# Mark Scheme (Results) 

## Summer 2019

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
In Mathematics B (4MB1)
Paper 01R

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)


## - Abbreviations

- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- awrt - answer which rounds to
- eeoo - each error or omission


## - No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## - With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
If a candidate misreads a number from the question. Eg. Uses 252 instead of 255; method marks may be awarded provided the question has not been simplified. Examiners should send any instance of a suspected misread to review. If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra. Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded to another.


| 3 |  |  |  | M1 for $24-18(=6)$ or $\frac{7+x}{2}=10$ oe or one value correctly stated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} w=6 \\ x=13 \end{array}$ | 2 | A1 SC B1 for $w=13, x=6$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |
| 4 | $\pi \times 8^{2} \times 12$ |  |  | M1 (or for 768 ${ }^{\text {) }}$ |
|  |  | 2413 | 2 | A1 accept answer in the range 2412-2413 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |
| 5 | $2 x=5 \times 9+3 \text { or } \frac{2 x}{5}=9+\frac{3}{5}$ |  |  | M1 (oe) |
|  |  | 24 | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |
| 6 | $\begin{aligned} & (-6)^{2}-4 \times-6 \text { oe } \\ & \text { e.g. } 36--24 \text { or }-6(-6-4) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 (must include a bracket around the -6 unless recovered later) or for $(+) 36$ or $(+) 24$ seen in their working <br> M0 if -12 seen with no working <br> M0 if -12 comes from $-6^{2}-4 \times-6$ without seeing $(+) 24$ |
|  |  | 60 | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |
| 7 | $\frac{11}{4} \times \frac{12}{11} \text { or } \frac{33}{12} \div \frac{11}{12}=\frac{33}{11}$ |  |  | M1 |
|  | $\frac{132}{44}=3 \text { or } \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{12}{1}=\frac{12}{4}=3 \text { or } \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{3}{1}=3 \text { oe }$ <br> (cancelling of 11 s and 4 and 12 seen) or $\frac{33}{12} \div \frac{11}{12}=\frac{33}{11}=3 \text { or } \frac{11}{4} \times \frac{12}{11}=\frac{12}{4}=3$ | 3 | 2 | A1 dependent on all working seen <br> $\frac{11}{4} \times \frac{12}{11}=3$ or $\frac{33}{12} \times \frac{12}{11}=3$ is A 0 unless explicit cancelling seen |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |
| 8 |  |  |  | M1 for $A B C=48^{\circ}$ or reflex $A O C=264^{\circ}$ stated or marked on diagram |
|  |  | 96 | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 2 marks |





|  |  | $x+3 x+3 x-7=56$ oe |  | 2 | A1 - award if seen in working - condone incorrect simplification |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | (b) | $7 x=56+7$ or $x=9$ |  |  | M1ft dep on 3 people's crayons (so must have three terms in $x$ ) - must isolate $x$ terms correctly - award this mark if $x=9$ stated in part (a) |
|  |  |  | 20 | 2 | A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |
| 19 |  | e.g. $\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{2700}{90}+4\right)$ or $180(n-2)=2700$ <br> or $(2700+360) \div 180$ oe |  |  | M1 a fully correct method to find the number of sides |
|  |  | 17 (sides) |  |  | A1 |
|  |  |  | 158.8 or better | 3 | A1 - note that 159 without 158.8 (or better) seen is A0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |
| 20 |  | $\frac{3(5 \sqrt{2}-2)}{2-\sqrt{2}} \text { oe }$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  | $\frac{3(5 \sqrt{2}-2)}{2-\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}} \text { oe }$ |  |  | M1 |
|  |  |  | $9+12 \sqrt{2}$ | 3 | A1 dep on M2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |
| 20 | ALT | $\begin{aligned} & (a+b \sqrt{2})(2-\sqrt{2})=3(5 \sqrt{2}-2) \\ & (2 a-2 b)+(-a+2 b) \sqrt{2}=-6+15 \sqrt{2} \\ & 2 a-2 b=-6,-a+2 b=15 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 (allow one slip) - getting to simultaneous equations in $a$ and $b$ |
|  |  | $a-b=-3,-a+2 b=15$ |  |  | M1dep solve simultaneous equations (see Qu21 first M mark for applying the method mark for solving simultaneous equations) |
|  |  |  | $a=9, b=12$ |  | A1 |
| 21 |  | $6 x+8 y=9$ OR $9 x+12 y=13.5$ oe |  |  | M1 for coefficient of $x$ or $y$ the same in both equations and correct operation to |


|  |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \frac{6 x-9 y=34.5}{17 y=-25.5} & \frac{8 x-12 y=46}{17 x}=59.5 \end{array}$ <br> OR $x=\frac{11.5+3 y}{2} \text { and } 2\left(\frac{4.5-4 y}{3}\right)-3 y=11$ <br> OR $y=\frac{4.5-3 x}{4} \text { and } 2 x-3\left(\frac{4.5-3 x}{4}\right)=11.5$ |  |  | eliminate selected variable (condone one arithmetic error) or for correct rearrangement of one equation followed by correct substitution into the other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { e.g. } 3 \times 3.5+4 y=4.5 \text { or } \\ 3 x+4 x-1.5=4.5 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | M1dep for substituting their found value correctly into one of the correct equations or correct use of elimination or substitution again. |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & x=3.5 \\ & y=-1.5 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | First A1 dep on first M1 (so for their first value) Second A1 dep on second M1 (so for their second value) |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |
| 21 | ALT | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 \end{array}\right)\binom{x}{y}=\binom{4.5}{11.5} \\ & \left(\begin{array}{cc} 3 & 4 \\ 2 & -3 \end{array}\right)^{-1}=\frac{1}{3(-3)-2(4)}\left(\begin{array}{cc} -3 & -4 \\ -2 & 3 \end{array}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 for inverse of correct 2 by 2 matrix (allow one slip only) |
|  |  | $-\frac{1}{17}\left(\begin{array}{cc}-3 & -4 \\ -2 & 3\end{array}\right)\binom{4.5}{11.5}=-\frac{1}{17}\binom{-59.5}{25.5}$ |  |  | M1dep multiplying their inverse by $\binom{4.5}{11.5}$ to obtain at least a 2 by 1 matrix |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & x=3.5 \\ & y=-1.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | A2 (A1 for one correct value) |
| 22 |  |  |  |  | M 1 for $E C=D B$ together with $D$ and $E$ are midpoints (oe e.g. middle but must be in words and not just shown algebraically) and one of: equal sides or |


|  |  |  |  |  | mention isosceles or $A B=A C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |





