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In the l	boxes	above	, write y	our ce	ntre nu	mber,	candi	date n	ımber,	your	surnai	me, in	itial(s) and signature	- 2 .	10	
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Surname

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Write your answers neatly and in good English.

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Advice to Candidates



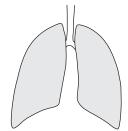


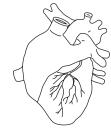
Turn over

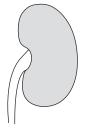
Total

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

- 1. For each question (a) to (j), choose the correct answer. Put a cross (\boxtimes) in the correct box.
 - (a) The diagrams show organs found in the human body. Which organ is used to pump blood round the body? Put a cross (⋈) in the correct box.





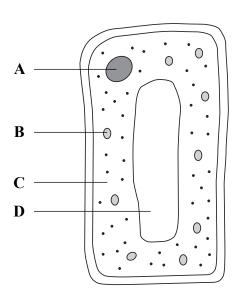




- A lung
- B heart
- C kidney
- **D** brain

(1)

(b) The diagram shows a cell found in a plant leaf.



Which part of the cell is a chloroplast? Put a cross (☒) in the correct box.

- \mathbf{A}
- \mathbf{B}
- \mathbf{C}
- \mathbf{D}

(1)

(c)	Which of the f correct box.	following is neede	d for aerobic respi	ration? Put a cro	oss (🗵) in the	blank
A	oxygen	\boxtimes				_
В	carbon dioxide	\boxtimes				-
C	energy	\times				-
D	lactic acid	\boxtimes				-
(d)	Which statement correct box.	nt gives the best d	escription of transp	oiration? Put a cro	(1) oss (⊠) in the	
A	loss of water fr	om an animal	\boxtimes			-
В	loss of water fr	om a plant	\boxtimes			-
C	absorption of w	ater by an animal	\boxtimes			-
D	absorption of w	ater by a plant	\boxtimes		(1)	-
(e)	The table lists s a cross (⋈) in the	he correct box.	d where they are m	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	
(e)			d where they are m	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	
A	a cross (🔀) in the	made in testis testosterone	made in ovary testosterone	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	_
	a cross (🔀) in the	made in testis	made in ovary	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	_
A	a cross (🔀) in the	made in testis testosterone	made in ovary testosterone	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	-
A B	a cross (X) in the	made in testis testosterone progesterone	testosterone oestrogen	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put	-
A B C	a cross (X) in the	made in testis testosterone progesterone oestrogen	testosterone oestrogen testosterone	ade. Which row is	s correct? Put (1)	
A B C	a cross (X) in the	made in testis testosterone progesterone oestrogen testosterone scribes the growth of pism pism propism	testosterone oestrogen testosterone		(1)	

3

Turn over

(g) The diagram shows a pyramid of numbers.

A
B
C
D

Which level of the pyramid represents tertiary consumers? Put a cross (
) in the correct box.

- \mathbf{A}
- B 🖂
- \mathbf{C}
- \mathbf{D}

(h) Which statement is correct? Put a cross (⋈) in the correct box.

- \mathbf{A} cells are found inside organelles
- C tissues are made from organs
- **D** cells are made from tissues

(1)

(1)

Leave blank



		Leave blank	
(i)	The table lists some organs.	Otalik	
	lung		
	leaf		
	placenta		
	flower		
	How many of the organs are used for gas exchange in humans? Put a cross (☒) in the correct box.		
A	one 🔲		
В	two 🖂		
C	three 🔲		
D	four (1)		
	The diagram shows a section of the human eye.		
	B		
	Which part is made from nerve cells? Put a cross (☒) in the correct box.		
A			
В			
C			
D	(1)	Q1	
	(Total 10 marks)		

Turn over

		mouth oesophagus trachea
(a) ((i)	Air passes into the trachea. Name two gases found in the air in the trachea. 1
		(2)
((ii)	Air passes from the trachea to the lungs.
		Choose two words from the box to complete the pathway below.
		alveolus bronchus mouth stomach
nose -	\rightarrow	trachea \rightarrow bronchiole \rightarrow (2)
(b) ((i)	Food passes into the oesophagus when it is swallowed. How is this food moved along the oesophagus?
((ii)	Name the part of the gut that food passes into from the oesophagus.
		(1)
		(Total 7 marks)

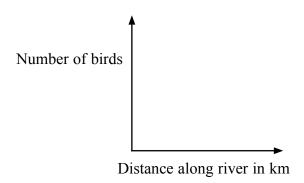
3.	Excretion is the removal of harmful substances from the cells of the body.	L b
	Five organs involved in excretion in humans are listed below.	
	bladder kidney liver lung skin	
	Complete the table by writing the name of the correct organ next to its function.	
	Function of organ Name of organ	
	Removes carbon dioxide from the body	
	Stores urine	
	Removes urea from blood	
	Releases sweat from the body	Ç
	(Total 4	~

4. A species of bird is known to feed on insects found in river water.

A study was made into the numbers of this bird seen at different locations along a particular river. The pH of the river water was also measured. The results are shown in the table.

Distance along river in km	Number of birds seen	pH of river water
5	2	6.0
15	8	7.0
25	10	7.2
35	14	7.6
45	16	8.0

(a) Draw a line on the graph below to show how the number of birds changes at different distances along the river.



(1)

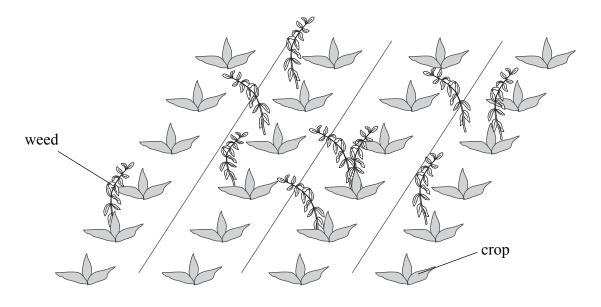
(2)

(b)	(i)	What is the relationship between the pH of the river water and the number of birds?
		(1)
	(ii)	The birds feed on insects that live in the river water. Use this information to suggest how pH affects the number of insects in the river water. Give a reason for your answer.

(c)	Pollution by acid rain can lead to changes in the pH of river water. Name one acidic gas responsible for causing acid rain pollution.		Le bl
		(1)	Q4
		(Total 5 marks)	

5. The diagram shows weeds growing among crops in a field.

Leave blank



A farmer was worried the weeds might reduce the yield of his crop by competing for light.

(2)
(2)



(c) To find out if weeds did reduce the yield of his crop, the farmer decided to test the effect of spraying parts of the crop with herbicide. A herbicide is a chemical that kills weeds.

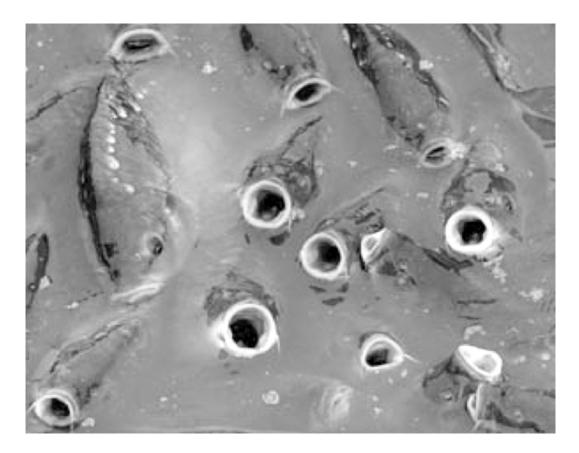
He divided his field into several plots of equal size. He sprayed half the plots with herbicide. The other plots were not sprayed with herbicide. He waited two weeks and then measured the yield of crop in the different plots.

The table shows the results.

Yield of crop in	tonnes per hectare
Plots sprayed with herbicide	Plots not sprayed with herbicide
0.31	0.09
0.27	0.10
0.33	0.11
0.33	0.07
0.31	0.08
Average yield per plot = ?	Average yield per plot = 0.09

(i) F	How many plots did the farmer use in total?
•	(1)
	Calculate the average yield from the plots sprayed with herbicide. Show your working.
	Answer tonnes per hectare
(iii) V	What conclusion did the farmer make when he looked at the results?
	(1)
	(Total 8 marks)

6. The photograph shows some fish in polluted water. The fish are gasping for air.



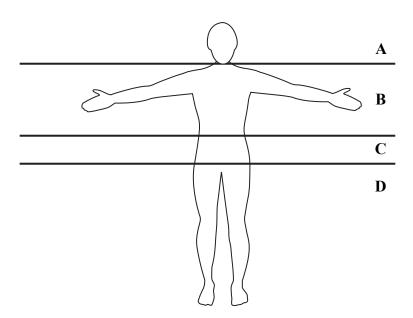
It was thought that the water had been polluted by sewage. Use this information to complete the passage below.

Sewage contains faeces and urine. The sewage is broken down by microorganisms
such as and
The number of these microorganisms and this reduces the
amount of gas in the water.
Microorganisms use this gas to help them release energy. Lack of this gas will cause
the fish to

Q6

(Total 5 marks)

7. Smoking cigarettes is known to cause cancer in many parts of the body. The diagram shows an outline of a human body marked into four sections A, B, C and D.



(a) Each of the body parts listed below can be harmed by cancer. Complete the table to show where the part can be found. The first one has been done for you.

Body part harmed by cancer	Section
Pancreas	В
Mouth	
Bladder	
Stomach	
Lung	
Testis	

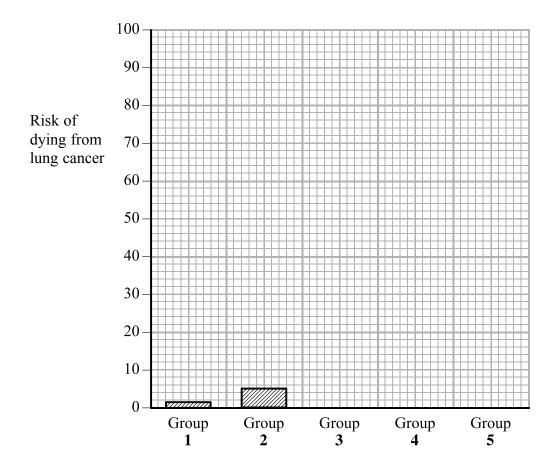
(5)

(b) Working with asbestos is also known to cause lung cancer. The table shows the risk of dying from lung cancer in five different groups of people. The higher the number the greater the risk.

Group	Risk of dying from lung cancer
1 non-smokers who do not work with asbestos	1
2 non-smokers who work with asbestos	5
3 light smokers who do not work with asbestos	10
4 light smokers who work with asbestos	52
5 heavy smokers who work with asbestos	88

Note: A 'light' smoker smokes fewer than 20 cigarettes a day. A 'heavy' smoker smokes more than 20 cigarettes a day.

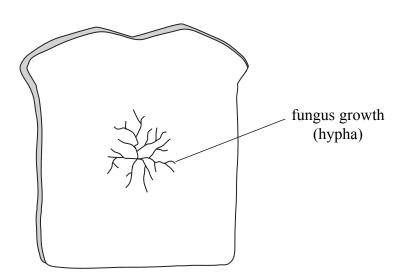
(i) Use the information from the table to complete the bar graph below. The bars for Group 1 and Group 2 have been done for you.



(2)

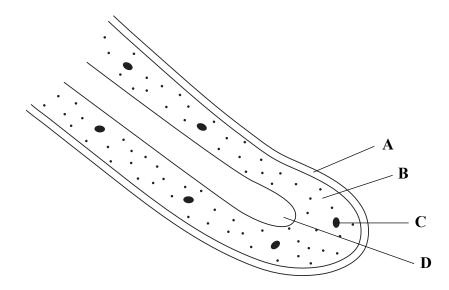
(ii)	Which group of people has the least risk of dying from lung cancer?
(iii)	How does working with asbestos affect the risk of a non-smoker dying from lung
	cancer?
(iv)	What information in the table supports the claim that smoking increases the risk of getting lung cancer?
	(1)
	(Total 11 marks)

8. The drawing shows a piece of bread. The bread is going mouldy because a fungus is growing and feeding on it. When the fungus grows it produces many threads (hyphae) that spread over the bread.



The hyphae secrete enzymes that digest the bread. The products from this digestion are then absorbed by the fungus.

(a) The diagram shows a magnified view of a single hypha from the fungus.



(i) Name the parts labelled A, B, C and D.

A	 •••••	 	•••••
В	 	 	
C	 	 	
D	 	 	
			(4)

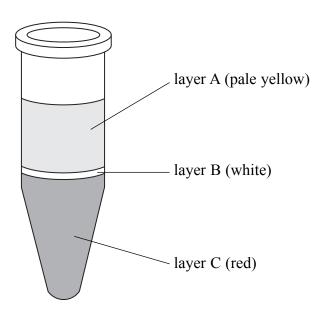
(ii)	Complete the table to 1	name the	type	of enzyme	secreted	by the	fungus	and	the
	products of digestion.								

Name of enzyme secreted by fungus	Product of digestion
	maltose
protease	
	fatty acids and glycerol

	fatty acids and glycerol
	(3)
(b)	The passage below describes the part played by fungi in the carbon cycle. Complete the passage by choosing a suitable word or words to write on the dotted lines.
	Many fungi are decomposers and play an important part in the carbon cycle.
	Decomposition is the
	of dead organisms, or other organic material, such as bread. The process releases
	inorganic mineral ions, such as,
	into the soil. Decomposition also releases a gas called
	into the air. This gas is
	produced by a process called,
	which releases the energy that fungi need to grow. The same gas is taken
	out of the air by plants and used in a process called
	to make food. (5)
	(Total 12 marks)

(1)

9. A sample of blood was taken from a healthy adult. The blood was placed in a tube in a machine called a centrifuge. A centrifuge spins the tube around very fast and after a time the blood separates into different layers. When the tube of blood was taken out of the centrifuge it looked like this.



(a) (i	(i)	Name the pale yellow liquid found in layer A.					
		(1	l)				
	(ii)	Give one function of this liquid.					

	infection.
	(i) Name the cells in layer B.
	(1)
	(ii) Describe how these cells protect the body from infection.
	(2)
(c)	Name the cells found in layer C.
	(1)
(J)	Explain why a person who loses a lot of blood quickly could die.
(u)	Explain why a person who loses a lot of blood quickly could die.
	(2)
	(Total 8 marks)

			bung
		substa that absor oxyge	bs
			bean seed
		C	D
A	В	C	D
otton wool vith water 10 °C	Dry cotton wool 10 °C	Cotton wool with water 10 °C	Cotton wool with water 1 °C
otton wool with water 10 °C (a) In whice Tube	Dry cotton wool	Cotton wool with water 10 °C ne bean seed to germina	Cotton wool with water 1°C ate? Explain your answer.
otton wool with water 10 °C (a) In whic Tube	Dry cotton wool 10 °C h tube would you expect the	Cotton wool with water 10 °C ne bean seed to germina	Cotton wool with water 1°C ate? Explain your answer.
otton wool vith water 10 °C (a) In whic Tube	Dry cotton wool 10 °C h tube would you expect the	Cotton wool with water 10 °C ne bean seed to germina	Cotton wool with water 1°C ate? Explain your answer.

	bean seeds, the food store contains an insoluble carbohydrate. e seedling uses the food store for growth.	
(i)	Name the large insoluble carbohydrate molecule found in the food store.	
		(1)
(ii)	Explain how the seedling uses this carbohydrate as it grows.	
		(2)
	(Total 7 ma	arks)

44	1 G			Leave blank
	plant	ts.	r noticed that small insects called aphids were feeding on the leaves of his tomato. The farmer knew that ladybirds eat aphids, so he released lots of ladybirds onto to plants.	
	(a) ((i)	Use this information to draw a food chain in the space below.	
			(2)	
	((ii)	Suggest how the aphids would affect the yield of tomatoes.	
			(2)	
	((iii)	The farmer released ladybirds to reduce the number of aphids.	
	`	()	What name is given to this method of reducing the numbers of an insect pest?	
			(1)	
			farmer could also use pesticides to reduce the numbers of an insect pest.	
]	Des	cribe the disadvantages of using pesticides compared to using ladybirds.	
		•••••		
		•••••		
		•••••	(3)	Q11
			(Total 8 marks)	

12. The photograph shows a dog called Snuppy. Snuppy was the first dog to be produced by cloning. He was cloned using cells from the skin of his father.	Leave blank
Snuppy's father ————————————————————————————————————	
Describe the stages that might have been used to produce Snuppy.	
	Q12
(Total 5 marks)	

Leave	
blank	

(a)	Explain what is meant by the term homozygous i	recessive.
, ,		
		(2)
(b)	Dick and Janet married and had children. Genetic homozygous recessive for this condition but Janet In the space below draw a genetic diagram to a gametes, and the genotypes and phenotypes of the	t was heterozygous. show their genotypes, the possible
	Dick	Janet
Genotyj	pe	
Samete	s	
Jannete	S.	
Genoty	pes of children	
henots	pes of children	
пспоту	pes of emidien	(4)

(i) Name the two main parts of the central nervous system. 1	1	(i)	
2	2	(-)	Name the two main parts of the central nervous system.
(ii) Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the central nervous system. (2) (3) (1) (2) (2) (1) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (1) (2) (2	(ii) Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the central nervous system. (2) (iii) Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the central nervous system. (2) (2) (Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS		1
(ii) Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the central nervous system. (2) (Total 10 marks)	(ii) Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the central nervous system. (2) (Total 10 marks)		
(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	(ii)	Describe how information from receptors in the nervous system is passed to the
(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS		
(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	(Total 10 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS		
TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS		(2)
END	END		
			END

