

# Mark Scheme (Results)

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Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Computer Science (4CP0/2B) Paper 02 Application of Computational Thinking

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## **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Question	mp	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
1(a)	A1 A2	Award <b>one</b> ma	ark for each correct cell:	Input: accept examples of inputs e.g. 10.23 (must be in Figure 1)	
A2 A3		Input	Debit / Credit / Description	Processing; mark first 3 things	
		Processing	Balance + Credit / Balance - Debit	(ignore extra text) <b>if</b> correct e.g. <b>balance + credit</b> – debit (1)	
		Output	Balance	<b>balance + credit</b> + debit (1) balance – credit (0)	
				accept examples from table e.g. 128.35 – 10.23 (1)	
				Output: accept description of	
				formula e.g. subtract debit from balance (1)	3

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
		Award <b>one</b> mark for each of:		
1(b)(i)	B1	This is 5%		1
1(b)(ii)	B2	or		
1(0)(1)	DΖ	Accept    for C# and Java		1
1(b)(iii)	B3	grossAmt		
1(b)(iii)	50	netAmt		1
1(b)(iv)	B4	TAX		1
1(b)(v)	B5	inGross		1

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1(c)(i)	C1	Award <b>one</b> mark for:		
		To store a value that will not change (during program execution) (1)		1
1(c)(ii)	C2	Award <b>one</b> mark for any of the following:	MP1 And MP4 are referring to programmer. Do <b>not</b> accept	
		<ul> <li>It is less likely to be changed by accident (translation will error if attempt assignment)(1)</li> </ul>	answers relating to user.	
		<ul> <li>The value only needs to be changed in one place (for maintenance) (1)</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>It is easier to read/understand the logic of (1)</li> </ul>		
		• Ensure consistency of value if it has a name rather than the hard-		
		coded same value repeatedly (typo) (1)		
		• Can make code more efficient (optimisation / value stored rather		
		than reference)		1

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
2(a)(i)	A1 A2	Award <b>one</b> mark for any of the following up to a maximum of <b>two</b> marks:	Allow characteristics of a specific library (math, random), if it can	
		<ul> <li>The code in the library has already been debugged/tested/optimised / library code less likely to have errors (1)</li> <li>May include specialised/proprietary functions (1)</li> <li>Library subprograms can be imported into code when needed / don't need to write code themselves (to save a programmer time/work) (1)</li> <li>making it more readable / makes code easier to understand (Code files become shorter)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>be attributed to unique bullets</li> <li>Don't allow quicker/easier/better without a reason being given</li> <li>Accept answers about subprograms as candidate may have written these themselves</li> <li>Line numbers are for guidance – mark answer as a whole</li> </ul>	2
2(a)(ii)	A3	The only correct answer is A		
		<b>B</b> is not correct because iteration is not callable and does not return a result. <b>C</b> is not correct because a procedure, while callable, does not return a result.		
		<b>D</b> is not correct because selection is not callable and does not return a result.		1
2(a)(iii)	A4	Award <b>one</b> mark for:		
		• A variable that exists/is accessible only in the subprogram/scope in which it is created (1)		1

Question	mp	Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	B1 B2	Award <b>one</b> mark for ea	ach correct row.	Accept all valid values for normal and boundary		
	B3		Adult	Children	Do not accept written numbers	
		Normal	1/2/3/4	1/2/3/4/5/6	(two) as question asks for 'numeric data' – this is testing range, not	
		Boundary	1/4	1/6	data types.	
		Erroneous	Any value <1 or >4	Any value <1 or >6		
						3
2(b)(ii)	Awa	rd <b>one</b> mark for each of:		Runtime error (B7) could be fixed		
	D 4			before logic error (B6)		
	B4	Change =+= to +			Applies to all languages	
	B5	Change > to <=			Accept < for <=	
	B6			ht in Ctorely	Allow /-1000 as alternative to B6	
		Change order of subtra	action to: requiredWeig	/1000 could happen after initial		
	B7			location e.g. print("Order",		
		Change 0 to 1000		weightNeed/1000, "kilograms)	4	

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3(a)	A1 A2	Award <b>one</b> mark for any of the following up to a maximum of <b>two</b> marks:	Line numbers are for guidance – mark answer as a whole	
		<ul> <li>Each column represents a variable/output (1)</li> <li>Rows shows how the values of variables change (as the code is executed) (1)</li> <li>Values are filled in manually/by hand (1)</li> </ul>		2

Question	mp	Answer					Additional Guidance	Marl
3(b)	B1	Award <b>or</b>	e mark for	r each corre	ct cell:		ignore quotes e.g. "State 2"	
	B2					_		
	B3		num1	num2	Output			
			88	18	State 2			
			17	18	State 4			
			12	19	State 1			
						-		
								3

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)	Awar	rd <b>one</b> mark for each of:	C4 should exit loop	
	C1	At least one variable with a suitable variable name		
	C2	At least one variable initialised to an appropriate value	Allow C5 if a loop is used to keep asking for a non-negative	
	C3	While loop used to continue running code	exponent	
	C4	Relational test to identify terminating condition for loop	C9 – ignore error message in C6; must have base, exponent, and	
	C5	Selection used to check for negative exponent	answer in output for this mark	
	C6	Appropriate error message if exponent is negative		
	C7	Calculation of answer using any method		
	C8	A loop used to calculate answer as indicated in flowchart		
	C9	Prompts and output messages are fit for purpose		
	C10	Executing and producing the correct output for anticipated inputs		10

Suggested test data and output					
Base Exponent Output					
0		ends program			
2	0	2 to power of 0 is 1			
3	4	3 to power of 4 is 81			

```
C#
 // Initialise variables
 int baseNum = 0;
 int exponent = 0;
 int answer = 1;
 String outString = "";
 // Display the first prompt and get the base number
 Console.Write("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
 baseNum = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
 // Check if user wants to exit
 while (baseNum != 0.0)
 ł
     // Display a prompt and get the exponent number
     Console.Write("Enter an exponent number: ");
     exponent = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
     // Check if the exponent is negative
     if (exponent < 0)
         Console.Write("Invalid exponent entered");
     else
     {
         answer = 1;
         // Calculate the answer using exponentiation
         for (int i = 0; i < exponent; i++)</pre>
          {
              answer = answer * baseNum;
         // Create a string for the output and show the user
         outString = baseNum.ToString() + " to the power of " +
                      exponent.ToString() + " is " +
                      answer.ToString();
         Console.Write(outString);
     // Display the first prompt again and get the base number
     Console.Write("\nEnter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
     baseNum = Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
```

#### Java

```
// Write your code below this line
// Initialise variables
int baseNum = 0;
int exponent = 0;
int answer = 1;
String outString = "";
Scanner myScanner = new Scanner (System.in);
// Display the first prompt and get the base number
System.out.print("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
baseNum = Integer.parseInt (myScanner.nextLine());
// Check if user wants to exit
while (baseNum != 0.0)
{
   // Display a prompt and get the exponent number
   System.out.print("Enter an exponent number: ");
   exponent = Integer.parseInt (myScanner.nextLine());
   // Check if the exponent is negative
    if (exponent < 0)
    {
        System.out.println ("Invalid exponent entered");
    }
    else
    Ł
        answer = 1;
       // Calculate the answer using exponentiation
       for (int i=0; i<exponent; i++)</pre>
        {
            answer = answer * baseNum;
       // Create a string for the output and show the user
        outString = Integer.toString(baseNum) + " to the power of " +
                    Integer.toString(exponent) + " is " +
                    Integer.toString(answer);
        System.out.println(outString);
   // Display the first prompt again and get the base number
    System.out.print("Enter a base number (0 to exit)): ");
    baseNum = Integer.parseInt(myScanner.nextLine());
```

```
# Initialise variables
base = 0
exponent = 0
answer = 1
# Get the first base number
base = int (input ("Enter a base number (0 to exit): "))
# Check if the user wants to exit
while (base != 0):
   # Get the exponent number
    exponent = int (input ("Enter an exponent number: "))
    # Check if the exponent is negative
    if (exponent < 0):
        print ("Invalid exponent entered")
    else:
       # Reset the answer
        answer = 1
        # Calculate the answer using exponentiation
        for count in range (0, exponent):
           answer = answer * base
        # Create a string for the output sentence
        print (str (base) + " to the power of " +
               str (exponent) + " is " +
               str (answer))
    # Get another base number and lp
```

```
base = int (input ("Enter a base number (0 to exit): "))
```

Question	mp	Answer				Additional Guidance		
4(a)(i)	A1 A2		Award <b>one</b> mark for	each correct cell:			Allow lower case ciphertext	
		Plaintext	Shift	Ciphertext	]			
		PIXEL	-4	LETAH				
		CLOUD	+3	FORXG				
					J			

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4(a)(ii)	A3	Award <b>two</b> marks for a comparison such as:	can have 1 mark from MP and 1	
	A4		mark from Practical	
		<ul> <li>Both produce same result (IQNF)(1) because the shift of -6</li> </ul>	e.g. GOLD (+2) = IQNF (1) which	
		followed by +8 is the same as the shift of +2 (1)	would be same result (1)	
		• The result is the same (IQNF) (1), but the single shift is more		
		efficient than a double shift (1)		
		Practical explanation:		
		GOLD (-6) = AIFX (+8) = IQNF (1)		
		GOLD (+2) = IQNF (1)		
				2
4(a)(iii)	A5	Award <b>two</b> marks for a linked explanation such as:	identify where error occurred (1)	
	A6		and can <u>explain how</u> error	
		The letter Y has been encrypted incorrectly as the letter V / the letter Y	occurred (1)	
		should have been encrypted to the letter D (1), because the +5 shift did		
		not roll over the end of the alphabet correctly (1)		2

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
4(b)	Awa	rd <b>one</b> mark for each of:	B1 does not require casting for	
	B1	Word and 2 numbers input	data types on input	
	B2	Selection/loop used to check word input	B6 do <b>not</b> accept taking just first	
	B3	Test for word length exactly 2	digit from a string B8 is only for print(), key may not	
	B4	Appropriate error message for invalid string input		
	B5	Reverse the inputted word, any method be correct		
	B6	Whole number part of the decimal number generated		
	B7	Correct key generated (concatenation)		
	B8	Key output		8

Suggested test data and output				
word	int	float	Output	
qwe/q			error message	
qw	12	17.89	12wq17	

```
C#
```

```
// Create the variables
String myWord = "";
String newWord = "";
int myNum = 0;
double myDecimal = 0.0;
String myKey = "";
int myWhole = 0;
// Take a word as input
Console.Write("Enter a word: ");
myWord = Console.ReadLine();
// Check that the word is correct length
if (myWord.Length == 2)
{
   // Take a whole number as input
    Console.Write("Enter a whole number: ");
    myNum= Convert.ToInt32(Console.ReadLine());
   // Take a decimal number as input
    Console.Write("Enter a decimal number: ");
    myDecimal = Convert.ToDouble(Console.ReadLine());
   // Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = myWord[1].ToString() + myWord[0].ToString();
   // Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = (int)myDecimal;
   // Create the new key
    myKey = String.Concat(myNum, newWord, myWhole);
   // Display the new key for the user
    Console.Write("The key is " + myKey);
else
{
   // Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
    Console.WriteLine("Invalid word entered");
```

```
Java
```

```
// Write your code below this line
Scanner myScanner = new Scanner (System.in);
// Create the variables
String myWord = "";
String newWord = "";
int myNum = 0;
Double myDecimal = 0.0;
String myKey = "";
int myWhole = 0;
// Take a word as input
System.out.print("Enter a word: ");
myWord = myScanner.nextLine();
// Check that the word is correct length
if (myWord.length() == 2)
{
    // Take a whole number as input
    System.out.print("Enter a whole number: ");
    myNum = Integer.parseInt(myScanner.nextLine());
    // Take a decimal number as input
    System.out.print("Enter a decimal number: ");
    myDecimal = Double.parseDouble (myScanner.nextLine());
    // Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = Character.toString(myWord.charAt(1)) +
              Character.toString(myWord.charAt(0));
    // Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = myDecimal.intValue();
    // Create the new key
    myKey = myNum + newWord + myWhole;
    // Display the new key for the user
    System.out.println("The key is " + myKey);
else
{
    // Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
    System.out.println("Invalid word entered");
```

```
# Take a two-letter word as input
myWord = input ("Enter a word: ")
# Check that the word is correct length
if (len (myWord) == 2):
    # Take a whole number as input
    myNum = int (input ("Enter a whole number: "))
    # Take a decimal number as input
    myDecimal = float (input ("Enter a decimal number: "))
    # Reverse the letters in the word
    newWord = myWord[1] + myWord[0]
    # Find the whole number part of the decimal number
    myWhole = int (myDecimal)
    # Create the new key
   myKey = str (myNum) + newWord + str (myWhole)
    # Display the new key for the user
    print (myKey)
# Word is not the correct length, so display an error message
else:
   print ("Invalid word entered")
```

Question	mp	Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark		
5(a)	A1 A2	Award 1 mark for demonstration Award 2 marks for correct merge	We are testing pupils understanding of how a merge sort progresses:					
		Blackfin, Bigeye Longta	ail, Albacore	Bluefin	<ul><li>Divide and conquer (split)</li><li>Merging adjacent</li></ul>			
		Longtail, Blackfin, Bigeye, Albacore		Bluefin	elements Allow answers in ascending order	elements	elements	
		Longtail, Bluefin, Blackfin, Bigeye, Albacore						
		OR						
		Bigeye Blackf	n, Albacore	Longtail, Bluefin				
		Bigeye	Longta	iil, Bluefin, Blackfin, Albacore				
		Longtail, Bluefin, B						
		OR						
		Blackfin, Bigeye A	bacore	Longtail, Bluefin				
		Blackfin, Bigeye	Longta	il, Bluefin, Albacore		2		

Longtail, Bluefin, Blackfin, Bigeye, Albacore			
OR			
Blackfin, Bigeye	Albacore	Longtail, Bluefin	
Blackfin, Bigeye, Albacore Longtail, Bluefin			
Longtail, B	luefin, Blackfin, Bigeye	, Albacore	

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark	
5(b)	B1 B2	Award <b>one</b> mark for each correct cell:		Ignore spellings	
		Line number with error	11 (1)	Ignore missing text as long as the minimum of [ndx] is provided	
		Corrected line of pseudocode	SET tmp TO myTuna[ndx] (1)	B2 does <b>not</b> depend on B1	
					2

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
5(c)	Awar	d <b>one</b> mark for each of:	C1 allow append as writing to file	
			C4 Do not award comma within	
			an array	
			C5 must have 1 complete line	
			written to file (allow additional spaces and commas). Should	
			include individual elements (2D	
			index) and not a 1D array from tbl_tuna	
			-	
			C6 complete file must be as expected e.g. no additional	
			comma at end of line and no	
			spaces around commas	6

```
1
     // Q05cFINISHED
 2
 3
     using System.IO;
 4
 5
     String[,] tblTuna = {
         { "Yellowfin", "105", "15", "3"},
    { "Albacore","90","15","5"},
    { "Skipjack","50","3","4"},
 6
 7
8
         { "Bigeye", "105", "25", "4"},
9
         { "Atlantic Bonito", "50", "4", "2"},
10
         { "Northern Bluefin", "190", "4", "2"},
{ "Northern Bluefin", "190", "120", "11"},
{ "Southern Bluefin", "190", "120", "11"},
{ "Tongol", "90", "20", "4"}
11
12
13
14
     };
15
16
17
18
     // -------
19
     // Write your code below this line
20
     String fileName = "TunaData.txt";
                                                 // Output file name
21
     String comma = ",";
                                                   // Use as a constant
22
     String full path = "C:\\Q05c";
23
24
     fileName = full path + "\\" + fileName;
25
26
     // Create variables as needed
27
     int number = 101; // Number for the line at the front
     String lineOut = "";
                                    // The line to output
28
29
     // Get the dimensions of the array for looping
31
     int rows = tblTuna.GetLength(0);
     int columns = tblTuna.GetLength(1);
34
     // Open the file for writing
35
     StreamWriter fileWriter = new StreamWriter(fileName);
36
```

C#

```
// Process every tuna in the table
for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)</pre>
                                               // Rows
39
     {
40
         // Start with the number and a comma
41
         lineOut = number.ToString() + comma;
42
         for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) // Columns</pre>
43
44
         {
45
              // Add the name and the numbers
46
             lineOut = lineOut + tblTuna[i, j];
47
48
             // Add a comma to all the fields except the last
49
             if (j < columns - 1)</pre>
50
             {
51
                  lineOut = lineOut + comma;
52
             }
53
         }
54
         // Write the line to the file
         fileWriter.WriteLine(lineOut);
56
57
         // Go to the next number for the line
58
         number = number + 1;
59
     }
60
61
     // Close the file
62
    fileWriter.Close();
```

## Java

```
1
     // O05cFINISHED
 2
 3
     import java.io.FileWriter;
 4
     import java.io.IOException;
 5
    public class Q05cFINISHED {
 6
 7
 8
         public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
 9
10
              String[][] tblTuna =
11
              {
                  { "Yellowfin", "105", "15", "3"},
{ "Albacore","90","15","5"},
{ "Skipjack","50","3","4"},
12
13
14
                  { "Bigeye", "105", "25", "4"},
15
                  { "Atlantic Bonito", "50", "4", "2"},
16
                  { "Northern Bluefin","190","120","11"},
{ "Southern Bluefin","190","120","11"},
17
18
19
                  { "Tongol", "90", "20", "4"}
20
              };
21
              22
23
              // Write your code below this
              String fileName = "TunaData.txt";
24
                                                       // Output file name
25
              String comma = ",";
                                                          // Use as a constant
              String full path = "C:\\src\\q05c";
26
27
              fileName = full path + "\\" + fileName;
28
29
              // Create variables as needed
              int number = 101; // Number for the line at the front
String lineOut = ""; // The line to output
31
              String linefeed = "\n"; // Use as a constant
33
34
              // Get the dimensions of the array for looping
              int rows = tblTuna.length;
36
              int columns = tblTuna[0].length;
37
              // Open the file for writing
39
              FileWriter fileWriter = new FileWriter(fileName);
40
```

```
// Process every tuna in the table
for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)</pre>
41
42
                                                           // Rows
43
              {
44
                   // Start with the number and a comma
                  lineOut = Integer.toString(number) + comma;
45
46
47
                  for (int j = 0; j < columns; j++) // Columns</pre>
48
                   {
49
                       // Add the name and the numbers
                       lineOut = lineOut + tblTuna[i][j];
                       // Add a comma to all the fields except the last
                       if (j < columns - 1)</pre>
54
                       {
                           lineOut = lineOut + comma;
56
                       }
57
                       else
                       {
                           lineOut = lineOut + linefeed;
59
60
                       }
61
                  1
62
                  // Write the line to the file
63
                  fileWriter.write(lineOut);
64
65
                  // Go to the next number for the line
66
                  number = number + 1;
67
              }
68
69
              // Close the file
              fileWriter.close();
         }
73
     }
```

```
# 005cFINISHED
 1
 2
 3
     tbl tuna = [["Yellowfin",105,15,3],
                ["Albacore",90,15,5],
 4
                ["Skipjack",50,3,4],
 5
 6
                ["Bigeye",105,25,4],
 7
                ["Atlantic Bonito", 50, 4, 2],
                ["Northern Bluefin",190,120,11],
 8
                ["Southern Bluefin", 190, 120, 11],
 9
10
                ["Tongol",90,20,4]]
11
12
     # ------
13
     # Write your code below this line
14
    FILE OUT = "TunaData.txt"
15
                                        # Output file name
16
    COMMA = ", "
                                        # Use as constant
17
18 # Create variables as needed
19 LINEFEED = "\setminus n"
20
    number = 101
                                       # Number at the front
21
   line out = ""
                                       # The line to write
22
23
     # Open the file for writing
24
    file = open (FILE OUT, "w")
25
26
     # Process every tuna in the table
27 for tuna in tbl tuna:
        # Start with the number and a comma
28
29
        line out = str (number) + COMMA
31
        # Add the name of the tuna and a comma
32
        line out = line out + tuna[0] + COMMA
33
34
        # Each of the numbers need to be converted to a string
        # before adding to the output string.
36
        line out = line out + str (tuna[1]) + COMMA
37
        line out = line out + str (tuna[2]) + COMMA
38
        line out = line out + str (tuna[3])  # No comma on last field
39
40
        # Add a line feed to the whole line
41
        line out = line out + LINEFEED
42
43
        # Write the line to the file
44
        file.write (line out)
45
46
        # Go to the next number for the line
47
        number = number + 1
48
49
     # Close the file
50 file.close ()
```

Question	mp	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark		
6	Award <b>one</b> mark for each of:					
	A1	Any variable for tracking best breed	Initial values could be the first breed in the table			
	A2	A loop to all items in an array	The same index can be used across all the individual arrays, regardless of loop type			
	A3	Daily volume calculation is volume * count	Disregard accuracy of indexing			
	A4	Rows of arrays are displayed	Disregard presence/lack of calculated daily volume			
	A5	Total volume calculated correctly by any method				
	A6	Relational operators used to compare rating and daily volume				
	A7	Boolean operator/nested selection used to combine tests				
	A8	Add calculated daily volume to the new data structure				
	A9	Description of data fields displayed (no alignment required)				
	A10	Recommended breed identified correctly	by any method except hard- coded			
	A11	Outputted information is fit for purpose and suitable for the audience		11		

Award up t	Award up to a maximum of nine marks using the levels-based mark scheme below.				
Band 0	Band 1 (1-3 marks)	Band 2 (4-6 marks)	Band 3 (7-9 marks)	Mark	
	Little attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	Some attempt to decompose the problem into component parts	The problem has been decomposed into component parts		
Ŧ	Some parts of the logic are clear and appropriate to the problem	Most parts of the logic are clear and mostly appropriate to the problem	The logic is clear and appropriate to the problem		
Vo rewardable content	Some appropriate use and manipulation of data types, variables, data structures and program constructs	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is mostly appropriate	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is appropriate		
rewar	Parts of the code are clear and readable	Code is mostly clear and readable	Code is clear and readable		
No	Finished program will not be flexible enough with other data sets or input	Finished program will function with some but not all other data sets or input	Finished program could be used with other data sets or input		
	The program meets some of the given requirements	The program meets most of the given requirements	The program fully meets the given requirements	(9)	

C#

```
// O06FINISHED
 2
     string[] tbl_breed = { "Red Chittagong", "Sussex", "Dexter",
    4
 5
 6
 7
 8
 9
                                 22.0, 15.2, 21.0, 18.3,
                                 19.0, 9.0, 23.1, 16.0 };
     double[] tbl dailyVolume = {0.0, 0.0, 0,0, 0,0,
                                     0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0,
13
                                     0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0\};
14
16
     // ---
17
     // Write your code below this line
18
     const String SPACE = " ";
                                             // Just for reading
19
21
     // Variables for indexing and totals
     double totalVolume = 0.0;
23
     double todayVolume = 0.0;
24
     // Variables for outputting
26
    string outString = "";
27
28
     // Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
29
     int maxIndex = 0;
31
     // Display a message to describe the data fields
     Console.WriteLine ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)");
33
34
    // Process every breed of cow
    for (int i = 0; i < tbl_breed.Length; i++)</pre>
36
    £
        // Calculate volume per day
38
        todayVolume = tbl_volume[i] * tbl_count[i];
39
40
        // Add today's volume to the daily volume table
        tbl dailyVolume[i] = todayVolume;
41
42
        // Display the row of information for this breed
        outString = tbl_breed[i] + SPACE +
45
                    tbl_rating[i].ToString() + SPACE +
46
                    tbl volume[i].ToString() + SPACE +
                    tbl_count[i].ToString() + SPACE +
47
       tbl_dailyVolume[i].ToString();
Console.WriteLine(outString);
48
49
        // Keep a running total of milk production
        totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume;
54
        // Test for a best breed
        if ((tbl_rating[i] <= tbl_rating[maxIndex]) &</pre>
56
            (tbl volume[i] >= tbl volume[maxIndex]))
        ł
58
            maxIndex = i;
        3
    ъ
61
    // Display the total volume of milk in a day
outString = "Total: " + totalVolume.ToString() + " litres";
62
63
64
    Console.WriteLine (outString);
65
66
    // Display the recommended breed
67
    outString = "Recommended breed: " + tbl_breed[maxIndex] +
                " rating: " + tbl_rating[maxIndex].ToString() +
" volume: " + tbl_volume[maxIndex];
    Console.WriteLine (outString);
```

#### Java

```
// Q06FINISHED
3
   public class Q06FINISHED
4
   {
5
      static final String SPACE = " ";
                                         // Just for reading
6
      public static void main(String[] args)
8
       Ł
         9
13
14
          16
17
18
                                0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0};
19
          // -----
22
          // Write your code below this line
23
24
          // Variables for indexing and totals
          double totalVolume = 0.0;
26
27
          double todayVolume = 0.0;
28
          // Variables for outputting
29
          String outString = "";
          // Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
          int maxIndex = 0;
34
         // Display the titles in a table
          System.out.println ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)");
36
```

```
// Process every breed of cow
        for (int i = 0; i < tbl breed.length; i++)</pre>
        {
            // Calculate volume per day
            todayVolume = tbl volume[i] * tbl count[i];
            // Add today's volume to the daily volume table
            tbl dailyVolume[i] = todayVolume;
            // Display the row of information for this breed
            outString = tbl_breed[i] + SPACE +
                         Integer.toString(tbl rating[i]) + SPACE +
                         String.valueOf(tbl volume[i]) + SPACE +
                         Integer.toString(tbl_count[i]) + SPACE +
                         String.valueOf(tbl dailyVolume[i]);
            System.out.println (outString);
            // Keep a running total of milk production
            totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume;
            // Test for a best breed
            if ((tbl_rating[i] <= tbl_rating[maxIndex]) &</pre>
                     (tbl_volume[i] >= tbl_volume[maxIndex]))
            {
                maxIndex = i;
            }
        }
        // Display the total volume of milk in a day
outString = "Total: " + Double.toString(totalVolume) + " litres";
        System.out.println (outString);
        // Display the recommended breed
        outString = "Recommended breed: " + tbl breed[maxIndex] +
                    " rating: " +
                     Integer.toString(tbl rating[maxIndex]) +
                     " volume: " +
                     Double.toString(tbl_volume[maxIndex]);
        System.out.println (outString);
      }
}
```

38

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41 42 43

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56 57

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62 63

64

65 66 67

68 69

74

75

76

```
1
     # Q06FINISHED
 2
     tbl_breed = ["Red Chittagong", "Sussex", "Dexter", "Abondance",
    "Sahiwal", "Vorderwald", "Ayrshire", "Jersey",
    "Randall", "Alderney", "Carora", "Gloucester"]
 3
 4
 5
 6
     tbl_rating = [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 1, 2, 1, 2, 1, 3, 2]
     tbl_count = [6, 3, 8, 7, 6, 4, 3, 7, 3, 3, 4, 7]
tbl_volume = [7.5, 5.7, 11.4, 11.4,
 7
 8
 9
                    22.0, 15.2, 21.0, 18.3,
10
                    19.0, 9.0, 23.1, 16.0]
11
     tbl dailyVolume = []
12
13
     # _____
     # Write your code below this line
14
15
16
     # Variables for indexing and totals
17
     index = 0
     totalVolume = 0.0
18
19
     # Initialise the maximum values to the first instance
21
     maxIndex = 0
22
23
     # Display a message to describe the data fields
24
     print ("Fields are: Breed, Rating, Volume (cow), Count, Volume (day)")
25
26
     # Process every breed of cow
     for index in range (len (tbl breed)):
27
         # Calculate volume per day
28
29
         todayVolume = tbl volume[index] * tbl count[index]
30
31
         # Add today's volume to the daily volume table
         tbl dailyVolume.append (todayVolume)
33
34
         # Display the row of information for this breed
         print (tbl breed[index],tbl rating[index],
36
                 tbl volume[index], tbl count[index], tbl dailyVolume[index])
37
         # Keep a running total of milk production
39
         totalVolume = totalVolume + todayVolume
40
41
         # Test for a best breed
42
         if ((tbl rating[index] <= tbl rating[maxIndex]) and
43
                       (tbl volume[index] >= tbl volume[maxIndex])):
             maxIndex = index
44
45
     # Display the total volume of milk in a day
46
     layout = "Total: {} litres"
47
48
     print (layout.format (totalVolume))
49
     # Display the recommended breed
50
51
     print ("Recommended breed: " + tbl breed[maxIndex],
            "rating: " + str(tbl rating[maxIndex]),
52
53
            "volume " + str(tbl_volume[maxIndex]))
```

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