Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - *there may be more space than you need.*

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an **asterisk** (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.
  - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
Study the sources in the Sources Booklet.

Answer ALL questions.

For Questions 1–7, choose an answer A, B, C or D and put a cross in the box ✗. Mark only one answer for each question. If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box ❌ and then mark your new answer with a cross ✗.

1. Discrimination (Source A) is a form of

   - [ ] A education
   - [ ] B prejudice
   - [ ] C experience
   - [ ] D inheritance

2. Which of the following phrases from the first sentence of Source B contains opinion only?

   - [ ] A Prince’s Trust Young Achiever, Nathan James
   - [ ] B who won a Pride of Britain Award
   - [ ] C in 2010
   - [ ] D has turned his life around

3. According to Source C, the countries which view elections and democracy in similar ways are

   - [ ] A UK and China
   - [ ] B UK and USA
   - [ ] C USA and China
   - [ ] D USA and Burma

4. Patriotism (Source D) is best described as a love of

   - [ ] A one’s country
   - [ ] B one’s family
   - [ ] C all human beings
   - [ ] D military service
5 The ‘Big Society’, mentioned in Source E, involves allowing

- A each individual MP to make all the decisions concerning their area
- B government to take over most of the powers of local councils
- C local people to take over all the local businesses in the area
- D local people to have a much bigger say over what happens in their area

6 According to Source E, Rory Stewart is a

- A minister for the Eden Valley
- B Cumbrian fellrunner
- C Member of Parliament
- D resident of Crosby Ravensworth

7 A statement contains bias if it

- A presents both sides of an argument
- B is untruthful
- C states only one side of an argument
- D includes statistics

(Total for Questions 1–7 = 7 marks)
8 Identify and describe one ethical reason why the growing gap between Britain’s richest and poorest (Source A) is socially unacceptable.

Identify

Describe

(Total for Question 8 = 2 marks)

9 Using Source A and your own knowledge, state three ways in which Britain could become a more equal society.

1

2

3

(Total for Question 9 = 3 marks)
10 (a) Give one reason why Nathan James may be regarded as a role model, as suggested in Source B. 

(b) By whom may Nathan James be regarded as a role model, as suggested in Source B? 

(Total for Question 10 = 2 marks)

11 State three ways in which the Prince’s Trust and Pride of Britain Awards, mentioned in Source B, contribute to Citizenship. 

1

2

3

(Total for Question 11 = 3 marks)
12 Using Source C and your own knowledge, outline the similarities and differences between elections in the United Kingdom and Burma.

(Total for Question 12 = 6 marks)
13 (a) Using evidence from Source D and your own knowledge, identify two reasons why Prince William is not allowed to fight in Afghanistan. (2)

1

2

(b) Using your own knowledge, state two ways in which British people show respect towards the bravery of men and women in the armed forces. (2)

1

2

(Total for Question 13 = 4 marks)
14 The ‘Big Society’ involves volunteering and organising local services by local people.

Using evidence from Source E and your own knowledge, do you agree that the ‘Big Society’ is a good idea?

Give reasons for your opinion, showing that you have considered an alternative point of view. (8)

(Total for Question 14 = 8 marks)
*15 ‘The UK is a genuinely multicultural society which welcomes diversity and newcomers.’

Do you agree with this view?

Give reasons for your opinion, showing you have considered another point of view.

(15)

You could consider the following points in your answer and other information of your own:

- What are the main features of a multicultural society?
- Do groups share their culture with others in the UK or keep their lifestyles separate?
- Do factors such as food, religion, music, language and dress bring people together or keep them apart?
- On what grounds might it be said that some people and groups do not welcome diversity and newcomers in the UK?
(Total for Question 15 = 15 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER = 50 MARKS
Study the following sources and answer the questions in the question paper.

**Source A: Unequal Britain**

Britain's richest 10% of people have 100 times more wealth than the poorest 10% and the gap is getting wider.

- This may be due to inherited wealth, social contacts or discrimination against certain groups.
- Despite the Equal Pay Act and the work of the Commission for Equality and Human Rights, women's average hourly pay is still 21% less than men's.

(Source: adapted from *The Guardian*, 27 January 2010)

**Source B: Nathan James receives his Pride of Britain 2010 Award**

Prince's Trust Young Achiever, Nathan James, who won a Pride of Britain Award in 2010, has turned his life around. He had once been in prison for armed robbery, but has now become a role model to help others.

- He now works on a Just4Youth charity project.
- Nathan has since inspired youths out of the cycle of unemployment and crime.
- The Prince's Trust, established by the Prince of Wales, aims to help young people develop careers and, like the Pride of Britain Awards, celebrates their success when they show great loyalty, talent, skill or bravery.

(Source: adapted from www.mirror.co.uk)

**Source C: China praises much-criticised Burma election**

China's one-party government has congratulated the generals in Burma for holding an election. But the UK Prime Minister David Cameron said the election was a sham.

- US President Barack Obama said 'It is unacceptable to steal an election, as the generals in Burma have done again.'
- The generals' party won about 80% of the seats in the election – but restrictions were placed on opposition parties.
- Nobel Peace Prize winner Aung San Suu Kyi (pictured), didn’t vote since her own party was not allowed to contest the election.
- She won the country's previous election in 1990 but was never allowed to take power, spending most of the past twenty years in detention.

(Sources: adapted from www.rnw.nl and www.mysinchew.com)
**Source D: Prince William goes to Afghan front line to lay wreath for heroes**

- Prince William salutes fallen heroes at a remembrance service in Afghanistan.
- The prince placed a wreath in tribute to ‘all who have made the ultimate sacrifice for our country’, giving a whole new meaning to respect and patriotism.
- He is not allowed to fight on the front line in case he puts fellow soldiers in danger.

(Source: adapted from www.mirror.co.uk)

**Source E: The Big Society begins here**

The Eden Valley in Cumbria was one of the first ‘Big Society Communities’ announced by David Cameron. Local MP, Rory Stewart, supports the Big Society ideas of volunteering and setting communities free to do things for themselves. In one weekend alone he:

- met a group of mothers who had built a playground
- met the local volunteers who run the Fellrunner bus service (pictured).

Villagers such as those at Crosby Ravensworth (pictured in front of the pub they hope to save) are now being helped by civil servants to cut through all the rules and regulations so they can run projects such as:

- delivering broadband to local communities
- generating electricity for their community
- recruiting volunteers to keep local museums or libraries open for longer.

Funds in forgotten bank accounts will provide finance for groups and charities carrying out Big Society projects.

(Sources: adapted from the Eden Valley Messenger, 20 July 2010)