusting the operating conditions of the melting furnace (such as melting rate by changing the power or fuel input)</li> <li>• Making necessary additions to the melt</li> <li>• Where applicable, informing appropriate people of non-conformance of the molten material</li> <li>• Confirming that the melt is ready for casting</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Carry out treatment of the melting/molten material, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adding deoxidising agents to charge material</li> <li>• Adding oxidising agents to charge material</li> <li>• Adding alloying elements</li> <li>• Adding nucleants</li> <li>• Deoxidising molten material</li> <li>• Modification of molten material</li> <li>• Adding cover fluxes to charge material</li> <li>• Degassing molten material</li> <li>• Grain refining of molten metal</li> <li>• Removal of slag/oxide skins/impurities</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Take samples of the molten material, for one of the following types of test: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carbon equivalent measurement</li> <li>• Chemical analysis</li> <li>• X-ray fluorescence spectrometry (XRF)</li> <li>• Spark emission spectrometry</li> <li>• Wedge tests</li> <li>• Tensile tests</li> <li>• Hydrogen gas content</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Discharge the molten material from the furnace into one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Holding furnace</li> <li>• Prepared pouring ladles</li> <li>• Prepared treatment ladles</li> <li>• Other holding/casting vessels/pigs</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16 Dispose of waste and excess materials safely and correctly			
		1.17 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the melting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce and prepare molten materials for casting	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with melting furnaces and molten materials (such as wearing full protective clothing and protective equipment; minimisation of dust and fumes, ensuring adequate ventilation/fume extraction, and the elimination of slipping or tripping hazards)			
		2.2	Describe the COSHH regulations that apply when dealing with charge materials, furnace additions and additives			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with working with melting furnaces and molten materials (such as splashes and spills of molten materials; dust and fumes; handling hot and heavy materials), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.5	Describe the emergency procedures to be followed in the event of a malfunction of any melting furnace, holding ladle or pouring vessels in use			
		2.6	Explain why it is important to keep the furnace and melting equipment clean and free from damage, to practice good housekeeping of tools and equipment, and to maintain a clean and unobstructed working area			
		2.7	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined casting procedures			
		2.8	Describe manual lifting techniques and requirements on acceptable weights to be handled by hand			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the various types and applications of material melting furnace that are used (such as rotary and cupola types; crucible types such as lift out, push up, bale out, and tilting; electric furnaces such as induction arc and resistance)			
		2.10 Explain how to check that the furnace and its linings are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.11 Explain how to identify the various charge materials they are to use in producing the cast components			
		2.12 Describe the various forms of materials used in the melting process (such as ingots, granules, powders, bought-in scrap and scrap components for re-melting)			
		2.13 Explain why it is necessary to check the amounts of materials, prior to commencing melting operations			
		2.14 Describe the effects on the melting operation and the molten material if the base materials are out of date, different in content from the specification requirements, added to the furnace/melt at the wrong time or temperature, or when wet or damp, or if too little or too much is added to the melt			
		2.15 Describe the reasons why furnace start-up procedures are performed, and why these must always be adhered to			
		2.16 Describe the methods of charging the furnaces, and the precautions to be taken when adding materials to molten liquids			
		2.17 Describe the reasons for preheating some materials prior to furnace charging			
		2.18 Describe the additions that are made to the material/metals/alloys to aid the melt or produce and/or correct the material specification			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Explain how to establish melting and pouring temperatures and how to set the furnace/crucible controls to give the required melt conditions			
		2.20	Describe the methods of checking when the molten material is at the required temperature (such as by visual means, by use of fixed and optical pyrometers)			
		2.21	Describe the actions to take if the molten material is outside the specified temperature range			
		2.22	Describe the methods of checking chemical composition by spectrographic or chemical analysis of samples from the melt			
		2.23	Describe the defects in castings which can be directly related to the use of molten material which is outside the specified temperature range, or which is untreated, or is treated but casting is delayed, or to the use of un-skimmed metal/material			
		2.24	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.25	Describe the importance of cleaning the furnace/crucible in accordance with the furnace/crucible manufacturer's instructions			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the melting activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 63:**

# **Producing Cast Components by Manual Means**

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6440

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 13

**Guided learning hours:** 65

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce cast components by manual means. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce cast components by manual means	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the manual casting activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure that the work area is clear of obvious hazards</li> <li>Follow job instructions, casting specifications and procedures</li> <li>Confirm that the required material handling equipment is available, and is in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>Check that any required ancillary equipment is operational (such as fume extraction equipment, inhibitor gas supply and molten material treatment equipment)</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the casting activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the casting activities before they start them			
		1.4	Ensure that the moulds are correctly prepared, sited and positioned ready for the casting process			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Check that the moulds/dies are complete and ready for casting, to include carrying out all of the following checks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appropriate clamps and/or weights are in position</li> <li>• Downsprues are marked, and pouring bushes/basins are in position and free from obstructions</li> <li>• Any necessary filters are in place</li> <li>• Access to the moulds/dies/shells is clear</li> <li>• Containers for surplus molten material are prepared and positioned conveniently in relation to the mould/dies/shells</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Prepare the molten material ladles/handling equipment, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checking that the ladle is the correct size for the amount of material to be poured</li> <li>• Checking that the ladle/lining is in a safe condition and is complete and dry</li> <li>• Ensuring that any necessary pre-heating has been carried out</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Ensure that the molten material is at the required casting temperature			
		1.8 Ensure that the molten metal conforms to the required specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Collect the molten material and carry out all of the following melt checks/procedures, as appropriate to the melt: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making temperature checks</li> <li>• Take samples for chemical composition checks</li> <li>• Skimming of the melt to remove slag and other impurities</li> <li>• Applying coagulant material</li> <li>• Using inhibitor materials or gas</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Collect and transport the molten material safely and correctly from the furnace			
		1.11 Use the appropriate technique to pour the molten material into the moulds			
		1.12 Transfer and pour the molten material into moulds/dies, using one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single operation</li> <li>• Double pour</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Produce cast components from one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Non-ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Plastics/polymers</li> <li>• Liquid ceramics</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Produce cast components which contain two of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Faces that are flat, square or angled to each other</li> <li>• Have round, curved or contoured surfaces</li> <li>• Have slots or holes</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Cast molten materials into one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sand moulds</li> <li>• Metal moulds/dies</li> <li>• Shells (investment process)</li> </ul>			
		1.16	Produce cast components to the required specification			
		1.17	Produce cast components which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complete and free from obvious defects (such as blow holes, impurities, cracks, damaged or deformed surfaces)</li> <li>• Meet the required specification (such as shape, dimensional accuracy)</li> <li>• Meet company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.18	Dispose of surplus material safely and correctly			
		1.19	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.20	Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the casting activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce cast components by manual means	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions with regard to handling and transporting molten materials (such as minimisation of dust and fumes, wearing full personal protective clothing and protective equipment, and the elimination of slipping or tripping hazards)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with pouring molten materials (such as splashes and spills of molten materials; fumes; handling hot and heavy materials), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used; how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition			
		2.4	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.5	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined casting procedures			
		2.6	Describe the emergency procedures to be followed in the event of a furnace failure or malfunction in any vessel used to transport and cast molten materials			
		2.7	Describe manual lifting techniques and requirements on acceptable weights to be handled by hand			
		2.8	Describe the various methods of collecting molten material from the furnace or ladle, and the different types of vessels used to hold ferrous and non-ferrous metal alloys, plastic/polymer or liquid ceramic materials			
		2.9	Explain why it is sometimes necessary for the ladles to be preheated, and the effects of using wet or untreated/cold ladles			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain why it is important to keep the ladles and molten material handling equipment clean and free from damage, to practice good housekeeping of tools and equipment, to maintain a clean and unobstructed working area, and to dispose of surplus molten material into prepared containers or areas			
		2.11	Describe the causes of surface impurities on molten materials			
		2.12	Describe the reasons why some impurities float on some materials and sink in others			
		2.13	Describe the methods of removing impurities from the surface of the molten materials			
		2.14	Describe the effects on the quality of the cast components if impurities are allowed to enter the mould/die cavity			
		2.15	Explain why the temperature of the molten material should be taken prior to the transfer from holding ladle to pouring vessel			
		2.16	Describe the actions they need to take if the molten material is outside the required temperature range			
		2.17	Describe the checks to be carried out on the moulds/dies/shells prior to casting (such as checking that clamps or weights are correctly positioned, downsprues are marked and pouring bushes/basins are in position, necessary filters are in place and access to moulds is clear)			
		2.18	Describe the importance of using the correct pouring techniques and of casting at the correct speed			
		2.19	Describe the methods of pouring molten material for single operations or double pour applications			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the defects in cast components which can be directly related to using the incorrect pouring technique, incorrect material temperature, or untreated molten material			
		2.21	Explain how to dispose of surplus molten material (such as returning material to furnace or receiver; pouring into prepared sand beds or ingot moulds)			
		2.22	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the casting activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 64:** **Fettling, Finishing and Checking Cast Components**

**Unit reference number:** H/504/6441

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to fettle, finish and check cast components. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annex A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annex C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Fettle, finish and check cast components	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following, in preparation for the fettling and finishing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure that the work area is clear of obvious hazards</li> <li>• Obtain any necessary personal protective equipment, and check that it is in good order</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, fettling and finishing specifications and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the tools and equipment they need are in a safe, tested and usable condition (such as extension leads, hoses, pneumatic equipment, hand tools)</li> <li>• Ensure that dust extraction and air filtering equipment is functioning correctly</li> <li>• ensure that all guards and screens are in place and in good order</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fettling and finishing activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3	Plan the fettling, finishing and checking activities before they start them			
		1.4	Remove the cast components from the moulds/dies, using appropriate tools and techniques			
		1.5	Remove cast components from moulds, and carry out all of the following, as appropriate to the castings produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Knocking castings out of the moulds</li> <li>• Removing castings from the moulding material</li> <li>• De-coring</li> <li>• Removing runner/riser/feeder systems</li> </ul>			
		1.6	Clean the cast components and, where appropriate, remove any cores			
		1.7	Fettle and finish the castings to remove excess material			
		1.8	Fettle and finish cast components which have been produced from one of the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Non-ferrous alloys</li> <li>• Plastics/polymers</li> <li>• Liquid ceramics</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Fettle and finish cast components, to include the use of three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand tools (such as wire brushes, knives, scrapers, saws, files)</li> <li>• Pneumatic chipping hammers</li> <li>• Slitting saw</li> <li>• Linishers</li> <li>• Thermal cutters</li> <li>• Laser cutters</li> <li>• Disc/angle grinder</li> <li>• Pedestal grinders</li> <li>• Band saw</li> <li>• Other methods (specify)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Fettle and finish cast components that have four of the following shapes/profiles: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Circular</li> <li>• Square</li> <li>• Irregular</li> <li>• Projections</li> <li>• Curved or tapered profiles</li> <li>• Internal cavities</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Check the casting for visual defects			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Visually check cast components, and identify defects including six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incomplete or deformed castings</li> <li>• Variable metal section thickness</li> <li>• Incorrect profiles</li> <li>• Swells</li> <li>• Cross joints</li> <li>• Blow holes</li> <li>• Impurity inclusions</li> <li>• Shrinkage</li> <li>• Cracks</li> <li>• Surface porosity</li> <li>• Misplaced cores</li> <li>• Mis-runs/cold shuts</li> <li>• Undercuts on runners/risers/feeders</li> <li>• Poor ingate or feeder cut-off</li> <li>• Excessive flash</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Complete dimensional checks on cast components, to include checking five of the following features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Concentricity</li> <li>• Straightness</li> <li>• Taper</li> <li>• Profiles</li> <li>• Angularity</li> <li>• Roundness</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Dispose of waste material safely and correctly, in line with organisational procedures			
		1.15 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16 Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the fettling and finishing activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to fettle, finish and check cast components	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions which must be taken when fettling and finishing cast components (such as wearing full protective clothing and protective equipment, using screens and dust extraction equipment)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with fettling and finishing cast components (such as handling hot castings, airborne sparks and metal particles, sharp edges on components, using power tools and abrasive discs, handling heavy materials, breathing in dust and fumes, noise and vibration), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used; how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition (such as eye and ear protection, overalls, full face masks, breathing equipment)			
		2.4	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.5	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined fettling procedures			
		2.6	Describe manual lifting techniques and requirements on acceptable weights to be handled by hand			
		2.7	Describe the emergency procedures to be followed in the event of a malfunction of any of the equipment that they use			
		2.8	Describe the factors which govern the cooling times of cast components in the moulds, prior to knocking out			
		2.9	Describe the different methods that can be used to knock out and de-core moulds and shells, and how to avoid damaging the moulds and cast components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how to clean the castings and remove any cores, and the tools and equipment that can be used			
		2.11	Describe the casting defects which can be directly related to the use of incorrect methods for the removal of runners/risers/feeders from castings during the knocking out process			
		2.12	Explain how to remove runners and associated systems by braking off or cutting off			
		2.13	Explain how to fettle castings to remove joint line flash, runner and feeder stubs, and the amount of material that should be removed			
		2.14	Describe the various hand and power tools that are used to carry out the fettling activities (such as hammers and chisels, files, grinding machines/discs, finishing equipment, knives and scrapers, thermal or laser cutters)			
		2.15	Describe the checks to be made on the tools and equipment to ensure that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		2.16	Describe the various workholding methods and devices used to hold the cast components during the cleaning and fettling activities			
		2.17	Describe the effect on casting quality of incorrectly fettling of castings (such as under or over-dressing)			
		2.18	Describe the reasons why different types of tools and equipment are used to fettle ferrous, non-ferrous and non-metallic cast components			
		2.19	Explain why it is important to keep the equipment clean and free from damage, to practice good housekeeping of tools and equipment, and to maintain a clean working area			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the different equipment that can be used to assist with the visual inspection of cast components (such as electronic scanning units, shadowgraph units, magnifying glasses or dye-penetrant equipment)			
		2.21	Describe the different types of defects which can be detected through visual inspection (such as incomplete or deformed castings, blow holes, impurity inclusions, mis-runs/cold shuts, shrinkage, surface/sub-surface porosity, cracks, undercuts on runners/risers/feeders, poor ingate or feeder cut-off, swells, cross joints, scabs, misplaced cores, variable metal section thickness and excessive flash)			
		2.22	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the fettling activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 65: Finishing Surfaces by Applying Coatings or Coverings

Unit reference number: M/504/6443

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 9

**Guided learning hours: 41**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to finish surfaces by applying coatings or coverings. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Finish surfaces by applying coatings or coverings	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the surface finishing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions and finishing specifications and procedures</li> <li>• Check that the tools and finishing equipment that they need (such as brushes, rollers spray equipment, hoses, hand tools) are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Where appropriate, ensure that dust extraction and air filtering equipment is functioning correctly</li> <li>• Provide a suitable means for curing the coating (such as heating, or air supply to assist curing)</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the surface finishing activities before they start them			
		1.4	Prepare the work surfaces in readiness to receive the appropriate coating or covering			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Prepare the surface to be finished, to include carrying out six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Stripping old finishes</li><li>• Cleaning/degreasing</li><li>• Mechanical surface preparation</li><li>• Flattening down</li><li>• Masking up</li><li>• Filling</li><li>• Sealing</li><li>• Pre-surface treatments</li><li>• Re-activating treatments</li></ul>			
		1.6	Prepare the required coating or covering materials for use			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Prepare the coating or covering materials for application, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtaining the correct types and quantities of materials</li> <li>• Ensuring that the correct mixing ratios are adhered to</li> <li>• Checking that the prepared coating material is of the correct viscosity/consistency</li> <li>• Ensuring that the prepared material has been left for the required induction period (if applicable)</li> <li>• Ensuring that the prepared material is at the temperature recommended for application</li> </ul> Plus one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mixing base materials (such as primers, sealers)</li> <li>• Mixing finishing materials (such as final colour, stain, polish)</li> <li>• Preparing adhesives</li> <li>• Preparing cleaning materials (such as degreasing)</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Apply the coatings or coverings to the surfaces, using appropriate techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9	Apply coatings or coverings to two of the following materials: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wood based</li> <li>• Ferrous material</li> <li>• Non-ferrous material</li> <li>• Composite (such as glass fibre, Kevlar)</li> <li>• Pre-painted surfaces</li> <li>• Ceramic</li> <li>• Plaster/brick/concrete</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	<p>Apply liquid coatings such as primer/undercoat and finishing coats, using four of the following finishing materials:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sanding sealer</li> <li>• Water based paints</li> <li>• Oil/alkyd based paints</li> <li>• Synthetic paints</li> <li>• Two component polyurethane paint</li> <li>• Petroleum based</li> <li>• Polyurethane varnish</li> <li>• Lacquer</li> <li>• Stain</li> <li>• Wax</li> <li>• French polish</li> <li>• Temporary protective coatings</li> <li>• Mastics</li> <li>• Bituminous or rubber paints</li> <li>• Other special finishes (specify)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 ...continued Or Apply coverings which are decorative, insulative or protective, to include three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Paper based</li> <li>• Polymer based</li> <li>• Composite</li> <li>• Metallic</li> <li>• Wood</li> <li>• Ceramic</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Apply finishes to a range of surfaces, to include four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flat</li> <li>• Horizontal</li> <li>• Vertical</li> <li>• Overhead</li> <li>• Curved or cylindrical</li> <li>• Corners (such as outside corners, edges, 'obscured' corners)</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Check that the finished surface achieves the required characteristics and meets the finishing specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Check that the completed surface finishes or coverings comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The final finish or covering is in line with the specification or job requirements</li> <li>• The final finish achieves acceptable colour match and, where applicable, gloss levels</li> <li>• The finished surface is free from defects (such as runs, drips, bubbles, unevenness)</li> <li>• The finished surface meets customer/company requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.15 Tidy up the work area on completion of the coating or covering activities, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disposing of excess or unused materials, in accordance with approved procedures</li> <li>• Cleaning containers to be reused</li> <li>• Disposing of non-reusable containers, in accordance with approved procedures</li> <li>• Cleaning and returning all tools and excess materials to their designated location</li> <li>• Disposing of waste materials and used solvents, in accordance with approved procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Dispose of waste material safely and correctly, in line with organisational procedures			
		1.17	Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the finishing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to finish surfaces by applying coatings or coverings	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions which must be taken when preparing surfaces and applying surface coatings and coverings (such as wearing protective clothing and protective equipment, using fume and dust extraction equipment)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with preparing surfaces and applying surface coatings and coverings (such as using chemicals for cleaning activities, dust and fume inhalation, use of power tools and abrasive discs; including the hazard information to be found in manufacturers' data sheets), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used; how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition (such as eye protection, overalls, face masks, breathing equipment)			
		2.4	Describe the requirements for working in confined spaces, and safe systems of work (including required air quantities (RAQs) and local exhaust ventilation (LEV) to maintain safe conditions; the provision of adequate and safe lighting and avoidance of sources of ignition			
		2.5	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.6	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined surface finishing procedures			
		2.7	Describe the surface preparation methods and techniques to be undertaken, prior to applying the coatings or coverings (such as carrying out repairs to the surface or making good any damaged or defective surfaces; stripping off old materials; using solvents to remove dirt and grease; masking surfaces to prevent overspill/spray)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the specific coatings or coverings to be used, and the types of surfaces for which they are best suited (such as liquid coatings, coverings in sheet, roll or tile form)		
		2.9	Explain how to determine quantities of finishing materials required and, where applicable, mixing materials to achieve the required colour, viscosity or adhesive strength		
		2.10	Describe the preparation methods and techniques for mixing paints, varnishes, lacquers, stains and polishes		
		2.11	Describe the various methods of applying the required finishes (such as using brushes, rollers, paint pads, cloths, adhesive spreaders and spray equipment)		
		2.12	Describe the safe operation of spray equipment, and the effects of air pressure variance on the spray quality		
		2.13	Describe the time intervals that are required between coats, and why these must be adhered to		
		2.14	Describe the use of lamps and heaters to aid the drying of the coatings or coverings		
		2.15	Describe the cleaning and maintenance procedures for the tools and equipment that are used (such as brushes, rollers, adhesive spreading tools and spray equipment)		
		2.16	Describe the procedures for dealing with used consumables and surplus coatings or coverings safely and correctly		
		2.17	Explain how to check and assess the finished work (such as for appearance, colour, coating thickness, coverage and adhesion)		
		2.18	Explain how to recognise defects (such as bubbles, contamination, runs and other surface defects)		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the problems that can occur with the finishing operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.20	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.21	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the finishing activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work, area and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 66: Finishing Surfaces by Applying Treatments

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6444

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 9

**Guided learning hours:** 41

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to finish surfaces by applying treatments. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Finish surfaces by applying treatments	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the surface treatment activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions and surface treatment specifications and procedures.</li> <li>• Ensure that the equipment is correctly prepared for the treatment operations being performed</li> <li>• Carry out handling/jigging of the component (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Clean all tools and equipment on completion of the surface treatment activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste and excess materials, in line with agreed organisational procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Apply surface treatments to components by carrying out one of the following processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Powder coating</li> <li>• Hot dip treatments</li> <li>• Electroplating</li> <li>• Anodising</li> <li>• Chemical treatments</li> <li>• Phosphating</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Apply surface treatments to two different substrates from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mild steel</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Brass</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Zinc based diecastings</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> <li>• Previously plated substrates</li> <li>• Plastics/composite material</li> <li>• Glass</li> <li>• Other materials (specify)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Apply surface treatments to two different types of component from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Irregular components with multiple surfaces</li> <li>• Welded/joined components</li> <li>• Hollow/tubular components</li> <li>• Flat components</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Plan the surface treatment activities before they start them			
		1.7 Prepare the work surfaces in readiness to receive the appropriate treatment			
		1.8 Prepare the components for the surface treatment activities, by carrying out three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Degreasing</li> <li>• Cleaning</li> <li>• Rinsing</li> <li>• Masking</li> <li>• Pre-heating</li> <li>• Pickling</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Check that the surface treatment equipment and solutions are set up and maintained at satisfactory operating conditions and levels			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Use one of the following methods for locating the work during the surface treatment process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiring</li> <li>• Specialised jigs</li> <li>• Jigging components, which are masked prior to processing</li> <li>• Jigs with integral masking</li> </ul>			
		1.11	Carry out the surface treatment process, using appropriate techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Carry out the surface treatment activities, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Start up the surface treatment equipment, using approved procedures</li> <li>• Confirm with the authorised person that the plant is ready for carrying out the surface treatment operations</li> <li>• Ensure that the equipment settings and process solutions are set and adjusted to maintain the correct specification (such as time, levels, temperature, current)</li> <li>• Check that the components are correctly prepared for the required treatment activities (such as dry, at the correct temperature, correctly masked)</li> <li>• Load components safely into the treatment plant/solutions</li> <li>• Ensure that components are left for the required induction period (if applicable)</li> <li>• Remove the components from the plant/solution safely and correctly</li> <li>• Apply appropriate post treatment activities (such as curing, cooling, quenching)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Check that the finished surface achieves the required characteristics and meets the surface treatment specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Carry out checks on the treated surfaces, to include four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Freedom from damage</li> <li>• Freedom from contamination</li> <li>• Overall coverage/completeness of the coating operations</li> <li>• Thickness of deposit/coating</li> <li>• Appearance of deposits (such as colour, brightness)</li> <li>• Bend test (such as manual or mechanical)</li> <li>• Surface roughness checks</li> <li>• Adhesion of deposit to substrate</li> <li>• Porosity of coating</li> <li>• Deposit hardness</li> <li>• Brittleness of deposit</li> <li>• Abrasion resistance</li> <li>• Corrosion testing</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Carry out surface treatment processes which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The final surface finish is in line with the specification or job requirements</li> <li>• The finished surface is free from defects</li> <li>• The finished surface meets customer/company requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Shut down the surface treatment equipment to a safe condition on completion of the activities			
		1.18	Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the surface treatment activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to finish surfaces by applying treatments	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions which must be taken when preparing surfaces and applying surface treatment processes (such as wearing protective clothing and protective equipment, using fume extraction equipment)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with preparing surfaces and applying surface treatments (such as using chemicals for cleaning and coating activities, fume inhalation, splashes from hot or corrosive treatment processes), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used; how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition (such as eye protection, overalls, face masks, breathing equipment)			
		2.4	Describe the requirements for working in confined spaces and safe systems of work (including required air quantities (RAQs) and local exhaust ventilation (LEV)) to maintain safe conditions			
		2.5	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.6	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined surface treatment procedures			
		2.7	Describe the surface preparation methods and techniques to be undertaken prior to applying the treatments (such as stripping off old materials; using solvents to remove dirt and grease; masking surfaces to contain the deposits)			
		2.8	Describe the specific surface treatment process to be carried out, and the types of application for which they are best suited (such as powder coating, hot dip treatments, chemical treatments, phosphating, electroplating and anodising)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the basic principles of operation of the specific surface treatment process being carried out			
		2.10 Describe the pre-treatments to be carried out on the components prior to the surface treatment activities (such as cleaning/degreasing, pickling, pre-heating)			
		2.11 Describe the visual checks to be made on the components prior to carrying out the surface treatment activities (such as checking they are dry, have been pre-heated or are correctly masked up)			
		2.12 Describe the need to make certain that all substrates and jigs are completely free of water or other solvents prior to immersing in a hot solution, and the potential consequences of failing to check this			
		2.13 Describe the methods used to hold/secure components during the surface treatment process (such as wires, hooks, jigs)			
		2.14 Describe the setting up of the surface treatment plant and equipment, and the operation and locations of emergency shutdown stops			
		2.15 Describe the importance of monitoring the equipment settings and process solutions during the treatment process			
		2.16 Describe the time intervals that the components need to be immersed, or time required between coats, and why these must be adhered to			
		2.17 Explain how to identify surface treatment processing faults (including blistering, missed deposits, dull deposits, contamination and poor adhesion)			
		2.18 Explain how to check and assess the finished work (such as for appearance, colour, coating thickness, coverage and adhesion)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Describe the problems that can occur with the surface treatment operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.20	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.21	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the surface treatment activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			
		2.22	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			

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# Unit 67: Carrying Out Heat Treatment of Engineering Materials

**Unit reference number:** A/504/6445

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 9

**Guided learning hours:** 41

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out heat treatment of engineering materials. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out heat treatment of engineering materials	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the heat treatment activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions and heat treatment process specifications and procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that the equipment is correctly prepared for the heat treatment operations being performed</li> <li>• Store all tools and equipment on completion of the heat treatment activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste and excess materials, in line with agreed organisational procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out three of the following heat treatment processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Flame hardening</li> <li>• Case hardening</li> <li>• Carburising</li> <li>• Tempering</li> <li>• Annealing</li> <li>• Normalising/stress relieving</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Apply heat treatments to two different types of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Silver/tool steel</li> <li>• Chilled cast iron</li> <li>• Welded fabrications</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Other materials (specify)</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Plan the heat treatment activities before they start them			
		1.6 Prepare the materials in readiness to receive the appropriate heat treatment			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Prepare the components for the heat treatment activities, by carrying out two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing scale</li> <li>• Degreasing/cleaning</li> <li>• Masking</li> <li>• Polishing area to be tempered</li> <li>• Pre-heating</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use two of the following methods of heating the components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Furnace</li> <li>• Blacksmith's forge</li> <li>• Gas torches</li> <li>• Salt/chemical baths</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Check that the heat treatment equipment is set up and maintained at satisfactory operating conditions			
		1.10 Carry out the heat treatment process, using appropriate techniques and procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Carry out the heat treatment activities to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lighting up the furnace/forge or torch, using approved procedures</li> <li>• Setting the equipment to maintain the correct conditions (such as soak time, temperature)</li> <li>• Checking that the components are correctly prepared for the required heat treatment activities (such as dry, at the correct temperature, correctly polished or masked, packed with carbon enriched material)</li> <li>• Checking that there is sufficient cooling medium (so that it will not overheat or reach flash point)</li> <li>• Loading the components safely into the heat source/solution</li> <li>• Ensuring that components are left for the required induction period</li> <li>• Removing the components from the heat source/solution safely and correctly</li> <li>• Quenching/cooling the components, using the appropriate medium and technique</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Use two of the following methods of quenching/cooling the material: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fresh water</li> <li>• Salt water</li> <li>• Oil</li> <li>• Air</li> <li>• Sand</li> <li>• Leave in the furnace to cool</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Check that the finished material achieves the required characteristics and meets the heat treatment specification			
		1.14 Carry out simple checks on the heat treated components, to include two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visual checks for cracks or distortion</li> <li>• NDT tests (such as dye penetrant, magnetic particle, ultrasonic)</li> <li>• Simple physical checks to confirm that hardening or annealing has been achieved (such as grinding wheel spark tests, file test)</li> <li>• Specific hardness tests (such as Vickers, Brinell)</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Carry out heat treatment processes which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The final heat treated material is in line with the specification or job requirements</li> <li>• The heat treated material is free from defects</li> <li>• The heat treatment process meets customer/company requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17 Shut down the heat treatment equipment to a safe condition on completion of the activities			
		1.18 Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the heat treatment activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out heat treatment of engineering materials	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions which must be taken when carrying out heat treatment processes (such as wearing protective clothing and protective equipment, using fume extraction equipment)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out heat treatment processes (such as handling hot materials, using heat treatment solutions, fume inhalation, splashes from hot oil or liquids, fire and explosive mixtures), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used; how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition (such as leather aprons, eye protection, overalls, face masks, breathing equipment)			
		2.4	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.5	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined heat treatment procedures			
		2.6	Explain how to obtain the required information on heat treatment temperatures, tempering colours, soak times and quenching/cooling methods to be used			
		2.7	Describe the various types of material that can be flame hardened, case hardened, tempered, normalised and annealed			
		2.8	Describe the material preparation methods and techniques to be undertaken prior to applying the heat treatments (such as removing scale, oil and dirt; masking surfaces to contain the case hardening or carburising deposits; polishing surfaces to be tempered; packing or coating the components with a carbon enriched material; pre-heating before immersion into a salt bath)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the specific heat treatment process to be carried out, and the types of application for which they are best suited (such as flame hardening, case hardening, carburising, annealing, tempering and normalising)			
		2.10 Describe the basic principles of operation of the specific heat treatment process being carried out			
		2.11 Explain how to prepare the equipment for the heat treatment activities (such as setting furnace or salt bath controls to give correct temperature; the procedure for lighting and extinguishing the blacksmith's forge; setting up gas torches; ensuring that suitable tongs/handling devices are available)			
		2.12 Describe the visual checks to be made on the components prior to carrying out the surface treatment activities (such as checking that they are dry, have been pre-heated or are correctly masked up)			
		2.13 Describe the need to make certain that all components and jigs are completely free of water or other solvents prior to immersing them in a hot solution, and the potential consequences of failing to check this			
		2.14 Describe the methods used to hold/secure components in a heat treatment solution (such as wires, hooks, jigs)			
		2.15 Describe the importance of monitoring the equipment settings and process solutions during the heat treatment process			
		2.16 Explain how to heat the components to the correct temperature for the process being carried out (such as hardening temperatures for various carbon contents; soak times at set temperatures for carburising, annealing or normalising; temperatures and colours for various tempering applications), and why these must be adhered too			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the quenching and cooling methods to be used (such as fresh water, salt water, oil, sand, air and leaving the components in the furnace to cool naturally)			
		2.18	Describe the need to maintain quenching oil at a temperature below its flash point			
		2.19	Explain how to check the finished work after heat treatment (such as visual checks for cracks or distortion; using simple file or spark tests to check that hardening or annealing has been achieved; the use of dye penetrant and magnetic particle tests; the use of specialised hardness tests)			
		2.20	Describe the problems that can occur with the heat treatment operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the heat treatment activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 68: Carrying Out Hand Forging of Engineering Materials**

**Unit reference number:** F/504/6446

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 9

**Guided learning hours:** 41

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out hand forging of engineering materials. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out hand forging of engineering materials	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the hand forging activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Follow job instructions and hand forging specifications and procedures</li> <li>Ensure that the material handling equipment and hand tools are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to their correct designation on completion of the hand forging activities</li> <li>Dispose of waste and excess materials, in line with organisational procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Use one of the following methods of heating the components: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Furnace/oven</li> <li>Blacksmith's forge</li> <li>Gas torch</li> <li>Induction heating</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Plan the hand forging activities before they start them			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Prepare the materials in readiness for the forging operations		
		1.6	Carry out hand forging operations on two different materials from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wrought iron</li> <li>• Low carbon steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Alloy steel</li> <li>• Brass</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Other materials (specify)</li> </ul>		
		1.7	Prepare the forging equipment in readiness for the forging operations		
		1.8	Carry out six of the following hand forging operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bending</li> <li>• Twisting</li> <li>• Drawing down</li> <li>• Upsetting</li> <li>• Swaging</li> <li>• Punching</li> <li>• Cutting off</li> <li>• Flame welding</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Use five of the following during the forging process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hand hammers</li> <li>• Pneumatic hammers</li> <li>• Blacksmith's anvil</li> <li>• Formers</li> <li>• Swages</li> <li>• Stakes</li> <li>• Punches</li> <li>• Drifts</li> <li>• Other tools (specify)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Carry out the hand forging activities, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lighting up the furnace/forging torch, using approved procedures</li> <li>• Setting the equipment to maintain the correct conditions (such as temperature), where applicable</li> <li>• Checking that the components are correctly prepared for the required hand forging activities (such as free from scale or excessive rust, heated to the correct colour/temperature)</li> <li>• Using appropriate tools and techniques to forge the required shapes/profiles</li> <li>• Re-heating the forged components at suitable periods during the forging process</li> <li>• Using appropriate tools/gauges to determine when the required shape is achieved</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Check that the finished components conform to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce hand forged components which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All dimensions are within +/- 3.0mm or +/- 0.125"</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as flat, straight, angles, twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from excessive tooling/hammer marks, deformation or cracks</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.14 Shut down the forging equipment to a safe condition on completion of the activities			
		1.15 Leave the work area in a safe condition on completion of the hand forging activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out hand forging of engineering materials	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety precautions which must be taken when carrying out hand forging processes (such as wearing protective clothing and protective equipment, using fume extraction equipment)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out hand forging processes (such as handling hot materials, fume inhalation, fire), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the personal protective equipment (PPE) to be used (such as leather aprons, eye/ear protection, overalls, face masks, breathing equipment); how to obtain it and check that it is in a safe and usable condition			
		2.4	Describe the importance of ensuring that fume extraction equipment is operating effectively, and that good housekeeping and fire prevention procedures are observed			
		2.5	Describe the importance of following job instructions and defined hand forging techniques and procedures			
		2.6	Explain how to obtain the required information on forging colours/temperatures to be used			
		2.7	Describe the various types of material that can be hand forged			
		2.8	Describe the characteristics of the materials, and how they effect and are affected by the forging process			
		2.9	Describe the meaning of forging terminology (such as drawing down, upsetting, swaging, twisting, punching and flame welding)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10 Explain how to prepare the equipment for the hand forging activities (such as setting furnace controls to give correct temperature; the procedure for lighting and extinguishing the blacksmith's forge; setting up gas torches; ensuring that suitable tongs/handling devices are available)			
		2.11 Describe the material preparation methods and techniques to be undertaken prior to carrying out the hand forging operations (such as removing scale, oil and dirt; heating the material to the correct forging temperature)			
		2.12 Explain how to determine when the material is ready for the forging operations (by checking the colour of the hot material)			
		2.13 Describe the various hand forging methods used, and the range of tools required (including types of hammers, formers, swages, stakes, punches and drifts)			
		2.14 Describe the use of the various parts of the blacksmith's anvil for the forging operations			
		2.15 Describe the use of various cooling or quenching mediums (such as water, oil, air or sand)			
		2.16 Describe the effect on the materials of plunging them into cooling mediums whilst they are still hot			
		2.17 Explain how to check that the forged components meet the specification requirements (such as visual checks for cracks, scale inclusions or distortion; use of measuring equipment, gauges or templates to check dimensional and geometric features)			
		2.18 Describe the problems that can occur with the hand forging operations, and how these can be overcome			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.20	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the forging activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 69: Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Vehicles (Pre-Competition)**

**Unit reference number:** J/504/6447

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to strip and rebuild motorsport vehicles pre-competition. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Strip and rebuild motorsport vehicles (pre-competition)	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following activities prior to stripping and rebuilding of the motorsport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positioning and securing the vehicle, using the correct equipment</li> <li>• Carrying out all preparatory work (such as removal of wheels, bodywork or fairings, removing dirt, oil and track debris)</li> <li>• Checking for leaks in the braking system, clutch, cooling, steering, lubrication and fuel systems</li> <li>• Checking for play in spherical bearings, bushes, couplings and joints</li> <li>• Checking for excessive wear to bodywork fasteners, brake linings, clutch linings, skid plates, dog rings and gear ratios</li> <li>• Making initial judgements as to the cause of damage and/or wear</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Obtain all the information they need for the motorsport vehicle preparation activities to be carried out			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4	Use three of the following to aid the vehicle preparation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System diagrams</li> <li>• Equipment manuals</li> <li>• Vehicle telemetry data</li> <li>• Engineer's records</li> <li>• Set-up sheets</li> <li>• Inspection check sheets</li> </ul>			
		1.5	Establish and, where appropriate, mark component orientation for re-assembly			
		1.6	Ensure that any stored energy or substances are released safely and correctly			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.7 Carry out the removal and replacement activities, within the limits of their personal authority to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disconnecting electrical connections</li> <li>• Disconnecting and removing hoses and pipes</li> <li>• Draining and removing fluids</li> <li>• Proof marking/labelling of components to aid reassembly</li> <li>• Separation of components by means of removing mechanical fasteners (such as nuts, bolts, circlips, quick-release fasteners, rivets)</li> <li>• Inspecting components for damage and wear, and identifying all components and fasteners that require replacement</li> <li>• Arranging and storing components in a manner that makes re-assembly as straightforward as possible</li> <li>• Labelling (and storing in the correct location) components that require repair or overhaul</li> <li>• Reassembly of components using mechanical fastening devices (such as nuts, bolts, quick-release fasteners, circlips, rivets)</li> <li>• Replacement of sealing devices (such as 'O' rings, seals, gaskets, sealing compounds)</li> <li>• Positioning, aligning, setting and adjusting replaced components (such as travel, working clearance)</li> <li>• Tightening fastenings to the required torque, and applying bolt locking methods (such as split pins, wire locking, lock nuts)</li> <li>• Making electrical connections and earth bonding</li> <li>• Replacing fluids and bleeding the system</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8	Remove and replace the required components, using approved tools and techniques			
		1.9	Remove and replace components on one of the following types of motorsport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single seater</li> <li>• Rallying</li> <li>• Sports cars</li> <li>• Karts</li> <li>• Historic</li> <li>• Motorcycles (such as circuit and off-road)</li> <li>• Other specific approved competition vehicle</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.10 Remove and replace motorsport vehicle components from all of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 'Lifed' components (such as filters, gaskets, seals, bearings, securing devices, fuel cells)</li> <li>• Pipes and pipe connecting devices (such as rigid pipe, hoses, unions/couplings)</li> <li>• Chassis (such as uprights, suspension systems, steering and brake callipers/discs)</li> <li>• Mechanical controls (such as throttle, brakes, clutch, gear)</li> <li>• Safety equipment (such as seats, belts, fire extinguishers)</li> </ul> <p>Plus assist in the removal and replacement of motorsport vehicle components from three of the following categories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine and ancillary components (such as exhaust primaries and silencers, airboxes, engine mounts, filters)</li> <li>• Transmission (such as gear ratios, gear selectors, dog rings, final drives, clutches, oil coolers, drive and prop shafts)</li> <li>• Fuel systems (such as fuel pumps, fuel tanks, fuel collectors)</li> <li>• Cooling systems (such as radiators, heat exchangers, header tanks)</li> <li>• Electrical (such as voltage generation, ignition system components, engine management, data control boxes, ECUs, wiring looms, lighting)</li> <li>• System components (such as sensors, regulators, safety devices, gauges)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Carry out all of the following inspection and testing techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Functional testing</li> <li>• Mechanical measurement</li> <li>• Sensory testing (such as sight, sound smell touch)</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following test procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ferrous metal crack detection</li> <li>• Non-ferrous metal crack detection</li> <li>• Static or dynamic balancing</li> <li>• Brake balance and pressure testing</li> <li>• Cylinder pressure/balance tests</li> <li>• Electrical tests</li> <li>• Damper dynamometer testing</li> <li>• Other specific tests</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Remove and replace motorsport vehicle equipment and components, in compliance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Race Association's (such as FIA, MSA)</li> <li>• BS or ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Vehicle manufacturer's specification</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Team/company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Specific system requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Take suitable precautions to prevent damage to components and the surrounding structure			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Report any instances where the removal and replacement activities cannot be fully met, or where there are identified defects outside the planned activities			
		1.15	Complete the relevant documentation, in accordance with organisational requirements			
		1.16	Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one from the following, and pass it to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Job sheets</li> <li>• Computer records</li> <li>• Vehicle preparation sheet</li> <li>• Formal risk assessment</li> </ul>			
		1.17	Label and store, in an appropriate location, components that require repair or overhaul			
		1.18	Dispose of waste materials and scrap components, in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to strip and rebuild motorsport vehicles (pre-competition)	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when stripping and rebuilding motorsport vehicles and when using lubricants and fluids (including lifting and handling techniques; safe working practices with regard to dismantling motorsport vehicles; procedures which satisfy current regulations - such as HASAWA, COSHH, PUWER and other related legislation and guidelines)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with removing and replacing motorsport vehicle components, and with the tools and equipment used (such as the safe support of the vehicle at the correct working height and position, the safe release of fuel and other liquids, handling hydraulic fluids, misuse of tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment that they need to use for both personal protection and protection of the vehicle			
		2.4	Describe the importance of good housekeeping within the working area (such as leaving the work area free of debris and used materials, cleaning and maintaining tools and equipment, returning equipment to designated storage area, leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition), and of good personal presentation to ensure quality representation of the team or organisation			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.5	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the vehicle (such as removing bodywork or fairings, cleaning away dirt, dust, oil or track debris; making visual checks of the systems and components for obvious signs of damage or excessive wear - such as bearings, bushes, bodywork, floors, fairings, leaking coolant or oil, chafing, cracks, excessive clearances); ensuring that suitable storage space is readied once the systems have been removed from the vehicle, and providing suitable containers for the storage of fasteners and other small components			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from motorsport vehicle documentation (such as vehicle manuals, system diagrams, telemetry data, engineer's records, set-up sheets, inspection reports)			
		2.7	Describe the importance of ensuring that they use the correct and up-to-date documentation			
		2.8	Describe the techniques used to remove components from vehicle systems without damage to the components or surrounding structure (such as release of spring pressures/force, draining of fluids, proof marking, extraction of components and the need to protect the circuit integrity by fitting blanking plugs to exposed pipes)			
		2.9	Explain how to use a range of hand tools (such as spanners, sockets, screwdrivers, punches, drifts) to remove a range of components (such as studs, pins, circlips, rivets, seals and gaskets, bearings, gears, final drives, wings, floors, skid plates, fairings, seats); and using release agents to help free joined parts where seizure or crash damage may have occurred			
		2.10	Describe the various mechanical fasteners to be removed and replaced, and their method of removal and replacement (such as threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Describe the various types of electrical connectors that are used, methods of unlocking, orientation indicators and locating and locking-in of the connections			
		2.12	Describe the methods of lifting, and supporting the components/equipment during the removal and replacement activities			
		2.13	Describe the methods of checking the components for damage or wear (using visual methods, measurements, and crack detection techniques)			
		2.14	Describe the need to use new components where checks during dismantling revealed such needs; fitting together new or prototype components, where a degree of initial fitting may be needed (such as filing, fettling, reaming, tapping, shimming, polishing and adjusting to achieve the required assembly specification); sealing and securing components (such as using nuts, bolts and associated fasteners, rivets, circlips, sealants and locking compounds); checking for correctness of fit and accuracy at critical stages during the rebuild and on completion of the assembly			
		2.15	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly (such as travel and working clearance, timing and sequence)			
		2.16	Explain why securing devices must be tightened to the correct torque and locked, and the different methods that are used			
		2.17	Describe the tools and equipment used in the removal and replacement activities, their calibration/care and control procedures, and the need to control and account for all tools and equipment used during the removal and replacement activity			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.18 Explain how to deal with problems (such as what to do when components are damaged or worn in some way, the correct equipment or parts not available, components do not come apart as readily as expected, when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help from others)			
		2.19 Describe the recording documentation to be completed for the activities undertaken and, where appropriate, the importance of marking and identifying specific pieces of work in relation to the documentation			
		2.20 Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials, scrap components, hydraulic fluids, contaminated fuel			
		2.21 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22 Describe the importance of leaving the work area and vehicle in a safe and clean condition on completion of the stripping and rebuilding activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

(if sampled)

## Unit 70: Inspecting a Motorsport Vehicle During a Competition

Unit reference number: L/504/6448

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to inspect a motorsport vehicle during a competition. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Inspect a motorsport vehicle during a competition	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following in preparation for the inspection of the motorsport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that there is enough time available to complete the inspection</li> <li>• Obtain all the required tools and equipment, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the motorsport vehicle is safely supported on the appropriate stands</li> <li>• Ensure that all bodywork, fairings, covers and hatches have been removed (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Obtain and wear the correct personal protective equipment for the tasks being undertaken</li> <li>• Obtain the appropriate fluids and lubricants</li> <li>• Obtain the correct auxiliary engine starting devices (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Obtain the relevant inspection documentation</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Inspect one of the following types of motorsport vehicle during a motorsport event or competition: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single seater</li> <li>• Rallying</li> <li>• Sports cars</li> <li>• Karts</li> <li>• Historic</li> <li>• Motorcycles (such as circuit and off-road)</li> <li>• Other specific approved competition vehicle</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Obtain all the information they need for the motorsport vehicle inspection activities to be carried out			
		1.5 Plan the inspection activities before they start them			
		1.6 Obtain and prepare tools and ancillary equipment necessary for the inspection work to be carried out			
		1.7 Carry out the inspection activities, using approved tools and techniques, and within the limits of their personal authority			
		1.8 Take suitable precautions to prevent damage to components and surrounding systems			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.9 Carry out inspections and checks, to include ten of the following, as appropriate to the motorsport vehicle being inspected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using a torque wrench to spanner-check wheel nuts, bolts and other critical fastenings</li> <li>• Ensuring that fuel tanks are filled to their correct capacity</li> <li>• Checking that suitable tyres are fitted, that they are free from damage and are at the correct cold pressures</li> <li>• Checking for correct oil pressure prior to engine warm-up</li> <li>• Checking engine temperatures and pressures during warm-up</li> <li>• Pressurising the cooling system after initial start-up</li> <li>• Testing that the throttle operation reaches 100% opening</li> <li>• Checking that power steering fluid levels are correct and free from leaks</li> <li>• Checking that hydraulic brake and clutch fluids are at the correct levels, and that the brake balance is set</li> <li>• Inflating damper bump canisters, using the appropriate gases</li> <li>• Checking that clutch operating clearance is correct, and that gear selection is satisfactory through all gears</li> <li>• Testing that electrical systems are operating correctly</li> <li>• Checking spherical bearings and wheel bearings for play</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Carry out three of the following before the vehicle leaves the 'pit' area: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Checking that all bodywork, fairings, wings, covers and hatches are correctly secured</li> <li>• Checking that the driver is fitted correctly into the seat, and that seat belts are securely fastened</li> <li>• Ensuring that the fire extinguisher bottle is full and the system is armed</li> <li>• Ensuring that wheels are correctly torqued, and locking mechanisms are in place</li> <li>• Ensuring that the driver has the appropriate vehicle information prior to entering the vehicle or competition (such as amount of fuel, type of tyres and pressures, track conditions, vehicle geometry changes, brake balance, brake condition)</li> <li>• Cleaning the bodywork, fairings, windscreen and other relevant areas of the vehicle</li> <li>• Checking that the work area/vehicle track access lane is free from tools, equipment and foreign objects</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Report any instances where the inspection activities cannot be fully met, or where there are identified issues outside the planned activities			
		1.12 Record the results of the inspection activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Complete the relevant paperwork and pass it to the appropriate person, to include one from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Driver/rider</li> <li>• Team manager</li> <li>• Chief mechanic</li> <li>• No.1 mechanic</li> <li>• Other appropriate person</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Use the evidence they have gained to during the inspection activities to improve future reliability and performance of the motorsport vehicle			
		1.15 Tidy up on completion of the inspection activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to inspect a motorsport vehicle during a competition	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when inspecting motorsport vehicles and when using lubricants and fluids (including lifting and handling techniques; safe working practices with regard to inspecting motorsport vehicles; procedures which satisfy current regulations - such as HASAWA, COSHH, PUWER and other related legislation and guidelines)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with inspecting motorsport vehicles, and with the tools and equipment used, (such as the safe support of the vehicle at the correct working height and position, the safe release of fuel and other liquids, handling hot or damaged components, misuse of tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment that they need to use for both personal protection and protection of the vehicle			
		2.4	Describe the importance of good housekeeping within the working area (such as leaving the work area free of debris and used materials, cleaning and maintaining tools and equipment, returning equipment to designated storage area, leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition), and of good personal presentation to ensure quality representation of the team or organisation			
		2.5	Describe the need to ensure that suitable storage space is readied for all bodywork, panels, fairings and covers once the vehicle has been stopped after its initial running period and before any checks are made			
		2.6	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the vehicle (such as removing bodywork or fairings, covers and panels, cleaning away dirt, dust, oil or track debris; making visual checks of the systems and components for obvious signs of damage, insecurity and leaks)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7	Describe the importance of communicating with others and using inspection check sheets or other relevant documentation to ensure that the inspection is carried out in a systematic way, within the times restraints, and determining what consumables and or components may be needed			
		2.8	Explain how the information is recorded and returned to the relevant person, once all inspection work has been completed			
		2.9	Describe the techniques used to check components and systems without damaging the motorsport vehicle or disabling it from immediate use			
		2.10	Explain how to use a range of hand tools (such as spanners, sockets, screwdrivers, torque wrenches, pressure gauges) to check the security of a range of vehicle systems and sub-assemblies (such as engine, transmission, suspension, steering, cooling, lubrication, electrical)			
		2.11	Explain how to pressurise tyres, dampers, cooling systems and fuel systems; how to check for leaks and understand the specifications of fluids, fuels and lubricants to top up the vehicle systems following a leak or other problems			
		2.12	Describe the various mechanical fasteners to be removed and replaced, and their method of removal and replacement (such as threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.13	Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly (such as travel and working clearance, timing and sequence)			
		2.14	Explain why securing devices need to be tightened to the correct torque and locked, and the different methods used			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.15 Describe the tools and equipment used in the inspection activities, and their calibration/care and control procedures, and the need to control and account for all tools and equipment used during the inspection activities at an event or competition			
		2.16 Explain how to deal with problems (such as what to do when components are damaged or insecure, the correct equipment, fluids or lubricants not available, when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help from others)			
		2.17 Explain how to report any alterations that they have made, or losses of fluids, lubricants, pressures, or abnormally excessive wear of components - to the relevant person			
		2.18 Explain how to complete the relevant documentation, stating the tasks completed and any adjustments made (such as setting of pressures, levels, geometry changes)			
		2.19 Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials, scrap components, hydraulic fluids, contaminated fuel			
		2.20 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.21 Describe the importance of leaving the work area and vehicle in a safe and clean condition on completion of the inspection activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			



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*(if sampled)*

# **Unit 71:**

## **Diagnosing and Rectifying Faults on Motorsport Vehicle Systems During Competition**

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6449

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to diagnose and rectify faults on motorsport vehicle systems during competition. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Diagnose and rectify faults on motorsport vehicle systems (during competition)	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the fault diagnostic activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carry out all preparatory work (such as removal of bodywork, fairings and covers, removing excessive dust, grease and dirt)</li> <li>• Check for obvious signs of damage (such as impact damage, broken parts)</li> <li>• Check for excessive wear or play (such as on shafts, bearings, spherical joints and drive shafts)</li> <li>• Check for leaks on seals, gaskets, bushes, controls and pipe fittings</li> <li>• Check the condition and security of suspension and drive components</li> <li>• Check the condition of tyres (such as damage, wear, pressures, security)</li> <li>• Check for metallic particles in lubricants</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Assist in diagnosing faults on one of the following types of motor sport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single seater</li> <li>• Rallying</li> <li>• Sports cars</li> <li>• Karts</li> <li>• Historic</li> <li>• Motorcycles (such as circuit and off road)</li> <li>• Other specific approved competition vehicle</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Obtain and use all the relevant information on the symptoms and problems associated with the vehicle			
		1.5 Assist in locating faults that have resulted in two of the following breakdown categories: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intermittent problem</li> <li>• Partial failure (where the vehicle is able to return to the 'pit' area under power)</li> <li>• Complete breakdown (where the vehicle is unable to return to the 'pit' area under power)</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Assist in the investigation and help establish the most likely causes of the faults			
		1.7 Assist in the selection and use of appropriate diagnostic techniques, tools and aids to locate the fault			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Assist in the collection of evidence regarding the fault, from three of the following sources: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System diagrams</li> <li>• vehicle/equipment manuals</li> <li>• Data logging</li> <li>• Test instruments</li> <li>• Equipment self-diagnostics</li> <li>• Maintenance/history records</li> <li>• Discussion with user/team member</li> <li>• Monitoring equipment (such as gauges recording devices)</li> <li>• Fault analysis charts (such as flow charts)</li> <li>• Troubleshooting guides</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Assist in carrying out three of the following fault diagnostic techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function testing</li> <li>• Unit substitution</li> <li>• Input/output</li> <li>• Taking measurements and readings</li> <li>• Half-split</li> <li>• Six point technique</li> <li>• Sensory input (such as sight, sound, smell, touch)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Assist in determining which components or units need adjusting or replacing			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Where appropriate, ensure that any stored energy or substances are released safely and correctly			
		1.12 Rectify faults in four of the following motorsport vehicle major assemblies or systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine</li> <li>• Transmission</li> <li>• Chassis</li> <li>• Wheel braking</li> <li>• Suspension</li> <li>• Steering</li> <li>• Fuel</li> <li>• Lubrication</li> <li>• Cooling</li> <li>• Electrical</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Remove, replace or refit the required components, using approved tools and techniques, within the limits of their personal authority and without causing damage to components or surrounding areas			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Use a variety of fault rectification activities, to include six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing and replacing electrical connections (such as plugs, sockets, earth straps)</li> <li>• Removing and replacing mechanical fasteners (such as nuts, bolts, circlips, quick-release fasteners, rivets)</li> <li>• Removing and replacing hoses and pipes</li> <li>• Replacing faulty and or worn components with new or reconditioned components</li> <li>• Adjusting components (such as travel, working clearance, torque, electrical values)</li> <li>• Realignment of components</li> <li>• Repairing components (such as brackets, mountings, panels)</li> <li>• Refitting loose/dislodged components</li> <li>• Making temporary repairs to an acceptable standard</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Assist in carrying out four of the following monitoring or testing procedures, to help diagnose and check that the fault has been rectified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pressure testing (such as cylinder pressure, hydraulic or pneumatic pressures)</li> <li>• Electrical checks (such as voltage, current, continuity checks)</li> <li>• Noise intensity</li> <li>• Exhaust analysis</li> <li>• Thermal checks (such as bearings, friction surfaces)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as travel, clearance, operation of levers and links, torque)</li> <li>• Vibration analysis</li> <li>• Functional testing</li> <li>• Visual examination to the required standard</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Deal with any difficulties during the fault location, rectification and testing activities			
		1.17 Report any instances where the removal and replacement activities cannot be fully met, or where there are identified defects outside the planned activities			
		1.18 Complete the relevant documentation, in accordance with organisational requirements			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.19	Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one from the following, and pass it to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Body sheets</li> <li>• Computer records</li> <li>• Vehicle log/report</li> <li>• Corrective action report</li> </ul>			
		1.20	Clean the work area and dispose of waste materials and defective components, in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to diagnose and rectify faults on motorsport vehicle systems (during competition)	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements of the area in which they are carrying out the fault diagnostic activities, and the responsibility these requirements place on them			
		2.2	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when carrying out fault diagnosis on motorsport vehicles			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing protective clothing and other appropriate safety equipment during the fault diagnosis and rectification activities, and of good personal presentation to ensure quality representation of the team or organisation			
		2.4	Describe the hazards associated with diagnosing and rectifying motorsport vehicle faults, and with the tools and equipment used (such as moving vehicles in a race environment; the safe support of the vehicle at the correct working height and position; hot vehicle components; the safe release of fuel and other liquids; stored pressure/force; handling and using release agents, sealants and adhesives; misuse of tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.5	Explain how to extract and use information from the relevant areas to assist in the diagnosis and rectification of the fault on the motorsport vehicles (such as from the driver, rider or team member, telemetry data, engineer's records, set-up sheets and inspection reports)			
		2.6	Describe the techniques used to diagnose the faults (such as sensory information (sight, sound, smell, touch); half-split, six point technique, checking inputs and outputs, component substitution, aural, visual, functional, taking measurements and use of equipment self-diagnostics)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7 Explain how to use a range of fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem (such as multimeters, pressure gauges, thermal measuring equipment, Verniers, micrometers and other specialised tools)			
		2.8 Explain how to evaluate the likely risk of running the vehicle with the known fault, and the effects that the fault could have on health and safety, and on the overall vehicle performance			
		2.9 Explain how to remove components from vehicle systems without damage to the components or surrounding structure (such as release of spring pressures/force, draining of fluids, proof marking, extraction of components, and the need to protect the circuit integrity by fitting blanking plugs to exposed pipes)			
		2.10 Explain how to use a range of hand tools (such as spanners, sockets, screwdrivers, pliers, cutters, punches) to remove a range of components, and how to use release agents to help free joined parts where seizure or crash damage may have occurred			
		2.11 Describe the various mechanical fasteners to be removed and replaced, and their method of removal and replacement (such as threaded fasteners and special securing devices)			
		2.12 Explain why securing devices need to be tightened to the correct torque and locked, and the different methods used			
		2.13 Explain why they need to be methodical and lay the removed components out in a logical sequence to aid re-assembly, and methods that can be used to keep component parts together in the order they were removed			
		2.14 Describe the methods of inspecting removed components, and the awareness of what to look for with regard to damage and wear			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.15	Describe the equipment used in the rectification operations (such as alignment tools, torque wrenches, presses)			
		2.16	Explain how to rectify the fault using methods such as component replacement, adjustments, repair and refitting techniques			
		2.17	Explain how to select and carry out visual, aural, functional and measurement tests to ensure the correct operation of the component or system			
		2.18	Describe the expected outcomes of the tests being conducted			
		2.19	Describe the importance of working to the critical timescales relevant to the motorsport industry			
		2.20	Explain how to deal with problems (such as what to do when components do not come apart as readily as expected, when to act on their own initiative)			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and vehicle in a safe and clean condition on completion of the activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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(if sampled)

# **Unit 72:**

## **Carrying Out Maintenance Activities on Motorsport Vehicle Electrical Equipment**

**Unit reference number:** J/504/6450

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 15

**Guided learning hours:** 68

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to carry out maintenance activities on motorsport vehicle electrical equipment. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out maintenance activities on motorsport vehicle electrical equipment	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the electrical maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan the maintenance activities, in conjunction with others involved, so as to minimise disruption to motorsport vehicle preparation</li> <li>• Use the correct issue of drawings, job instructions and procedures</li> <li>• Adhere to risk assessment, COSHH and other relevant safety standards</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as mechanical, electricity, fuel, air or fluids)</li> <li>• Ensure that safe working arrangements have been provided for the maintenance area (such as pit lane/service point)</li> <li>• Re-connect and return the equipment to service on completion of activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste items in a safe and environmentally acceptable manner, and leave the work area in a safe condition</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Carry out maintenance of electrical equipment on one of the following types of motorsport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single seater</li> <li>• Rallying</li> <li>• Sports cars</li> <li>• Karts</li> <li>• Historic</li> <li>• Motorcycles (such as circuit and off-road)</li> <li>• Other specific approved competition vehicle</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Carry out maintenance activities on five of the following types of motorsport vehicle sub-systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Charging systems</li> <li>• Data acquisition system</li> <li>• Direct current power supply system</li> <li>• Auxiliary motorsport vehicle power supply system</li> <li>• Lighting systems</li> <li>• instrumentation, indication and warning systems</li> <li>• Electrical control system</li> <li>• Safety and emergency systems</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Obtain all the information they need for the motorsport vehicle electrical maintenance activities to be carried out			
		1.6 Follow the relevant maintenance procedures to carry out the required work			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Maintain motorsport vehicle electrical equipment, in compliance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Race Associations (such as FIA, MSA)</li> <li>• BS or ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Vehicle manufacturer's specification</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Team/company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Specific system requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Carry out the maintenance activities, within the limits of their personal authority			
		1.9 Carry out the maintenance activities in the specified sequence, and in an agreed timescale			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Carry out all of the following maintenance activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolating the equipment</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires and looms</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification markers</li> <li>• Removing electrical units/components</li> <li>• Checking components for serviceability</li> <li>• Replacing damaged/defective components</li> <li>• Removing and replacing damaged wires and looms</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Making 'continuity' checks before powering up</li> <li>• Functionally testing the maintained equipment</li> <li>• Examining wiring looms for chafing, dislodging, correct routeing, protection in hazardous areas</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Replace and/or repair a range of motorsport vehicle electrical components, to include ten of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Looms and connectors</li> <li>• locking and retaining devices</li> <li>• Overload protection devices</li> <li>• Pickup sensor</li> <li>• Relay components</li> <li>• Potentiometers</li> <li>• Capacitors</li> <li>• Circuit boards</li> <li>• Lighting components</li> <li>• Electrical switches or sensors</li> <li>• Manual switches</li> <li>• Transmitter beacons</li> <li>• Batteries</li> <li>• Solenoids</li> <li>• Thermistors or thermocouples</li> <li>• Starter motors</li> <li>• Other specific motorsport related components</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Report any instances where the maintenance activities cannot be fully met, or where there are identified defects outside the planned schedule			
		1.13 Use the evidence they have gained to during maintenance activities to improve future reliability and performance of the motorsport vehicle			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Complete the relevant maintenance records accurately, to include one of the following, and pass them on to the appropriate person: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Job cards</li> <li>• Computer records</li> <li>• Company specific documentation</li> <li>• Formal risk assessment</li> <li>• Vehicle maintenance logs or reports</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Dispose of waste materials, in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			
		1.16 Tidy up on completion of the electrical maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out maintenance activities on motorsport vehicle electrical equipment	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when carrying out electrical maintenance activities on motorsport vehicles (including lifting and handling techniques; safe working practices with regard to removing components from motorsport vehicles; procedures which satisfy current regulations - such as HASAWA, COSHH, PUWER and other related legislation and guidelines)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with removing and replacing motorsport vehicle electrical components, and with the tools and equipment used (such as ensuring the safe support of the vehicle at the correct working height and position, ensuring the safe isolation of the circuits/equipment, removal of fuses, misuse of tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment that they need to use for both personal protection and protection of the vehicle			
		2.4	Describe the importance of good housekeeping within the working area (such as leaving the work area free of debris and used materials, cleaning and maintaining tools and equipment, returning equipment to designated storage area, leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition), and of good personal presentation to ensure quality representation of the team or organisation			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from motorsport vehicle documentation (such as vehicle manuals, system diagrams, telemetry data, engineer's records, set-up sheets, inspection reports)			
		2.6	Describe the importance of ensuring that they use the correct and up-to-date documentation			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of how the motorsport vehicle electrical equipment functions, its operating sequence, the working purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.8	Describe the different types of cabling and their application (such as multicore cables, single core cables, screened cables) as used on motorsport vehicles			
		2.9	Describe the care, handling and application of electrical measuring instruments			
		2.10	Describe the techniques used to dismantle/assemble electrical equipment (such as unplugging, de-soldering, removal of screwed, clamped and crimped connections)			
		2.11	Describe the various types of electrical connectors that are used, methods of unlocking, orientation indicators and locating and locking in of the connections			
		2.12	Describe the methods of removing and replacing cables, wires and looms without causing damage to existing cabling or other vehicle components			
		2.13	Describe the use of BS/ISO wiring and other regulations when selecting wires and cables, and when carrying out tests on systems			
		2.14	Describe the methods of attaching identification markers/labels to removed components or cables to assist with re-assembly			
		2.15	Describe the tools and equipment used in the maintenance activities (such as cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons and torches, gland connecting tools)			
		2.16	Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose, and the need to replace 'lived' items (such as seals and gaskets, overload protection devices)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly			
		2.18 Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, are in a safe and usable condition, and are set up correctly for the intended purpose			
		2.19 Describe the importance of making 'off-load' checks before proving the equipment with the electrical supply on			
		2.20 Describe the equipment operating and control procedures to be applied during the maintenance activity			
		2.21 Explain how to use appropriate lifting and handling equipment techniques in the maintenance activity			
		2.22 Describe the problems that can occur during the maintenance activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.23 Describe the recording documentation to be completed for the activities undertaken and, where appropriate, the importance of marking and identifying specific pieces of work in relation to the documentation			
		2.24 Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.25 Describe the importance of leaving the work area and vehicle in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
(if sampled)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# **Unit 73: Stripping and Rebuilding Motorsport Engines (Pre-Competition)**

**Unit reference number:** L/504/6451

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to strip and rebuild motorsport engines pre-competition. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Strip and rebuild motorsport engines (pre-competition)	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following in preparation for the stripping and rebuilding of the motorsport engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Remove engine from its transportation container, and remove dirt, oil and track debris from engine externals</li> <li>• Visual check for damage and wear to engine externals</li> <li>• Mount the engine on the correct mounting stand</li> <li>• Drain all coolants and lubricants from the engine</li> <li>• Obtain all stripping and re-building documentation, prior to disassembly</li> <li>• Obtain suitable storage bins for the removed components</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3 Rebuild engines for one of the following types of motorsport vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single seater</li> <li>• Rallying</li> <li>• Sports cars</li> <li>• Karts</li> <li>• Historic</li> <li>• Motorcycles (such as circuit and off-road)</li> <li>• Other specific approved competition vehicle</li> </ul>			
		1.4 Obtain all the information they need for the motorsport engine stripping and re-building activities to be carried out			
		1.5 Use three of the following to aid the stripping and rebuilding of the motorsport engine: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• System diagrams</li> <li>• Lifting records</li> <li>• Engine strip check sheets</li> <li>• Engineer's records</li> <li>• Engineering drawings</li> <li>• Engine re-build sheets</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Establish and, where appropriate, mark component orientation for re-assembly			
		1.7 Ensure that the motorsport engine is correctly mounted in the correct work area			
		1.8 Carry out the engine stripping and re-building activities, within the limits of their personal authority			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Remove and replace the required components, using approved tools and techniques			
		1.10 Remove and refit motorsport engine components from three of the following areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine ancillary components (such as exhaust primaries and silencers, airboxes, engine mounts, filters)</li> <li>• Clutch (such as clutch covers, driven plates, thrust bearings)</li> <li>• Cam timing (such as pulleys, belts, gears, adjusters)</li> <li>• Electrical (such as generation, ignition, engine management, data control boxes, ECUs, wiring looms)</li> <li>• System components (such as sensors, regulators, safety devices, gauges)</li> </ul> Plus assist in the stripping and re-building of motorsport engine components from three of the following areas: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cylinder head (such as valves, valve springs, valve spring heights, rockers, valve stem seals, spark plugs)</li> <li>• Engine block (such as crankshafts, connecting rods, pistons, rings, main bearings, big end bearings)</li> <li>• Lubrication system (such as oil pumps, oil filters, scavenge pumps, oil tanks, pressure relief valves)</li> <li>• Fuel system (such as carburettors, fuel pumps, fuel filters, metering units, fuel rails, pressure relief valves)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.11 Carry out eleven of the following stripping and rebuilding activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Removing covers and cowlings</li> <li>• Disconnecting electrical connections</li> <li>• Disconnecting and removing hoses and pipes</li> <li>• Proof marking/labelling of components to aid reassembly</li> <li>• Separation of components by means of removing mechanical fasteners (such as nuts, bolts, circlips, quick-release fasteners, rivets)</li> <li>• Inspecting components for damage and wear, and identifying all components and fasteners that require replacement</li> <li>• Arranging and storing components in a manner that makes re-assembly as straightforward as possible</li> <li>• Labelling (and storing in the correct location) components that require repair or overhaul</li> <li>• Replacing damaged/defective and 'lived' components</li> <li>• Reassembly of components, using mechanical fastening devices (such as nuts, bolts, quick-release fasteners, circlips, rivets)</li> <li>• Checking of bearing clearances (such as using engineer's blue or compressible strip)</li> <li>• Lapping in valves and valve seats</li> <li>• Torque setting cylinder-head bolts, in the correct sequence</li> <li>• Replacement of sealing devices (such as 'O' rings, seals, gaskets, sealing compounds)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 ...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Positioning, aligning, setting, and adjusting replaced components (such as valve spring heights, cam timing, ring gaps, torque angles)</li> <li>Tightening fastenings to the required torque, and applying bolt locking methods (such as split pins, wire locking, lock nuts, engineering adhesives)</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Carry out three of the following inspection and testing techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ferrous metal crack detection</li> <li>Non-ferrous crack detection</li> <li>Mechanical measurements</li> <li>Sensory testing (such as sight, sound, smell or touch)</li> <li>Connecting and setting engine to dynamometer installation</li> </ul> Plus two more of the following test procedures: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compression testing</li> <li>Leak down cylinder leakage testing</li> <li>Carburettor vacuum testing</li> <li>Ignition timing</li> <li>Electrical charging tests</li> <li>Other specific tests</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Strip and re-build motorsport engine equipment and components, in compliance with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS or ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Vehicle manufacturer's specification</li> <li>• Customer standards and requirements</li> <li>• Team/company standards and procedures</li> <li>• Specific engine system requirements</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Take suitable precautions to prevent damage to components and surrounding systems			
		1.15 Report any instances where the engine stripping and re-building activities cannot be fully met, or where there are identified defects outside the planned activities			
		1.16 Complete the relevant documentation, in accordance with organisational requirements			
		1.17 Complete the relevant paperwork, to include one from the following, and pass it to the appropriate people: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Post-competition stripdown sheets</li> <li>• Engineer's/team's records</li> <li>• Engine re-build sheet</li> <li>• Formal risk assessment</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Label and store (in an appropriate location) components that require repair or overhaul			
		1.19 Dispose of waste materials and scrap components, in accordance with safe working practices and approved procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to strip and rebuild motorsport engines (pre-competition)	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when stripping and rebuilding motorsport engines and when using lubricants and fluids (including lifting and handling techniques; safe working practices with regard to dismantling motorsport vehicles; procedures which satisfy current regulations - such as HASAWA, COSHH, PUWER and other related legislation and guidelines)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with stripping and re-building motorsport engine components, and with the tools and equipment used (such as the safe support of the engine at the correct working height and position, the safe release of fuel and other liquids, misuse of tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the protective equipment that they need to use for both personal protection and protection of the engine			
		2.4	Describe the importance of good housekeeping within the working area (such as leaving the work area free of debris and used materials, cleaning and maintaining tools and equipment, returning equipment to designated storage area, leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition), and of good personal presentation to ensure quality representation of the team or organisation			
		2.5	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the engine (such as removing transportation containers, cleaning away dirt, dust, oil or track debris; making visual checks of the systems and components for obvious signs of damage or excessive wear - such as leaking coolant or oil, chafing, cracks, excessive clearances; ensuring suitable storage space is readied once the systems have been removed from the engine and providing suitable containers for the storage of fasteners and other small components)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from motorsport engine building documentation (such as engine manuals, system diagrams, engineering drawings, engineer's records)			
		2.7	Describe the importance of ensuring that they use the correct and up-to-date documentation			
		2.8	Describe the techniques used to remove components from motorsport engines without damage to the components or surrounding systems (such as release of spring pressures/force, draining of fluids, proof marking, extraction of components and the need to protect the system integrity by fitting blanking plugs to exposed pipes)			
		2.9	Explain how to use a range of hand tools (such as spanners, sockets, screwdrivers, punches, drifts) to remove a range of components (such as studs, pins, circlips, seals and gaskets, bearings, gears), and how to use release agents to help free joined parts where seizure or damage may have occurred			
		2.10	Describe the various mechanical fasteners to be removed and replaced, and their method of removal and replacement (such as threaded fasteners, special securing devices)			
		2.11	Describe the various types of electrical connectors that are used, methods of unlocking, orientation indicators and locating and locking-in of connections			
		2.12	Describe the methods of lifting, handling and supporting the components/equipment during the stripping and re-building activities			
		2.13	Describe the methods of checking the components for damage or wear (using visual methods, measurements, and crack detection techniques)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.14 Describe the need to use new components where checks during stripping revealed such needs; fitting together new or prototype components where a degree of initial fitting may be needed (such as filing, fettling, reaming, tapping, shimming, polishing and adjusting to achieve the required assembly specification); sealing and securing components (such as using nuts, bolts and associated fasteners, rivets, circlips, sealants and locking compounds); checking for correctness of fit and accuracy at critical stages during the rebuild and on completion of the assembly			
		2.15 Explain how to make adjustments to components/assemblies to ensure that they function correctly (such as travel and working clearance, timing and sequence)			
		2.16 Explain why securing devices need to be tightened to the correct torque and locked, and the different methods used			
		2.17 Describe the tools and equipment used in the engine stripping and re-building activities, and their calibration/care and control procedures, and the need to control and account for all tools and equipment used during the stripping and re-building activities			
		2.18 Explain how to deal with problems (such as what to do when components are damaged or worn in some way, the correct equipment or parts not available, components do not come apart as readily as expected)			
		2.19 Describe the recording documentation to be completed for the activities undertaken and, where appropriate, the importance of marking and identifying specific pieces of work in relation to the documentation			
		2.20 Describe the procedure for the safe disposal of waste materials, scrap components, contaminated oil and fuel			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the stripping and rebuilding activities (such as returning tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 74: Producing CAD Models/Drawings Using a CAD System**

**Unit reference number:** R/504/6452

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce CAD models/drawings using a CAD system. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce CAD models (drawings) using a CAD system	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Prepare the CAD system for operation, by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that all the equipment is correctly connected and in a safe, PAT tested and usable working condition (such as cables undamaged, correctly connected, safely routed)</li> <li>• Power up the equipment and activate the appropriate modelling software</li> <li>• Set up the modelling environment and select a suitable template/folder</li> <li>• Set up and check that all peripheral devices are connected and correctly operating (such as keyboard, mouse, light pen, digitiser/tablet, scanner, printer, plotter)</li> <li>• Set the drawing datum at a convenient point (where applicable)</li> <li>• Create a modelling template to the required standards, which includes all necessary detail (such as title, file/drawing number, material, date)</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the modelling activities before they start them			
		1.4	Use appropriate sources to obtain the required information for the model to be created			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Use three of the following to obtain the necessary data to produce the required model: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Model brief/request</li> <li>• Change order/modification request</li> <li>• Manuals</li> <li>• Calculations</li> <li>• Sketches</li> <li>• Specifications</li> <li>• Regulations</li> <li>• Sample component</li> <li>• Previous models/designs</li> <li>• Standards reference documents (such as limits and fits, tapping drill charts)</li> <li>• Notes from meetings/discussions</li> <li>• Other available data</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6	Take into account three of the following, as appropriate to the model being produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function</li> <li>• Quality</li> <li>• Manufacturing method</li> <li>• Ergonomics</li> <li>• Materials</li> <li>• Cost</li> <li>• Lifetime of the product</li> <li>• Tolerances</li> <li>• Clearance</li> <li>• Aesthetics</li> <li>• Physical space</li> <li>• Operating environment</li> <li>• Interfaces</li> <li>• Safety</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Take into account three of the following, as appropriate to the model being produced: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Function</li> <li>• Quality</li> <li>• Manufacturing method</li> <li>• Ergonomics</li> <li>• Materials</li> <li>• Cost</li> <li>• Lifetime of the product</li> <li>• Tolerances</li> <li>• Clearance</li> <li>• Aesthetics</li> <li>• Physical space</li> <li>• Operating environment</li> <li>• Interfaces</li> <li>• Safety</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Carry out all of the following before producing the engineering model: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that the data and information they have is complete and accurate</li> <li>• Review the data and information to identify the model requirements</li> <li>• Recognise and deal with problems (such as lack of, or incorrect, information and technical issues)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Access and use the correct modelling software			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Use appropriate techniques to create models that are sufficiently and clearly detailed			
		1.11	Use one of the following modelling tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Surface modelling</li> <li>• Solid modelling</li> <li>• Wire frame modelling</li> </ul>			
		1.12	Use all of the following CAD operations to highlight design areas in the modelling environment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pan</li> <li>• Isometric</li> <li>• Zoom</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Produce models which include the use eight of the following from the part feature menu: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Extrude</li> <li>• Revolve</li> <li>• Hide</li> <li>• Fillet</li> <li>• Shell</li> <li>• Solid model</li> <li>• Wire frame</li> <li>• Rib</li> <li>• Cut/remove</li> <li>• Mirror</li> <li>• Radius</li> <li>• Rectangular pattern</li> <li>• Circular pattern</li> <li>• Other specific feature</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Modify parts in the assembly environment using the following feature: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Constrained parts and assemblies</li> </ul> Plus eight more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight lines</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Angular surfaces</li> <li>• Text</li> <li>• Surface texture</li> <li>• Insertion of standard components</li> <li>• Symbols and abbreviations</li> <li>• Curved surfaces</li> <li>• Circles or ellipses</li> <li>• Material colour</li> <li>• Hidden detail</li> <li>• Hatching and shading</li> <li>• Parts lists</li> <li>• Other specific detail</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Produce a model for export to one of the following manufacturing systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CNC machine</li> <li>• 3D printer</li> <li>• Other specific system</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Use codes and other references that follow the required conventions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce models which comply with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines</li> <li>• Statutory regulations and codes of practice</li> <li>• CAD software standards</li> <li>• BS and ISO standards</li> <li>• Other international standard</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Make sure that models are checked and approved by the appropriate person			
		1.19 Save the models in the appropriate file type and location			
		1.20 Save and store models in appropriate locations, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that their model has been checked and that it complies to their company QA procedure</li> <li>• Check that the model is correctly titled, referenced and annotated</li> <li>• Save the model to an appropriate storage medium (such as hard drive, DVD, external storage device)</li> <li>• Create a separate backup copy, and place it in safe storage</li> <li>• Register and store the models in the appropriate company information system (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Record and store any changes to the models in the appropriate company information system (where appropriate)</li> </ul>			
		1.21 Produce hard copies of the finished models, with sufficient detail to allow production			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.22	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.23	Shut down the CAD system to a safe condition on completion of the modelling activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce CAD models (drawings) using a CAD system	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with computer systems (to include safety guidance relating to the use of visual display unit (VDU) equipment and work station environment such as lighting, seating, positioning of equipment; repetitive strain injury (RSI); the dangers of trailing leads and cables; how to spot faulty or dangerous electrical leads, plugs and connections)			
		2.2	Describe the importance of good housekeeping arrangements (such as cleaning down work surfaces; putting storage devices, manuals and unwanted items of equipment into safe storage; leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition)			
		2.3	Describe the relevant sources and methods for obtaining any required technical information relevant to the model being produced (such as drawing briefs, specification sheets, request for changes or modifications to models; technical information such as limits and fits, contraction allowances, bearing selection, surface finish)			
		2.4	Describe the identification of the correct 3D drawing software package from the menu or windows environment; the various techniques that are available to access and use the CAD software (such as mouse, menu or tool bar, light pens, digitisers and tablets, printers or plotters, and scanners)			
		2.5	Describe the correct start-up and shutdown procedures to be used for the computer systems			
		2.6	Explain how to access the specific computer modelling software to be used, and the use of the help file to aid efficient operation of the relevant drawing system			
		2.7	Explain how to deal with system problems (such as error messages received, peripherals which do not respond as expected, obvious faults with the equipment or connecting leads)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the documentation required for particular applications (such as design briefs, specification sheets, request for change orders)		
		2.9	Describe the types of drawings that may be produced by the modelling software		
		2.10	Explain how to set up the viewing screen to show multiple views of the component to help with drawing creation (to include isometric front and side elevations)		
		2.11	Describe the national, international and organisational standards and conventions that are used for the models/drawings		
		2.12	Describe the application and use of modelling tools (such as for straight lines, curves and circles; how to add dimensions and text to drawings)		
		2.13	Explain how to access, recognise and use a wide range of standard components and symbol libraries from the CAD equipment		
		2.14	Describe the applications of different 3D modelling programmes (such as surface, solid and wire frame)		
		2.15	Explain how to produce models with sufficient information to allow them to be successfully exported to the manufacturing system used		
		2.16	Describe the need for document control (such as ensuring that completed models are approved, labelled and stored on a suitable storage medium)		
		2.17	Explain why it is necessary to be able to recall previous issues of modified models		
		2.18	Describe the need to create backup copies, and to file them in a separate and safe location also filing and storing hard copies for use in production		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.19	Explain how to produce hard copies of the drawings, and the advantages and disadvantages of printers and plotters			
		2.20	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.21	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the drawing activities (such as correctly isolated, removing and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 75: Producing Engineering Project Plans

**Unit reference number:** Y/504/6453

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 8

**Guided learning hours:** 37

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce engineering project plans. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce engineering project plans	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Produce detailed engineering project plans for one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manufacturing operations</li> <li>• Research and development</li> <li>• Cleaning of equipment</li> <li>• Maintenance of equipment</li> <li>• Testing and trialling</li> <li>• Process procedures</li> <li>• Installation of equipment</li> <li>• Modification or repair</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Determine the scope of the project and the processes required to achieve it			
		1.4	Collect all the information needed to prepare the project plan			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Prepare for the project planning activity by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determine and set the aims and objectives of the project</li> <li>• Obtain all essential information and data needed to produce the project plans</li> <li>• Collect relevant information on the engineering requirements, operations, methods and resources</li> <li>• Determine the availability of the resources required</li> <li>• Ensure that health and safety regulations and safe working practices are taken into account</li> <li>• Present the engineering plans in the appropriate formats</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Determine the resources required to include five of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• People required who have the necessary skills and knowledge</li> <li>• The raw materials required (such as types of material, forms of material, amounts of material)</li> <li>• Mechanical fasteners required (such as nuts, bolts, rivets, cable clips)</li> <li>• Bought-in standard components required (such as bearings, electrical or electronic components, fluid power components)</li> <li>• Equipment required (such as hand tools, power tools, machinery, lifting and handling equipment)</li> <li>• Measuring or test equipment required (such as mechanical measuring, electrical measuring)</li> <li>• Consumable materials required (such as welding accessories, masking mediums, oil)</li> <li>• Any outside support services required (such as material treatments like hardening or plating)</li> <li>• Special/specific safety equipment required (such as fume extraction)</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Identify the specific operations to be carried out, and determine their sequence			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Produce detailed work instructions of the specific processes required, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Details of the drawing/specification to be used (such as drawing number, maintenance manual)</li> <li>• Specific materials required for this part of the process/operation</li> <li>• The specific tools and equipment required for each operation being carried out</li> <li>• The specific operations to be carried out</li> <li>• The specific sequence in which the operations must be carried out</li> <li>• The specific time to produce/complete the operations</li> <li>• Quality control checks that need to be implemented</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Identify health and safety issues, and safe working practices and procedures that must be followed			
		1.10 Estimate timescales required and costs to complete the project			
		1.11 Prepare a detailed project plan which accurately reflects the project aims and objectives			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12	<p>Produce engineering project plans that include both of the following: The use of a Gantt Chart showing estimates of the timeframe for the project, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Start time of the project</li> <li>• Outcomes to be achieved at milestones</li> <li>• Completion date of the project</li> </ul> <p>And an estimate of the likely costs of the project, to include all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Material costs (to include raw, consumable, bought-in)</li> <li>• Labour costs (based on the estimated working time and a fixed manufacturing cost figure)</li> <li>• Overhead costs</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Prepare engineering project plans that include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The aims and objectives of the engineering project being undertaken</li> <li>• Description of the activities to be carried out</li> <li>• The sequence in which the activities will take place</li> <li>• The documentation to be used (such as drawings, specifications, quality assurance)</li> <li>• Tooling requirements (such as jigs, fixtures, cutting tools, moulds)</li> <li>• Resources required</li> <li>• The timescales to be met</li> <li>• Any special requirements that must be met (such as details of health and safety issues)</li> <li>• Outcomes in terms of quality, cost and delivery (when needed)</li> <li>• People involved, and their responsibilities (such as decision maker, individuals that must be consulted/informed, people who can give advice)</li> <li>• How the project will be proved and evaluated</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Ensure that project plans include any relevant regulations, standards and guidelines, including all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Health and safety requirements</li> <li>• BS and ISO standards and procedures</li> <li>• Company policy and procedures</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Record and present the plans to the appropriate people, using the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verbal report</li> </ul> Plus one more method from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Written or typed report</li> <li>• Specific company documentation</li> <li>• Computer based presentation</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Obtain approval for the project plan from the appropriate people			
		1.17 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce engineering project plans	2.1	Explain how to access information on health and safety regulations and guidelines relating to the engineering activities to be used and project plans being produced			
		2.2	Describe the implications of not taking account of legislation, regulations, standards and guidelines when producing the engineering project plans			
		2.3	Explain how to obtain information on the engineering requirements, and the type of information that is available (such as customer specifications and instructions, quality control requirements, product drawings/specification, manufacturing methods)			
		2.4	Explain how to access and use the appropriate information and documentation systems			
		2.5	Describe the types of data that should be included in the engineering project plans (such as aims and objectives of the project, activities to be carried out, sequence in which they must be carried out, timescales, resource requirements, health and safety issues)			
		2.6	Explain how to extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work being planned			
		2.7	Describe the materials, formats, codes and conventions that are used in preparing the engineering project plans			
		2.8	Describe the main project planning methods and techniques in use, and what problems could occur with them			
		2.9	Describe the factors to be taken into account when preparing the project plans, especially those covering working conditions and safety			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the main types of resource involved with the various types of engineering activity (such as raw materials, bought-in components, plant and equipment, lifting and handling equipment, tooling and measuring and test equipment)			
		2.11	Describe the obvious (and hidden) costs of resources/activities			
		2.12	Describe the normal timescales for carrying out specific engineering activities, and how and why they vary			
		2.13	Explain how to arrive at an estimate of timescales for the project, and the need to set milestones for achievement			
		2.14	Explain how to estimate the likely costs of the project (including the cost of raw materials, people and overheads)			
		2.15	Describe the products (or assets) involved in the activity being planned, and how to determine their availability			
		2.16	Describe the development of the engineering project plans (to include both master documents and working instructions, along with their purpose, content and status)			
		2.17	Explain how to write project plans that specify quality, cost and delivery requirements (including allocation of responsibilities and milestone targets)			
		2.18	Explain how to prepare the plans (to include the structure, style, clarity and compliance with relevant standards)			
		2.19	Describe the process used in the organisation to validate the engineering plans produced			
		2.20	Describe the procedures for changing the plans, and why control procedures are used			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Describe the procedures and process for project plan approval, and why these procedures and processes are used			
		2.22	Describe the importance of maintaining records, what needs to be recorded and where records are kept			
		2.23	Explain why contingency plans need to be drawn up			
		2.24	Describe the different ways of presenting information to different people			
		2.25	Describe the importance of providing the right information at the right time			
		2.26	Describe the typical of problems that can occur during the implementation of the plan, and how these problems can be rectified			
		2.27	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			

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(if sampled)

# **Unit 76:**

## **Using Computer Software Packages to Assist with Engineering Activities**

**Unit reference number:** D/504/6454

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 8

**Guided learning hours:** 37

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to use computer software packages to assist with engineering activities. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Use computer software packages to assist with engineering activities	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Check that all connections to the computer and peripherals are correctly connected and in a safe working condition			
		1.3	Prepare the computer system for operation, by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that all the equipment is correctly connected and in a safe and usable working condition (such as cables undamaged, correctly connected, safely routed, PAT tested)</li> <li>• Power up the equipment and, where appropriate, log in as a user</li> <li>• Check that all peripheral devices are operating correctly (such as keyboard, mouse, light pen, web camera, digitiser/tablet, scanner, printer/plotter)</li> <li>• Create and maintain folders and files, in accordance with organisational procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Power up the equipment, using the correct operating procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5	Use appropriate sources to obtain the required information for the activities to be undertaken			
		1.6	Access the correct application software for the activities undertaken			
		1.7	Use appropriate techniques to create files and documents, in the required formats, that are sufficiently and clearly detailed			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.8</p> <p>Use all of the following software packages:</p> <p>Word-processing:</p> <p>Produce three of the following types of documentation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Standard letter</li> <li>• Memorandum</li> <li>• Facsimile</li> <li>• Curriculum vitae (CV)</li> <li>• Project report</li> <li>• Instruction manual</li> <li>• Work timetable</li> <li>• Layouts/templates</li> <li>• Macros</li> <li>• Other specific application</li> </ul> <p>Database:</p> <p>Create and use a database for two of the following applications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Personnel details list</li> <li>• Address list (such as for mail merging)</li> <li>• Customer/sales details</li> <li>• Stock control (such as tools or consumables)</li> <li>• Plant maintenance information</li> <li>• Fault diagnosis information</li> <li>• Other specific application</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.8 ...continued</p> <p>Spreadsheet:</p> <p>Create and use spreadsheets for two of the following applications:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Budgeting</li> <li>• Cost analysis (such as transport, photocopying, materials)</li> <li>• Wages</li> <li>• Project costing</li> <li>• Other specific application</li> </ul> <p>Graphics:</p> <p>Use graphics software to produce two of the following types of documentation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preparing visual aids for a presentation</li> <li>• Producing advertising material</li> <li>• Producing technical information</li> <li>• Producing logbook entries</li> <li>• Other specific application</li> </ul> <p>Electronic communication:</p> <p>Use two of the following methods :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Company e-mail system</li> <li>• Internet e-mail</li> <li>• Mobile text messaging</li> <li>• Web camera chat/conferencing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.9 Carry out all of the following whilst using the software packages:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure that they have all the required information/data for the activities to be carried out</li> <li>• Open or create a suitable word processing file/format document which will display the information effectively</li> <li>• Create a suitable spreadsheet/worksheet which contains a suitable number of cells and rows of the required width</li> <li>• Where appropriate, enter formulae at the relevant point within the worksheet</li> <li>• Use graphs which are representative of the information to be shown</li> <li>• Create a suitable database with appropriate alpha/numeric fields and search facilities</li> <li>• Use a font style and size of text in keeping with organisational codes and specific job requirements</li> <li>• Enter alpha and numeric data/text accurately into the correct location</li> <li>• Select and use appropriate text features (such as bold, italics, colour, underline)</li> <li>• Import and export information to and from other files or software packages</li> <li>• Correct routine errors or mistakes in operation</li> <li>• Edit documents, using appropriate techniques for the package being used (such as using sort, search and replace, spelling and grammar checks)</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Save and store files in appropriate locations, to include carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create a group of folders or directories in which related files can be stored</li> <li>• Check that the file/document is correctly titled and referenced</li> <li>• Determine the size of the file/document, and check for sufficient space on the storage device for saving it</li> <li>• Save the file/document to an appropriate storage medium (such as hard drive, DVD, external storage device)</li> <li>• Where appropriate, create a separate backup copy and place it in safe storage</li> <li>• Produce a hard copy printout of the file/document</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Use computer software packages in compliance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines</li> <li>• Statutory regulations and codes of practice</li> <li>• Computer software standards</li> <li>• BS and ISO standards</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.13 Shut down the computer system to a safe condition on completion of the activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to use computer software packages to assist with engineering activities	2.1	Describe the specific safety precautions to be taken when working with computer systems (to include safety guidance relating to the use of visual display unit (VDU) equipment and work station environment (such as lighting, seating, positioning of equipment), repetitive strain injury (RSI); the dangers of trailing leads and cables; how to spot faulty or dangerous electrical leads, plugs and connections, also PAT test is in date			
		2.2	Describe the importance of good housekeeping arrangements (such as cleaning down work surfaces; storage devices, manuals and unwanted items of equipment into safe storage; leaving the work area in a safe and tidy condition)			
		2.3	Describe the correct start-up and shutdown procedures to be used for the computer systems			
		2.4	Describe the methods and procedures used to minimise the chances of infecting a computer with a virus			
		2.5	Describe the implications if the computer they are using does become infected with a virus and who to contact if it does occur			
		2.6	Describe the identification of the correct software package from the menu or operating systems environment; the various techniques that are available to access and use the software (such as mouse, menu or tool bar, light pens, digitisers and tablets, printers or plotters, and scanners)			
		2.7	Describe the use of software manuals or help facilities and related documents to aid efficient operation of the relevant software system			
		2.8	Explain how to deal with system problems (such as error messages received, peripherals which do not respond as expected, obvious faults with the equipment or connecting leads)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the various software packages that are used within an engineering environment (such as word processing, databases, spreadsheets, graphic design and drawing packages, and electronic communication)			
		2.10 Describe the use of personal access codes, and logging on/off procedures that are required			
		2.11 Describe the various standard document formats that are used (such as letters, memoranda, facsimile, technical reports)			
		2.12 Explain how to create and set up a spreadsheet/worksheet, and how to determine and set out the required number of cells, rows, cell width			
		2.13 Explain how to create a database record, and how to determine and set out the required alpha/numeric fields of the correct size and type			
		2.14 Explain how to enter alpha/numeric and formulaic data, using keyboards, mouse and menu/tool bar facilities			
		2.15 Explain how to use highlighting/enhancement features and techniques			
		2.16 Explain how to edit documents using sort, search and edit facilities, spelling and grammar checks			
		2.17 Explain how to create tables, charts and graphs			
		2.18 Explain how to import and export files to and from other locations and other software packages			
		2.19 Explain how to save and store files/documents (such as determining document size; how to check that there is sufficient space to save the file in their chosen destination; saving and naming the file/document)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the need to create backup copies, and to file them in a separate and safe location away from contamination and possible corruption			
		2.21	Explain how to produce hard copies of the documents that they have been working on			
		2.22	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.23	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe condition on completion of the activities (such as correctly isolated, removing and disposing of waste)			

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*(if sampled)*

# **Unit 77: Conducting Business Improvement Activities**

**Unit reference number:** H/504/6455

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 8

**Guided learning hours:** 41

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## **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to conduct business improvement activities. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Conduct business improvement activities	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety and other relevant regulations and guidelines			
		1.2	Apply and document a systematic plan, do, check, act (PDCA) approach to problems/improvement activities			
		1.3	Identify improvements within the operation or process for three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reduced product cost</li> <li>• Improved safety</li> <li>• Improvement in delivery performance</li> <li>• Reduction in lead times</li> <li>• Resource utilisation</li> <li>• Improved quality</li> <li>• Improvements to working practices</li> <li>• Reduction in waste and/or energy usage</li> <li>• Improvement in customer satisfaction</li> </ul>			
		1.4	Apply the principles of workplace organisation to an operation or process using a 5S/5C audit and a 'red tag' exercise			
		1.5	Identify where information and/or resources are missing and where improvement can be made to increase the 5S/5C score			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Apply the principle and processes of visual management to a operation or process using a variety of visual management techniques			
		1.7 Identify appropriate parts of the operation or process that will have visual controls			
		1.8 Identify key performance indicators that will be displayed in the work area			
		1.9 Determine and calculate both of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Not right first time</li> <li>• Delivery schedule achievement</li> </ul> Plus one more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parts per operator hour (PPOH)</li> <li>• Value added per person (VAPP)</li> <li>• Cost breakdown in term of labour, material and overhead</li> <li>• Overall equipment effectiveness (OEE)</li> <li>• Stock turns</li> <li>• Floor space utilization (FSU)</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Produce or update a standard operating procedure (SOP) and visual controls for the operation or process			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Produce/contribute to improvements in existing standard operating procedures for three of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Customer service</li> <li>• Cleaning of equipment/work area</li> <li>• Maintenance of equipment</li> <li>• Health and safety practices</li> <li>• Process procedures</li> <li>• Manufacturing operations</li> <li>• Product quality</li> <li>• Staff development</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Create and/or update visual controls that promote six of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Producing shadow boards to standardise the storage and location of area equipment</li> <li>• Colour coding of equipment</li> <li>• Safety</li> <li>• Zero defects</li> <li>• Performance measures</li> <li>• Process control boards</li> <li>• Parts control system</li> <li>• Skills matrices</li> <li>• Process concerns or corrective actions</li> <li>• Work in progress locations and quantities (WIP)</li> <li>• Standard operating procedures</li> <li>• Workplace organisation</li> <li>• Problem resolution (such as Kaizen boards)</li> <li>• Autonomous maintenance worksheets</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people when they have problems they cannot resolve			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Record and present the records from business improvement activities to the appropriate people using: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Verbal report using visual aids such as flipcharts and white boards</li> </ul> Plus one more method from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Written or typed report</li> <li>• Specific company documentation</li> <li>• Computer based presentation</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to conduct business improvement activities	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements of the area in which they are carrying out the business improvement activities			
		2.2	Explain how to conduct a systematic plan, do, check, act (PDCA) approach to problem-solving and business improvement			
		2.3	Describe the implications of not taking account of legislation, regulations, standards and guidelines when conducting business improvement activities			
		2.4	Explain what is meant by business improvement, and how continuous improvement activities can benefit a company			
		2.5	Describe the application of the seven key measures of competitiveness (delivered right first time, delivery schedule achievement, people productivity, stock turns, overall equipment effectiveness, value added per person, floor space utilisation)			
		2.6	Explain how to obtain and interpret information on the engineering/manufacturing operation or process requirements (such as customer specifications and instructions, quality control requirements, product drawings/specification, methods and techniques to be used)			
		2.7	Describe the eight wastes (over-production, inventory, transport, over-processing, waiting time, operator motion, bad quality, failure to exploit human potential) and how to eliminate these forms of waste in a process or operation			
		2.8	Describe the steps in a 5S/5C audit and a 'red tag' exercise and how to carry them out			
		2.9	Explain how to score and audit the 5S/5C exercise			
		2.10	Explain how to arrange and label the necessary equipment for rapid identification and access			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.11	Explain how to use “root cause” problem solving analysis using the 5 Whys/How technique			
		2.12	Explain how to evaluate improvement ideas in order to select those that are to be pursued			
		2.13	Explain how improvements to the process are achieved by engaging the knowledge and experience of the people working on the process			
		2.14	Explain how to create standard operating procedures (SOPs) and correlate work activities into them			
		2.15	Describe the techniques required to communicate information using visual control systems (such as Kanban systems, card systems, colour coding, floor footprints, graphs, team boards, tool/equipment shadow boards)			
		2.16	Explain how information and equipment can be displayed for various work applications (IT systems)			
		2.17	Describe the extent of their own authority and whom they should report to, in the event of problems that they cannot resolve			

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# **Unit 78:**

## **General Machining, Fitting and Assembly Applications**

**Unit reference number:** K/504/6456

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 12

**Guided learning hours:** 55

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required for general machining, fitting and assembly applications. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out general machining, fitting and assembly applications	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the machining, fitting and assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure that all hand tools and equipment used are in a safe and serviceable condition (such as cables to hand tools and extension leads, file handles, hammer striking faces)</li> <li>Ensure that all machine tools are correctly guarded at all times</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment is within calibration date</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fitting activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Determine what has to be done and how they are going to do it			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the manufacturing operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preparing/determining suitable datums from which to mark out (such as choosing a machine face or filing a flat face as a datum)</li> <li>• Applying a marking medium to enhance clarity of the marking out</li> <li>• Using an appropriate method of marking out (such as direct marking using instruments, use of templates or tracing/transfer methods)</li> <li>• Using a range of marking out equipment (such as rules, squares, scribes, Vernier instruments)</li> <li>• Marking out a range of features (such as datum/centre lines, square/rectangular profiles, circles/radial profiles, hole positions)</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Cut and shape two different types of material from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low carbon/mild steel</li> <li>• High carbon steel</li> <li>• Cast iron</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium/aluminium alloys</li> <li>• Brass/brass alloys</li> <li>• Plastic/nylon/synthetic</li> <li>• Composite</li> <li>• Other specific material</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			
		1.9 Use three of the following workholding devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bench vice</li> <li>• Machine vice</li> <li>• Clamps (such as toolmaker's)</li> <li>• Three-jaw chuck</li> <li>• Four-jaw chuck</li> <li>• Collet chuck</li> <li>• Drive plate and centres</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Use a range of hand fitting methods, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cutting out the rough profile using saws (such as hacksaw, band saw)</li> <li>• Cutting a screw thread (such as by tapping or dieing)</li> <li>• Filing flat and square</li> <li>• Filing a curved profile</li> <li>• Drilling holes</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Produce mechanical assemblies, using six of the following methods and techniques: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assembling components having interference fits (such as by pressure, expansion or contraction)</li> <li>• Securing components using threaded fasteners (such as nuts, bolts, machine screws, cap screws)</li> <li>• Securing components using spring clips (such as external circlips, internal circlips, special clips)</li> <li>• Using locking and retaining devices (such as tab washers, locking nuts, wire locks, special purpose types)</li> <li>• Securing components using rivets (such as countersunk, roundhead, blind, special purpose types)</li> <li>• Applying sealing compounds or adhesives</li> <li>• Electrical bonding of components</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting components to give correct working parameters (such as shimming and packing)</li> <li>• Torque setting of nuts and bolts</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Carry out turning operations to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mounting the workpiece in an appropriate workholding device</li> <li>• Mounting cutting tools in tool holders to give the correct centre height</li> <li>• Selecting and setting appropriate feeds and speeds</li> <li>• Facing off</li> <li>• Producing parallel diameters</li> <li>• Producing stepped diameters</li> <li>• Producing tapered diameters</li> <li>• Centre drilling and drilling a hole</li> <li>• Reaming or boring a hole</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Carry out milling operations, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mounting the workpiece in an appropriate workholding device</li> <li>• Mounting cutting tools on appropriate arbors or direct to the machine spindle</li> <li>• Selecting and setting appropriate feeds and speeds</li> <li>• Producing flat and square faces</li> <li>• Producing parallel faces</li> <li>• Producing angular faces</li> <li>• Producing an enclosed slot</li> <li>• Producing an open ended slot</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15	Carry out the necessary checks for accuracy, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear dimensions (such as lengths, depths)</li> <li>• Diameters (such as external, internal)</li> <li>• Flatness</li> <li>• Squareness</li> <li>• Angles</li> <li>• Profiles</li> <li>• Hole size and position</li> <li>• Thread size and fit</li> <li>• Surface finish</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16 Use the following measuring equipment during the checking activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• External micrometers</li> <li>• Vernier/digital/dial calliper</li> <li>• Surface finish equipment (such as comparison plates, machines)</li> </ul> Plus four more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules</li> <li>• Squares</li> <li>• Protractors</li> <li>• Depth micrometers</li> <li>• Depth Verniers</li> <li>• Feeler gauges</li> <li>• Bore/hole gauges</li> <li>• Slip gauges</li> <li>• Radius/profile gauges</li> <li>• Thread gauges</li> <li>• Dial test indicators (DTI)</li> <li>• Coordinate measuring machine (CMM)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17 Produce components within all of the following standards, as applicable to the process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components to be free from false tool cuts, burrs and sharp edges</li> <li>• Dimensional tolerance +/- 0.25mm or +/- 0.010"</li> <li>• Flatness and squareness 0.05mm per 25mm or 0.002" per inch</li> <li>• Angles within +/- 1 degree</li> <li>• Screw threads to BS Medium fit</li> <li>• Reamed holes within H8</li> <li>• Surface finish 63µin or 1.6 µm</li> </ul>			
		1.18 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the manufacturing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out general machining, fitting and assembly applications	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the machining, fitting and assembly activities undertaken (such as wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), using machine guards, and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with the activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, using files with damaged or poor fitting handles, using machine tools), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.4	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.5	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges, applying a marking-out medium)			
		2.6	Explain how to select and establish a suitable datum; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datum, and the possible effects of working from a different datum			
		2.7	Describe the use of marking-out conventions when marking out the workpiece (such as datum lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, circular and radial profiles, angles, holes linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8	Describe the various fitting activities to be carried out (such as how to file flat, square and curved surfaces and achieve a smooth surface finish; how to select saw blades for different materials, and how to set the saw blades for different operations; how to produce screw threads on workpieces using hand dies; how to determine the drill size for tapped holes, and the importance of using the taps in the correct sequence)		
		2.9	Explain how to prepare drilling machines for operations (such as adjustment of table height and position; mounting and securing drills, in chucks or Morse taper sockets; setting and adjusting spindle speeds; setting and adjusting guards/safety devices)		
		2.10	Describe the methods of holding the workpiece for the hand fitting, turning and milling activities (such as in a bench vice, machine vice, chuck, collets or clamped directly to the machine table)		
		2.11	Describe the assembly methods, techniques and procedures to be used; how the components are to be aligned, adjusted and positioned prior to securing them, and the tools and equipment that is used		
		2.12	Describe the various mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts, bolts, machine screws, cap screws, clips, pins, locking and retaining devices)		
		2.13	Describe the various turning operations that can be performed (such as parallel, stepped and tapered external diameters, drilled, bored and reamed holes, internal and external screw threads, special profiles)		
		2.14	Describe the various milling operations that can be performed (such as flat, parallel, square and angled surfaces; open ended and enclosed slots, special forms, drilled and bored holes)		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.15 Explain how to mount and secure the cutting tools in the tool holding devices (such as front or rear tools posts; mounting cutters on long or stub arbors; mounting drills in chucks or by the use of Morse taper sockets; the need to ensure that the tool is sharp and secure)			
		2.16 Describe the techniques of taking trial cuts and checking dimensional accuracy; the application of roughing and finishing cuts, and the effect on tool life, surface finish and dimensional accuracy			
		2.17 Describe the factors that affect the selection of cutting feeds and speeds, and the depth of cut that can be taken (such as type of material, size of material, operations being performed, workholding method/security of workpiece, condition of machine, finish and tolerance required)			
		2.18 Describe the application of cutting fluids and compounds with regard to a range of different materials, and why some materials do not require cutting fluids to be used			
		2.19 Explain how to check the workpiece and the measuring equipment that is used (such as rules, micrometers, Verniers, gauges and surface finish comparison equipment)			
		2.20 Describe the need to check that the measuring equipment is within current calibration dates, and that the instruments are correctly zeroed; measuring internal and external dimensions (such as lengths, diameters, depths, slots, hole positions, angles, profiles); measuring geometric features (such flatness, squareness, parallelism, concentricity, ovality); how to check surface finish (such as by using comparison blocks or instruments)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the machining and fitting activities (such as isolating machines, removing and returning cutting tools, cleaning the equipment, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 79:**

## **General Fabrication and Welding Applications**

**Unit reference number:** M/504/6457

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 12

**Guided learning hours:** 55

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required for general fabrication and welding applications. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out general fabrication and welding applications	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the fabrication and welding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure that all hand tools and equipment used are in a safe and serviceable condition including PAT tested (such as extension leads, powered hand tools and welding equipment cables, welding plant hoses, the striking faces of chisels and hammers, guillotines, shears and forming machines)</li> <li>Check that all measuring equipment to be used is within calibration date</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the fabrication activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Determine what has to be done and how they are going to do it			
		1.4	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the fabrication and welding operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Mark out the components for the required operations, using appropriate tools and techniques to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Preparing/determining suitable datums from which to mark out</li> <li>• Applying a marking medium to enhance clarity of the marking out (such as chalk, bluing or paint)</li> <li>• Using an appropriate method of marking out (such as direct marking using instruments, use of templates or tracing/transfer methods)</li> <li>• Using a range of marking-out equipment (such as rules/tapes, straight edge, squares, scribes, dividers or trammels, protractors, punch)</li> <li>• Marking out a range of features (such as datum/centre lines, square/rectangular profiles, circles/radial profiles, hole positions, cutting and bending detail)</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Cut and shape the materials to the required specification, using appropriate tools and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Use two appropriate materials from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot rolled mild steel</li> <li>• Cold rolled mild steel</li> <li>• Coated mild steel (such as primed, tinned, galvanised)</li> <li>• Stainless steel</li> <li>• Aluminium</li> <li>• Brass</li> <li>• Copper</li> <li>• Lead</li> <li>• Titanium</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Cut and form material to the marked-out shape, using six of the following hand tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tin snips</li> <li>• Bench shears</li> <li>• Saws (such as hand, mechanical, band)</li> <li>• Hand power tools (such as drill, nibbling, saw)</li> <li>• Hammers/panel beating equipment</li> <li>• Stakes and formers</li> <li>• Trepanning</li> <li>• Files</li> <li>• Pneumatic tools</li> <li>• Free hand thermal cutting (such as gas or plasma)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Cut and form material to the marked-out shape, using all of the following machine tools: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Guillotine</li> <li>• Pillar or bench drill</li> <li>• Bending machine (hand or powered)</li> </ul> Plus two more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Press</li> <li>• Punch/cropping machine</li> <li>• Nibbling machine</li> <li>• Rolling machine (hand or powered)</li> <li>• Trepanning machine</li> <li>• Wheeling machine</li> <li>• Jenny/wiring machine</li> <li>• Swaging machine</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Perform cutting and forming operations to produce four of the following shapes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Straight cuts</li> <li>• Cut-ins (straight and curved)</li> <li>• Notches</li> <li>• External curved contours</li> <li>• Internal curved contours</li> <li>• Round holes</li> <li>• Square holes</li> </ul> Plus four of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bends/upstands</li> <li>• Folds/safe edges</li> <li>• Tray/box sections</li> <li>• Wired edges</li> <li>• Swages</li> <li>• Curved panels</li> <li>• Cylindrical sections</li> <li>• Square-to-round trunking</li> <li>• Ribbed components</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and secure the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Assemble fabricated components, using four of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temporary tack welding</li> <li>• Soldering or brazing</li> <li>• Resistance spot welding</li> <li>• Riveting (such as hollow or solid)</li> <li>• Adhesive bonding</li> <li>• Mechanically fastened (such as bolts, screws)</li> <li>• Self securing joints (such as knocked up, paned down, swaged, joggled)</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Use manual welding and related equipment, to include one of the following welding processes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manual metal-arc (MMA)</li> <li>• MIG/MAG</li> <li>• TIG</li> <li>• Manual oxy/fuel gas welding</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Produce two of the following welded joints of at least 150mm long, with at least one stop and start included: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fillet lap joints</li> <li>• Corner joints</li> <li>• Tee fillet joints</li> <li>• Butt joints</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.15 Produce fabricated components and assemblies which meet all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All dimensions are within +/- 3.0mm or +/- 0.125"</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as squareness, straightness, angularity and being free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from excessive tooling marks, deformation, cracking, sharp edges, slivers or burrs</li> <li>• All components are correctly assembled, and have secure and firm joints</li> <li>• Welds are adequately fused and have a uniform profile, free from excessive undulations, with regular and even ripple formation</li> <li>• The weld surface is free from cracks and substantially free from porosity, shrinkage cavities and trapped slag</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Measure and check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the component are to the specification			
		1.17 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.18 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the manufacturing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out general fabrication and welding applications	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the fabrication and welding activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the personal protective clothing and equipment (PPE) to be worn when carrying out the fabrication and welding activities (such as leather gloves, eye protection, ear protection), and the importance of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out fabrication and welding activities (such as handling sheet materials; using dangerous or badly maintained tools and equipment; operating guillotines and bending machines; using hand and bench shears; the electric arc; fumes and gases; spatter; hot slag and metal), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.5	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.6	Explain how to prepare the materials in readiness for the marking out activities, in order to enhance clarity, accuracy and safety (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the materials, removing burrs and sharp edges, applying a marking-out medium)			
		2.7	Explain how to select and establish a suitable datum; the importance of ensuring that marking out is undertaken from the selected datum, and the possible effects of working from a different datum			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.8 Describe the use of marking-out conventions when marking out the workpiece (including datum lines, cutting guidelines, square and rectangular profiles, circular and radial profiles, angles, holes linearly positioned, boxed and on pitch circles)			
		2.9 Describe the tools and techniques available for cutting and shaping sheet materials (such as tin snips, bench shears, guillotines, portable power tools, bench drills, saws)			
		2.10 Describe the use and care of tools and equipment (including checks that must be made to ensure that the tools are fit for purpose and tested - such as sharp, undamaged, plugs and cables secure and free from damage, machine guards or safety devices operating correctly)			
		2.11 Describe the hand tools used in fabrication forming activities, and typical operations that they are used for (such as hammers, stakes, formers, sand bags)			
		2.12 Describe the various machine tool forming equipment that can be used to produce a range of shapes (such as bends, box sections, cylinders and curved sections, wired edges and swages)			
		2.13 Explain how to set up the various machines to produce the required forms (such as setting up of rolls; setting fingers on bending machines; setting forming tools for swaging)			
		2.14 Describe the characteristics of the various materials used, with regard to the bending and forming process			
		2.15 Explain how the materials are to be prepared for the forming operations, and why some materials may require a heating process prior to forming			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
	2.16	Describe the various methods of securing the assembled components (the range of mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts and bolts, screws, special fasteners, resistance and tack welding methods and techniques, adhesive bonding of components and self-secured joints - such as knocked up, paned down, swaged and joggled)			
	2.17	Describe the preparations to be carried out on the components prior to assembling them			
	2.18	Explain how to set up and align the various components, and the tools and equipment to be used			
	2.19	Describe the methods of temporarily holding the joints together to aid the assembly activities (clamps, rivet clamps)			
	2.20	Describe the basic principles of fusion welding and the types of welded joints to be produced (such as lap joints, corner joints, tee joints and butt welds)			
	2.21	Describe the various welding techniques that can be used, and their typical applications (such as manual metal arc (MMA), MIG/MAG, TIG and manual oxy/fuel gas welding)			
	2.22	Describe the Types, selection and application of filler wires and welding electrodes			
	2.23	Describe the inspection techniques that can be applied to check that shape (including straightness) and dimensional accuracy are to specification and within acceptable limits			
	2.24	Describe the problems that can occur with the fabrication and welding activities (such as defects caused by incorrectly set or blunt shearing blades), and how these can be overcome			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.26	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the fabrication and welding activities (such as isolating machines, cleaning the equipment, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# Unit 80: General Electrical and Electronic Engineering Applications

**Unit reference number:** T/504/6458

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 12

**Guided learning hours:** 55

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## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required for general electrical and electronic engineering applications. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out general electrical and electronic engineering applications	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the wiring and testing activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Ensure the safe isolation of services during the wiring and testing activities</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, circuit and assembly drawings and test procedures at all times</li> <li>• Check that tools and test instruments to be used are within calibration date and are in a safe, tested and usable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from damage, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Prepare the electrical and electronic components for the assembly and wiring operations (such as pre-forming and cleaning pins)</li> <li>• Where appropriate, apply procedures and precautions to eliminate electrostatic discharge (ESD) hazards (such as the use of grounded wrist straps and mats)</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the wiring and testing activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.3	Plan the electrical and electronic wiring and testing activities before they start them			
		1.4	Use appropriate sources to obtain the required specifications, circuit diagrams and test information			
		1.5	Obtain the correct tools and equipment for the wiring and testing operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.6 Use two of the following test instruments during the wiring and testing activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Low reading ohmmeter</li> <li>• Insulation resistance tester</li> <li>• Clamp meter</li> <li>• Voltage indicator</li> </ul> <p>Plus three more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• multimeter</li> <li>• Oscilloscope</li> <li>• Logic probe/clip</li> <li>• Logic analyser</li> <li>• Pulse sequencing analyser</li> <li>• Counter-timers</li> <li>• Signature analysers</li> <li>• Protocol analyser</li> <li>• Signal generator</li> <li>• Signal tracer</li> <li>• Stabilised power supplies</li> <li>• Measuring bridges</li> <li>• Software diagnostic programs</li> <li>• Data communications test set</li> <li>• Bus exerciser/analyser</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Mount and secure the electrical and electronic components safely and correctly, to meet specification requirements			
		1.8 Use three of the following types of cable when producing the electrical and electronic circuits: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Single core</li> <li>• Multi core</li> <li>• PVC twin and earth</li> <li>• Armoured</li> <li>• Coaxial</li> <li>• Ribbon cables</li> <li>• Fibre optics</li> <li>• Screened</li> <li>• Wiring loom/harness</li> <li>• Data/communication</li> <li>• Flexible (such as cotton or rubber covered)</li> <li>• Mineral insulated (such as FP 200)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Install and terminate the cables to the appropriate connections on the components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10 Wire up three of the following electrical circuits/systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Domestic lighting circuits</li> <li>• Domestic power circuits</li> <li>• Motor control circuits</li> <li>• Instrumentation and control circuits</li> <li>• Vehicle heating or ventilating</li> <li>• Vehicle lighting</li> <li>• Vehicle starting and ignition</li> <li>• Emergency lighting systems</li> <li>• Air conditioning control circuits</li> <li>• Refrigeration control circuits</li> <li>• Heating/boiler control circuits</li> <li>• Aircraft lighting circuits</li> <li>• Alarm systems (such as fire, intruder, process control)</li> <li>• Electro-pneumatic or electro-hydraulic control circuits</li> <li>• Other control circuits (such as pumps, fans, blowers, extractors)</li> <li>• Power generation and control circuits</li> <li>• Avionic circuits and systems</li> <li>• Communication systems</li> <li>• Computer systems</li> <li>• Other specific electrical circuits</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11 Apply wiring methods and techniques, to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positioning and securing of equipment and components</li> <li>• Determining current rating and lengths of cables required</li> <li>• Stripping outer coating without damage to conductor insulation</li> <li>• Stripping cable conductor insulation/protection</li> <li>• Adding cable end fittings (such plugs, sockets multi-way connectors)</li> <li>• Making mechanical/screwed/clamped connections</li> <li>• Crimping (such as spade end, loops, tags and pins)</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering</li> <li>• Attaching suitable cable identification</li> <li>• Leaving sufficient slack for termination and movement</li> <li>• Secure wires and cables (such as glands, clips, plastic strapping, lacing, harnessing)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.12 Assemble electronic components to produce four of the following types of circuit:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Audio amplifiers</li> <li>• Signal converters</li> <li>• Signal generators</li> <li>• Counter-timers</li> <li>• Oscillators</li> <li>• Filters</li> <li>• Microprocessor-based applications (such as PIC chips)</li> <li>• Comparators</li> <li>• Power amplifiers</li> <li>• Motor control</li> <li>• Regulated power supplies</li> <li>• Logic function controls</li> <li>• Display circuits</li> <li>• Other specific circuit</li> <li>• Sensor/actuator circuit (such as linear, rotational, temperature, photo-optic, flow, level, pressure)</li> <li>• Digital circuit (such as process control, microprocessor, logic devices, display devices)</li> <li>• Signal processing circuit (such as frequency modulating/demodulating, amplifiers, filters)</li> <li>• Alarms and protection circuits</li> <li>• ADC and DAC hybrid circuits</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13	Use appropriate test methods and equipment to check that the completed circuit is safe and meets all aspects of the specification		
		1.14	<p>Carry out checks and adjustments, appropriate to the equipment and circuits being wired, to include three of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making visual checks (such as signs of damage, incorrect termination/orientation, solder bridges, dry joints, incorrect value components)</li> <li>• Movement checks (such as loose wires, fittings and connections, incorrectly seated devices/packages)</li> <li>• Testing that the equipment operates to the circuit specification</li> <li>• Carrying out fault finding techniques (such as half-split, input/output, unit substitution)</li> </ul> <p>Plus six more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protective conductor resistance values</li> <li>• Insulation resistance</li> <li>• Continuity</li> <li>• Polarity</li> <li>• Power rating</li> <li>• Resistance</li> <li>• Capacitance</li> <li>• DC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• AC voltage/current levels</li> <li>• Logic states</li> <li>• Clock/timer switching</li> </ul>		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	...continued <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oscillations</li> <li>• Attenuation</li> <li>• Pulse width/rise time</li> <li>• Open/short circuit</li> <li>• Waveform analysis</li> <li>• Frequency values</li> <li>• Inductance</li> <li>• RCD disconnection time</li> <li>• Modulation/demodulation</li> <li>• Amplification</li> <li>• Signal noise/interference levels</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Produce electrical and electronic circuits which comply with one or more of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• BS 7671/IET wiring regulations</li> <li>• Other BS and/or ISO standards</li> <li>• Company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.16	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.17	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out general electrical and electronic engineering applications	2.1	Describe the specific safety practices and procedures that they need to observe when wiring and testing electrical and electronic circuits (including any specific legislation, regulations or codes of practice for the activities, equipment or materials)			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with wiring and testing electrical and electronic circuits and equipment, and with the tools and equipment used (such as heat, toxic fumes, spilled/splashed chemicals/solder, static electricity, using sharp instruments for stripping cable insulation, connecting clips/probes into circuits), and how they can be minimised			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.4	Explain what constitutes a hazardous voltage and how to recognise victims of electric shock			
		2.5	Explain how to reduce the risks of a phase to earth shock (such as insulated tools, rubber mating and isolating transformers)			
		2.6	Describe the interpretation of circuit diagrams, wiring diagrams, and other relevant specifications (including BS and ISO schematics, wiring regulations, symbols and terminology)			
		2.7	Describe the basic principles of operation of the equipment/circuits being produced, and the purpose of the individual modules/components used			
		2.8	Describe the different types of cabling and their application (such as multicore cables, single core cables, solid and multi-stranded cables, steel wire armoured (SWA), mineral insulated (MI), screened cables, data/communications cables, fibre-optics)			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.9 Describe the application and use of a range of electrical components (such as plugs, switches, sockets, lighting and fittings, junction boxes, consumer units, relays, solenoids, transformers, sensors and actuators)			
		2.10 Describe the application and use of circuit protection equipment (such as fuses and other overload protection devices, trips, residual current device (RCD))			
		2.11 Describe the various types of circuit boards used (such as printed circuit boards, thin film, thick film and flexible film circuitry)			
		2.12 Explain how to recognise, read the values and identify polarity and any other orientation requirements for all electronic components being used in the assemblies (such as capacitors, diodes, transistors, integrated circuit chips, and other discrete through-hole or surface-mounted components)			
		2.13 Explain how to check that components meet the required specification/operating conditions (such as values, tolerance, current carrying capacity, voltage rating, power rating, working temperature range)			
		2.14 Describe the methods of mounting and securing electrical equipment/components to various surfaces (such as the use of nuts and bolts, screws and masonry fixing devices)			
		2.15 Describe the methods of laying in or drawing cables into conduit, trunking and traywork systems, and the need to ensure the cables are not twisted or plaited			
		2.16 Describe the techniques used to terminate electrical and electronic components and equipment (such as plugs and sockets; soldering; screwed, clamped and crimped connections, glands and sealed connectors)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17 Describe the use of BS7671/IET wiring regulations when selecting wires and cables, and when carrying out tests on circuits			
		2.18 Describe the methods of attaching markers/labels to components or cables to assist with identification (such as colour coding conductors, using coded tabs)			
		2.19 Describe the tools and equipment used in the wiring activities (including the use of cable stripping tools, crimping tools, soldering irons and torches, gland connecting tools)			
		2.20 Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defects, and are in a safe, calibrated, PAT tested and usable condition			
		2.21 Describe the importance of conducting inspections and checks before connecting to the supply (such as visual examination for loose or exposed conductors, excessive solder or solder spikes which may allow short circuits to occur, strain on terminations, insufficient slack cable at terminations, continuity and polarity checks, insulation checks)			
		2.22 Describe the care, handling and application of electrical and electronic test and measuring instruments (such as multimeter, insulation resistance tester, loop impedance test instruments, oscilloscopes, signal generators and logic probes)			
		2.23 Explain how to apply approved test procedures; the safe working practices and procedures required when carrying out the various tests, and the need to use suitably fused test probes and clips			
		2.24 Explain how to identify suitable test points within the circuit, and how to position the test instruments into the circuit so as to ensure the correct polarity and without damaging the circuit components			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.25	Explain how to set the instrument zero readings; obtaining instrument readings and comparing them with circuit parameters			
		2.26	Describe the problems that can occur with the wiring and testing operations, and how these can be overcome			
		2.27	Describe the fault-finding techniques to be used if the equipment fails to operate correctly			
		2.28	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.29	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the wiring and testing activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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# **Unit 81:**

## **General Maintenance Engineering Applications**

**Unit reference number:** A/504/6459

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 12

**Guided learning hours:** 55

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required for general maintenance engineering applications. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Carry out general maintenance engineering applications	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the maintenance activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>Ensure the safe isolation of equipment (such as mechanical, electrical, gas, air or fluids), where appropriate</li> <li>Follow job instructions, maintenance drawings and procedures</li> <li>Check that the tools and test instruments are within calibration/test date, and are in a safe and usable condition</li> <li>Ensure that the system is kept free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the maintenance activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the maintenance activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain all the information they need for the safe removal and replacement of the equipment components			
		1.5	Obtain and prepare the appropriate tools and equipment			
		1.6	Apply appropriate fault finding techniques, tools and aids to locate the faults			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.7 Use appropriate dismantling and re-assembly techniques to deal with three of the following technologies:</p> <p>Mechanical equipment:</p> <p>Carry out all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Draining and replenishing fluids</li> <li>• Removing and refitting/replacing locking and retaining devices</li> <li>• Proof marking components to aid reassembly</li> <li>• Removing and refitting minor mechanical units/sub-assemblies (such as guards, cover plates, pulleys and belts)</li> <li>• Removing and refitting major mechanical components (such as shafts, gear mechanisms, bearings, clutches)</li> <li>• Replacing lifed items (such as filters, oils/lubricants)</li> <li>• Setting, aligning and adjusting replaced units</li> </ul> <p>Electrical equipment:</p> <p>Carry out all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolating the power supply</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires/cables</li> <li>• Removing and replacing minor electrical components (such as relays, sensing devices, limit switches)</li> <li>• Removing and replacing major electrical components (such as motors, switch/control gear)</li> <li>• Attaching cable end fittings (such as crimped and soldered)</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before powering up</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.7 ...continued</p> <p>Fluid power equipment:</p> <p>Carry out all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chocking/supporting cylinders/rams/components</li> <li>• Releasing stored pressure</li> <li>• Removing and replacing hoses/pipes</li> <li>• Removing and replacing minor or lifted components (such as filters, gaskets, dust seals)</li> <li>• Removing and replacing major components (such as pumps, cylinders, valves, actuators)</li> <li>• Setting and adjusting replaced components</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before re-pressurising the system</li> </ul> <p>Programmable controller based equipment:</p> <p>Carry out all of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• De-activating and resetting program controller</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires/cables</li> <li>• Removing and replacing input/output interfacing</li> <li>• Removing and replacing program logic peripherals</li> <li>• Checking and reviewing program format and content</li> <li>• Editing programs using the correct procedure (where appropriate)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 ...continued Process instrumentation: Carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolating instruments/sensing devices</li> <li>• Disconnecting supply/signal connections</li> <li>• Removing and replacing instruments in the system</li> <li>• Replacing all 'lified' items (such as seals, gaskets, dust covers)</li> <li>• Re-connecting instrumentation pipework and power supply</li> <li>• Checking that signal transmission is satisfactory</li> </ul> Electronic equipment: Carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Isolating equipment from the power supply</li> <li>• Dismantling/disconnecting equipment to the required level</li> <li>• Disconnecting and reconnecting wires and cables</li> <li>• Removing and replacing electronic units/circuit boards</li> <li>• Removing and replacing electronic components</li> <li>• Soldering and de-soldering</li> <li>• Making de-energised checks before powering up</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to remove and replace the required components			
		1.9 Carry out tests on the maintained equipment, in accordance with the test schedule/defined test procedures			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.10 Carry out checks and tests to help diagnose problems, and confirm that the maintained equipment performs to specification, to include two of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Making visual checks (such as signs of leakage, damage, missing parts, overheating, wear/deterioration)</li> <li>• The use of fault finding techniques (such as six point, half-split, input/output, unit substitution)</li> <li>• The use of diagnostic aids (such as manuals, flow charts, troubleshooting guides, maintenance records)</li> </ul> <p>Plus two more from the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mechanical checks (such as correct operation of moving parts, correct working clearance of parts, belt/chain tension, bearing loading, torque loading of fasteners)</li> <li>• Electrical checks (such as continuity, polarity, protective conductor resistance values, voltage levels, load current, inductance)</li> <li>• Electronic checks (such as resistance, capacitance, waveform, frequency values, amplification, signal noise/interference levels, logic states)</li> <li>• Process control checks (such as pressure, flow, level, temperature, weight, sequence/timing)</li> <li>• Controller checks (such as forcing contacts on and off, logic states, checking that fail safe devices and system emergency stops are operating correctly)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.11	Maintain engineering equipment and systems, in compliance with one or more of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Organisational guidelines and codes of practice</li> <li>• Equipment manufacturer's operation range</li> <li>• BS and/or ISO standards</li> </ul>			
		1.12	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.13	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the maintenance activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to carry out general maintenance engineering applications	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the maintenance activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment (PPE), and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out maintenance activities on engineering equipment and systems (such as handling oils, greases, stored energy/force, live electrical components, process controller interface, misuse of tools, using damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, not following laid-down maintenance procedures), and how to minimise them			
		2.4	Describe the system isolation procedures or permit-to-work procedure that applies			
		2.5	Explain how to obtain and interpret drawings, specifications, manufacturers' manuals and other documents needed in the maintenance process			
		2.6	Describe the procedure for obtaining drawings, job instructions, related specifications, replacement parts, materials and other consumables necessary for the maintenance activities			
		2.7	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards), in relation to work undertaken			
		2.8	Describe the basic principles of how the equipment functions, operation sequence, the working purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.9	Explain how to use the various diagnostic aids to help identify the location of the fault			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the various fault location techniques that can be used, and how they are applied (such as half-split, input-to-output, function testing, unit substitution, and equipment self-diagnostics)			
		2.11	Explain how to evaluate sensory information (sight, sound, smell, touch)			
		2.12	Explain how to use a range of fault diagnostic equipment to investigate the problem			
		2.13	Describe the methods and techniques used to dismantle and reassemble mechanical equipment (such as release of pressures/force; proof marking to aid reassembly; removing/replacing mechanical fasteners - nuts, bolts, clips and pins); removing components by extraction or pressing)			
		2.14	Describe the methods and techniques used to dismantle and reassemble electrical/electronic equipment (such as unplugging, soldering and de-soldering, removal and replacement of screwed, clamped and crimped connections)			
		2.15	Describe the methods and techniques used to dismantle and reassemble fluid power and process control instrumentation equipment (such as isolation of equipment; release of pressures/force; disconnecting and reconnecting pipes and hoses)			
		2.16	Describe the methods and procedures used to check programmable controllers (such as checking the program for errors against the required performance with regard to the sequence of operations and programmed instructions; using monitoring devices and test measurements to check inputs and outputs; using techniques such as 'force on - force off' to simulate process conditions; checking that fail safe devices and system emergency stops are operating correctly)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.17	Describe the methods of checking that components are fit for purpose; how to identify defects and wear characteristics; and the need to replace 'lived' items			
		2.18	Describe the use of BS 7671/IET wiring and other regulations when selecting wires and cables, and when carrying out tests on systems			
		2.19	Explain how to check that tools and equipment are free from damage or defect, are in a safe and usable condition; are within calibration and test dates, and are configured correctly for the intended purpose			
		2.20	Describe the importance of making 'off-load' checks before running the equipment under power			
		2.21	Describe the importance of completing maintenance documentation and/or reports following the maintenance activity			
		2.22	Describe the problems that can occur during the maintenance activity, and how they can be overcome			
		2.23	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.24	Describe the importance of leaving the work area and equipment in a safe and clean condition on completion of the maintenance activities (such as returning hand tools and test equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area, and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 82:

## Joining Public Service Vehicle Components by Mechanical Processes

**Unit reference number:** L/503/4056

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 11

**Guided learning hours:** 61

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### Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to join public service vehicle components by mechanical processes. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Join Public Service Vehicle Components by Mechanical Processes	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Plan the activity before starting the joining process			
		1.3	Obtain the appropriate tools and equipment for the joining operations, and check that they are in a safe and usable condition			
		1.4	Carry out all of the following activities during the joining activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures</li> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate documentation (such as job instructions and drawings)</li> <li>• Maintain a safe working environment at all times</li> <li>• Join components in the correct order and sequence using the correct fastening device</li> <li>• Ensure any faces to be joined are clean and prepared correctly</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the joining activities</li> <li>• Dispose of waste materials in accordance with approved procedures</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Use all of the following types of equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Riveting guns (appropriate to rivet type)</li> <li>• Hand drills (air and electric)</li> <li>• Hand tools applicable to the type of fastener</li> </ul> Plus five of the following during the joining activity: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Drill bits (appropriate to the material)</li> <li>• Clamps</li> <li>• Screw bits (appropriate to the type of fastener)</li> <li>• Templates</li> <li>• Countersinks</li> <li>• Jigs and fixtures</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Secure the components, using the correct fastening devices and joining techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Join components and assemblies using all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hollow rivets</li> <li>• Snap fit fasteners</li> <li>• Threaded fasteners</li> <li>• Bonding</li> </ul> Plus three more from the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nutserts</li> <li>• Drive lock rivets</li> <li>• Self tapping screws</li> <li>• Spring washers</li> <li>• Locking nuts</li> <li>• Other joining/locking devices</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Use three of the following methods and techniques in the joining process: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Countersinking</li> <li>• Tapping internal threads</li> <li>• Drilling holes to depth</li> <li>• Drilling holes through components</li> <li>• Dies for external threads</li> <li>• Reaming</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Use fasteners to join components for all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sub assemblies</li> <li>• Structural components</li> <li>• Panels/skins</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Join components in three of the following positions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Horizontal</li> <li>• Vertical</li> <li>• Overhead</li> <li>• Difficult access/confined spaces</li> </ul>			
		1.11 Use three of the following to carry out checks during, and on completion of, the joining activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rules/tapes</li> <li>• Squares/straight edge</li> <li>• Customer specific gauges</li> <li>• Templates</li> <li>• Torque wrench/gauges</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Check that all dimensional and geometrical aspects of the assembly are to the specification			
		1.13 Check that the join is complete, and that all components are free from damage			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14 Ensure joined components comply with all of the following requirements as appropriate to the joining method: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly joined and aligned, in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Bolted and screwed joints are tightened to the correct torque</li> <li>• Riveted joints are free from excessive material deformation and surface marks</li> <li>• Bonded joints are secure, free from contamination and excess adhesive/sealants</li> <li>• Overall dimensions are within specification tolerances</li> <li>• Completed assemblies have secure and firm joints, and are clean and free from burrs/flash, deformation or cracking</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.16 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the joining activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to Join Public Service Vehicle Components by Mechanical Processes	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the joining activity			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment, and keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with joining components, and with the tools and equipment used (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Describe the importance of working to the joining instructions and appropriate specifications			
		2.6	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret first and third angle drawings, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the process for the control of materials, and the need for component control			
		2.9	Explain how to identify the mechanical fasteners to be used; material identification systems and codes used			
		2.10	Describe the importance of using the correct tools and equipment when joining components			
		2.11	Describe the implications to the fastener and component if incorrect tools and equipment are used			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.12	Describe the importance of using the specified components and joining devices for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13	Explain where appropriate, the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.14	Describe the various types, range and applications of fasteners used and the methods of installing them including any preparation requirements			
		2.15	Describe the advantages and disadvantages of the different forms and types of mechanical join			
		2.16	Describe the procedures to be adopted when removing rivets and other fasteners			
		2.17	Explain how to check that riveting guns, power tools and attachments are in a safe and usable condition, and the action to be taken in the event of identifying defective equipment			
		2.18	Describe the methods used to check the security and torque of joined components			
		2.19	Describe the importance of ensuring that fasteners are tightened to the correct torque			
		2.20	Describe the safety implications for not tightening fasters to the correct specification			
		2.21	Explain how and why tools are calibrated, and how to check that the tools used are using are within calibration dates			
		2.22	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy and quality of the join produced			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.23	Describe the problems that can occur with the installation of the mechanical fasteners, and how these can be overcome			
		2.24	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.25	Describe the importance of leaving the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the activities (such as removing and storing power leads, isolating equipment, removing and returning drills, cleaning the equipment and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## Unit 83: Assembling Structural Sub Assemblies to Produce a Public Service Vehicle

Unit reference number: R/503/4057

QCF level: 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours: 64**

## Unit aim

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to assemble structural sub assemblies to produce a public service vehicle. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

## Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.



## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Assemble Structural Sub Assemblies to Produce a Public Service Vehicle	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Plan the assembly activities before they start them			
		1.3	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, tools and equipment			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.4 Carry out all of the following during the assembly activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures</li> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate assembly documentation (such as job instructions and drawings)</li> <li>• Maintain a safe working environment at all times</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Fit and secure sub assemblies in the correct order and sequence using the correct assembly method</li> <li>• Ensure any sub assembly faces are clean and prepared correctly</li> <li>• Ensure that any protective wax is removed from threaded holes prior to assembling sub assemblies</li> <li>• Dispose of waste materials in accordance with approved procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Coat components with anti rust paint where applicable</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct locations on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			
		1.5 Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6 Assemble public service vehicle sub assemblies using three of the following assembly aids and equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lifting equipment</li> <li>• Specialised assembly tools/equipment</li> <li>• Jigs/fixtures</li> <li>• Shims and packing</li> <li>• Moving equipment</li> <li>• Supporting equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.7 Prepare, fit and secure ten the following structural sub assemblies and ancillary components to produce a public service vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Side frames</li> <li>• Side plank</li> <li>• Side beading</li> <li>• Side cladding</li> <li>• Mid deck</li> <li>• Roof assembly</li> <li>• Rear framework</li> <li>• Rear bulk head</li> <li>• Front end assembly</li> <li>• Upper deck front dome</li> <li>• Main floor</li> <li>• Support brackets</li> <li>• Insulation</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			
		1.9 Secure sub assemblies and ancillary components using all the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nuts and bolts</li> <li>• Rivets</li> <li>• Screws</li> <li>• Adhesives</li> <li>• Sealants</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			
		1.11 Carry out the required quality checks to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positional accuracy</li> <li>• Security of sub assembly components</li> <li>• Completeness</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Alignment/distorsion</li> <li>• Freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> <li>• Torque settings</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce public service vehicle assemblies which comply with all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Sub assemblies are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances</li> <li>• Where appropriate, assemblies meet required geometric tolerances (such as square, straight, angles free from twists)</li> <li>• Bonded joints are secure, free from contamination and excess adhesive/sealants</li> <li>• All fastenings have appropriate washers and are tightened to the required torque</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.14 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to Assemble Structural Sub Assemblies to Produce a Public Service Vehicle	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the assembly activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment, and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the assembly activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or air hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, lifting and handling heavy items), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret drawings and other production documentation, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to prepare the sub assemblies in readiness for the assembly activities (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the components, removing burrs and sharp edges)			
		2.8	Describe the general principles of mechanical assembly, and the purpose and function of each sub assembly and materials used (including component identification systems such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.9	Describe the assembly/joining methods, techniques and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how the sub assemblies are to be aligned, adjusted and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment to be used for this			
		2.11	Describe the various mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts, bolts, screws, and rivets)			
		2.12	Describe the importance of using the specified components and joining devices for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13	Explain where appropriate, the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.14	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy, position, security, function and completeness of the assembly ( such as torque settings, dimensions, completeness, security of components, alignment and distortion			
		2.15	Explain how to detect assembly defects, and what to do to rectify them (such as ineffective joining techniques, foreign objects, component damage)			
		2.16	Describe the methods and equipment used to transport, lift and handle components and assemblies			
		2.17	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.18	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.19	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Problems that could occur with the assembly operations, and the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Explain how to leave the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly activities (such as removing and storing power leads, returning hand tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area and removing and disposing of waste)			

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## **Unit 84:**

# **Fitting Sub Assemblies and Components to Public Service Vehicles**

**Unit reference number:** Y/503/4058

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to fit sub assemblies and components to public service vehicles. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Fit Sub Assemblies and Components to Public Service Vehicles	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Plan the fitting and assembly activities before they start them			
		1.3	Obtain and prepare the appropriate components, tools and equipment			
		1.4	Use the appropriate methods and techniques to assemble and fit the components in their correct positions			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		<p>1.5 Carry out all of the following during the assembly activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment and other relevant safety regulations and procedures</li> <li>• Obtain and use the appropriate assembly documentation (such as job instructions and drawings)</li> <li>• Maintain a safe working environment at all times</li> <li>• Use lifting and slinging equipment in accordance with health and safety guidelines and procedures (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Fit and secure sub assemblies and components in the correct order and sequence using the correct assembly method</li> <li>• Trim components/coverings using the correct tools and equipment (where applicable)</li> <li>• Ensure any sub assembly faces are clean and prepared correctly</li> <li>• Ensure that any protective wax is removed from threaded holes prior to assembling sub assemblies</li> <li>• Dispose of waste materials in accordance with approved procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all power tool cables, extension leads are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Ensure that the components used are free from foreign objects, dirt or other contamination</li> <li>• Coat components with anti rust paint where applicable</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct locations on completion of the assembly activities</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6	Assemble public service vehicle sub assemblies using three of the following assembly aids and equipment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lifting equipment</li> <li>• Specialised assembly tools/equipment</li> <li>• Jigs/fixtures</li> <li>• Shims and packing</li> <li>• Moving equipment</li> <li>• Supporting equipment</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.7 Prepare, fit and secure eleven the following sub assemblies and components to produce a public service vehicle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wheel arches</li> <li>• Seat rails</li> <li>• Tyre guards</li> <li>• Stair assemblies</li> <li>• Side linings</li> <li>• Stringers</li> <li>• Cab floor</li> <li>• Floor/underfloor</li> <li>• Engine doors</li> <li>• Glazing units</li> <li>• Fire suppression unit</li> <li>• Door assembly</li> <li>• Disabled access equipment</li> <li>• Trim components (internal and external)</li> <li>• Mirrors</li> <li>• Seats</li> <li>• Hand poles</li> <li>• Transfers and decals</li> <li>• Other</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Secure the components using the specified connectors and securing devices			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9 Secure sub assemblies and ancillary components using all the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nuts and bolts</li> <li>• Rivets</li> <li>• Screws</li> <li>• Adhesives</li> <li>• Sealants</li> </ul>			
		1.10 Check the completed assembly to ensure that all operations have been completed and that the finished assembly meets the required specification			
		1.11 Carry out the required quality checks to include eight of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Positional accuracy</li> <li>• Security of sub assembly components</li> <li>• Freedom of movement</li> <li>• Completeness</li> <li>• Dimensions</li> <li>• Orientation</li> <li>• Operating/working clearances</li> <li>• Alignment/distorsion</li> <li>• Freedom from damage or foreign objects</li> <li>• Torque settings</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce public service vehicle assemblies which comply with <b>all</b> of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All components are correctly assembled and aligned in accordance with the specification</li> <li>• Fixed sub assemblies are correctly adjusted and have appropriate clearances</li> <li>• Moving parts are correctly adjusted and have the appropriate clearances (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Bolted and screwed joints are tightened to the correct torque</li> <li>• Bonded joints are secure, free from contamination and excess adhesive/sealants</li> <li>• Final assemblies meet required customer specification</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.14 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to fit Sub Assemblies and Components to Public Service Vehicles	2.1	Describe the health and safety requirements, and safe working practices and procedures required for the assembly activities undertaken			
		2.2	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment, and of keeping the work area safe and tidy			
		2.3	Describe the hazards associated with the assembly activities (such as use of power tools, trailing leads or air hoses, damaged or badly maintained tools and equipment, lifting and handling heavy items), and how they can be minimised			
		2.4	Describe the procedure for obtaining the required drawings, job instructions and other related specifications			
		2.5	Explain how to use and extract information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS or ISO standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.6	Explain how to interpret drawings and other production documentation, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference points and system of tolerancing			
		2.7	Explain how to prepare the sub assemblies in readiness for the assembly activities (such as visually checking for defects, cleaning the components, removing burrs and sharp edges)			
		2.8	Describe the general principles of mechanical assembly, and the purpose and function of each sub assembly and materials used (including component identification systems such as codes and component orientation indicators)			
		2.9	Describe the assembly/joining methods, techniques and procedures to be used, and the importance of adhering to these procedures			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Explain how the sub assemblies are to be aligned, adjusted and positioned prior to securing, and the tools and equipment to be used for this			
		2.11	Describe the various mechanical fastening devices that are used (such as nuts, bolts, screws, and rivets)			
		2.12	Describe the importance of using the specified components and joining devices for the assembly, and why they must not use substitutes			
		2.13	Explain where appropriate, the application of sealants and adhesives within the assembly activities, and the precautions that must be taken when working with them			
		2.14	Explain how to conduct any necessary checks to ensure the accuracy, position, security, function and completeness of the assembly ( such as torque settings, dimensions, completeness, security of components, alignment and distortion			
		2.15	Explain how to detect assembly defects, and what to do to rectify them (such as ineffective joining techniques, foreign objects, component damage)			
		2.16	Describe the methods and equipment used to transport, lift and handle components and assemblies			
		2.17	Explain how to check that the tools and equipment to be used are correctly calibrated and are in a safe and serviceable condition			
		2.18	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools are used correctly and within their permitted operating range			
		2.19	Describe the importance of ensuring that all tools, equipment and components are accounted for and returned to their correct location on completion of the assembly activities			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.20	Describe the problems that could occur with the assembly operations, and the importance of informing appropriate people of non-conformances			
		2.21	Explain when to act on their own initiative and when to seek help and advice from others			
		2.22	Explain how to leave the work area in a safe and clean condition on completion of the assembly activities (such as removing and storing power leads, returning hand tools and equipment to the designated location, cleaning the work area and removing and disposing of waste)			

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Unit reference number:	R/503/7198
QCF level:	2
Credit value:	14
Guided learning hours:	64

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to prepare and manoeuvre armoured fighting vehicles (AFVs) for maintenance and transportation. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) and Pearson Edexcel Level 3 NVQ Extended Diploma in Automotive Engineering – Prototype Powertrain Development (QCF) – Specification – Issue 1 – May 2014 © Pearson Education Limited 2014

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Prepare and Manoeuvre Armoured Fighting Vehicles (AFVs) for Maintenance and Transportation	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Obtain all the information and documentation they require to start the vehicle manoeuvring activities			
		1.3	Plan the vehicle manoeuvring activities before they start them			
		1.4	Obtain and prepare any support equipment required to move and secure the vehicle and check that it is in a useable condition			
		1.5	Carry out all of the following prior to commencing the manoeuvring of AFV vehicles: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ensure the appropriate authorisation to carry out the manoeuvring activities is obtained</li> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and</li> <li>• Other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Check the immediate work area is free from hazards or obstructions</li> <li>• Check the vehicle is free from hazards or obstructions</li> <li>• Provide and maintain safe access and working arrangements for the work to be completed</li> <li>• Position relevant warning signs in a secure and visible location (where applicable)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.6	Prepare the vehicle for the manoeuvring activities to be undertaken			
		1.7	Prepare the AFV for movement by carrying out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually check the vehicle for signs of leakage, damage, missing parts and wear/deterioration</li> <li>• Remove excessive dirt and grime</li> <li>• Check the fire warning system is operating correctly</li> <li>• Check lighting systems are operational</li> <li>• Check fuel levels</li> <li>• Check fluid levels (such as cooling system, hydraulic fluid reservoirs, oil levels for gearbox, steering unit and final drive)</li> <li>• Check hull drain plugs</li> <li>• Complete operational checks on blackout switches, convoy lights, and infrared lights where fitted</li> <li>• Check gauges and warning lights are operating correctly</li> <li>• Carry out press to test functions to check protected systems are operating correctly</li> <li>• Locate covers/bungs in the appropriate locations to protect components/systems from the ingress of</li> <li>• Foreign objects or other substances</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.8 Prepare the AFV for movement by securing three of the following components/systems: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hatches</li> <li>• Weapon systems</li> <li>• Turret/cupola</li> <li>• Road wheels</li> <li>• Other items relevant to the vehicle (such as external tool bins, engine covers, mirrors, external light guards)</li> </ul>			
		1.9 Start the vehicle following the correct procedures as per vehicle Army Equipment Support Publication (AESPs)			
		1.10 Carry out the manoeuvring activities using the correct procedures and work instructions			
		1.11 Manoeuvre the AFV in all of the following situations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By day (using hand &amp; verbal communication)</li> <li>• By night (using torch signals)</li> <li>• Abnormal weather conditions</li> <li>• In confined spaces</li> </ul>			
		1.12 Manoeuvre, position and secure the AFV onto one of the following methods of transportation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lorry/low loader</li> <li>• Train</li> <li>• Aircraft</li> <li>• Boat</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.13 Carry out AFV Manoeuvring Procedures - to include all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recovery (un ditching or de bogging)</li> <li>• Prepare for towing cross country</li> <li>• Prepare for tow starting</li> </ul>			
		1.14 Use one of the following when manoeuvring the AFV: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A" Frame</li> <li>• Straight bar</li> <li>• Wire tow rope</li> <li>• Kinetic energy rope</li> <li>• D shackles</li> </ul>			
		1.15 Simulate carrying out all of the following emergency procedures : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fire fighting on an AFV</li> <li>• Evacuating casualties from an AFV</li> <li>• Road traffic accident/incident</li> <li>• Vehicle breakdown procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.16 Carry out two of the following roles when manoeuvring the AFV: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Driver</li> <li>• Controller</li> <li>• Marshaller</li> </ul>			
		1.17 Carry out the manoeuvring activities within the limits of their personal authority			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.18	Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.19	Report any instances where the vehicle securing and/or manoeuvring activities cannot be fully met			
		1.20	Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the manoeuvring activities			
		1.21	Dispose of waste materials in line with organisational and environmentally safe procedures			
		1.22	Ensure that the vehicle is left in a safe and secure condition on completion of activities			
		1.23	Complete relevant documentation on completion of the manoeuvring activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to prepare and manoeuvre Armoured Fighting Vehicles (AFVs) for Maintenance and Transportation	2.1	Describe the specific health and safety requirements, precautions, and safe working practices and procedures to be observed whilst preparing and manoeuvring AFVs for maintenance and transportation			
		2.2	Describe the types of protective equipment (PPE) they need to use for both personnel protection and protection of the AFV			
		2.3	Describe the importance of wearing appropriate protective clothing and equipment			
		2.4	Describe the procedures to be followed to evacuate personnel from AFVs. Including fire evacuation			
		2.5	Describe the hazards associated with driving and manoeuvring AFVs on the public highway			
		2.6	Describe the procedures to be followed if AFV breaks down			
		2.7	Describe the procedures to be followed in the event of an accident/incident			
		2.8	Describe the authorisation process and documentation required to prepare and manoeuvre the AFV			
		2.9	Describe the AFV system isolation procedures to be followed to secure the vehicle weapons systems and adherence to Army Equipment Support Publication (AESPs)			
		2.10	Describe the methods used to secure components such as hatches, turret and other unsecured items			
		2.11	Describe the checks to be carried out on the AFV before it is started and manoeuvred including leaks, damage, wear and deterioration or missing parts			
		2.12	Describe the AFV system “start up” and “run down” procedures to be followed before and after use			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.13 Explain how to obtain and interpret manuals and other documents needed in the manoeuvring operation for AFVs			
		2.14 Describe the principles of how the AFV functions, its operating sequence, controls, the working purpose of individual units/components and how they interact			
		2.15 Explain how to operate and secure the vehicles communication system on AFVs			
		2.16 Describe the hazards associated with driving, marshalling, parking AFVs especially in confined area/spaces, and how these hazards can be minimised			
		2.17 Describe the hazards associated with towing AFVs and how these hazards can be minimised			
		2.18 Describe the hazards associated with tow starting AFVs and how these hazards can be minimised			
		2.19 Describe the hazards associated with AFVs recovery and how these hazards can be minimised			
		2.20 Describe the importance of checking that the recovery equipment used to assist in the manoeuvring of AFVs is in a usable and safe condition and the specific checks that need to be made			
		2.21 Describe the range and types of equipment to be used when towing or recovering AFVs to include "A" frames, Straight Bar, Wire Tow Rope, Kinetic energy Rope and "D" Shackles			
		2.22 Describe the factors to take into account when deciding which of the following should be used and why, A frame, straight bar, wire tow rope, kinetic energy rope and D shackles			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.23	Describe the importance of ensuring that the AFV is secured correctly when being prepared for onward transportation and the implications if this is not carried out correctly			
		2.24	Describe the methods used to position and secure the AFV to transport the vehicle by rails, road, air and sea			
		2.25	Describe the problems that can occur with the AFV preparation and manoeuvring activities and how these can be overcome			
		2.26	Describe the duties and responsibilities of the personnel used in the preparation and manoeuvring activities including the driver, controller and marshaller			
		2.27	Describe the AFV driving and control procedures to be used when manoeuvring across country			
		2.28	Describe the AFV driving and control procedures to be used when manoeuvring over obstacles			
		2.29	Describe the procedures to be followed to identify and log faults found on the AFV			
		2.30	Describe the different methods of communication used when manoeuvring and obstacle crossing for AFVs to include hand signals, torch signals and verbal orders			
		2.31	Describe the procedure to be used to dispose of any waste materials safely and in an environmentally friendly manner			
		2.32	Describe the importance of leaving AFVs in a safe condition on completion of the manoeuvring activities, and the correct after use procedures			
		2.33	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and whom they should report to if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

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# **Unit 86:**

## **Producing Composite Mouldings Using Resin Film Infusion Techniques**

**Unit reference number:** J/504/3404

**QCF level:** 2

**Credit value:** 14

**Guided learning hours:** 64

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### **Unit aim**

This unit covers the skills and knowledge needed to prove the competences required to produce composite mouldings using resin film infusion techniques. It will prepare the learner for entry into the engineering or manufacturing sectors, creating a progression between education and employment, or it will provide a basis for the development of additional skills and occupational competences in the working environment.

### **Unit assessment requirements/evidence requirements**

This unit must be assessed in a work environment and must be assessed in accordance with the 'Common Requirements for National Vocational Qualifications (NVQ) in the QCF' which can be found in Annexe A.

Additional assessment requirements have been published by Semta. Please refer to the Performing Engineering Operations NVQ assessment strategy in Annexe C.

## Learning outcomes and assessment criteria

To pass this unit, the learner needs to demonstrate that they can meet all the learning outcomes for the unit. The assessment criteria determine the standard required to achieve the unit.

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
1	Produce Composite Mouldings using Resin Film Infusion Techniques	1.1	Work safely at all times, complying with health and safety legislation, regulations and other relevant guidelines			
		1.2	Carry out all of the following during the moulding activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adhere to procedures or systems in place for risk assessment, COSHH, personal protective equipment (PPE) and other relevant safety regulations</li> <li>• Follow job instructions, drawings, process specifications and moulding/laminating procedures</li> <li>• Ensure that all equipment and tools used are in a safe and serviceable condition</li> <li>• Return all tools and equipment to the correct location on completion of the moulding activities</li> </ul>			
		1.3	Plan the resin infusion activities before they start them			
		1.4	Prepare the moulds, jigs or formers ready for the manufacturing operations			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.5 Carry out all of the following activities when preparing production tooling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that tooling is correct and complete</li> <li>• Clean tooling and remove resin build-ups</li> <li>• Check for surface defects</li> <li>• Correctly apply sealers/release agents</li> <li>• Clean and store tooling suitably after use</li> </ul>			
		1.6 Check materials are fit for purpose and in life.			
		1.7 Carry out all of the following activities to prepare materials for production: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Obtain correct materials for the activity</li> <li>• Thaw material removed from freezer storage</li> <li>• Identifying defects in resin film materials</li> <li>• Check that materials are fit for purpose and in life</li> <li>• Check availability of ancillary materials required</li> <li>• Cut materials to correct shape and orientation</li> <li>• Check materials when provided in kit form</li> <li>• Identify and protect materials in the work area</li> </ul>			
		1.8 Carry out the resin film infusion activities, using the correct methods and techniques			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.9	Produce a range of mouldings, using one of the following types of tooling: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pattern</li> <li>• Mandrels</li> <li>• Metal</li> <li>• Tooling block</li> <li>• Wet lay-up</li> <li>• Infused tooling</li> <li>• Glass pre-preg</li> <li>• Carbon pre-preg</li> <li>• Female tooling</li> <li>• Male tooling</li> <li>• Multi-part tools</li> <li>• Matched tooling</li> <li>• Closed tooling</li> </ul>			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.10	Produce a range of mouldings incorporating two of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Butt joins</li> <li>• Overlap joins</li> <li>• Staggered joins</li> <li>• Orientated plies</li> <li>• Inverted plies</li> <li>• Inserts</li> <li>• Balancing plies</li> <li>• Fixtures</li> </ul>			
		1.11	Produce a range of mouldings incorporating three of the following shape features: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Internal corners</li> <li>• External corners</li> <li>• Vertical surface</li> <li>• Double curvature</li> <li>• Concave surface</li> <li>• Horizontal surface</li> <li>• Convex surfaces</li> <li>• Return surfaces</li> <li>• Joggle details</li> <li>• Nett edges</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.12 Produce a range of mouldings using two of the following methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Production of ply templates</li> <li>• Nesting of ply templates</li> <li>• Material cutting &amp; kitting</li> <li>• Shaped locators</li> <li>• Joining boards</li> <li>• Loose tooling</li> <li>• Intensifiers</li> <li>• Vacuum de-bulk</li> <li>• Moulded datum features</li> <li>• Placement jigs</li> <li>• Laser projection placement</li> <li>• Video feedback placement</li> </ul>			
		1.13 Produce a range of mouldings using one type of resin from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Bio resin</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Epoxy</li> <li>• Phenolic</li> <li>• Bismaleimide</li> <li>• Cyanate ester</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.14	Produce a range of mouldings using techniques for one type of fibre from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Natural fibre</li> <li>• Thermoplastic</li> <li>• Glass</li> <li>• Aramid</li> <li>• Carbon</li> <li>• Hybrid</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.15	Produce a range of mouldings using one type of reinforcement from: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous</li> <li>• Uni-directional</li> <li>• Tapes</li> <li>• Tissues/veils</li> <li>• Woven</li> <li>• Braids</li> <li>• Multi-axis</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.16	Produce a range of mouldings using one type of core material (where applicable to the Sector or process): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Solid timber</li> <li>• End grain balsa</li> <li>• Thermoplastic core</li> <li>• Syntactic core</li> <li>• Rigid foam</li> <li>• Expanding core</li> <li>• Fibrous honeycomb</li> <li>• Aluminium honeycomb</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.17	Use one of the following methods when using core materials (where applicable to the Sector or process): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Core templates</li> <li>• Pre-shaping core</li> <li>• Core chamfers</li> <li>• Core splicing</li> <li>• Peel plies</li> <li>• Bonding paste</li> <li>• Edge filling</li> <li>• Adhesive/resin films</li> <li>• Potting/filler compound</li> <li>• Single stage curing</li> <li>• Multi-stage curing</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.18 Using one of the following for applying temperature during the cure cycle: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oven</li> <li>• Autoclave</li> <li>• Heated tools/moulds</li> <li>• Heat mats</li> <li>• Heated press</li> <li>• Curing lamps</li> <li>• Infrared heating</li> <li>• Electro-magnetic inductance</li> <li>• Micro-wave</li> <li>• Other (to be specified)</li> </ul>			
		1.19 Using one of the following for applying pressure to consolidate the moulding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vacuum bags</li> <li>• Pressure bags</li> <li>• Thermal mould expansion</li> <li>• Fibre tensioning</li> <li>• Press</li> <li>• Autoclave</li> </ul>			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.20 Where vacuum bags are used, use two of the following processes/methods: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check vacuum integrity</li> <li>• Surface bagging</li> <li>• Envelope bagging</li> <li>• Multi-part envelope bags</li> <li>• Internal bagging</li> <li>• Through-tube bagging</li> <li>• Pleats and tucks</li> <li>• Reusable bagging</li> <li>• Use of reusable vacuum fittings</li> </ul>			
		1.21 Remove the mouldings correctly and trim/finish them to specification			
		1.22 Remove the composite mouldings and carry out all of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visually check that the moulding is complete and free from defects</li> <li>• Use appropriate equipment/gauges to check for dimensional</li> <li>• Accuracy (such as overall dimensions, thickness of material/moulding, geometric features)</li> <li>• Carry out repairs (where appropriate)</li> <li>• Finish the mouldings, using appropriate tools and equipment</li> </ul>			
		1.23 Check that all the required operations have been completed to specification			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		1.24 Produce a range of mouldings which comply with one of the following standards: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Components are dimensionally accurate within specification requirements</li> <li>• Finished components meet the required shape/geometry (such as square, straight, angle, free from twists)</li> <li>• Completed components are free from defects, sharp edges or slivers</li> <li>• Components meet company standards and procedures</li> </ul>			
		1.25 Deal promptly and effectively with problems within their control, and seek help and guidance from the relevant people if they have problems that they cannot resolve			
		1.26 Leave the work area in a safe and tidy condition on completion of the assembly activities			



Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
2	Know how to produce Composite Mouldings using Resin Film Infusion Techniques	2.1	Describe the Health and safety precautions to be taken, and procedures used, when working with composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment in the specific work area			
		2.2	Describe the hazards associated with carrying out resin film infusion techniques, and with the composite materials, consumables, tools and equipment used, and how to minimise these and reduce any risks			
		2.3	Describe the Protective equipment (PPE) that is needed for personal protection and, where required, the protection of others			
		2.4	Describe the application of COSHH regulations in relation to the storage, use and disposal of composite materials and consumables			
		2.5	Describe the specific environmental conditions the must be observed when producing composite mouldings (such as temperature, humidity, fume/dust extraction systems and equipment)			
		2.6	Explain how to extract and use information from engineering drawings and related specifications (to include symbols and conventions to appropriate BS, ISO or BSEN standards) in relation to work undertaken			
		2.7	Explain how to interpret drawings/lay up manuals, imperial and metric systems of measurement, workpiece reference/datum points and system of tolerancing			
		2.8	Describe the quality procedures used in the workplace to ensure production control (in relation to currency, issue, meeting specification) and the completion of such documents			
		2.9	Describe the conventions and terminology used for resin film infusion techniques (such as material orientation, material identification, material templates, ply lay-up, pressure plates, vacuum bagging, cure cycles, exotherm)			

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria	Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.10	Describe the different types of resins, reinforcement, catalysts, accelerators and additives used, and their applications		
		2.11	Describe the different types of fibre materials, fabrics, orientations, their combinations and applications		
		2.12	Describe the building up laminates (including orientation and balance of plies) to minimise spring and distortion in composite mouldings		
		2.13	Describe the different core, insert and filler materials, and their applications		
		2.14	Describe the visual identification of both raw and finished composite materials		
		2.15	Describe the identification of materials by product codes		
		2.16	Describe the different types of production tooling used for producing composite mouldings, and their applications		
		2.17	Describe the identification and rectification of defects in production tooling		
		2.18	Describe the methods of preparation for patterns, moulds and tooling, including the correct selection and use of surface sealers and release agents		
		2.19	Describe the correct methods of storage, thawing and handling of resin film infusion materials (including monitoring temperature, storage life and out-life)		
		2.20	Describe the methods used in the application of resin film infusion materials to tooling surfaces (including methods of tailoring and cutting)		
		2.21	Describe the correct methods of storage and handling of ancillary and consumable materials		

Learning outcomes		Assessment criteria		Evidence type	Portfolio reference	Date
		2.22	Describe the selection and use of ancillary and consumable materials (such as release films, breather fabrics, bagging films, tapes) to meet performance requirements (such as temperature and compatibility)			
		2.23	Describe the tools and equipment used in the resin film infusion activities, and their care, preparation and control procedures			
		2.24	Describe the problems that can occur during the lay-up process (including modifications to the ply lay-up, and defects such as contamination and distortion)			
		2.25	Explain how modifications and defects can be overcome during the resin film infusion activity			
		2.26	Describe the cure cycles (including temperature and pressure ramps, dwell times, post curing)			
		2.27	Describe the need for monitoring the cure cycle (using thermocouples, probes, chart recorders and data logs)			
		2.28	Describe the procedures and methods used for removing mouldings from production tooling			
		2.29	Describe the identification of defects in the composite moulding (such as de-lamination, voids, contaminants)			
		2.30	Describe the care and safe handling of production tooling and composite mouldings throughout the production cycle			
		2.31	Describe the production controls used in the work area, and actions to be taken for unaccounted items			
		2.32	Explain how the composite moulding relates to its own quality documents, and the production tooling used			
		2.33	Describe the extent of their own responsibility and to whom they should report if they have problems that they cannot resolve			

Learner name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Learner signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Assessor signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Internal verifier signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*(if sampled)*

## 12 Further information and useful publications

To get in touch with us visit our 'Contact us' pages:

- Edexcel: **[www.edexcel.com/contactus](http://www.edexcel.com/contactus)**
- BTEC: **[www.edexcel.com/btec/contactus](http://www.edexcel.com/btec/contactus)**
- Pearson Work Based Learning and Colleges: **[pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/pages](http://pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/pages)**
- books, software and online resources for UK schools and colleges:  
**[www.pearsonschoolsandfecolleges.co.uk/contactus](http://www.pearsonschoolsandfecolleges.co.uk/contactus)**

### Key publications

- *Adjustments for candidates with disabilities and learning difficulties – Access and Arrangements and Reasonable Adjustments, General and Vocational qualifications* (Joint Council for Qualifications (JCQ))
- *Equality Policy* (Pearson)
- *Recognition of Prior Learning Policy and Process* (Pearson)
- *UK Information Manual* (Pearson)
- *UK Quality Vocational Assurance Handbook* (Pearson).

All of these publications are available on our website.

Further information and publications on the delivery and quality assurance of NVQ/Competence-based qualifications is available on our website, at [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/NVQ-competence-based](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/NVQ-competence-based).

Our publications catalogue lists all the material available to support our qualifications. To access the catalogue and order publications, please go to [www.edexcel.com/resources/publications](http://www.edexcel.com/resources/publications).

## 13 Professional development and training

Pearson supports UK and international customers with training related to our qualifications. This support is available through a choice of training options and sector events, or through customised training at your centre.

The support we offer focuses on a range of issues, including:

- planning for the delivery of a new programme
- planning for assessment
- building your team and teamwork skills
- developing learner-centred learning and teaching approaches
- building functional skills into your programme
- building in effective and efficient quality assurance systems.

For more information on training options and upcoming events, please visit our website, [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/training-events](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/training-events). You can request customised training by completing the enquiry form on our website and we will contact you to discuss your training needs.

### Support services

**Face-to-face support:** our team of Regional Quality Managers, based around the country, are responsible for providing quality assurance support and guidance to anyone managing and delivering NVQs/Competence-based qualifications. The Regional Quality Managers can support you at all stages of the standard verification process as well as in finding resolutions of actions and recommendations as required. A UK map showing the Regional Quality Managers' contact details can be found at [www.btec.co.uk/support](http://www.btec.co.uk/support).

**Online support:** find the answers to your questions by browsing over 100 FAQs on our website or by submitting a query using our Work Based Learning Ask the Expert Service. You can search the database of commonly asked questions relating to all aspects of our qualifications in the work-based learning market. If you are unable to find the information you need, send us your query and our qualification or administrative experts will get back to you. The Ask the Expert service is available at [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/Our-support](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/Our-support).

### Online forum

Pearson Work Based Learning Communities is an online forum where employers, further education colleges and workplace training providers are able to seek advice and clarification about any aspect of our qualifications and services, as well as share knowledge and information with others. The forums are sector specific and cover Business Administration, Customer Service, Health and Social Care, Hospitality and Catering and Retail. The online forum is available at [www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/Our-support](http://www.pearsonwbl.edexcel.com/Our-support).

## 14 Contact us

We have a dedicated Account Support team, based throughout the UK, to give you more personalised support and advice. To contact your Account Specialist you can use any of the following methods:

**Email:** wblcustomerservices@pearson.com

**Telephone:** 0844 576 0045

If you are new to Pearson and would like to become an approved centre, please contact us at:

**Email:** wbl@pearson.com

**Telephone:** 0844 576 0045

### Complaints and feedback

We are working hard to provide you with excellent service. However, if any element of our service falls below your expectations, we want to understand why, so that we can prevent it from happening again. We will do all that we can to put things right.

If you would like to register a complaint with us, please email wblcomplaints@pearson.com.

We will formally acknowledge your complaint within two working days of receipt and provide a full response within seven working days.

## Annexe A: Assessment requirements/strategy: Common Requirements for NVQs in the QCF

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### Background to NVQs

The Review of Vocational Qualifications in England and Wales (RVQ) Working Group report in April 1986 recommended the introduction of NVQ's to address weaknesses in the then current systems of vocational qualifications. Amongst the weaknesses it identified were:

- no clear, readily understandable pattern of provision as well as considerable overlap, duplication and gaps in that provision
- many barriers to accessing vocational qualifications and inadequate arrangements for progression and transfer of credit
- assessment methods biased towards testing of knowledge rather than skill or competence
- insufficient recognition of learning gained outside formal education and training
- limited take-up of vocational qualifications.

The Review also recommended that:

*'the Government should establish a National Council for Vocational Qualifications (NCVQ)'.*

The purpose of the National Council for Vocational Qualifications was to establish National Vocational Qualifications. The concept of a standard of competence was fundamental to NVQs and the report further recommended that:

*'The NCVQ should establish a clear focus for national action to secure specification of standards of competence.... by effective and appropriate industry bodies'.*

The National Council for Vocational Qualifications (NCVQ) was established in the autumn of 1986. NCVQ's NVQ Criteria and Guidance from 1995 states that.

*'At the heart of an NVQ is the concept of occupational competence; the ability to perform to the standards required in employment across a range of circumstances and to meet changing demands. NVQs are first and foremost about what people can do. They go beyond technical skills to include planning, problem solving, dealing with unexpected occurrences, working with other people and applying the knowledge and understanding that underpins overall competence'.*

This is the context in which this regulatory framework is developed to operate in addition to the General provisions of Regulatory arrangements for the Qualifications and Credit Framework 2008. The NVQ is not a general qualification, it is a particular type that operates in a specific context – the workplace – and relies upon specific provisions and requirements unique to a competency based qualification.

In 1993 NCVQ developed and published the Awarding Bodies Common Accord.

*'The Common Accord was drafted .....in order to set out assessment and verification processes which would offer the necessary quality in relation to all NVQ awards. It emphasises the coherence of the NVQ framework to make it easier for users of NVQs to understand the system and seeks to improve the cost effectiveness and credibility of NVQs'.*



The Common Accord was intended to be applied flexibly within its main principles, but subsequently, following the establishment of the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority with formal regulatory powers, it was adapted to become the mandatory NVQ Code of practice. This document reflects the principles articulated in the Code of Practice while seeking to capture the intent of the QCF for a more flexible qualifications framework and at the same time responding to the UK CES requirement for “a new, lighter touch and fit for purpose Code of Practice”<sup>1</sup>.

## Purpose of this document

At a meeting chaired by Ofqual on the 5th May 2009, called as a component of the ongoing discussions into the place of NVQs in the QCF, that organisation placed responsibility with the community of SSCs and SSBs to develop the required guidance to underpin the NVQ brand in the QCF. Ofqual indicated that they were not prepared to sanction formal regulation at this stage in the development of the QCF, with such decisions left until a review of operations of the framework to take place at a later time.

In conjunction with this development is the obvious necessity to gain agreement from all parties to use this document as the basis for requirements of qualifications using the term NVQ in the title, in the QCF.

## **Additional requirements**

### **1. Qualification titles (links to QCF clauses 1.18 to 1.21)**

- 1.1. Each qualification title submitted for accreditation in the QCF that purports to be of the type NVQ must be presented in a standard format that identifies clearly that it is an NVQ.
- 1.2. Any qualification submitted for accreditation with NVQ in the title must apply the title defined by the relevant SSC/B.

### **2. Relationship with NOS**

- 2.1. Qualifications using the title NVQ are based upon National Occupational Standards (NOS). For any qualification purporting to be of the type NVQ the following standards must apply:
  - (a) There must be a direct relationship between NOS and all Units in the qualification.
  - (b) They must be based entirely and only on NOS developed by SSCs/SSBs.
  - (c) They must attest to competence in an occupational role (where competence is defined as the ability to apply knowledge, understanding, practical and thinking skills to be effective in work: these skills will usually include problem-solving, being flexible to meet changing demands and the ability to work with or alongside others).
  - (d) They should be made up of units that are shared.

### **3. Rules of combination (links to clauses 1.23 to 1.27)**

- 3.1. Any qualification purporting to be an NVQ must conform to the following guidelines:
  - (a) Rules of combination must be that determined by SSC/Bs.
  - (b) Qualifications of the type NVQ covered by this requirement:
    - i. must consist of entirely competence based units that conform to the requirements of clause 2.1.
    - ii. must be based upon units recognised in the QCF.
  - (c) No organisation is permitted to submit a qualification under a different title that has the same units and rules of combination as an NVQ.

#### **4. Assessment and quality assurance (links to clauses 5.5 to 5.10)**

- 4.1. NVQs are a type of qualification that reflects the unique needs of the workplace. Over the period of their use the principles, practices and requirements surrounding the assessment and quality assurance have evolved to reflect a range of varying needs. The principles outlined in this document seek to reduce any perceived burden attached to this process and to remove any inappropriate requirements from the process.
- 4.2. Additionally Awarding Organisations are encouraged to make use of naturally occurring quality assurance and monitoring systems where they exist in workplace assessment environments.
- 4.3. Assessment methodologies of qualifications using the title NVQ must implement the assessment strategies developed in partnership by the relevant SSC/Bs and Awarding Organisations. This document will be published separately and will include requirements for assessment and verification of SVQs. The specified assessment strategies must enable the qualification to attest to competence in the workplace typically they will incorporate the following requirements:
  - (a) Application of the specified skills, knowledge and understanding to standards required in the workplace.
  - (b) Specification of the type and amount of evidence to be collected for the purpose of assessing competence.
  - (c) Identification of any aspects of the assessment of NOS that may be/need to be simulated.
  - (d) Clarification of the extent to which simulated working conditions may be used in assessment and of any required characteristics of the simulations including definitions of what might constitute realistic working environments.
  - (e) Specification of the occupational expertise of assessors and verifiers.
- 4.4. Units used in qualifications with the title NVQ may reference the requirements of Assessment Strategies in the QCF Unit specification without requiring full duplication.

## **5. Assessor Requirements (links to QCF clause 5.2)**

5.1. The principles of assessment for qualifications using the title NVQ reflect the unique nature of a workplace competency based qualification where the accumulation of evidence towards recognition requires both a formative and summative elements and dictates the need for the application of methods suited to the individual, environment and competency being assessed. It is the application of knowledge and skills that is then assessed in the workplace that makes NVQs unique - in other qualifications the application is implied rather than visible and required. It is expected that the assessment of qualifications will be underpinned by arrangements that reflect the principles outlined below:

- (a) Assessment must be carried out by competent persons who hold, or are working towards a suitable qualification. By default this is the Assessor units A1 and/or A2 (and by implication legacy D32/33 unit) but may be an appropriate equivalent as defined in the assessment strategy for that qualification or family of qualifications.
- (b) Assessors must have sufficient and relevant technical/occupational competence in the Unit, at or above the level of the Unit being assessed
- (c) All Assessors are expected to be fully conversant with the Unit(s) against which the assessments and verification are to be undertaken.
- (d) Unqualified Assessors must have a plan to achieve the relevant assessor qualification as defined in the Assessment Strategy within the timeframe specified.

## 6. Verifier Requirements (links to QCF clause 5.2)

- 6.1. The principles of verification for qualifications using the title NVQ reflect the unique nature of a workplace based qualification. The verification process has been established to replicate the equivalent quality assurance (QA) functions that operate in academic qualifications, undertaken by examiners and moderators. It is expected that the awarding of qualifications will be underpinned by QA appropriate to workplace based delivery. At a minimum this should reflect the principles outlined below:
- (a) Internal verification must be carried out by competent persons who hold, or are working towards a suitable qualification. By default this is the Internal Verifier unit V1 (and by implication legacy D34 unit) but may be an appropriate equivalent as defined in the assessment strategy for that qualification or family of qualifications (qualifications outlined in 5.1 are also highly recommended).
  - (b) IVs must have sufficient and relevant technical/occupational familiarity in the Unit(s) being verified.
  - (c) External verification must be carried out by competent persons who hold, or are working towards a suitable qualification. By default this would be the External Verifier unit V2 (and by implication legacy D35 units) but may be an appropriate equivalent as defined in the assessment strategy for that qualification or family of qualifications (meeting the requirements outlines in clause 5.1 are also highly recommended). EV's are members of an Awarding Organisations staff or agents, who must have no connections with the Centre that would risk a loss of objectivity.
  - (d) EVs must have sufficient and relevant technical/occupational understanding in the Unit(s) being verified.
  - (e) All IVs and EVs are expected to:
    - i. be fully conversant with the standards and units against which the assessments and verification are to be undertaken.
    - ii. have an appropriate level of understanding of Awarding Organisation systems.
  - (f) Unqualified Verifiers must have a plan to achieve the relevant verifier qualifications as defined in the Assessment Strategy within the timeframe specified.
- 6.2. Where the provisions of clause 4.2 are implemented, audit programmes undertaken should seek to ensure that the QA and monitoring intent of clause 6.1 and associated referenced documents is achieved in naturally occurring systems.

## **7. Assessment Environment**

- 7.1. Evidence should be obtained from the real working environment. However, in certain circumstances, simulation of work activities may be acceptable. Where this is considered necessary, assessors must be confident that the environment replicates the workplace to such an extent that competencies gained will be fully transferable to the workplace. In this case assessors must clearly identify those aspects of the workplace that are critical to performance, and make sure that they have been simulated satisfactorily and in accordance with the requirements of clause 4.3.
- 7.2. Units that may not be assessed by simulation will be defined in the assessment strategy for the qualification or family of qualifications. Where simulation is involved, assessors must obtain agreement with their IV and EV before assessing candidates.
- 7.3. There must be an appropriate evidential audit trail of assessment activity that reflects the qualification being assessed. Where appropriate, guidance will be provided in the assessment strategy for the qualifications or family of qualifications.

## 8. Awarding Organisations

8.1. Awarding Organisations must put in place a risk management methodology for qualifications using the title NVQ. This methodology should contain as a minimum the following features:

- Risk profiles.
- Risk banding characteristics.
- Risk assessment methodologies for each risk band.
- Risk avoidance strategies and activities.
- Risk mitigation activities.
- Performance management and monitoring programme.
- Sanctions provisions.

It is expected that these arrangements will reflect the risk characteristics and mitigation requirements of sectors, families of qualifications and individual qualifications outlined in the applicable Sector Qualifications Strategies and Assessment Strategies for the sector.

8.2. As outlined in clause 4.2 where naturally occurring quality and monitoring systems can be used to achieve the intent and outcomes of these QA arrangements every effort should be made to incorporate these systems, where this supports a suitably rigorous implementation and encourages integration into organisation culture and practices.

8.3. External monitoring of centres may be undertaken either through external verifier visits to centres or suitably constituted high level audit processes designed to ensure the integrity and effectiveness of naturally occurring QA and monitoring systems.

8.4. External monitoring of centres must include systems to ensure there is no conflict of interest.

8.5. The frequency of external monitoring activities should reflect an appropriate risk management methodology for a qualification of the type NVQ. The exact frequency, duration and character of these activities will reflect the centre's performance, taking account of:

- Risk profile of the centre type.
- Risk characteristics of the centre.
- Risk banding of the centre.
- Performance management and monitoring requirements.
- Risk mitigation characteristics.



## Annexe B: Assessment requirements/strategy: Engineering NVQ QCF Unit Assessment

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### Introduction

[Semta], the Sector Skills Council for the Science Engineering Manufacturing Technologies Sector, has produced this QCF Unit Assessment Strategy to:

- assist Assessors, Internal Verifiers and External Verifiers
- encourage and promote consistent assessment of NVQ units
- promote cost effective assessment plans

This document also provides definitions for:

- the qualifications and experience required for Assessors and Verifiers
- the assessment environment and notes on simulation/replication.
- access to units

and requirements relating to:

- carrying out assessments
- performance evidence
- assessing knowledge and understanding

The importance and value in which employers and learners place on undertaking NVQ units will provide a key measure of [Semta's] success with this unit assessment strategy. Another key success factor will be [Semta's] partnership with the relevant Awarding Organisations.

### **Assessor Requirements to Demonstrate Effective Assessment Practice**

Assessment must be carried out by competent Assessors that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment. Current and operational Assessors that hold units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 as appropriate to the assessment being carried out, will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 3 Award as they are still appropriate for the assessment requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. However, they will be expected to regularly review their skills, knowledge and understanding and where applicable undertake continuing professional development to ensure that they are carrying out workplace assessment to the most up to date National Occupational Standards (NOS)

### **Assessor Technical Requirements**

Assessors must be able to demonstrate that they have verifiable, relevant and sufficient technical competence to evaluate and judge performance and knowledge evidence requirements as set out in the relevant QCF unit learning outcomes and associated assessment criteria.

This will be demonstrated either by holding a relevant technical qualification or by proven industrial experience of the technical areas to be assessed. The assessor's competence must, at the very least, be at the same level as that required of the learner(s) in the units being assessed.

Assessors must also be:

Fully conversant with the Awarding Organisation's assessment recording documentation used for the QCF NVQ units against which the assessments and verification are to be carried out, other relevant documentation and system and procedures to support the QA process.

### **Verifier Requirements (internal and external)**

Internal quality assurance (Internal Verification) must be carried out by competent Verifiers that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices. Current and operational Internal Verifiers that hold internal verification units V1 or D34 will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 4 Award as they are still appropriate for the verification requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. Verifiers must be familiar with, and preferably hold, either the nationally recognised Assessor units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 or the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment

External quality assurance (External Verification) must be carried out by competent External Verifiers that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 4 Award in the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices. Current and operational External Verifiers that hold external verification units V2 or D35 will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 4 Award as they are still appropriate for the verification requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. Verifiers must be familiar with, and preferably hold, either the nationally recognised Assessor units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 or the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment

External and Internal Verifiers will be expected to regularly review their skills, knowledge and understanding and where applicable undertake continuing professional development to ensure that they are carrying out workplace Quality Assurance (verification) of Assessment Processes and Practices to the most up to date National Occupational Standards (NOS)

Verifiers, both Internal and External, will also be expected to be fully conversant with the terminology used in the QCF NVQ units against which the assessments and verification are to be carried out, the appropriate Regulatory Body's systems and procedures and the relevant Awarding Organisation's documentation, systems and procedures within which the assessment and verification is taking place.

### **Specific technical requirements for internal and external verifiers**

Internal and external verifiers of this qualification must be able to demonstrate that have verifiable, sufficient and relevant industrial experience, and must have a working knowledge of the processes, techniques and procedures that are used in the relevant sector/occupation.

The tables on the following page show the recommended levels of technical competence for assessors, internal verifiers, and external verifiers.

### **Technical Requirements for Assessors and Verifiers**

<b>Position</b>	<b>Prime activity requirements</b>	<b>Support activity requirements</b>	<b>Technical requirements (see notes)</b>
Assessor	Assessment Skills	IV Systems	Technical <i>competence</i> in the areas covered by the QCF units being assessed
Internal Verifier	Verification Skills	Assessment Knowledge	Technical <i>understanding</i> of the areas covered by the QCF units being verified
External Verifier	Verification skills	Assessment Understanding	Technical <i>awareness</i> of the areas covered by the units being verified

## Notes

1. Technical *competence* is defined here as a combination of practical skills, knowledge, and the ability to apply both of these, in familiar and new situations, within a real working environment.
2. Technical *understanding* is defined here as having a good understanding of the technical activities being assessed, together with knowledge of relevant Health & Safety implications and requirements of the assessments.
3. Technical *awareness* is defined here as a general overview of the subject area, sufficient to ensure that assessment and portfolio evidence are reliable, and that relevant Health and Safety requirements have been complied with.
4. The competence required by the assessor, internal verifier and external verifier, in the occupational area being assessed, is likely to exist at three levels as indicated by the shaded zones in the following table.

Technical Competence required by:	An ability to <i>discuss</i> the general principles of the competences being assessed	An ability to <i>describe</i> the practical aspects of the competence being assessed	An ability to <i>demonstrate</i> the practical competences being assessed
Assessor			
Internal Verifier			
External Verifier			

## Assessment Environment

The evidence put forward for this unit can only be regarded valid, reliable, sufficient and authentic if achieved and obtained in the working environment and be clearly attributable to the learner. However, in certain circumstances, simulation/replication of work activities may be acceptable.

- The use of high quality, realistic simulations/replication, which impose pressures which are consistent with workplace expectations, should only be used in relation to the assessment of the following: -
  - rare or dangerous occurrences, such as those associated with health, safety and the environment issues, emergency scenarios and rare operations at work;
  - the response to faults and problems for which no opportunity has presented for the use of naturally occurring workplace evidence of learners competence;
  - aspects of working relationships and communications for which no opportunity has presented for the use of naturally occurring workplace evidence of learners competence.
- Simulations/replications will require prior approval from the specific Awarding Organisation and should be designed in relation to the following parameters: -
  - the environment in which simulations take place must be designed to match the characteristics of the working environment;
  - competencies achieved via simulation/replication must be transferable to the working environment
  - simulations which are designed to assess competence in dealing with emergencies, accidents and incidents must be verified as complying with relevant health, safety and environmental legislation by a competent health and safety/environmental control officer before being used;
  - simulated activities should place learners under the same pressures of time, access to resources and access to information as would be expected if the activity was real;
  - simulated activities should require learners to demonstrate their competence using plant and/or equipment used in the working environment;
  - simulated activities which require interaction with colleagues and contacts should require the learner to use the communication media that would be expected at the workplace;
  - for health and safety reason simulations need not involve the use of genuine substances/materials. Any simulations which require the learner to handle or otherwise deal with materials substances/should ensure that the substitute take the same form as in the workplace

### **Access to Assessment**

There are no entry qualifications or age limits required by learners to undertake the NVQ units unless this is a legal requirement of the process or the environment. Assessment is open to any learner who has the potential to achieve the assessment criteria set out in the units.

Aids or appliances, which are designed to alleviate disability, may be used during assessment, providing they do not compromise the standard required.

### **Carrying Out Assessments**

The NVQ units were specifically developed to cover a wide range of activities. The evidence produced for the units will, therefore, depend on the learners choice of "bulleted items" listed in the unit assessment criteria.

Where the assessment criteria gives a choice of bulleted items (for example 'any three from five'), assessors should note that learners do not need to provide evidence of the other items to complete the unit (in this example, two) items, particularly where these additional items may relate to other activities or methods that are not part of the learners normal workplace activity or area of expertise.

## Minimum Performance Evidence Requirements

Performance evidence must be the main form of evidence gathered. In order to demonstrate consistent, competent performance for a unit, a minimum of 3 different examples of performance must be provided, and must be sufficient to show that the assessment criteria have been achieved to the prescribed standards. It is possible that some of the bulleted items in the assessment criteria may be covered more than once. The assessor and learner need to devise an assessment plan to ensure that performance evidence is sufficient to cover all the specified assessment criteria and which maximises the opportunities to gather evidence. Where applicable, performance evidence may be used for more than one unit.

The most effective way of assessing competence, is through direct observation of the learner. Assessors must make sure that the evidence provided reflects the learner's competence and not just the achievement of a training programme.

Evidence that has been produced from team activities, for example, maintenance or installation activities is only valid when it clearly relates to the learners specific and individual contribution to the activity, and not to the general outcome(s).

Each example of performance evidence will often contain features that apply to more than one unit, and can be used as evidence in any unit where appropriate.

Performance evidence must be:

- outputs of the learner's work, such as items that have been manufactured, installed, maintained, designed, planned or quality assured, and documents produced as part of a work activity

together with:

- evidence of the way the learner carried out the activities such as witness testimonies, assessor observations or authenticated learner reports, records or photographs of the work/activity carried out, etc.
- Competent performance is more than just carrying out a series of individual set tasks. Many of the units contain statements that require the learner to provide evidence that proves they are capable of combining the various features and techniques. Where this is the case, separate fragments of evidence would not provide this combination of features and techniques and will not, therefore, be acceptable as demonstrating competent performance.
- If there is any doubt as to what constitutes valid, authentic and reliable evidence, the internal and/or external verifier should be consulted.

## Assessing Knowledge and Understanding

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance, but it is unlikely that performance evidence alone will provide enough evidence in this area. Where the learners knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence.

Knowledge and understanding can be demonstrated in a number of different ways. Semta expects oral questioning and practical demonstrations to be used, as these are considered the most appropriate for these units. Assessors should ask enough questions to make sure that the learner has an appropriate level of knowledge and understanding, as required by the unit. Awarding Organisations may choose other methods, which must be supported by a suitable rationale.

Evidence of knowledge and understanding will **not** be required for those bulleted items in the assessment criteria that have not been selected by the learner.

The achievement of the specific knowledge and understanding requirements of the units cannot simply be inferred by the results of tests or assignments from other units, qualifications or training programmes. Where evidence is submitted from these sources, the assessor must, as with any assessment, make sure the evidence is valid, reliable, authentic, directly attributable to the learner, and meets the full knowledge and understanding requirements of the unit.

Where oral questioning is used the assessor must retain a record of the questions asked, together with the learner's answers.

Awarding Organisations may choose other methods, which must be supported by a suitable rationale.

## Witness testimony

Where 'observation is used to obtain performance evidence, this must be carried out against the unit assessment criteria. Best practice would require that such observation is carried out by a qualified Assessor. If this is not practicable, then alternative sources of evidence may be used.

For example, the observation may be carried out against the assessment criteria by someone else that is in close contact with the learner. This could be a team leader, supervisor, mentor or line manager who may be regarded as a suitable witness to the learners competency. However, the witness must be technically competent in the process or skills that they are providing testimony for, to at least the same level of expertise as that required of the learner. It will be the responsibility of the assessor to make sure that any witness testimonies accepted as evidence of the learner's competency are reliable, auditable and technically valid.



## Quality Control of Assessment

### General

There are two major points where an Awarding Organisation interacts with the Centre in relation to the External Quality Control of Assessment for a qualification and these are:

- Approval - when a Centre take on new qualifications, the Awarding Organisation, normally through an External Verifier (EV) ensures that the Centre is suitably equipped and prepared to deliver the new qualification
- Monitoring - throughout the ongoing delivery of the qualification the Awarding Organisation, through EV monitoring and other mechanisms must maintain and the quality and consistency of assessment of the qualification

### Approval

In granting Approval, the Awarding Organisation, normally through its External Verifiers (EV)

Must ensure that the prospective Centre:

- Meets any procedural requirements specified by the Awarding Organisation
- Has sufficient and appropriate physical and staff resources
- Meets relevant health and safety and/or equality and access requirements
- Has a robust plan for the delivery, assessment and QA for the qualifications

Awarding Organisation's may decide to visit the Centre to view the evidence provided.

The Awarding Body must have a clear rationale for the method(s) deployed

### Monitoring

The Awarding Organisation, through EV monitoring and other mechanisms must ensure:

- that a strategy is developed and deployed for the ongoing Awarding Organisation monitoring of the Centre. This strategy must be based on an active risk assessment of the Centre. In particular the strategy must identify the learner, assessor and IV sampling strategy to be deployed and the rationale behind this
- that the Centre's internal quality assurance processes are effective in candidate assessment
- that sanctions are applied to a Centre where necessary and that corrective actions are taken
- by the Centre and monitored by the Awarding Organisation/EV
- that reviews of Awarding Organisation's external auditing arrangements are undertaken

Awarding Organisations are required to provide to SEMTA, on request, details of the strategies, rationales and reviews detailed above.

**Notes:**

It is recognised that some Awarding Organisations provide supplementary guidance and documentation to centres to support the quality of assessment and verification practice of N/SVQs.

## Annexe C: Assessment requirements/strategy: Performing Engineering Operations (PEO)

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### Introduction

[Semta], the Sector Skills Council for the Science Engineering Manufacturing Technologies Sector, has produced this QCF Unit Assessment Strategy to:

- assist Assessors, Internal Verifiers and External Verifiers
- encourage and promote consistent assessment of QCF PEO NVQ units
- promote cost effective assessment plans

This document also provides definitions for:

- the scope of activities and the characteristics of typical learners undertaking QCF PEO NVQ units at level 1 and/or 2
- the qualifications and experience required for Assessors and Verifiers
- the assessment environment and notes on replicating the working environment.
- access to units

and requirements relating to:

- carrying out assessments
- performance evidence
- assessing knowledge and understanding

The importance and value in which employers and learners place on undertaking QCF PEO NVQ units will provide a key measure of [Semta's] success with this unit assessment strategy. Another key success factor will be [Semta's] partnership with the relevant Awarding Organisations and relevant SSC Academies.

### **Learners undertaking PEO Level 1 and/or 2 QCF NVQ Units**

The PEO Level 1 and Level 2 units have been designed to cover those learners who are either:

- acquiring engineering competencies in a realistic, sheltered and controlled environment such as schools, colleges, training providers, company training centres, HM Prison Services and the MOD training workshops to enable a safe progression into the workplace/employment.
- employed but require additional engineering competencies as part of an existing job role or to enable career progression.

### **Assessor Requirements to Demonstrate Effective Assessment Practice**

Assessment must be carried out by competent Assessors that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment. Current and operational Assessors that hold units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 as appropriate to the assessment being carried out, will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 3 Award as they are still appropriate for the assessment requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. However, they will be expected to regularly review their skills, knowledge and understanding and where applicable undertake continuing professional development to ensure that they are carrying out workplace assessment to the most up to date National Occupational Standards (NOS)

### **Assessor Technical Requirements**

Assessors must be able to demonstrate that they have verifiable, relevant and sufficient technical competence to evaluate and judge performance and knowledge evidence requirements as set out in the relevant QCF unit learning outcomes and associated assessment criteria.

This will be demonstrated either by holding a relevant technical qualification or by proven industrial experience of the technical areas to be assessed. The assessor's competence must, at the very least, be at the same level as that required of the learner(s) in the units being assessed.

Assessors must also be:

Fully conversant with the Awarding Organisation's assessment recording documentation used for the QCF NVQ units against which the assessments and verification are to be carried out, other relevant documentation and system and procedures to support the QA process.

### **Verifier Requirements (internal and external)**

Internal quality assurance (Internal Verification) must be carried out by competent Verifiers that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices. Current and operational Internal Verifiers that hold internal verification units V1 or D34 will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 4 Award as they are still appropriate for the verification requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. Verifiers must be familiar with, and preferably hold, either the nationally recognised Assessor units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 or the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment

External quality assurance (External Verification) must be carried out by competent External Verifiers that as a minimum must hold the QCF Level 4 Award in the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices. Current and operational External Verifiers that hold external verification units V2 or D35 will not be required to achieve the QCF Level 4 Award as they are still appropriate for the verification requirements set out in this Unit Assessment Strategy. Verifiers must be familiar with, and preferably hold, either the nationally recognised Assessor units D32 and/or D33 or A1 and/or A2 or the QCF Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment

External and Internal Verifiers will be expected to regularly review their skills, knowledge and understanding and where applicable undertake continuing professional development to ensure that they are carrying out workplace Quality Assurance (verification) of Assessment Processes and Practices to the most up to date National Occupational Standards (NOS)

Verifiers, both Internal and External, will also be expected to be fully conversant with the terminology used in the QCF NVQ units against which the assessments and verification are to be carried out, the appropriate Regulatory Body's systems and procedures and the relevant Awarding Organisation's documentation, systems and procedures within which the assessment and verification is taking place.

### **Specific technical requirements for internal and external verifiers**

Internal and external Verifiers for the PEO units must be able to demonstrate that have verifiable, sufficient and relevant industrial experience, and must have a working knowledge of the processes, techniques and procedures that are used in the engineering industry.

The tables on the following page show the recommended levels of technical competence for assessors, internal verifiers, and external verifiers.

Note: These levels of technical competence were derived by a project carried out by members of the Awarding Organisation Forum on the continuous professional development (CPD) of assessors and verifiers.

### **Technical Requirements for Assessors and Verifiers**

<b>Position</b>	<b>Prime activity requirements</b>	<b>Support activity requirements</b>	<b>Technical requirements (see notes)</b>
Assessor	Assessment Skills	IV Systems	Technical <i>competence</i> in the areas covered by the QCF units being assessed
Internal Verifier	Verification Skills	Assessment Knowledge	Technical <i>understanding</i> of the areas covered by the QCF units being verified
External Verifier	Verification skills	Assessment Understanding	Technical <i>awareness</i> of the areas covered by the units being verified

## Notes

1. Technical *competence* is defined here as a combination of practical skills, knowledge, and the ability to apply both of these, in familiar and new situations, within a real working environment.
2. Technical *understanding* is defined here as having a good understanding of the technical activities being assessed, together with knowledge of relevant Health & Safety implications and requirements of the assessments.
3. Technical *awareness* is defined here as a general overview of the subject area, sufficient to ensure that assessment and evidence are reliable, and that relevant Health and Safety requirements have been complied with.
4. The competence required by the assessor, internal verifier and external verifier, in the occupational area being assessed, is likely to exist at three levels as indicated by the shaded zones in the following table.

Technical Competence required by:	An ability to <i>discuss</i> the general principles of the competences being assessed	An ability to <i>describe</i> the practical aspects of the competence being assessed	An ability to <i>demonstrate</i> the practical competences being assessed
Assessor			
Internal Verifier			
External Verifier			

## Assessment Environment

The PEO Level 1 and 2 units are intended to have a wide application throughout the engineering sector. It is necessary therefore to have a flexible approach to the environment in which the units are delivered and assessed.

There will be learners who have been working in an industry for some time and wish to acquire a broad range of basic competencies as part of an existing job role or to enable career progression. The PEO units will satisfy that need. Where this is the case assessment should take place within the learner's normal workplace/environment.

However, there is much to be gained by acquiring the basic engineering competencies whilst working in a sheltered environment. This is due to an ongoing emphasis on safety critical work activities and the need to ensure flexibility of assessment opportunities to both maintain and enhance the provision of competent personnel within the industry. This assessment method will allow a minimum safe level of skills, knowledge and understanding to be achieved and demonstrated by the learner prior to being exposed to the hazards of the industrial environment, thus minimizing the risk of injury to themselves and other employees.

It is recognised that not all learners who wish to achieve PEO QCF NVQ units would require this form of assessment. Only those who are judged to be potentially at risk would need to provide evidence of a minimum level of skills, knowledge and understanding to enter the industrial environment.

Examples of this are:

- Where the hazardous nature of the engineering occupations mean that the learner requires close supervision whilst they provide evidence of competence involving safety critical activities.
- For reasons of age, people entering an industrial training environment are gradually introduced to the “world of work”, this helps them mature and grow in confidence as well as providing evidence of their engineering competence.
- Learners with special assessment requirements benefit from the close supervision offered by this type of environment whilst providing evidence of competence.
- Adult learners new to the industry or to a specific skill area can provide evidence without fear of making mistakes which could prove to be dangerous and/or expensive.
- Where equipment to be used or worked on by approved, licensed or competent people (such as the aircraft industry) learners can only provide the necessary evidence that they have achieved a level of skills, knowledge and understanding in-order that they may prepare themselves for future employment.
- Penal institutions where learners wish to provide evidence of a vocational achievement in-order that they may prepare themselves for future employment.

For the above reasons the assessment of a learners competence in a sheltered environment is acceptable for this qualification, where the environment replicates that expected in industry. Where applicable, the machinery, tools, materials, equipment and resources used must be representative of industry standards and there must be sufficient equipment/resources available for each learner to demonstrate their competence individually. Workpieces or work outcomes assessed must be the learners own work and should be actual work examples that combine the skills, techniques required by the QCF units so that achievement will properly reflect the learners competence as specified in the unit assessment criteria

Assessors must therefore ensure that the competency is fully transferable to the workplace. Other aspects that should be considered could include:

- environmental conditions such as lighting conditions, noise levels and the presence of hazards
- pressure of work such as time constraints and repetitive activities
- producing actual workpieces or work outcomes and the consequence of making mistakes and the effect this has on customer, supplier and departmental relationships.

## **Access to Assessment**

There are no entry requirements required for the PEO units unless this is a legal requirement of the process or the environment. Assessment is open to any learner who has the potential to reach the assessment requirements set out in the relevant units.

Aids or appliances, which are designed to alleviate disability, may be used during assessment, providing they do not compromise the standard required.

## **Carrying Out Assessments**

The PEO units were specifically developed to cover a wide range of activities. The evidence produced for the units will, therefore, depend on the learners choice of "bulleted items" listed in the unit assessment criteria.

Where the assessment criteria gives a choice of bulleted items (for example 'any three from five'), assessors should note that learners do not need to provide evidence of the other items to complete the unit (in this example above, two items) particularly where these additional items may relate to other activities or methods that are not part of the learners normal workplace activity or area of expertise.

## **Performance Evidence Requirements**

Performance evidence must be the main form of evidence gathered. In order to demonstrate consistent competent performance for a unit, a minimum of three different examples of performance of the unit activity will be required. Items of performance evidence often contain features that apply to more than one unit, and can be used as evidence in any unit where they are suitable.

Performance evidence must be:

- products of the learners' work, such as items that have been produced or worked on, plans, charts, reports, standard operating procedures, documents produced as part of a work activity, records or photographs of the completed activity

together with:

- evidence of the way the learners carried out the activities, such as witness testimonies, assessor observations or authenticated learner reports of the activity undertaken.

Competent performance is more than just carrying out a series of individual set tasks. Many of the units contain statements that require the learner to provide evidence that proves they are capable of combining various features and techniques. Where this is the case, separate fragments of evidence would not provide this combination of features and techniques and, therefore, will not be acceptable as demonstrating competent performance.

If there is any doubt as to what constitutes suitable evidence the internal/external verifier should be consulted.



### **Example:**

## **Unit 11: Preparing and Using Lathes for Turning Operations Level 2**

### **Unit specific additional assessment requirements:**

*In order to prove their ability to combine different turning operations, at least one of the machined components produced must be of a significant nature, and must have a minimum of six of the features listed in assessment criteria 1.11.*

### **Assessing Knowledge and Understanding**

Knowledge and understanding are key components of competent performance, but it is unlikely that performance evidence alone will provide enough evidence in this area. Where the learners knowledge and understanding (and the handling of contingency situations) is not apparent from performance evidence, it must be assessed by other means and be supported by suitable evidence.

Knowledge and understanding can be demonstrated in a number of different ways. Semta expects oral questioning and practical demonstrations to be used, as these are considered the most appropriate for these units. Assessors should ask enough questions to make sure that the learner has an appropriate level of knowledge and understanding, as required by the unit. Awarding Organisations may choose other methods, which must be supported by a suitable rationale

Evidence of knowledge and understanding will **not** be required for those bulleted items in the assessment criteria that have not been selected by the learner.

The achievement of the specific knowledge and understanding requirements of the units cannot simply be inferred by the results of tests or assignments from other units, qualifications or training programmes. Where evidence is submitted from these sources, the assessor must, as with any assessment, make sure the evidence is valid, reliable, authentic, directly attributable to the learner, and meets the full knowledge and understanding requirements of the unit.

Where oral questioning is used the assessor must retain a record of the questions asked, together with the learner's answers.

Awarding Organisations may choose other methods, which must be supported by a suitable rationale.

### **Witness testimony**

Where 'observation is used to obtain performance evidence, this must be carried out against the unit assessment criteria. Best practice would require that such observation is carried out by a qualified Assessor. If this is not practicable, then alternative sources of evidence may be used.

For example, the observation may be carried out against the assessment criteria by someone else that is in close contact with the learner. This could be a team leader, supervisor, mentor or line manager who may be regarded as a suitable witness to the learner's competency. However, the witness must be technically competent in the process or skills that they are providing testimony for, to at least the same level of expertise as that required of the learner. It will be the responsibility of the assessor to make sure that any witness testimonies accepted as evidence of the learner's competency are reliable, auditable and technically valid.

**Notes:**

It is recognised that some Awarding Organisations provide supplementary guidance and documentation to centres to support the quality of assessment and verification practice of occupational competence units

**Quality Control of Assessment****General**

There are two major points where an Awarding Organisation interacts with the Centre in relation to the External Quality Control of Assessment and these are:

- Approval - when a Centre take on new qualifications/units, the Awarding Organisation, normally through an External Verifier (EV) ensures that the Centre is suitably equipped and prepared to deliver the new units/qualification
- Monitoring - throughout the ongoing delivery of the qualification/units the Awarding Organisation, through EV monitoring and other mechanisms must maintain the quality and consistency of assessment of the units/qualification

**Approval**

In granting Approval, the Awarding Organisation, normally through its External Verifiers (EV)

Must ensure that the prospective Centre:

- Meets the requirements of the Qualification Regulator
- Has sufficient and appropriate physical and staff resources
- Meets relevant health and safety and/or equality and access requirements
- Has a robust plan for the delivery of the qualification/units

The Awarding Organisation may visit the Centre to view evidence or may undertake this via other means.

The Awarding Organisation must have a clear rationale for the method(s) deployed

**Monitoring**

The Awarding Organisation, through EV monitoring and other mechanisms must ensure:

- that a strategy is developed and deployed for the ongoing Awarding Organisation monitoring of the Centre. This strategy must be based on an active risk assessment of the Centre. In particular the strategy must identify the learner's, assessors and Internal Verifier sampling strategy to be deployed and the rationale behind this
- that the Centre's internal quality assurance processes are effective in learner's assessment
- that sanctions are applied to a Centre where necessary and that corrective actions are taken by the Centre and monitored by the Awarding Organisation/EV
- that reviews of Awarding Organisation's external auditing arrangements are undertaken

September 2014

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