Surname	Other no	ames
Edexcel GCSE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
History A (The Unit 1: Peace and V		
1900-91		ŕ
1900–91 Tuesday 17 January 2012 Time: 1 hour 15 minutes		Paper Reference 5HA01/01

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer three sections.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



There are SIX sections in this question paper. You must choose THREE sections from the six.

In EACH section answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

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If you answer Section 1 put a cross in this box \square .

SECTION 1 Why did war break out? International rivalry, 1900–14

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows soldiers fighting during the Second Balkan War, 1913.



Question 1

Allower Fart (a).	
(a) Describe one reason why the Second Balkan War broke out in 1913.	(2)

Answer EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii).					
EITHER					
(b) (i)	Briefly explain the key Germany in the years		e imperial rivalı	ry between Brit	ain and
OR					(0)
(b) (ii)	Briefly explain the key	y features of the	e First Balkan W	/ar, 1912.	(6)
	licate which question ge your mind, put a li	ne through the			
Chosen Q	uestion Number:	Part (b)(i)	\boxtimes	Part (b)(ii)	\boxtimes





Answer Part (c).			
(c) Explain why events after the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand on 28 June 1914 led to war in Europe.	(12)		
	(12)		







(Total for Section 1 = 20 marks)



If you answer Section 2 put a cross in this box $\ \square$.

SECTION 2 The peace settlement, 1918–28

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows delegates at the Treaty of Trianon, 1920.



Question 2

7.11.511-61.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.1	
(a) Describe one decision which was made about Hungary at the Treaty of Trianon, 1920.	(2)
	(=)

Answer EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii).						
EITHER						
(b) (i)	Briefly explain the key and France in 1923.	r features of the	worsening rel	lations betwee	n Germany	
OR					(6)	
	Briefly explain the key	r features of the	e Kellogg-Brian	d Pact, 1928.	(6)	
	icate which question y ge your mind, put a li	ne through the				1
Chosen Q	uestion Number:	Part (b)(i)		Part (b)(ii)	×	
						••••••
						•••••
						••••••
						•••••
						•••••
						•••••
						••••••
						••••••





Ar	nswer Part (c).			
	(c) Explain why the aims of Britain, France and the USA differed at the Paris Peace Conference, 1919.			
		(12)		







(Total for Section 2 = 20 marks)

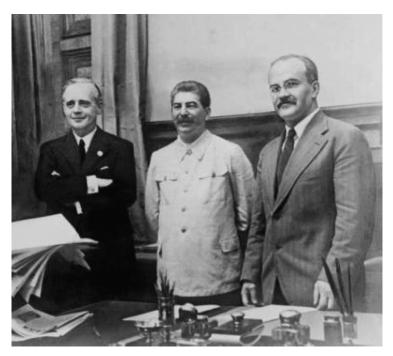


If you answer Section 3 put a cross in this box \square .

SECTION 3 Why did war break out? International relations, 1929–39

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows German and Soviet leaders at the signing of the Nazi-Soviet Pact, August 1939.



©Getty Images Inc

Question 3

Answer I	Part (a).
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Allswei Fait (a).	
(a) Describe one reason why Hitler made the Nazi-Soviet Pact in 1939.	(2)

Answer El	Answer EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii).					
EITHER						
(b) (i)	Briefly explain the key fe the Manchurian Crisis, 19		failure of the L	eague of Natio	ns to solve (6)	
OR						
(b) (ii)	Briefly explain the key fe	atures of Ger	man rearmame	ent in the years	1935–36. (6)	
	cate which question you ge your mind, put a line	through the				
Chosen Qu	estion Number:	Part (b)(i)	\boxtimes	Part (b)(ii)		





Answer Part (c).	
(c) Explain why there was a crisis over the Sudetenland in 1938.	(12)







(Total for Section 3 = 20 marks)



If you answer Section 4 put a cross in this box \square .

SECTION 4 How did the Cold War develop? 1943–56

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows President Truman and his advisers discussing the Marshall Plan.



Question 4

(a) Describe one reason why the Marshall Plan was drawn up in 1947.	(2)

Answer EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii).						
EITHER						
(b) (i)	Briefly explain the ke	y features of the	Teheran Con	ference, 1943.	(6)	
OR					(0)	
(b) (ii)	Briefly explain the ke	y features of Sov	viet rule over l	Hungary in the year	S	
					(6)	
	icate which question ge your mind, put a l	ine through the				
Chosen Qu	uestion Number:	Part (b)(i)	\boxtimes	Part (b)(ii)		
•••••						







Answer Part (c).	
(c) Explain why relations between the USA and USSR changed in the years 1948–5	
	(12)







(Total for Section 4 = 20 marks)

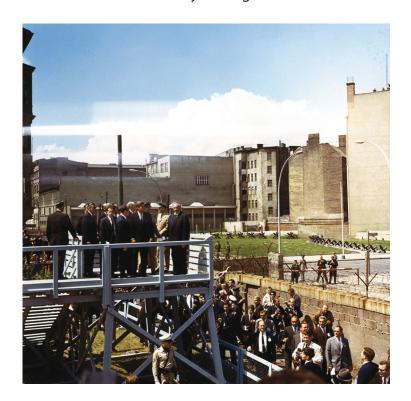


If you answer Section 5 put a cross in this box \square .

SECTION 5 Three Cold War crises: Berlin, Cuba and Czechoslovakia, c1957–69

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows President Kennedy visiting the Berlin Wall in 1963.



Question 5

(a) Describe one reason why President Kennedy visited West Berlin in 1963.	(2)

Answer El	ITHER Part (b)(i) OR P	art (b)(ii).				
EITHER						
(b) (i)	(b) (i) Briefly explain the impact of the building of the Berlin Wall in the years 1961–63.					
OR					(6)	
	Briefly explain the ke	y features of the	e Prague Sp	oring reforms, 1968	. (6)	
	icate which question ge your mind, put a li	ine through the				
Chosen Qı	uestion Number:	Part (b)(i)	\boxtimes	Part (b)(ii)	\boxtimes	







Answer Part (c).	
(c) Explain why relations between Cuba and the USA worsened in the years 1959-	·61. (12)







(Total for Section 5 = 20 marks)



If you answer Section 6 put a cross in this box \square .

SECTION 6 Why did the Cold War end? The invasion of Afghanistan (1979) to the collapse of the Soviet Union (1991)

Answer Part (a), EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii) AND then Part (c).

The photograph below shows the signing of the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT), 1972.



Question 6

Ans	swer	Pai	rt ((a)	١.

Answer Fart (a).					
(a) Describe one decision made about nuclear weapons in the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty (SALT), 1972.					
	(2)				

Answer EITHER Part (b)(i) OR Part (b)(ii).							
EITHER							
(b) (i)	(b) (i) Briefly explain the key features of the changing attitudes of Reagan and Gorbachev at the summit conferences in the years 1985–87.						
OR							
(b) (ii)	Briefly explain the key f	eatures of the	e fall of the Ber	lin Wall, 1989.	(6)		
Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross \boxtimes in the box. If you change your mind, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then indicate your new question with a cross \boxtimes .							
Chosen Qu	uestion Number:	Part (b)(i)	\boxtimes	Part (b)(ii)	\boxtimes		







Answer Part (c).	
(c) Explain why détente collapsed in the years 1979–84.	
	(12)







(Total for Section 6 = 20 marks)
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 60 MARKS









