Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2022

Pearson Edexcel Level 1 Award In Number and Measure (ANM10)
Paper 1B

## Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.edexcel.com or www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

## Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2022
Question Paper Log Number P66323A
Publications Code ANM10_1B_2206_MS
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2022

## NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

## 1 Types of mark

M marks: method marks
A marks: accuracy marks
$B$ marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
2 Abbreviations
cao - correct answer only

```
ft - follow through
SC: special case
dep - dependent
```

isw - ignore subsequent working
oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
indep - independent

## 3 No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.
4 With working
If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.
Any case of suspected misread loses $A$ (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks. Discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

## 5 Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.
Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

6 Ignoring subsequent work
It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: e.g. incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect e.g. algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

7 Parts of questions
Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.
8 Use of ranges for answers
If an answer is within a range this is inclusive, unless otherwise stated.

| PAPER: ANM10_1B |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 1 | (a) |  | A line 5 cm long | 1 | B1 use overlay |
|  | (b) |  | 65 | 1 | B1 allow 63-67 |
| 2 | (a) |  | 6 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 2500 | 1 | B1 cao |
| 3 | (a) |  | $\begin{gathered} 9 \%, 16 \%, 32 \%, \\ 81 \%, 84 \% \end{gathered}$ | 1 | B1 \% may or may not be present |
|  | (b) |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.07,0.1,0.16, \\ 0.2,0.27 \end{gathered}$ | 1 | B1 0.07, 0.1(0), 0.16, 0.2(0), 0.27 |
|  | (c) |  | $\begin{gathered} 83 \mathrm{p} £ 4.23,487 \mathrm{p}, \\ £ 5.84,732 \mathrm{p} \end{gathered}$ | 1 | B1 may be in $£$ or p or a mixture as long as meaning is clear. |
| 4 | (a) |  | metres | 1 | B1 for a metric unit of length e.g. metres or centimetres or an abbreviation for metres or centimetres but do not allow m |
|  | (b) |  | miles | 1 | B1 for an imperial unit of length |
| 5 | (a) |  | 970 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | 7 | 1 | B1 cao |


| PAPER: ANM10_1B |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| 6 | (a) |  | 150 pm | 2 | B2 for fully correct time that incorporates pm e.g. 150 pm or in 24 hour format e.g. 1350 or ten to two in the afternoon oe (B1 for 150 am or 150 or 1 xx pm or x 50 pm or 13 xx or xx 50 that is a time in the afternoon in 24 hour format eg 1450 oe) |
|  | (b) |  | 1650 | 2 | B2 for 1650 or 450 oe <br> (B1 for 16 xx or for 4 xx or for xx 50 or for 450 am oe) |
| 7 | (a) | $\begin{array}{r} 2358 \\ 161 \\ \quad 43 \\ \hline 2562 \\ \hline 11 \end{array}$ | 2562 | 2 | M1 for correctly putting numbers in columns (may be 2 separate sums) and adding all 3 numbers - may be indicated by a 2 in the units column and a carry of 1 into the tens column or for addition of all 3 numbers with one error only <br> A1 cao |
|  | (b) | $\begin{array}{r} 854 \\ \frac{6}{51324} \times \end{array}$8 5 4 $\times$  <br> 4 3 2 2 6 <br> 8 0 4 6  <br> 51 2 4  $\begin{aligned} & 6 \times 800=4800 \\ & 6 \times 50=300 \\ & 6 \times 4=\quad 24 \\ & \hline 6124 \end{aligned}+$ | 5124 | 2 | M1 for 24 with a 4 in the units column and a 2 carried to the tens column or a correct multiplication with one error only or correct multiplications for box method condoning one multiplication error <br> or adding 6 lots of 854 with one error only <br> A1cao |


| PAPER: ANM10_1B |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
|  | (c) | $\begin{gathered} 5.71 \\ -\frac{2.9}{2.81} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2.81 | 2 | M1 for correctly putting numbers in columns with 1 (from the 5.71) in hundredths column and with method to subtract the tenths - may be indicated by 8 in the tenths column or for crossing through of 5 and a 1 by the side of the 7 <br> A1 cao |
| 8 | (a) |  | $\frac{7}{15}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  | $\frac{9}{10}$ | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (c) |  | $\text { eg } \frac{10}{12}$ | 1 | Bloe eg $\frac{15}{18}, \frac{20}{24}, \frac{50}{60}$ etc |
|  | (d) |  | $\frac{8}{19}$ | 1 | $\text { B1 oe eg } \frac{152}{361}$ |
| 9 |  |  | B or $£ 160$ | 1 | B1 may be on answer line or indicated on list |


| PAPER: ANM10_1B |  | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Question |  | Working | 28 | 2 | M1 for $2 \times 9+2 \times 5$ oe or for adding two or three sides of the rectangle <br> eg for $9+5(=14)$ <br> A1 |
| 10 |  | -3 | 1 | B1 cao |  |
| 11 | (a) |  | -4 | 1 | B1 cao |
|  | (b) |  |  |  |  |

