

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel Award

Wednesday 8 May 2024

Morning (Time: 2 hours)

Paper
reference

AAL30/01

Algebra

Level 3

Calculator NOT allowed

You must have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres,
pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators are not allowed.**



Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

You must NOT use a calculator.

1 (a) Simplify $(w^{-4})^2$

.....
(1)

(b) Simplify $(64t^3)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

.....
(2)

(c) Simplify $\frac{x^2 - 4x + 4}{x^2 - 4}$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

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2 (a) Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $2k^2 - 9k + 5 = 0$
Give your answer in the form $\frac{m \pm \sqrt{n}}{p}$ where m, n and p are integers.

.....
(2)

(b) Solve $y^2 + y - 12 > 0$

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)



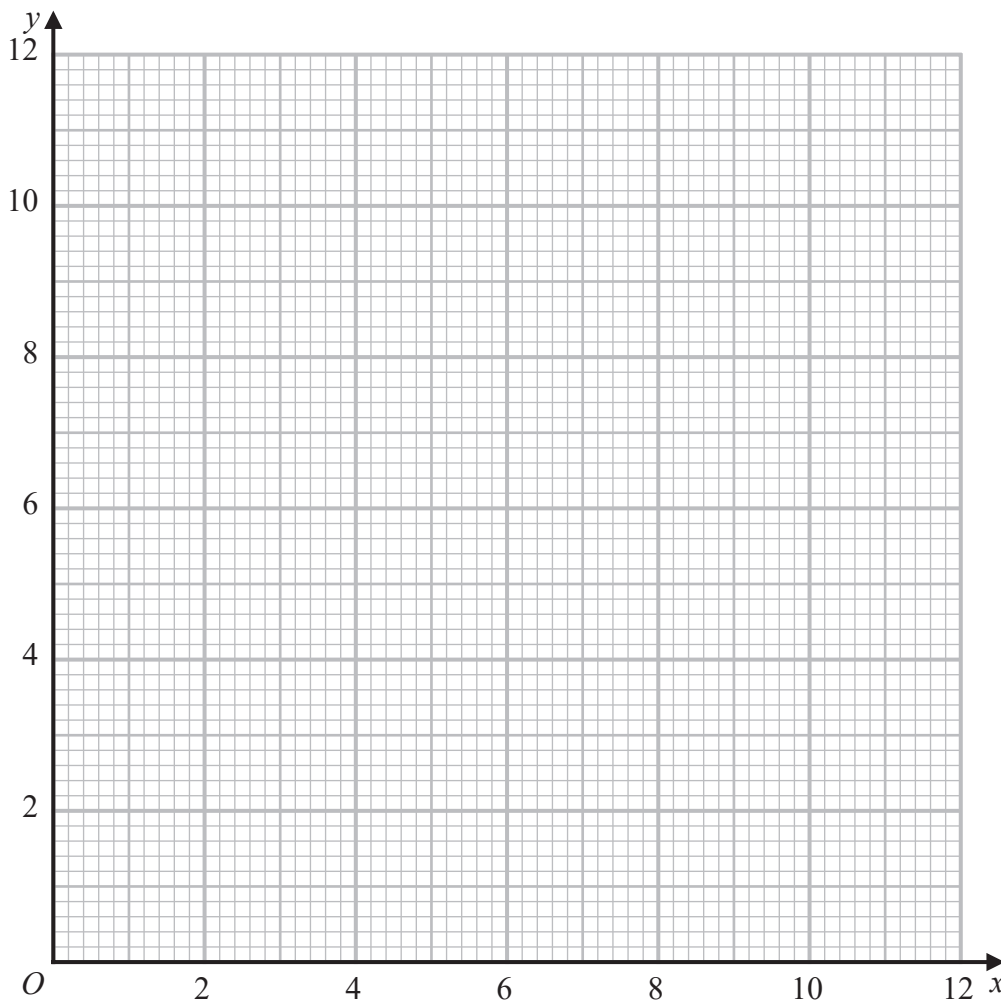
3 On the grid, shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities.

$$x > \frac{1}{2}y$$

$$x + 2y > 8$$

$$5x + 4y < 40$$

Label the region **R**



(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)



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4 (a) (i) Calculate the discriminant of the equation $2x^2 - 8x - 5 = 0$

.....
(2)

(ii) State what your answer to part (a)(i) tells you about the roots of the equation $2x^2 - 8x - 5 = 0$

(1)

(b) Find the sum and the product of the roots of the equation $2x^2 = 10x - 1$

sum =

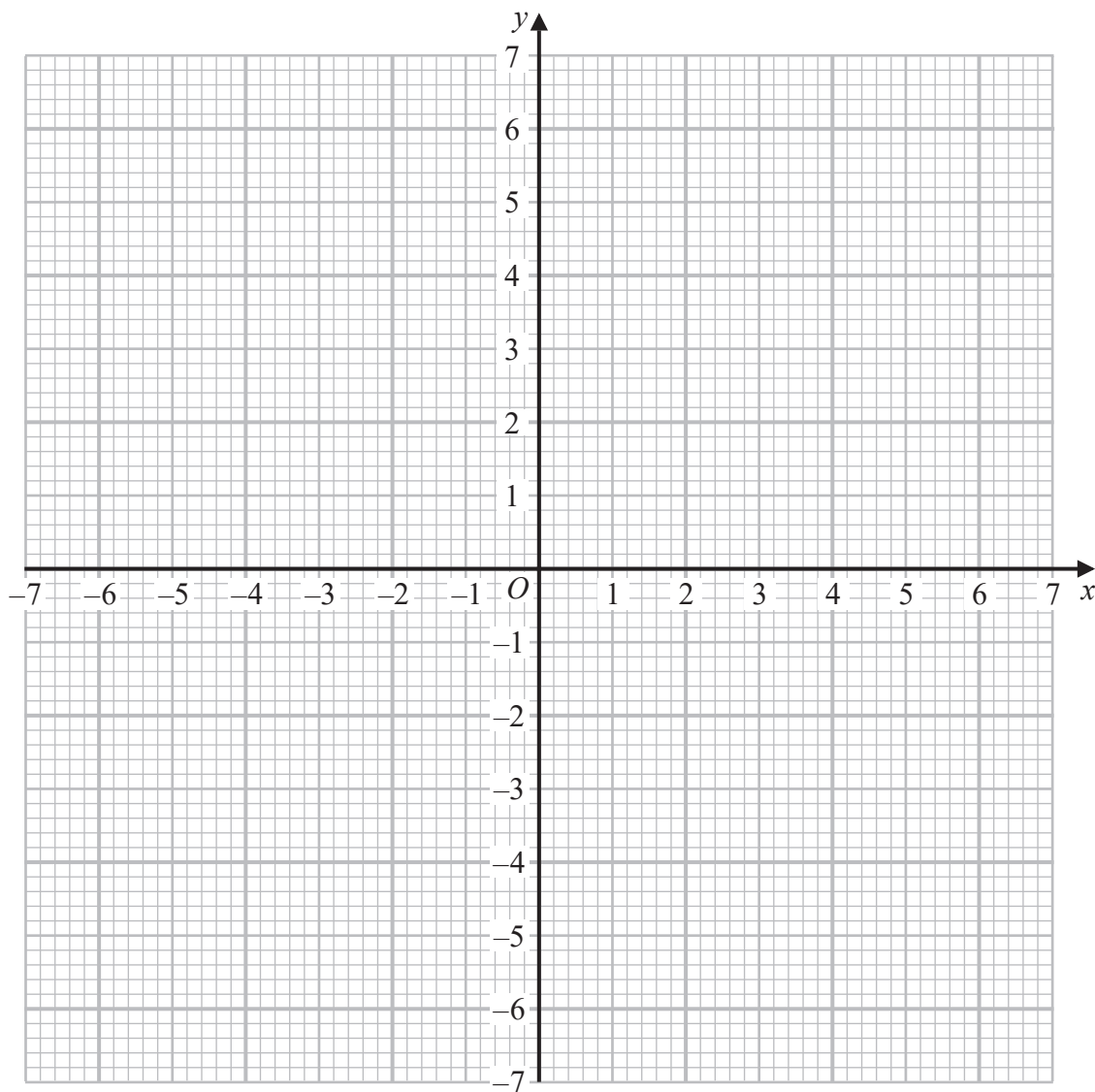
product =

(3)

(Total for Question 4 is 6 marks)



5 On the grid, construct the graph of $y^2 = 36 - x^2$



(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)



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6 (a) Factorise $6p^2n^2 + 9pn^4$

.....
(2)

(b) Factorise $4q^2 - 24q - 64$

.....
(2)

(c) Factorise $6 - 10d - 3m + 5dm$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 6 is 6 marks)



7 (a) Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{1}{2\sqrt{5}}$

Give your answer in the form $\frac{\sqrt{c}}{d}$ where c and d are integers.

.....
(2)

(b) Expand and simplify $(3 + \sqrt{3})(27 - \sqrt{27})$

Give your answer in the form $m(n + \sqrt{3})$ where m and n are integers.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 7 is 5 marks)



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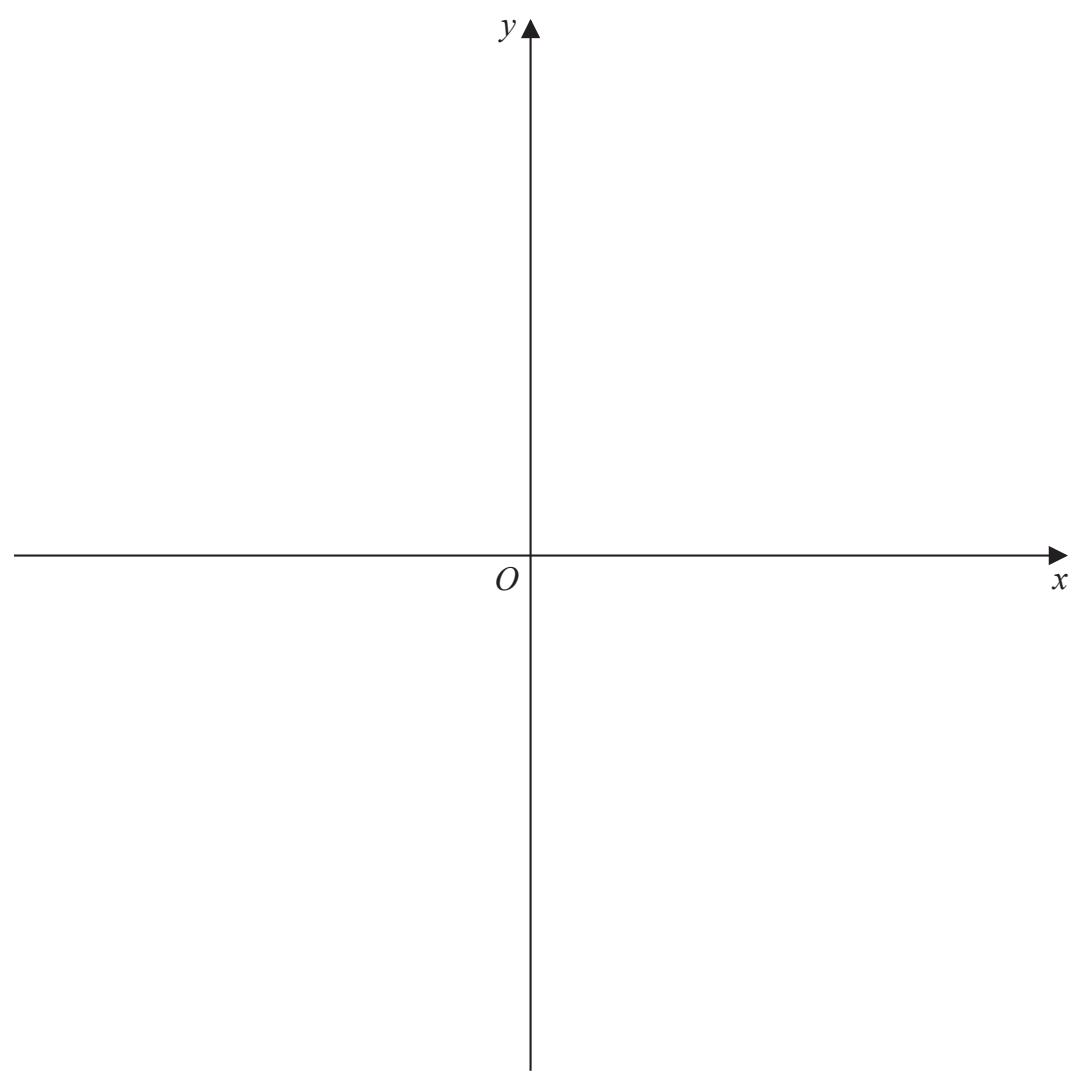
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8 (a) Write the expression $x^2 + 6x + 2$ in the form $(x + c)^2 + d$ where c and d are constants.

.....
(2)

(b) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 + 6x + 2$ showing the coordinates of any turning points and the coordinates of any points at which the graph intersects the y -axis.



(3)

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

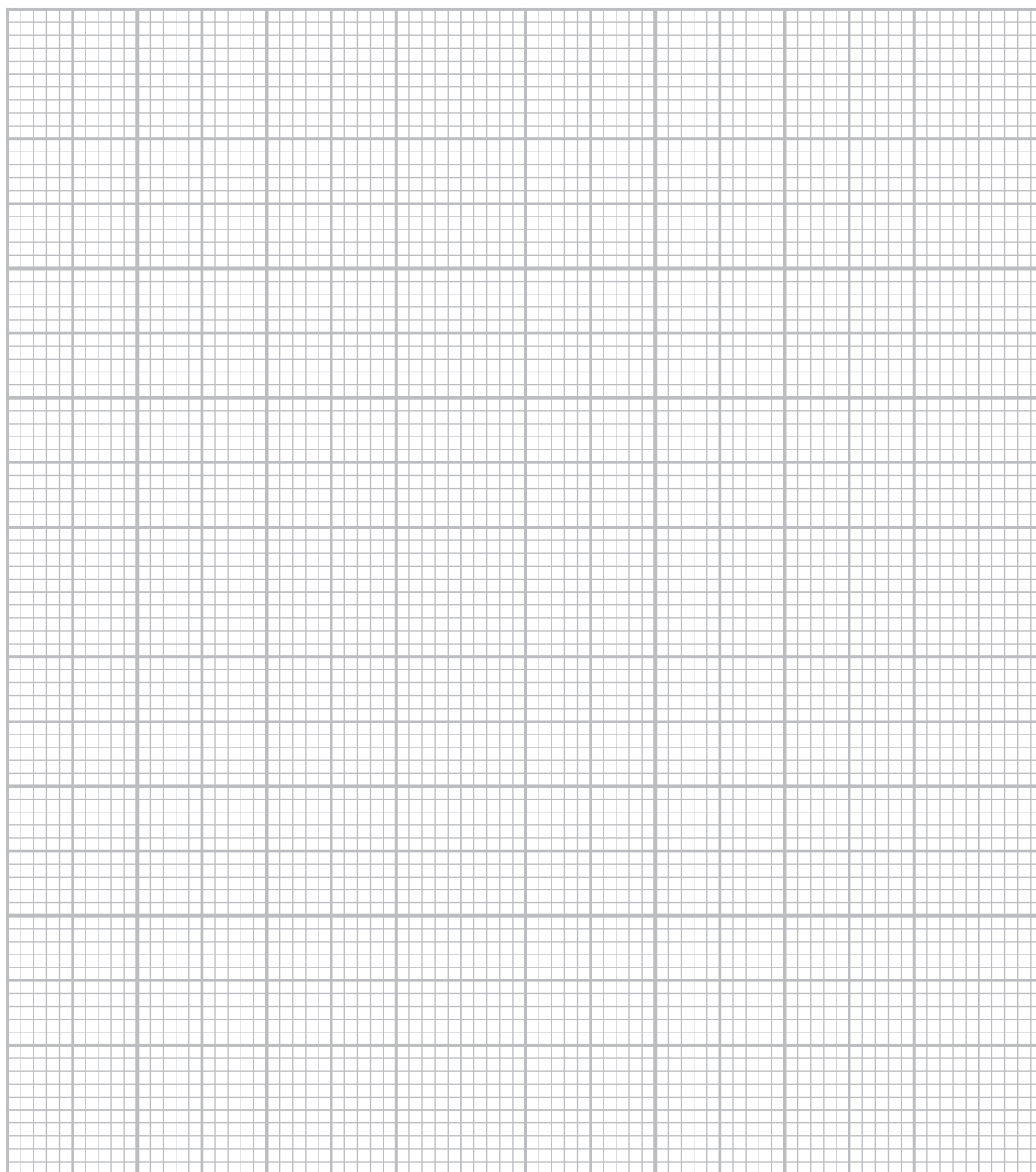


- 9 (a) Complete the table of values for $y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 1)^3$

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y			-0.5			4	

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = \frac{1}{2}(x - 1)^3$ for values of x from -2 to 4



(3)



(c) Use your graph to find an estimate for the solution of $(x - 1)^3 = 6$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 7 marks)

10 y is directly proportional to \sqrt{x}

$y = 0.1$ when $x = 25$

(a) Find a formula for y in terms of x .

.....
(3)

(b) Calculate the value of x when $y = 6$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)



11 A straight line **L** is parallel to the line with equation $y = \frac{1}{2}x$ and passes through the point with coordinates $(0, -3)$

(a) Find an equation for **L**

Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$

.....
(2)

The straight line **M** passes through the points with coordinates $(1, -1)$ and $(2, 3)$

(b) Find an equation for **M**

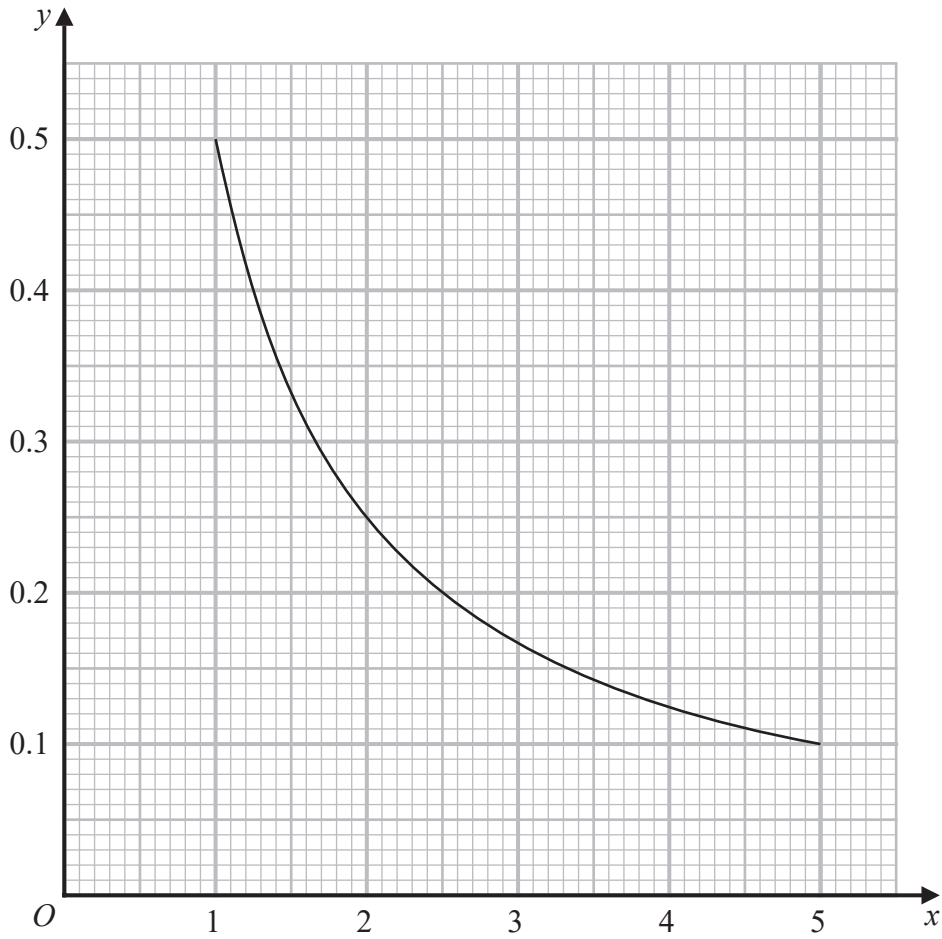
Give your answer in the form $ax + by = c$ where a , b and c are integers.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 11 is 5 marks)



12 Here is the graph of $y = g(x)$ for $1 \leq x \leq 5$



Use the trapezium rule to find an estimate for the area of the region under the curve and between $x = 1$, $x = 5$ and the x -axis.

Use 4 strips of equal width.

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)



- 13 The 100th term of an arithmetic series is 520
The common difference of this series is 5

(a) Work out the first term of this series.

.....
(2)

- The common difference of a different arithmetic series is -5
The first term of this series is 20

(b) Work out the sum of the first 51 terms of this series.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)



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14 $m = 6\sqrt{\frac{2}{c}} - 1$

(a) Work out the value of m when $c = 50$

.....
(2)

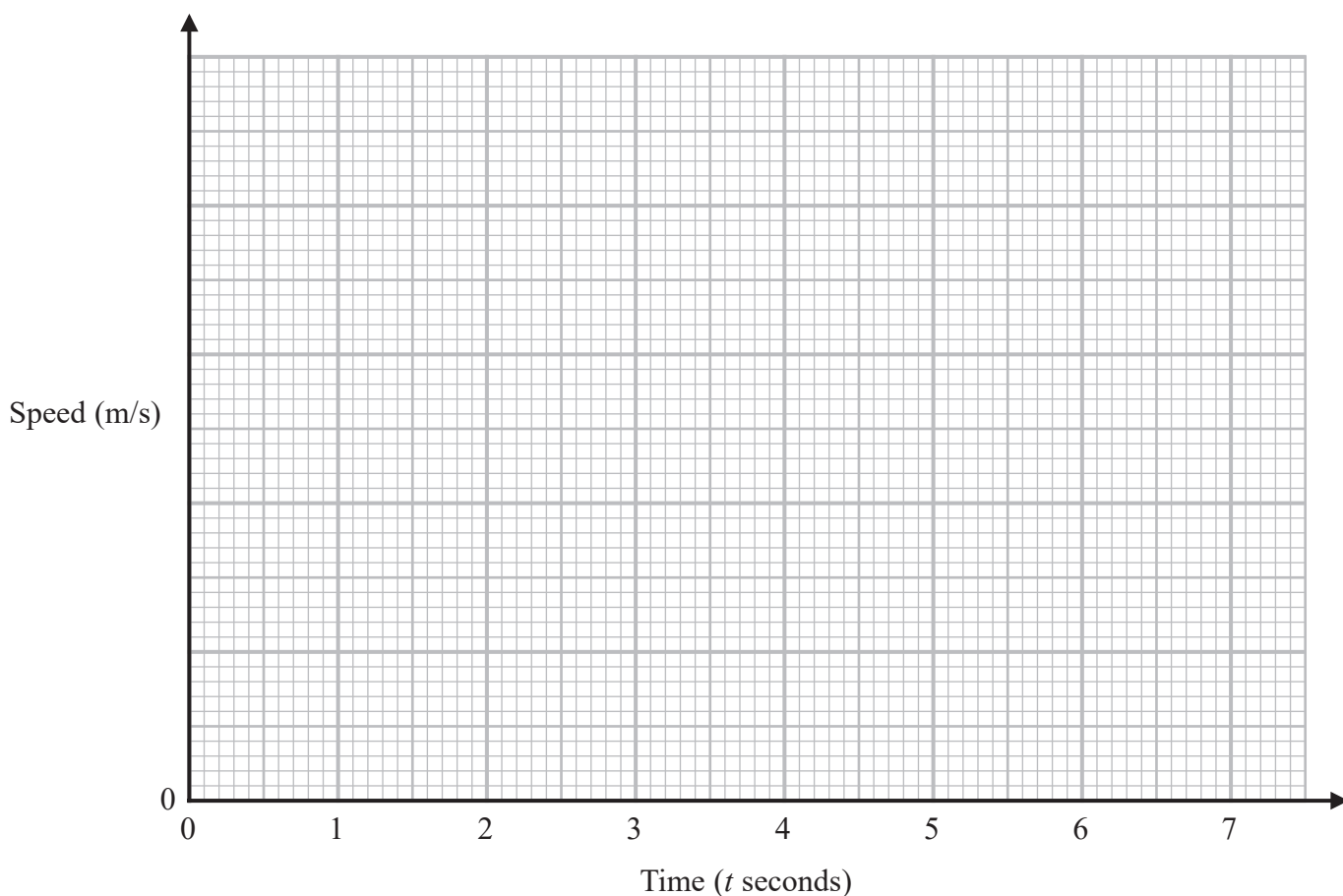
(b) Make c the subject of $m = 6\sqrt{\frac{2}{c}} - 1$

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)



- 15 An athlete takes part in a race.
She starts from rest.
The athlete accelerates at 2.5 m/s^2 for the first 3 seconds of the race, then she runs at a constant speed for 4 seconds.



- (a) On the grid, draw a speed-time graph to show this information.

(3)

- (b) Work out the total distance run by the athlete between $t = 0$ and $t = 7$

..... m

(2)

(Total for Question 15 is 5 marks)



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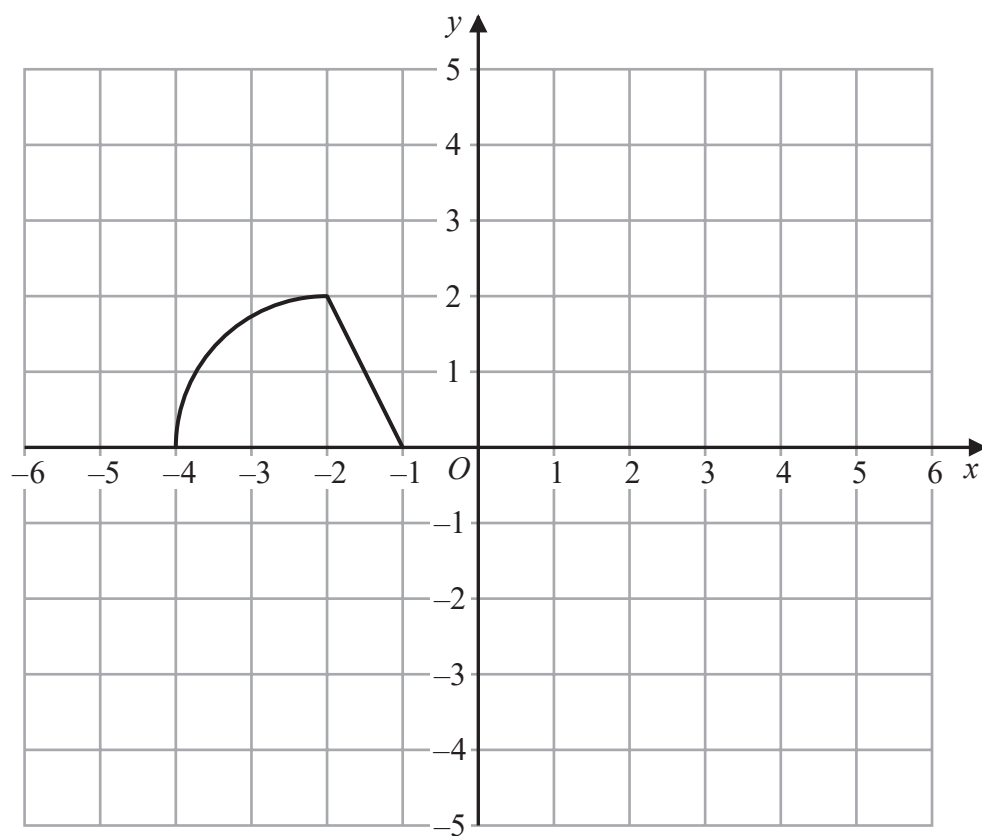
16 Solve, algebraically, the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned} 3x^2 - 2y^2 + 5 &= 0 \\ y &= 3x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

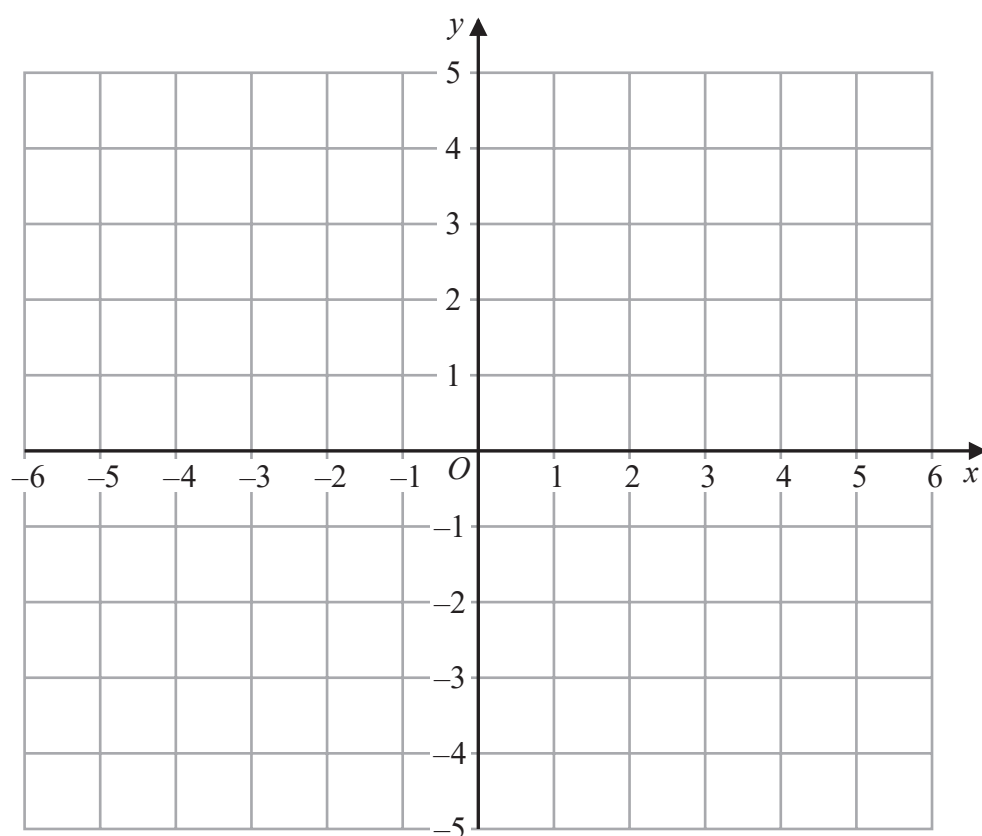
.....
(Total for Question 16 is 5 marks)



17 Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$



(a) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = f(x) + 2$



(2)

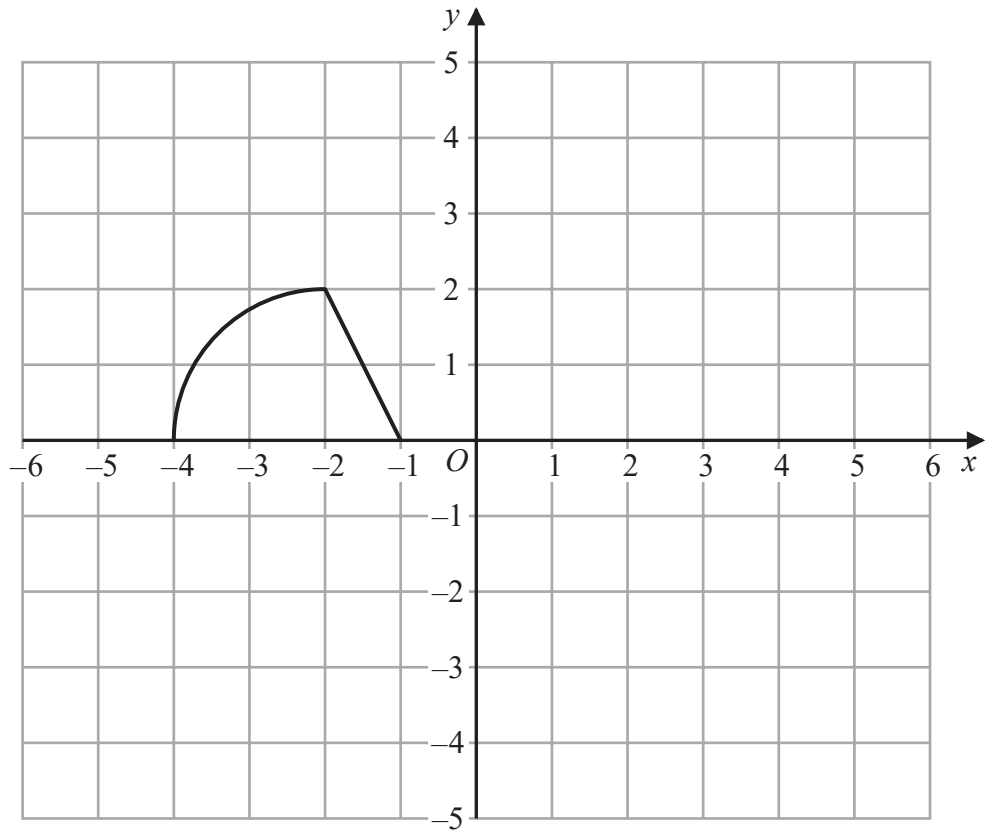


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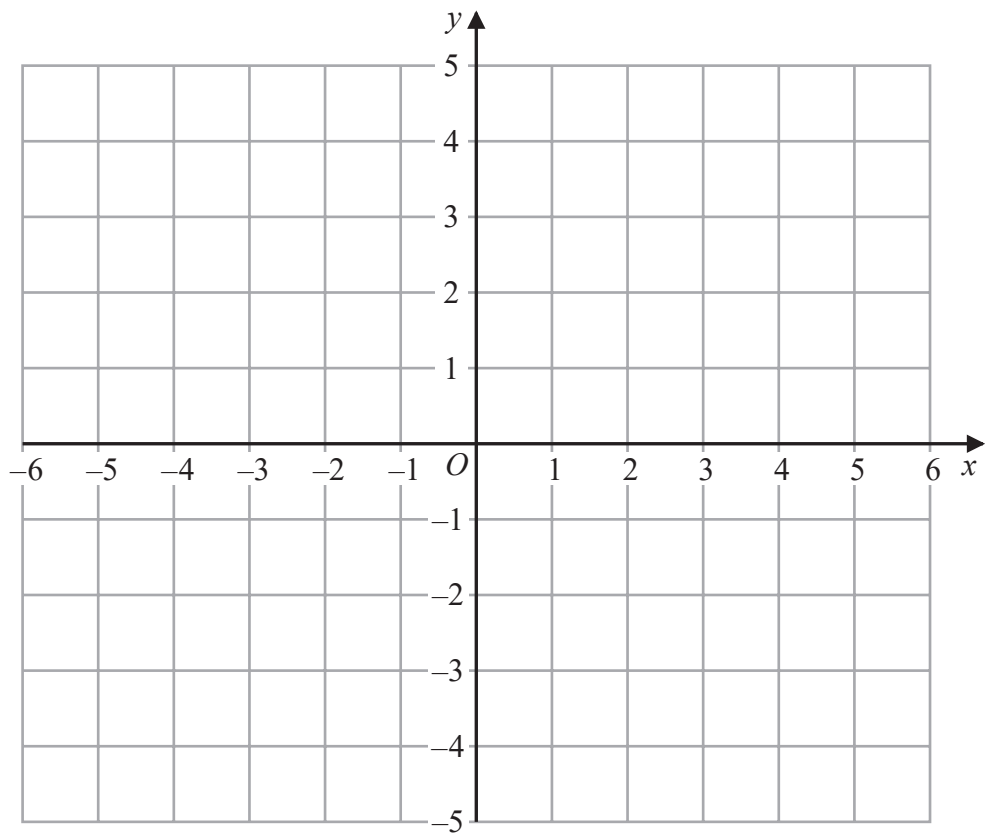
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Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$



(b) On the grid below, draw the graph of $y = f(-x)$



(2)

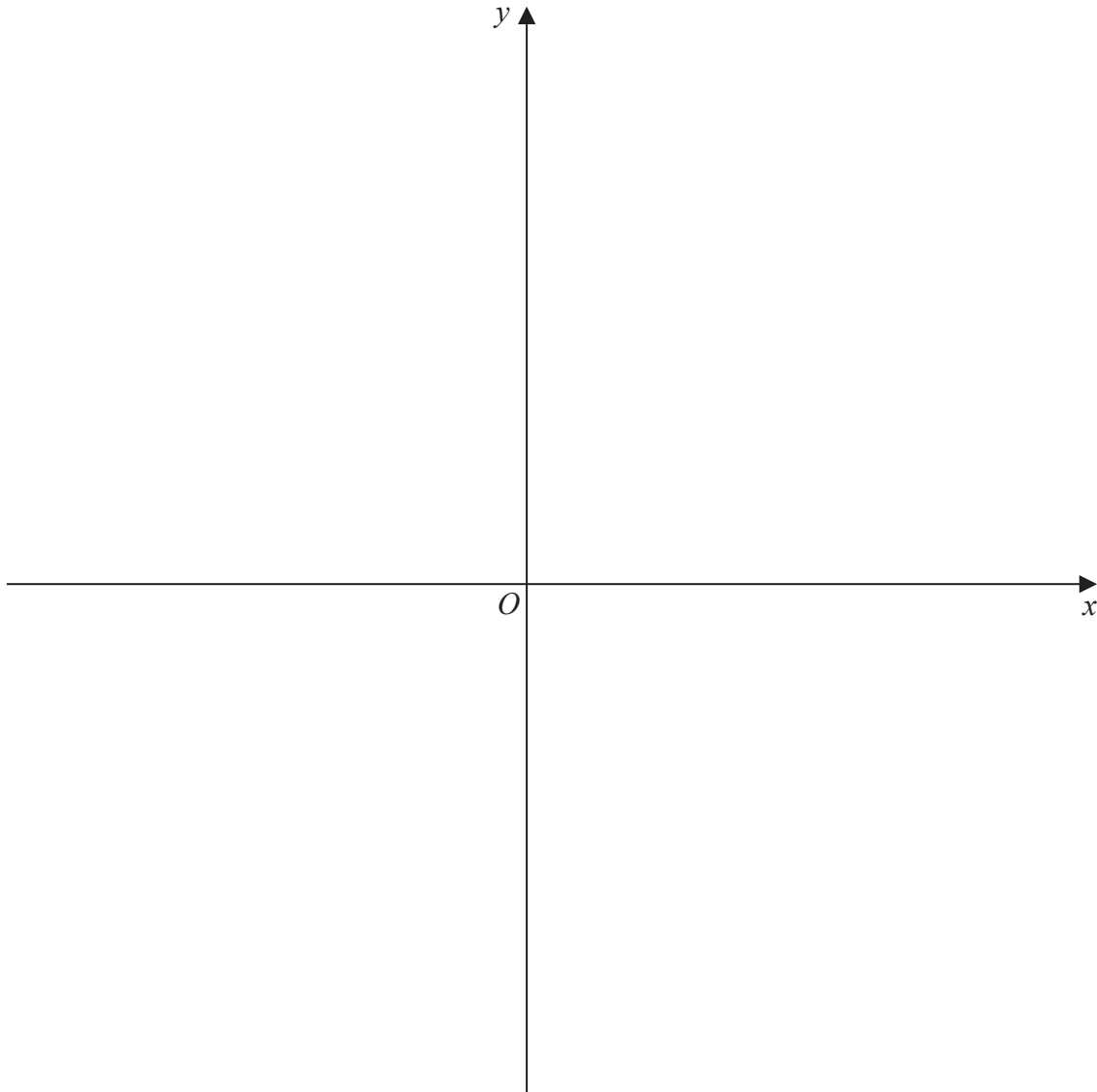
(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)



P 7 5 1 3 1 A 0 1 9 2 4

18 Sketch the graph of $y = 5^x$

Mark, on your sketch, the coordinates of any points where the graph intersects the axes.



(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

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19 Solve algebraically $\frac{8}{x+2} + \frac{3}{2x-1} = 1$

.....
(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 90 MARKS



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