

Mark Scheme (Results) Summer 2008

GCE

IGCSE Accounting (4305)



Question Number	Answer	Mark
1(a)	A	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(b)	С	(1)
0 1	_ ^	
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		(4)
1(c)	D	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number	Allowei	IVIdi K
1(d)	В	(1)
I (u)	l D	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(e)	D	(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(f)	С	(1)
0	A	NAl
Question	Answer	Mark
Number	C	(1)
1(g)	[[(1)
Question	Answer	Mark
Number	Allower	Wark
1(h)	D	(1)
	<u> - </u>	1 (· /
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(i)	D	(1)
		1
Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
1(j)	A	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(a)		(4)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(b)		(2)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(c)		(14)
Question Number	Answer	Mark
2(d)(i)		(1)

General (Main) Ledger

Purchases Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 1	Balance b/f	80000 ✔			
Apr 30	Sundry Creditors ✓	12400 ✔			

Purchases Returns Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
			Apr 1	Balance b/f	2000 ✔
			Apr 30	Sundry Creditors ✓	250 ✔

Purchase Ledger Control Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 30	Purchase Returns ✓	275 ✔	Apr 1	Balance b/f	30000 ✓
Apr 5	Bank (Cash Book) ✓	4000 ✔	Apr 30	Purchases ✓	13640 ✓

VAT Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 30	Sundry Creditors ✓	1240 ~	Apr 1	Balance b/f	5000 ✔
Apr 10	Bank (Cash	15 ✔	Apr 30	Sundry Creditors ✓	25 ✔
	Book) ✓				
Apr 30	Balance c/d	3990 √ C	Apr 30	Bank (Cash	220 ✔
				Book) ✓	
		<u>5245</u>			<u>5245</u>
			May 1	Balance b/d	3990 ✓ O/F

Rent Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 1	Balance b/f	3000 ✔			
Apr 2	Bank (Cash Book)	250 ✔			

Stationery Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 1	Balance b/f	2000 ✔			
Apr 10	Bank (Cash Book)	150 ✔			

Bank Loan Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 22	Bank (Cash Book)	250 ✔	Apr 1	Balance b/f	10000 ✓

+ 1 x • for correct opening narratives

+ Creditors (Purchases) Ledger

Allen & Co Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 10	Purchase Returns	220 ✔	Apr 1	Balance b/f	4000 ✔
Apr 5	Bank (Cash Book)	4000 ✔	Apr 10	Purchases	1100 ✓
			Apr 23	Purchases	2200 ✔

H Ball Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
			Apr 1	Balance b/f	8000 ✔
			Apr 17	Purchases	3300 ✔

R Charles Ltd Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
Apr 12	Purchase Returns	55 ~	Apr 1	Balance b/f	6000 ✔
			Apr 12	Purchases	440 ✔

B Davies Account

Date	Narration	£	Date	Narration	£
			Apr 1	Balance b/f	12000 ✓
			Apr 28	Purchases	6600 ✔

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(d)(ii)	Mihai Shah owes 🕶 the government 🕶	(3)
	£3990 🗸 🗸	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
2(d)(iii)	The figure would be shown as a current	(1)
	liability ✓ ✓	

8 x 🕶 = 4 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(a)		(12)

Sanjoy Patel Profit and Loss Account For Year Ended 30 April 2008

	£	£	£
Gross Profit			185652 ✓
Bad Debt Recovered			1250 ✔
Profit on Disposal			500 ✔
			187402
Running Expenses			
Wages (77000 + 7000)		84000 🗸 🗸	
Rent & Rates		10974 ✔	
Postage and Telephone		2798 ✔	
Advertising		1782 ✔	
Sundry Expenses (13950 - 1500)		12450 🗸 🗸	
Loan Interest (1250 + 250)		1500 🗸 🗸	
Bad Debts		250 ✔	
Provision for Doubtful Debts		28 🗸 🗸	
Depreciation - Motor Vehicles		3750 ✓ ✓	
Fixtures and		10000 🗸 🗸	
Fittings			
			127532 ✓ O/F
Net Profit ✓			59870 ✓ O/F

24 x = 12 marks

Question Number	Answer	Mark
3(b)		(13)

Sanjoy Patel Balance Sheet As at 30 April 2008

Fixed Assets	£	£	£
Motor Vehicles	20000 ✔	8750 ✓ ✓ O/F	11250 ✔
Fixtures and Fittings	50000 ✓	35000 ✓ ✓ O/F	15000 ✓
	70000	43750	26250
Current Assets			
Stock	17480 ✔		
Debtors (4260 - 213)	4047 ✓ ✓		
Cash at Bank	19302 ✔		
Cash in Hand (1124 +1250)	2374 🗸 🗸		
		43203	
Current Liabilities			
Creditors	17492 ✔		
Wages and Salaries Accrued	7000 ✓ O/F		
Loan Interest Owing	250 ✓ O/F		
		24742	
Working Capital ✓			18461 ✓ O/F
			44711
Long Term Liabilities			
Bank Loan			15000 ✓
			<u>29711</u>
Financed by:			
Capital		28224 ✔	
Net Profit		59870 ✓ O/F	
		88094	
Drawings (56883 + 1500)		58383 🗸 🗸	
Owner's Capital			<u>29711</u> ∨ 0/F

^{+ ✓} for all 4 headings - ie FA,CA, CL + LTL ✓ = 13 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(a)	A cheque that has been refused payment by the debtors bank due to insufficient funds in the debtors account.	(2)
	4 x	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(b)		(3)

Date	Narrative	£	Date	Narrative	£
Apr 1	Balance b/d	8000	Apr 2	F Bashir (10123)	1200
Apr 7	Sales Banked	800	Apr 8	M Tyler (10124)	1300
Apr 13	Sales Banked	550	Apr 15	H Joshi (10125)	1250
Apr 20	Sales Banked	650	Apr 15	DD/ MTC	250 ✓
Apr 30	Sales Banked	750	Apr 20	DD/ Dir Ins.	80 ✓
Apr 22	CT - M Bell	1230 ✓	Apr 28	Bank Charges	120 ✓
			Apr 30	Dishonoured Ch	280 ✓
			Apr 30	Balance c/d	7500 ✓ O/F
		11980			<u>11980</u>
May 1	Balance b/d	7500			

6 x • = 3 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4(c)		(5)

Real Kitchen Suppliers Bank Reconciliation Statement As at 30 April 2008

	£	£
Balance as per cash book ✓		7500 ✓ O/F
Add: Unpresented Cheque - 10125		1250 ✔ ✔
		8750
Less: Outstanding Lodgement		750 ✔ ✔
Balance as per bank statement ✓		<u>8000</u> √ C

10 x **→** = 5 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)		(2)

Plant and Machinery Account

Date	Narrative	£	Date	Narrative	£
May 1	Balance b/f	500000 ✓	Dec 31	Asset Disposal ✓	200000 ✔
			Apr 30	Balance c/d	300000
		500000			500000
May 1	Balance b/d	300000 ₹ O/F			

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(b)		(2)

Motor Vehicles Account

Date	Narrative	£	Date	Narrative	£
May 1	Balance b/f	200000 ✓	Apr 30	Balance c/d	300000
Feb 1	Bank ✓	100000 ✓			
		300000			300000
May 1	Balance b/d	300000 ✓ O/F			

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(c)		(3)

Provision for Depreciation - (Plant and Machinery)

Date	Narrative	£	Date	Narrative	£
Dec 31	Asset Disposal ✓	150000 ✓	May 1	Balance b/f	200000 ✓
Apr 30	Balance c/d	80000	Apr 30	Profit & Loss ✓	30000 ✓
		230000			230000
			May 1	Balance b/d	80000 ✓ O/F

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(d)		(3)

Disposal of Machinery

Date	Narrative	£	Date	Narrative	£
Dec 31	Plant &	200000 ✓	Dec 31	Provision for	150000 ✓
	Machinery			Dep	
			Dec 31	Bank	40000 ✓
			Apr 30	Profit & Loss ✓	10000 ✓ ✓ O/F
		200000			200000

6 x = 3 marks

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(e)(i)	Concept 1: Consistency ✓	(1)
	Concept 2: Accruals ✓	
	2 x	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(e)(ii)	Award	(5)
	Up to <pre>Up to <pre>V </pre> <pre>for application of consistency concept</pre> Up to <pre>V </pre> <pre>V </pre> for application of accruals concept</pre>	
	Example Answer	
	In applying the consistency concept the business which decides to make a provision for depreciation on plant and machinery at 10 per cent per annum, using the straight line method should continue to use that percentage and method for future final accounts \checkmark for this class of asset \checkmark . By applying the consistency concept direct \checkmark comparison between the final accounts of different years can be made. \checkmark (max 5 \checkmark)	
	In applying the accruals concept the benefit which a fixed asset provides over its economic life is matched \checkmark with the depreciation \checkmark for the same period. Therefore the cost \checkmark of the fixed asset is spread over the useful life \checkmark of the asset. (max $5 \checkmark$)	
	10 x = 5 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a)	Formula: Net Profit ✓ ÷ Sales ✓ x 100 Net Profit Margin for year ended 28 February 2007	(3)
	16000 ✓ ÷ 35000 ✓ x 100 = 46% Net Profit Margin for year ended 28 February 2008 26000 ✓ ÷ 52000 ✓ x 100 = 50%	
	6 x ✓ = 3 marks	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(b)	Formula Gross Profit ✓ ÷ Cost of Sales ✓ x 100	(3)
	Mark up for year ended 28 February 2007 21600 ✓ ÷ 13400 ✓ x 100 = 161%	
	Mark up for year ended 28 February 2008 35500 ✓ ÷ 16500 ✓ x 100 = 215%	
	6 x ✓ - 3 marks	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number	Formula Cost of Coods Cold V . Average Stock V	(2)
6(c)	Formula Cost of Goods Sold * ÷ Average Stock *	(3)
	Rate of Stock Turnover for year ended 28 February 2007	
	13400 ✓ ÷ 3450 ✓ = 4 times	
	Rate of Stock Turnover for year ended 28 February 2008	
	16500 ✓ ÷ 5500 ✓ = 3 times	
	6 x = 3 marks	

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(d)	Award	(5)
	3 x ✓ ✓ ✓ for an evaluation of each ratio -(✓ for comment ✓ for figure and ✓ for development point) 1 x ✓ for a relevant conclusion	
	Example answer	
	Over the past two years the net profit margin has increased from 46% to 50%. This indicates that the business is able to control its overheads/expenses better.	
	The mark up has also increased ✓ from 161% to 215% ✓ indicating that a larger profit percentage is being added to the cost price of the goods ✓.	
	The rate of stock turnover has however declined from 4 times to 3 times indicating that stock is being held on average for a longer time before it is sold.	
	Overall although the profitability of the business has improved over the two years the business is taking longer to sell their stock	
	All above marks are OF, if comments are consistent with answers to (a) (b) and (c).	
	10 x = 5 marks	