Transferable Skills International GCSE Subject Mapping: MFL (French, German, Spanish)

Transferable skills will help students cope with the different demands of degree study and provide a solid skills base that enables them to adapt and thrive in different environments across educational stages; and ultimately into employment. A good international education should enable students to start developing transferable skills as early as possible. Developing these transferable skills where they naturally occur as part of the International GCSE curriculum can help build learner confidence and embed the importance of this well-rounded development.

Our approach to enhancing transferable skills in our International GCSEs ensures that it is not only the academic and cognitive skills that are developed, but those broader elements that universities highlight as being essential for success. Skills such as self-directed study, independent research, self-awareness of own strengths and weaknesses and time-management are skills that students cannot learn from a textbook but have to be developed through the teaching and learning experience that can be provided through an international curriculum.

In the tables below, we have taken a framework of skills and provided mapping to suggest where each skill can be assessed, and where each skill could be developed for this subject. This will enable teachers and learners to understand where they are developing each skill, and examples of how they can develop each skill through this International GCSE.

NRC framework skill	Skill interpretation in this subject	Examples of where the skill is covered in content	Examples of where the skill is explicitly assessed in examination	Opportunity for the skill to be developed through teaching and learning approach
Cognitive skills				
Cognitive Processes and Strategies				
Critical thinking			Various examples in papers	Yes
	Identification & recall of information	AOs 1 and 3	e.g. P1 Q1, P3 Q1	Matching images to items of vocabulary or actual objects
	Organisation & selection of facts & ideas	AOs 1, 2,3 and 4	e.g. P1 Q2, P3 Q3 and 4	Note taking based on spoken or written stimulus
	Use of facts, rules & principles	AOs 2 and 4	P3 all parts, P2 Qs 6, 7 and 8	Factual writing, for example on healthy eating
				Reading a text in the TL and answering more complex questions which
	Inferring meaning, drawing conclusions	AOs 1 and 3	e.g. P1 Q7, P3 Q5	require students to draw conclusions
	Developing opinions, judgements or decisions.	AOs 2 and 4	P3 all parts, P2 Q7	Pair work discussion in which students express and justify opinions
Problem solving	Developing strategy for decoding unfamiliar language	AO1 & AO3		Yes
	Repair strategies	In all AOs		Practising 'guessing skills' based on what is likely, or cognates and then demonstrating the ability to use this skill showing understanding. This could be with a gap fill exercise
				Responding to questions orally, which requires students to understand, i.e. decode what has been said
Analysis	Understanding and separating a whole	AO1, AO2, AO3	Various examples in papers	Yes
	text into component parts	text into component parts		More complex reading comprehensions texts and spoken extracts requiring precise responses from students
				Tasks matching a named person with a statement

Reasoning/argumentation	Giving opinions and judgements with	AO2 and AO4	P3 all parts, P2 Qs 6 and7	Yes
	justification. Evaluate spoken and written information and make judgements on the basis of this information.	AO1 and AO3	e.g. P1 Q6, P2 Q5	Conversation in small groups conversation Listening comprehensions/re sentences to more lengthy an materials
Interpretation	 Decoding a new written and spoken extract and identifying and understanding explicit or implicit meaning and authorial aims. Select, organise and present relevant information clearly and logically using appropriate vocabulary and structures. 	AO1 and AO3	P1 all questions P2 Qs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 P1 Q7 and P2 Q5	Yes Responding appropriately in Writing a brief report in Engli either spoken or in writing Produce a piece of writing wi vocabulary, tenses and struct
Decision making	Evaluate information in a spoken and written text and and compare it with information in the task to make correct choices considering the salient features which would form the basis of a correct response.	AO1 and AO3	P1 Qs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 P2 Qs 1, 2, 3 and 4	Yes Multiple choice responses wi written extracts Gap filling exercises, perhaps
Adaptive learning	Adapting speech in a dialogue in response to speech of others.	AO4	P3 all parts	Yes Conversation with native spe
	Adapting one's writing so that it is appropriate to a particular context.	AO2	P2 Q7	conversation with teacher Writing a postcard/e-mail to
	Adapting one's writing to an appropriate form or register.	AO2	P2 Q7	Writing a more formal accou
	Responding to the unfamiliar in spoken and written texts by showing flexibility of thought and attitude	AO 1 and AO3	P1 all questions P2 Qs 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5	
Executive function	Carrying out successfully a planned activity, for example planning an essay and completing it to meet the plan.			Yes Preparing and giving a brief p Recording a report or a conve
Creativity				
Creativity	Creating meaning from a visual stimulus which could be interpreted in a number of ways.	AO2 and AO4	P3 Part A, P2 Q7 (b)	Yes Giving descriptions of picture Students suggest what happe
		AO2 and AO4	P3 Part A, P2 Q7 (b)	

os where students give opinions; one to one	
reading comprehensions ranging from simple and complex speech/texts using authentic	
n English or the TL to spoken material	
glish on an extract in the TL which could be	
which is well structured and uses relevant actures	
with pictures or tick boxes based on spoken or	
ps with suggested words to choose from	
peaker/exchange student (if available),	
o a penfriend	
ount of a holiday/a day at school	

f presentation using IT

nversation between students

ures/photographs chosen by student or teacher

ppened before/after a given picture

	Narrating & describing in response to a visual or written prompt.			Imaginative writing in the targ a journey Role plays where the student mother of small children visiti join a gym
Innovation	Using spoken grammar and vocabulary to speak with some fluency on a subject of choice. Using written grammar and vocabulary to write with some fluency on a subject of choice.	AO4	P3 Part A and Part B.1 P2 Q7 (a), (b) and (c)	Yes Giving a timed presentation. prepare this in class Brief or extended piece of wri vocabulary

NRC framework skill	Skill interpretation in this subject	Examples of where the skill is covered in content	Examples of where the skill is explicitly assessed in examination	Opportunity for the skill to be approach
Intrapersonal skills				
Intellectual openness				
Adaptability	Adapting speech to meet unexpected requirements. Responding to an unseen text (listening or reading) adapting own abstract	AO4 AO1 and AO3	P3 all parts P1 all questions P3 Qs1, 2, 3, 4 and 5	Yes Role play activities requiring a Students are presented with a
	concepts to decode and understand the text.		15 (31, 2, 3, 4 and 5	be familiar, possibly relating to
Personal and social responsibility	Using writing to undertake a specific task for which one is accountable or which develops social awareness in response to ideas in a text.			Yes Students respond in writing to Students prepare a brochure/I divided into mini topics. Indivi are responsible for producing
Continuous learning	Planning and reflecting on one's own learning in class - setting goals and meeting them in a continually developing fashion.			Yes Peer review with students reg The questionnaire also sugges teachers then comment on
Intellectual interest and curiosity	Undertaking self-directed research – pursuing a line of personal interest using a range of research methods, including	AO4	P3 Part A Prior selection of a sub-topic and an appropriate picture and preparation thereof	Yes Students choose a sub topic fr power point/slide show on an

arget language such as writing about a party or

ent takes on a role other than themselves, i.e. siting a new city, elderly gentleman wanting to

n. Students could be given a set, limited time to

writing using tenses, structures and appropriate

be developed through teaching and learning

an element of negotiation or transaction

n an extract on a topic with which they may not g to customs in the TL country.

to a text on the topic of social issues

e/blog on a topic with the topic being sub lividual students are assigned mini topics are ng their segment

egularly completing a questionnaire in pairs. sests targets, which students select and

c from the prescribed list and prepare a short an aspect relating to their own life

	information technology and wider knowledge sources.		P3 Part B.1 Prior selection of a Topic and preparation thereof.	
Work ethic/conscientiousness				
Initiative	Responding in a discussion or a writing task. Drawing on information and language reserves to maintain, develop and extend the conversation/the piece of writing.	AO2 and AO4	P2 Q7 P3 all parts	Yes Oral work: responding to ques
Self-direction	Planning and carrying out research activity under own direction.			Yes Preparing for and talking abou
Responsibility	Taking responsibility for any errors or omissions in work and creating a plan to improve.			Yes Reviewing written work which taking action based on the tea
Perseverance	Actively seeking new ways to continue to improve own learning despite setbacks, with willingness to re-draft, undertake further reading or keep at a task until completed.			Yes Students prepare for the picto time Redrafting written work such comments
Productivity	Writing continuously, fluently and relevantly to a high standard.	AO2	Paper 2 Q7	Yes Students produce a piece of w relevant vocabulary, tenses ar
Self-regulation (metacognition, forethought, reflection)	Developing strategies over time including self-assessment and critical review, for reflecting on the success or otherwise of the work and tailoring a piece of written work to a specific form and purpose.			Yes Students review teacher comr written work Students are able to identify n help of a check list (Can you fi Students review each other's y their own work
Ethics	Producing work (spoken or written) with a specific moral purpose for which one is accountable or exploring the ethical implications of a text or writing topic.			Yes In writing when students resp people help in the home?"
Integrity	Taking ownership for one's own work and willingly responding to questions and challenges; employing working methods which are honest and appropriate.			Yes Producing written work which

uestions and attempting extended replies out a given topic such as 'My Hobbies' ich has been seen by the class teacher and teacher's comments on how to improve icture discussion in Paper 3 over a period of ch as a 50 word piece in the light of teacher f writing which is well structured and uses and structures mments and incorporate suggestions in their y mistakes in a piece of writing, initially with the i find the 10 mistakes?) 's work, leading to them being able to review spond to questions such as, " Should young

ich is not plagiarised

Positive Core Self Evaluation			
Self-monitoring/self-evaluation/self- reinforcement	Developing the self-motivated habit of planning, completing, and reviewing one's own work as a matter of habit, critically and constructively.		Yes Students give a brief explanat tried to achieve in a written pi subordinating conjunctions ar

NRC framework skill	Skill interpretation in this subject	Examples of where the skill is covered in content	Examples of where the skill is explicitly assessed in examination	Opportunity for the skill to be developed through teaching and learning approach
Interpersonal skills				
Teamwork and collaboration				
Communication	Undertaking a speaking task involving dialogue or undertaking a writing task, or when the student responds to prompts from another. Explaining a grammatical structure or a skill technique (verbally or written) to peers and teachers and answer questions from others.	AO4 and AO2	P3 all parts P2 Qs 6 and 7	Yes Pair work with students asking each other questions, for example being a famous personality and the other student asking questions to find out who Writing a text in response to a stimulus in the TL Student explains grammar point to the class
Collaboration	Engaging in pair or group discussion or work designed to practise a skill and/or embed content e.g. vocabulary or grammar.			Yes Working on a group presentation Creating a class activity such as a worksheet in pairs or small groups
Teamwork	Working with other students in researching a theme related to speaking or writing - i.e. the structure of a speech, article, letter, leaflet or review.			Yes Group project researching a custom or food and drink in the TL country/countries
Co-operation	Sharing resources such as own language skills and knowledge with other students in a project over time.			Yes Students help each other produce a text
Interpersonal skills	Using verbal and non- verbal communication skills in a discussion.	Verbal: AO4	Verbal: P3 all parts	Yes Small group discussions Paired conversations

ation (possibly in writing) of what they have piece of work , e.g. "I have tried to use and to express opinions in this piece of work."

Empathy/perspective taking	Advocating the position of another			Yes
	in a piece of writing or in an oral			
	presentation.			Role plays where the student
				Produce a piece of writing wh
				they may actually hold, e.g. "\
Negotiation	Debating a topic/ issue, attempting			Yes
	to reach shared conclusions with			
	others, compromising where			Role plays with an element of
	appropriate using negotiation skills			weekend?" or "Which holiday
				come to an agreement
Leadership				
Leadership	Leading others in a group activity to			Yes
	effectively develop learning.			
				Students lead on a project suc
				resource for the class
Responsibility	Taking responsibility for delivering,			Yes
	within agreed time constraints, one's own part within a group project.			Preparing for and participating
				Working as a group on a poste
				set date
Assertive communication	Chairing a debate, allowing			Yes
	representations and directing a			
	discussion to a conclusion.			Mock tv/radio discussion with
				discuss an issue e.g. " Why wh
Self-presentation	Presenting a topic to class as a part	Presenting a topic: AO4	Presenting a topic: P3 Part B.1	Yes
	of own assessment.			Student gives a presentation -
				Paper 3 task. Other students of

nt takes on a persona other than themselves

where students express a view other than one "Why be a vegetarian?"

of negotiation, e.g. " "What shall we do at the lay shall we go on?" where students have to

such as a presentation or production of a

ing in a group presentation to the class

ster on a topic which must be completed by a

ith a panel where students take on roles and where school uniform?"

n – perhaps on a picture – in preparation for s can offer constructive advice