Mark Scheme (Results)
January 2023

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Biology (4BI1)
Paper 1B

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( i )}$ | The only correct answer is <br> C $V$ to $P$ as $V$ is anther and $P$ is stigma <br> Atigma is not the answer as $P$ is not anther and $Q$ is not <br> $B$ is not the answer as $P$ is not anther and T is not stigma <br> D is not the answer as it $S$ not stigma | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | The only correct answer is |  |
|  | A as Q is the style | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| B is not correct as U is the filament |  |  |
| C is not correct as V is the anther |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( a ) ( \text { iii) }}$ | The only correct answer is |  |
|  | C as T is the ovule | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | B is not correct as P is the stigma |  |
|  | D is not correct as $V$ is the anther |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (b) | An answer that makes reference to three of the following: <br> - large petals/eq (1) <br> - coloured petals / bright petals / scented petals (1) <br> - stigma / style within flower / stigma sticky / eq (1) <br> - stamen / anther within flower / eq(1) <br> - nectary (1) <br> - pollen large / sticky /eq (1) | allow converse ignore flower no / small petals green petals ignore coloured <br> stigma / style outside flower / stigma feathery / hairy <br> stamen outside flower / hinged / long filament <br> no nectary ignore nectar <br> small / dust / like | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 ( c )}$ | An explanation that refers to two of the following: <br> - eaten by birds / animals / people / insects <br> / eq (1) | allow consume <br> /consumers | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| disperse / taken / moved / carried to new <br> area / elsewhere / eq (1) | egested / deposited / waste / defecate / <br> thrown away / discarded / in faeces / eq <br> $(1)$ | ignore <br> excreted <br> allow <br> excrement |  |


| Question | Answer | Mark |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Number |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 ( a ) ( i )}$ |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2(a)(ii) | An answer that makes reference to the <br> following | No credit for <br> pressure | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | coronary artery contains (more) oxygen <br> / oxygenated (1) | coronary artery contains less carbon no / less <br> vioxide / no carbon dioxide (1) <br> oxygen / <br> deoxygenated | vein (more) <br> $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ |


| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(a)(iii) | An explanation that makes reference to three of the following <br> - (left wall) much thicker / eq (1) <br> - more muscle / muscular (tissue) / eq (1) <br> - (generates) more pressure / more force / eq (1) <br> - pumps blood (all) around body / eq (1) | allow converse for each mp <br> thinner <br> less muscle <br> less pressure <br> /force <br> ignore <br> withstands <br> pressure <br> to lungs <br> thicker muscle = mp1 and mp 2 | 3 |


| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2(b) | An explanation that makes reference to four of the following <br> 1. genetics / inheritance / some people inherit increased risk from parents eq (1) <br> 2. high blood pressure (puts more strain on heart ) / eq (1) <br> 3. high fat diet / lipid / cholesterol / (blocks coronary artery walls) / eq (1) <br> 4. smoking (raises blood pressure and increase chances of clots) / eq (1) <br> 5. stress (raises blood pressure) / eq (1) <br> 6. lack of exercise, (exercise reduces blood pressure and strengthens heart) / eq (1) <br> 7. obesity / being overweight / diabetes (increase strain on heart) / eq (1) | allow converse for each mp <br> Ign bad diet unqalified | 4 |

Total 10 marks

| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(a)(i) | An answer that makes reference to five of the following <br> 1. oat milk provides more energy kJ / calories / (per 225 g ) / eq (1) <br> 2. more energy less weight loss / idea of carbohydrate / fats not used so stored / so more weight gain/ eq (1) <br> 3. oat provides more (saturated) fat / eq (1) <br> 4. oat provides more carbohydrate / eq (1) <br> 5. oat provides similar sugar / same sugar/eq (1) <br> 6. oat provides more protein ( required for growth ) / eq (1) <br> 7. oat milk provides more fibre (1) <br> 8. for peristalsis /prevent constipation / eq <br> 9. but balance diet required / depends upon other foods consumed / eq (1) <br> 10.weight loss depends upon activity age / eq (1) | allow converse <br> Idea of energy balance more consumed than used | 5 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(a)(ii) | An answer that makes reference to the following |  |
|  | - allergy / allergic / lacks enzyme / lactase / lactose <br> intolerant / wants reduced (saturated) fat diet / cow's <br> milk contains more fat / are vegan / wants to avoid <br> constipation as cow's milk has no fibre / eq (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3(b) | A description that makes reference to two of the following <br> - Benedict's added / eq (1) <br> - heated / eq (1) <br> - red / green / yellow / orange / eq (1) | allow <br> alternative <br> test <br> Fehlings <br> or $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}$ <br> and <br> $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ <br> allow <br> Benedict's <br> test for <br> mp 1 <br> allow <br> clinistix / <br> ursitix / <br> glucose <br> testing <br> strip for <br> mp 1 <br> and <br> correct <br> colour <br> change for <br> mp 3 / <br> brown | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3(c) | An explanation that makes reference to three of the following |  |
|  | • antibodies (1) |  |
|  | (specific to / against / for) antigen / virus / bacterium / <br> enogen / eq (1) <br> stick / clump / burst / label bacteria / virus/ pathogen <br> /eq (1) <br> destroy / kill bacteria / virus / pathogen / eq (1) |  |
|  |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(a) | calculation <br> \% dark-coloured moths in 1992 $\begin{aligned} & 27 \div 36 \times 100 \\ & =75 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> \% dark-coloured moths in 1998 $\begin{aligned} & 9 \div 22 \times 100 \\ & =41 \% \end{aligned}$ <br> 75-41 = 34(\%) (3) allow 34.1 or 34.09 etc | allow 1 <br> mark for 75 <br> allow one mark for 41 or 40.9 <br> full marks for correct answer no working | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 4(b)(i) | • Scale half grid and linear (1) | - Lines straight and through all points (1) |
| - Axis correct way round and labelled with number of <br> extrapolation <br> (to 0) No L if <br> bar chart |  |  |
| -Points correctly plotted within half a small square <br> (1) <br> - Key light-coloured and dark-coloured moths or lines <br> labelled (1) |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4(b)(ii) | An answer that makes reference to five of the following <br> 1. numbers of light increases / (decrease then) increase (1) <br> 2. numbers of dark decrease (then increase) / eq (1) <br> 3. overall total numbers of moths decrease (then increase)/ eq (1) <br> 4. due to disease predation lack of food / eq (1) <br> 5. at start / up until 1994 more dark than light moths / eq (1) <br> 6. at end (from 1994) more light than dark moths ( apart from 1996) / eq (1) <br> 7. as less coal (used) / burning / pollution in city decreased / eq (1) <br> 8. dark less camouflaged / cannot hide / light more/ better camouflaged / better adapted in unpolluted areas OR dark better adapted in polluted areas / eq (1) <br> 9. easily seen by birds / predators / eq (1) <br> 10. (better adapted) pass on allele / gene to offspring / eq(1) |  | 5 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a ) ( i )}$ | An explanation that makes reference to the following |  |
|  | • no nucleus (1) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | • (so) no chromosomes (1) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | $\bullet$ mitosis / mitotic (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5(a)(iii) | An answer that includes <br> - contains a Y chromosome / has X and Y chromosomes / <br> only one X chromosome / 23 rd pair are different / 23 <br> one big one small / eq (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Answer | additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5(b)(i) | An answer that makes reference to four of the following <br> 1. karyotype 245 chromosomes / karyotype 146 chromosomes / only one in 23 rd pair / one less chromosome /eq (1) <br> 2. karyotype 2 only $1 \times$ / one sex chromosome / lacks an X or lacks a Y / eq (1) <br> 3. so female karyotype as it lacks $Y /$ eq (1) <br> 4. does not undergo normal puberty/ delayed puberty eq (1) <br> 5. does not develop secondary sexual characteristics / eq (1) <br> 6. cannot release oestrogen / less oestrogen / eq (1) <br> 7. cannot produce gametes / eggs / is infertile / cannot reproduce / eq (1) <br> 8. slower repair of inner uterus lining/lining not being maintained (1) <br> 9. may produce gametes that contain only 22 chromosomes / lack a sex chromosome / eq (1) | Fewer chromes <br> Ignore 23 alone <br> Lacks a sex chromosome scores mp 1 and mp 2 <br> allow examples breast development / height / growth spurt / body hair less fertile | 4 |
| Question Number | Answer |  | Mark |
| 5(b)(ii) | - mutation / failure of chromosomes to sep in meiosis / one of the sex chromosomes replicate (just prior to cell division) / eq | arate / failure id not 1) | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( a ) ( i )}$ | A description that makes reference to the <br> following <br> -diffusion / movement of solvent / <br> water through partially permeable <br> membrane / eq (1) | allow semi-permeable/ <br> selectively permeable |  |
| -from dilute to concentrated <br> solution / high to low water <br> potential / eq (1) | allow from high <br> concentration (of water <br> )to low(er) <br> concentration (of water) | allow movement of <br> ater_from high to low <br> concentration across <br> partially permeable <br> membrane for mp 1 and <br> mp 2 |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6(a)(ii) | tube contents / the liquid / the solution / the <br> concentration / what is in the tube / eq (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(b)(i) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { calculation } \\ & \quad=(2 \times 3.14 \times 0.25 \times 5)+\left(2 \times 3.14 \times(0.25)^{2}\right) \\ & \quad=7.85+0.3925 \\ & \quad=8.2425 \\ & \quad=8.2\left(\mathrm{~cm}^{2}\right) \text { to } 8.25(2) \end{aligned}$ | allow 1 <br> mark for <br> 7.85 <br> 7.855 <br> 7.86 <br> Or <br> 0.39 <br> 0.393 <br> 0.3925 or <br> 0.39275 | 2 |


|  |  | ll marks <br> full marrect <br> for correr <br> answer <br> with no <br> working |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | An explanation that makes reference to the following <br> - increases rate of osmosis / eq (1) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| as more contact (between potato and water / solution ) / <br> more space / eq (1) |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( b ) ( i i i )}$ | • temperature / type of potato / eq (1) | ignore <br> time / <br> volume of <br> solution <br> mass of <br> potato |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{6 ( c ) ( i )}$ | An explanation that makes reference to three of the following  <br> -distilled water (increases in mass) water enters potato <br> from distilled water (1) $\mathbf{3}$ <br> - air (little change in mass) no movement of water / no  <br> osmosis / water evaporates / eq (1)  |  |
|  | sucrose solution (decrease in mass) water leaves <br> potato into sucrose solution / eq (1) |  |


|  | gradient / from higher concentration of water to lower <br> concentration of water / eq (1) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6(c)(ii) | calculation <br> percentage change in mass in sucrose solution $\begin{aligned} & =(1.8-2.1) \div 2.1=-0.3 \\ & -0.3 \div 2.1 \\ & =-0.143 \\ & \times 100 \\ & =-14.3 \% \\ & 14.3 \% \text { of } 5.0 \mathrm{~cm}= \\ & 0.143 \times 5=-0.71 \mathrm{~cm} \\ & 5-0.71=4.3(4.29) \text { allow } 4.28 \text { to } 4.3 \mathrm{~cm}(3) \end{aligned}$ | full marks for correct answer with no working <br> allow 1 mark for 14.3 or 14.29 or 14.286 or 0.143 or 0.14286 etc and <br> allow 1 mark for 0.71 to 0.72 etc | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7(a)(i) | The only correct answer is |  |
|  | D zebra | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | B is not correct as acacia is a producer |  |
|  | C is not correct as star grass is a producer |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{7 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | The only correct answer is |  |
| B star grass to baboon |  |  |
|  | A is not correct as giraffe to cheetah is not least efficient |  |
| C is not correct as wildebeest to wild dog is not least efficient |  |  |
| D is not correct as zebra to lion is not least efficient |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7(a)(iii) | The only correct answer is | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | B gazelle |  |
|  | A is not correct as baboon is affected more |  |
|  | D is not correct as wildebeest is affected more |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b)(i) | An explanation that makes reference to four of the following <br> - not all organisms consumed /eq (1) <br> - some die / decompose / eq (1) <br> - some parts not eaten / bones / eq (1) <br> - energy lost as heat / respiration / used in movement / muscle contraction / eq (1) <br> - some food not digested / absorbed / egested / faeces /eq (1) <br> - energy lost as excretion / urea / eq (1) | No credit for energy loss alone | 4 |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(b)(ii) | A description that makes reference to four of the following <br> - quadrat / eq (1) <br> - (placed) at random / use random number generator / eq (1) <br> - count (number in each quadrat) / eq (1) <br> - repeat / take average / eq (1) <br> - multiply up / scale up to calculate numbers in area / eq (1) | quadrats = mp 1 and mp 4 <br> ignore area coverage | 4 |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7(c) | An explanation that makes reference to the following <br> - weakest prey killed / faster / stronger survive / eq (1) <br> - (strongest mate) / reproduce / weakest do not reproduce / eq (1) <br> - pass on alleles / genes / genetic material / DNA / eq (1) <br> - (sick animals removed) prevents infection / bacteria / virus / pathogen spreading / eq (1) <br> - weak animals slow down herd / eq (1) | allow survival of fittest <br> not sickness spreading | 3 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a ) ( \mathbf { i } )}$ | The only correct answer is |  |
|  | B fungi | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | A is not correct as yeast is not a bacterium |  |
|  | D is not correct as yeast is not a protoctist |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( a ) ( i i )}$ | The only correct answer is |  |
|  | B chitin | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | A is not correct as wall is not made of cellulose |  |
|  | D is not correct as wall is not made of starch |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b ) ( i )}$ | An explanation that makes reference to the following <br> - water bath / Bunsen / thermostat to vary temperature to <br> heat up water / eq (1) | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | - thermometer to measure temperature / eq (1) <br> - clock watch / timer to measure time period / how long / / <br> rate per minute / eq (1) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b ) ( i i )}$ | prevent entry of oxygen / makes conditions anaerobic / <br> eq (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 8(b)(iii) | - limewater / calcium hydroxide solution / hydrogen <br> carbonate indicator / sodium hydrogencarbonate / <br> bicarbonate indicator / sodium bicarbonate (1) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 ( b ) ( i v )}$ | An explanation that makes reference to two the <br> following | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
|  | - originally blue as oxygen present so yeast is <br> respiring (aerobically) / eq (1) |  |  |
|  | (changes to pink )(all) oxygen used up / <br> taken in / consumed in (aerobic) <br> respiration / eq (1) | (when pink / when no oxygen present) now <br> oxed in <br> respiring anaerobically /eq (1) | respiration |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8(c) | An explanation that makes reference to four of the following <br> - enzyme / substrate / particles / molecules move faster / increased (kinetic) energy / eq (1) <br> - collide more frequently / form more enzyme substrate complexes / eq (1) <br> - (until) optimum temperature / eq (1) <br> - then active site changes shape / eq (1) <br> - substrate no longer fits / binds with enzyme / enzyme denatures / eq (1) | more <br> kinetic energy <br> not yeast denatures | 4 |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9 ( a )}$ | $6 \mathrm{CO}_{2}+6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} \longrightarrow \mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}+6 \mathrm{O}_{2}$ | (2) | allow 1 mark <br> for correct <br> formula but <br> incorrect |
| balance |  |  |  |$\quad \mathbf{2}$.


| Question <br> Number | Answer | additional <br> guidance | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{9 ( b ) ( \mathbf { i } )}$ | Calculation |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | 78 bubbles per minute gives $1 \div \mathrm{d}^{2}$ value from $x$ axis of | Graph <br> clearly |  |
|  | 0.16 | 0.16 |  |
|  | therefore $1 \div \mathrm{d}^{2}=0.16$ |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{~d}^{2}=6.25$ | allow 1 |  |
|  | distance $\mathrm{d}=2.5(\mathrm{~cm})(2)$ | mark for |  |
|  |  | 0.16 or |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 9(b)(ii) | A description that makes reference to the following <br> -more bubbles released / rate of photosynthesis <br> increases / eq (1) <br> - very steeply at low light intensities / at first / eq (1) | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| - number of bubbles levels off / becomes constant / stays <br> same / reaches maximum / rate of increase slows down <br> / eq (1) |  |  |


| Question Number | Answer | Additional guidance | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9(b)(iii) | An explanation that makes reference to two of the following <br> - rate doesn't change / no change / increasing / changing light / light intensity / has no effect / / eq (1) <br> - as light no longer / not limiting factor / other factor limiting / eq (1) <br> - need more carbon dioxide / need higher temperature to increase photosynthesis rate / eq (1) | No credit for light is limiting factor <br> carbon dioxide / chlorophyll is limiting factor / temperature limiting factor <br> scores mp 2 and mp 3 | 2 |


| 10 (a) | Substrate | Enzyme | Products <br> of <br> digestion |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | starch | amylase (1) | maltose |$|$| glucose(1) |
| :--- |
| maltose |
| proteins / <br> peptides / <br> polypeptides (1) <br> lipids |


| Question <br> number | Additional <br> guidance |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 0 ( b )}$ | C use different concentrations of vinegar / vinegar <br> and no vinegar / range of pH acids / eq (1) | allow <br> amount / <br> more or <br> less for C <br> O of same mass of starch / flour / bread /potato / <br> rice / eq (1) | ignore <br> amount |
|  | R repeat (for each concentration (of vinegar) / eq <br> (1) <br> M1 use iodine to test for (digestion of) starch (1) <br> M2 measure time it takes for all starch to be <br> digested / iodine test to be negative / orange / <br> yellow / or description of negative positive result / <br> eq (1) <br> S1 same temperature / use water bath / eq (1) | Benedict's <br> if starch <br> still present <br> will be blue <br> black |  |
| S2 same time to react / same volume of amylase / <br> same concentration of amylase / same mass of <br> amylase / same volume of vinegar / same volume <br> of iodine / same volume Benedic'ts /eq (1) | allow same <br> volume of <br> vinegar if <br> vary conc <br> in C |  |  |

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