

Mark Scheme (Provisional)

Summer 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE in Computer Science (4CP0_2A) Paper 02: Application of Computational Thinking – Python

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2021

Question Paper Log Number P66490A

Publications Code 4CP0_2A_2106_MS

All the material in this publication is copyright

© Pearson Education Ltd 2021

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

Theory Mark Scheme

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (a)	A1	1. The only correct answer is B		
		A is not correct because as it is an arithmetic operator		
		C is not correct because as it is a relational operator		
		D is not correct because as it is a relational operator		(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (b)	B1 B2	Award up to 2 marks for a linked description such as:	Ignore capitalisation	
		 1D represents items as a list (1), 2D as a table (1) 1D is a row (1), 2D is a table (1) 		
		• Each element in 1D is a single value (1), each element in 2D is a 1D array (1)		(2)

Question	mp	Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
2 (c)	Awar	d 1 mark for ea	ach set of test data.			
	C1		Test data	Expected results	1	
	C1 booksSold Either of C3 profit • booksSold = 4 • profit = 4		• booksSold = 4	Poor performances this week		
		booksSold profit	5 10	Sales and profit are good this week		
		booksSold	21	Sales and profit are excellent this week		(2)
		profit	20			(3)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (b)	B1	Award up to 2 marks for a linked explanation such as:	Accept alternative similar	
			wording.	
		The number of keys are limited (1) making it easy to use brute force to decrypt (1)		
		• It can be easy to find commonly used letters (e.g. E) (1) and guess the key (1)		(2)

Question	mp	Answer												Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (c)		Award 1 mark each	ard 1 mark each up to a maximum of 4 for:												
		Encrypted letter	ypted letter f l m k t r w h e e												
		Keyword letter	t	h	i	r	t	у	t	h	i	r]		
		Decrypted letter	m	е	е	t	а	t	d	а	W	n]		
	C1	Ciphertext mapped	l to k	eywo	ord in	row	2 (1)								
	C2	At least one letter	east one letter decrypted correctly (1)												
	C3	At least one word	decry	pted	corre	ctly ((1)								
	C4	Decrypted message	e 'me	et at	dawr	n' (1)									(4)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (d)(i)	D1	Award 1 mark for:	Do not accept	
		cipherLetter / a single encrypted letter (1)	word/message/text	(1)
3 (d)(ii)	D2	Award 1 mark for any of:	Ignore case	
		keywordLetterplaintextLetter		(1)
3 (d)(iii)	D2	Award 1 mark for any of:		
		 subprogram that is already defined subprogram that is already written subprogram that is already compiled subprogram that can be called without having to write code for it 		(1)

Question	mp	Answer			Additional Guidance	Mark
4 (b)(i)	B1	 binary searce not have to binary searce find an item binary searce to establish 	examine each item in th halves the list each (1) th requires fewer com an item is not in the l	a linear search (1) as it doe		(2)
4 (b)(ii)	Corr	ect answer	'	<u> </u>		
		Position in list	Product code	Order examined		
<u> </u>		1	ark11			
		2	asp11			
		3	bar13			
		4	dri15	1		
		5	mil19			
		6	rib10	2		
		7	str15	3		
		8	tor16			
	Awa	rd one mark for each	correct value in orde		(4)	
	B2	Start of search corr	ect		Accept 5 and 7 for B2 and B3 (2 marks)	
	В3	Second search item	correct		Follow through if start of search incorrect	
	B4	Third search item c	orrect		Follow through if start of search incorrect	
	B5	All correct				
4 (b)(iii)	В6	Award 1 mark for:				
		3 or $\log_2 n + 1$				(1)
4 (b)(iv)	В7	Award 1 mark for a	ny of:		Accept any known sorting algorithm	
		 bubble sort 				
		 merge sort 				(1)

Python Code Mark Scheme

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (c)	C1	Change num_twenties == to num_twenties = (1)		
	C2	The left over variable named the same in both places (1)		
	C3	Add + before str(left_over) over in final print statement (1)		(3)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
1 (d) (i)	D1	Award 1 mark for adding a comment at the end of the line where there is relational operator: Python if vowel == letter: # relational operator and selection	May be on different line number	(1)
1 (d) (ii)	D2	Award one mark for adding a comment at the end of a line where iteration starts: 8 for letter in sentence: # iteration starts 9 for vowel in vowels: # iteration starts 13 print("nere are the number of vowers in the sentence are the number of vowers are the number of v	May be on different line numbers	
1 (d) (iii)	D3	Award one mark for adding a comment at the end of the line where selection starts: if vowel == letter: # relational operator and selection	May be on different line numbers	(1)
1 (d) (iv)	D4	Award one mark for adding a comment at the end of a line where a data structure is initialised: 3 vowels = ["a", "e", "i", "o", "u"] # data structure initalised numVowels = [0,0,0,0,0] # data structure initalised	May be on different line numbers	(1)

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark			
2 (a)	Awar	d one mark for each of:	Logic of algorithm must be followed as set out.				
	A1	At least one variable with a suitable variable name	Alternatives must address each point.				
At least one variable with a suitable variable fiame As username = bard423		username = bard423	Do not penalise candidates who attempt more				
	A3	password = nX2934?	than the stated requirements.				
	A4	Loop used	Don't penalise spelling mistakes and				
	A5	Username or password entered	alternative wording of the output.				
	A6	Username or password stored in variable(s)					
	A7	At least one suitable input message					
	A8	Checks username and password					
	A9	Appropriate error message(s) displays					
	A10	Welcome message displayed					
	A11	Executing and producing correct output		(11)			
Code exam	ple						
Python		# Initialise variables					

Question	mp	Answer		Additional Guidance	Mark
2 (b)	Awaı	rd 1 mark for each correct condition.	Alternative alternatives e.g.		
		Condition	Output message	Line 11 booksSold <=4 etc.	
	B1	Number of books sold is under 5 or profit made is under 5	Poor performance this week		
	B2	Number of books sold is over 20; profit made is at least 20	Sales and profit are excellent this week		
	B3	Number of books sold is at least 5; profit made is at least 10	Sales and profit are good this week		
	B4	All other inputs	Alert manager		(4)
Code exam	ple				
Python		11 6 1-01-001	d < 5 or profit < 5:		

```
if booksSold < 5 or profit < 5:

print("Poor performance this week")

elif booksSold > 20 and profit >= 20:

print("Sales and profit are excellent this week")

elif booksSold >=5 and profit >= 10:

print("Sales and profit are good this week")

else:

print("Alert manager")
```

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
3 (a)	A1	Get plaintext and store in plaintext variable	Accept alternative wording	(1)
	A2	Get key and store in key variable	Line numbers may be different compared to the	(1)
	A3	Validate key	examples shown	(1)
	A4	Open file to write		(1)
	A5	Write cipher text	When testing the completed code use lowercase	(1)
	A6	Close file	for the input	(1)
	A7	Displays ciphertext		(1)
	A8	Executing and producing correct output to file and screen		(1)
Cada avana				

Code examples

Python

```
15
16 # Add your code to get the plaintext and convert it to lowercase
17 plaintext = input("Enter the plaintext using lowercase letters: ")
18 plaintext = plaintext.lower()
```

```
# Add your code to get the key and make sure the key is between 1 and 25
while key < 1 or key > 25:
   key = int(input("Enter the key - a number between 1 and 25 "))
```

```
# Add your code to write the ciphertext to a text file
cipherFile = open("Cipher.txt", "w")
cipherFile.write(ciphertext)
cipherFile.close()
```

```
41 # Add your code to display the ciphertext
42 print("The ciphertext message is:",ciphertext)
```

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark
4 (a)	A1	At least 1 variable has a meaningful name	Ignore spelling mistakes in input message	
	A2	Product name requested using a suitable input message		
	A3	Random number generated that would be at least 10 or no higher than 30		
	A4	Random number generated that would be in the correct range 10 to 30		
	A5	First 3 letters of product name generated		
	A6	First 3 letters of product name and random number concatenated to generate productCode		
	A7	productCode and productName output in the same print statement		(7)

Code examples

Python

```
# Get input

productName = input("Enter the product name: ")

randomNum = 0

# Generate a random number between 10 and 30 inclusive randomNum = random.randint(10,30)

# Generate the product code - first three letters of productCode = productName[0:3] + str(randomNum)

# Display the product code and the product name print(productCode + " " + productName)
```

For Q5, the first 11 marks are for coding that matches requirements of task. The remaining 9 marks should be allocated on a best fit.

Question	mp	Answer	Additional Guidance	Mark	
5	addPlayerName()				
	A1	Suitable prompt for player name and assigned to suitable variable			
	A2	Ensure question can only be used once			
	A3	Question includes suitable message and country name			
	A4	Check made to see if guess is correct			
	A5	If guess correct score incremented			
	A6	If guess is incorrect suitable message displayed			
	A7	If guess incorrect country and its capital concatenated with message			
	A8	Repeated for five questions			
	Main Program				
	A9	Player name or score displayed			
	A10	At least one menuChoice calls correct subprogram			
	A11	Main program calls all three sub-programs correctly		(11)	

Band 1 (1-3 marks)	Band 2 (4-6 marks)	Band 3 (7-9 marks)	Mark
Little attempt to decompose into component parts	Some attempt to decompose into component parts	The problem has been decomposed into component parts	
Some parts of the logic are clear and appropriate to the problem	Most parts of the logic are clear and mostly appropriate to the problem	The logic is clear and appropriate to the problem	
Some appropriate use and manipulation of data types, variables, data structures and program constructs	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is mostly appropriate	The use and manipulation of data types, variables and data structures and program constructs is appropriate	
Parts of the code are clear and readable	Code is mostly clear and readable	Code is clear and readable	
Finished program will not be flexible enough with other data sets or input	Finished program will function with some but not all other data sets or input	Finished program could be used with other data sets or input	
The program meets some of the given requirements	The program meets most of the given requirements	The program fully meets the given requirements	(9)

Code examples

Python

Add player name function

Main program

```
menuChoice = 0
score = 0
playerName = ""
while menuChoice != 3:
    displayMenu()
    menuChoice = getMenuChoice()

# Add your code to:
# call the relevant subprogram if the menu choice is 1 or 2
# display the player name and the score if the menu choice is 3
if menuChoice == 1:
    playerName = addPlayerName()
elif menuChoice == 2:
    score = guessCapital()
else:
    print("Well done "+ playerName + ". The score is " + str(score))
```

Guess capital city function

```
# Add your code here
questionCount = 1
questionScore = 0
# Ask 5 questions
while questionCount <= 5:
    questionChoice = -1
    questionNumbers = ""
    # Build a string containing the question numbers available
    for question in questions:
       if question != 0:
         questionNumbers += str(question) + " "
    # Ensure valid question number is chosen
    while str(questionChoice) not in questionNumbers:
        questionChoice = int(input("Pick a number from " + questionNumbers))
    # Get the country and its capital
    country = countries[questionChoice - 1]
    capital = capitals[guestionChoice - 1]
    # Display the country and get the guess
    quess = input("What is the capital of " + country + "? ").lower()
    # If the guess is correct display message and increment score
    if guess == capital.lower():
        print ("Well done, you guessed correctly")
        questionScore += 1
    else:
        # Otherwise display the country name and correct capital
        print("You did not guess correctly. The capital of " + country + " is " + capital)
    # Increment the number of questions asked
    questionCount = questionCount + 1
    # Set the question number to 0 so that it cannot be quessed again
    questions[questionChoice - 1] = 0;
    questions[questionChoice - 1] = 0;
# return the score to the main menu
return questionScore
```

