

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

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Pearson Edexcel Award

Thursday 11 January 2024

Morning (Time: 2 hours)

Paper
reference

AAL30/01

Algebra

Level 3

Calculator NOT allowed

You must have:

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators are not allowed.**



Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

You must NOT use a calculator.

1 (a) Expand and simplify $(x + 2)(3x - 2)$

.....
(2)

(b) Expand and simplify $(2y + 5)^2$

.....
(2)

(c) Simplify $(36t^8)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

.....
(2)

(d) Simplify $r^{-3} \times r^{-\frac{1}{4}}$

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 1 is 7 marks)

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2 Make m the subject of $d = 6 - \frac{3}{m^2}$

.....
(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3 Use the quadratic formula to solve the equation $5x^2 = 3x + 2$

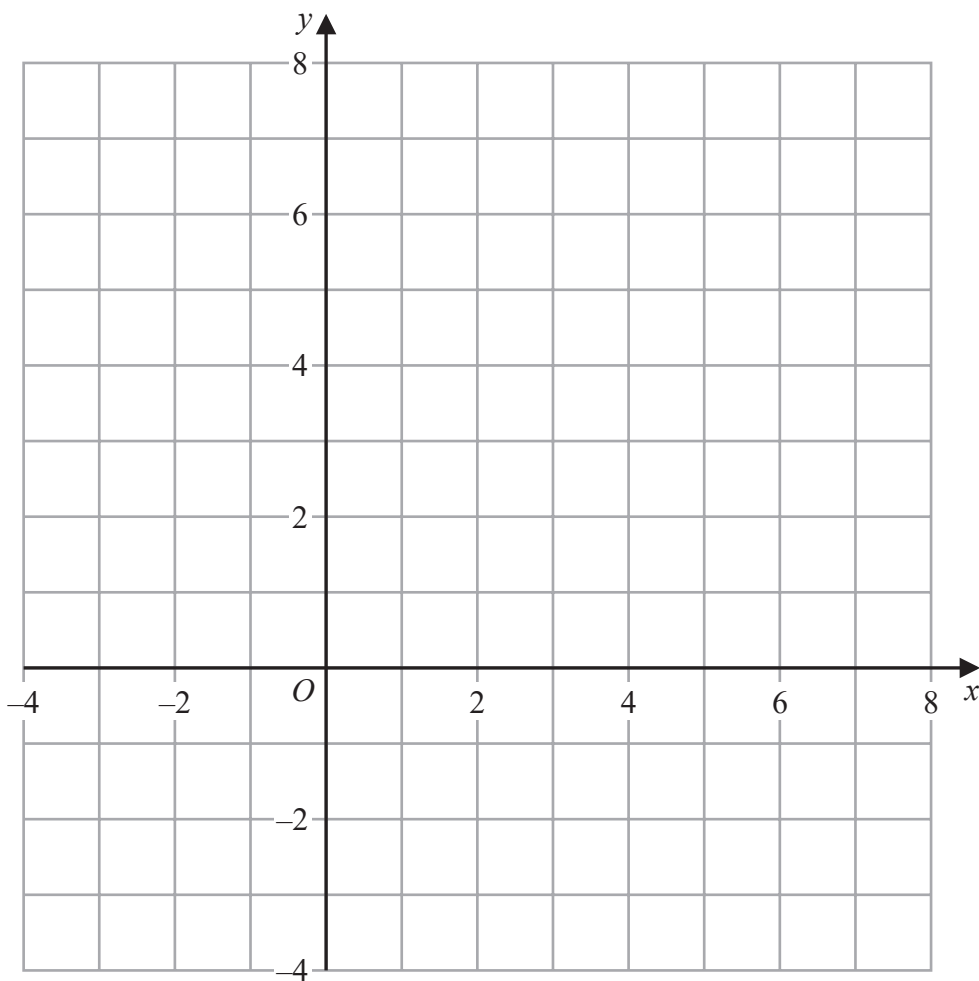
.....
(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)



4 On the grid, shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities.

$$x > -1 \quad y > 2 \quad 3x + 5y > 15 \quad y - x < 6$$

Label the region **R**



(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)

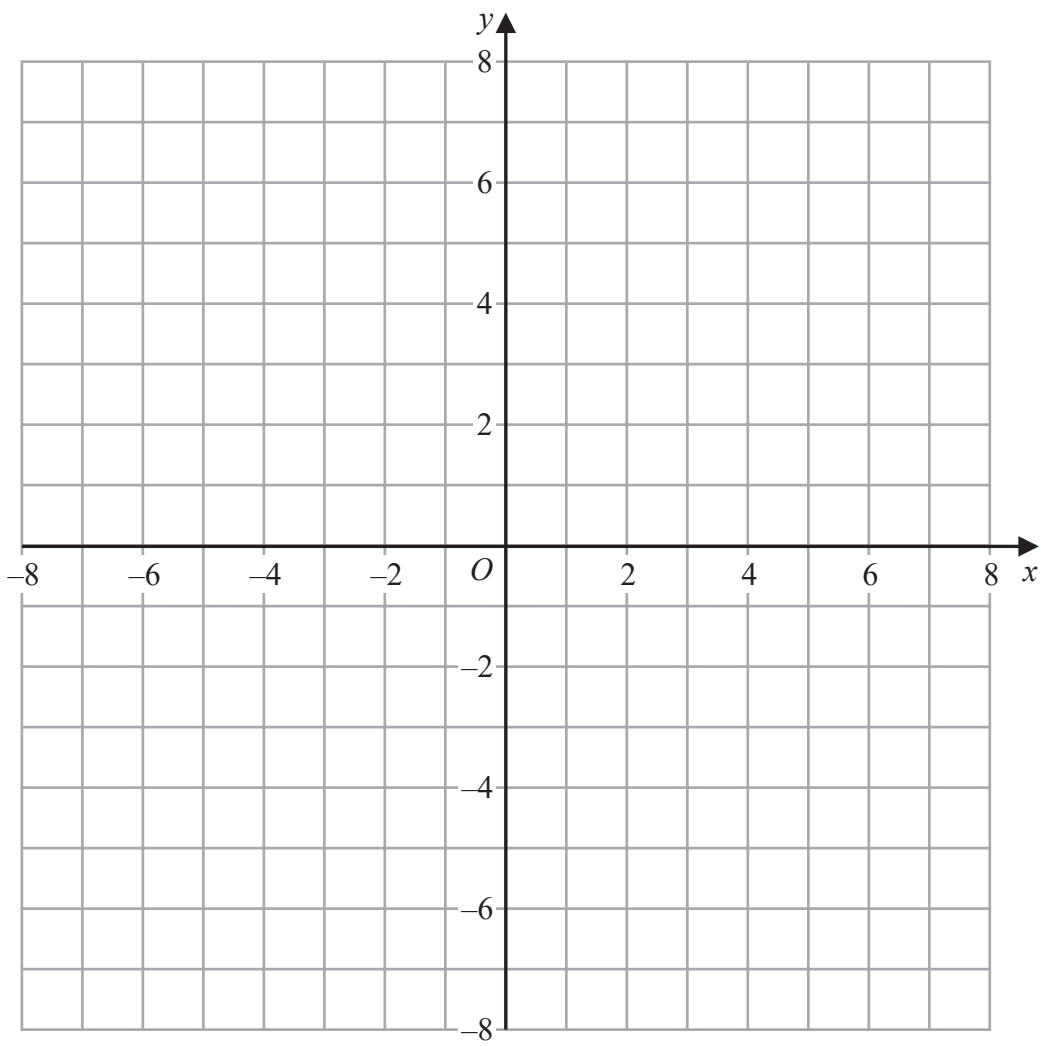


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5 (a) On the grid, construct the graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 16$



(2)

The point P with coordinates $(p, 0)$ lies on the graph of $x^2 + y^2 = 16$

Given that $p > 0$,

(b) write down the equation of the tangent to the graph at the point P .

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 5 is 3 marks)



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6 (a) Solve $13 - 7x > 3x - 47$

.....
(2)

(b) (i) Factorise $y^2 + 2y - 8$

.....
(1)

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, solve $y^2 + 2y - 8 < 0$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)



7 (a) Find the gradient of a line parallel to the line $4y = 3x$

.....
(1)

(b) Find an equation of the straight line which passes through the origin and is perpendicular to the straight line with equation $2x = 5y + 3$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

8 Here is a quadratic equation.

$$2x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

Use the discriminant to determine whether the equation has

2 real and different roots
or 2 real and equal roots
or no real roots.

.....
(Total for Question 8 is 2 marks)



9 (a) Factorise $10xy^3 + 15x^2y^2$

.....
(2)

(b) Factorise $p^2q^2 - q^2$

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10 $x^2 + 8x + 11$ can be written in the form $(x + a)^2 + b$

(a) Find the value of a and the value of b .

$a =$

$b =$

(2)

The graph of $y = x^2 + 8x + 11$ has a turning point at the point T .

(b) Write down the coordinates of T .

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)



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11 The first term of an arithmetic series is 6
The common difference of the series is 5

- (a) Find an expression, in terms of n , for the n th term of the series.
Give your answer in its simplest form.

.....
(2)

The p th term of the series is 121

- (b) Work out the value of p .

.....
(1)

- (c) Find the sum of the first 101 terms of this series.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 11 is 5 marks)



12 The time taken, t hours, to complete a journey of a given distance is inversely proportional to the average speed, v km/h, for that journey.

When $t = 5$, $v = 60$

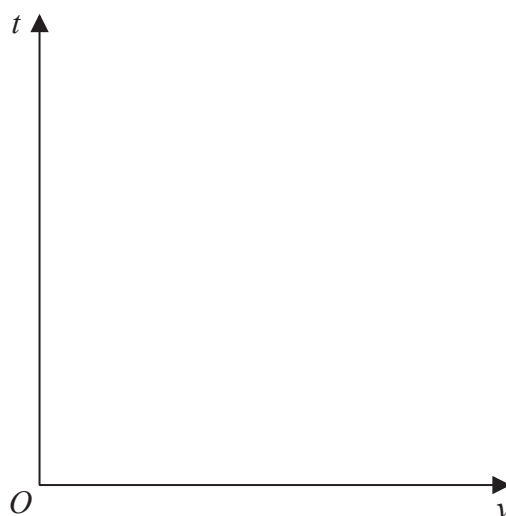
(a) Find a formula for t in terms of v .

.....
(3)

(b) Find the value of v when $t = 6$

.....
(2)

(c) Sketch the graph of t against v .



(1)

(Total for Question 12 is 6 marks)



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13 Here is a quadratic equation.

$$3x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

(i) Write down the product of the roots of this equation.

.....
(1)

(ii) Write down the sum of the roots of this equation.

.....
(1)

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

14 $P = \frac{a(b+c)}{3c}$

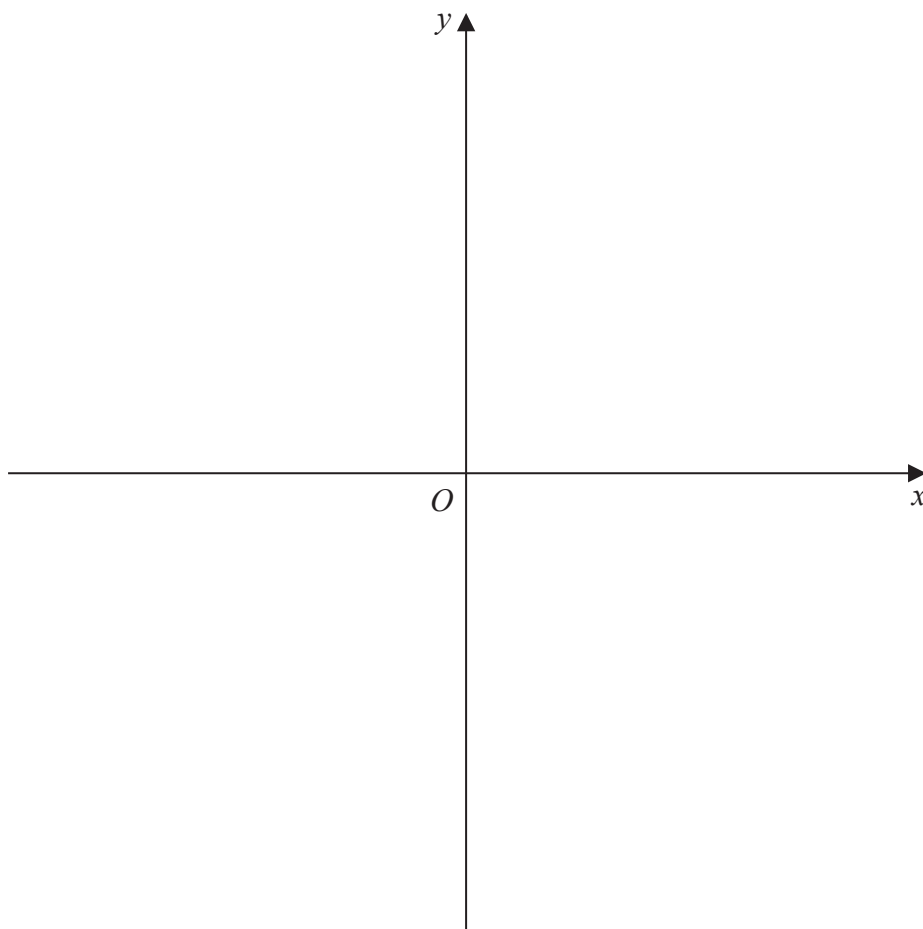
Work out the value of c when $P = 27, a = 9, b = 20$

.....
(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)



15 Using the axes below, sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{1-x}$

Show clearly any asymptotes and the coordinates of any points of intersection of the graph with the axes.



(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

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16 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 5x^2 - 22x - 5$$

$$y = 2x$$

.....

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)



17 (a) Expand and simplify $\sqrt{5}(3 - \sqrt{5})^2$

.....
(3)

(b) Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{2 + \sqrt{7}}{3 - \sqrt{7}}$

Give your answer in the form $\frac{p + q\sqrt{7}}{2}$ where p and q are integers.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 17 is 6 marks)



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18 The straight line **L** passes through the points *P* and *Q*.

P is the point $(-3, 11)$

Q is the point $(2, -4)$

Find an equation for **L**

Give your answer in the form $y = mx + c$ where m and c are integers.

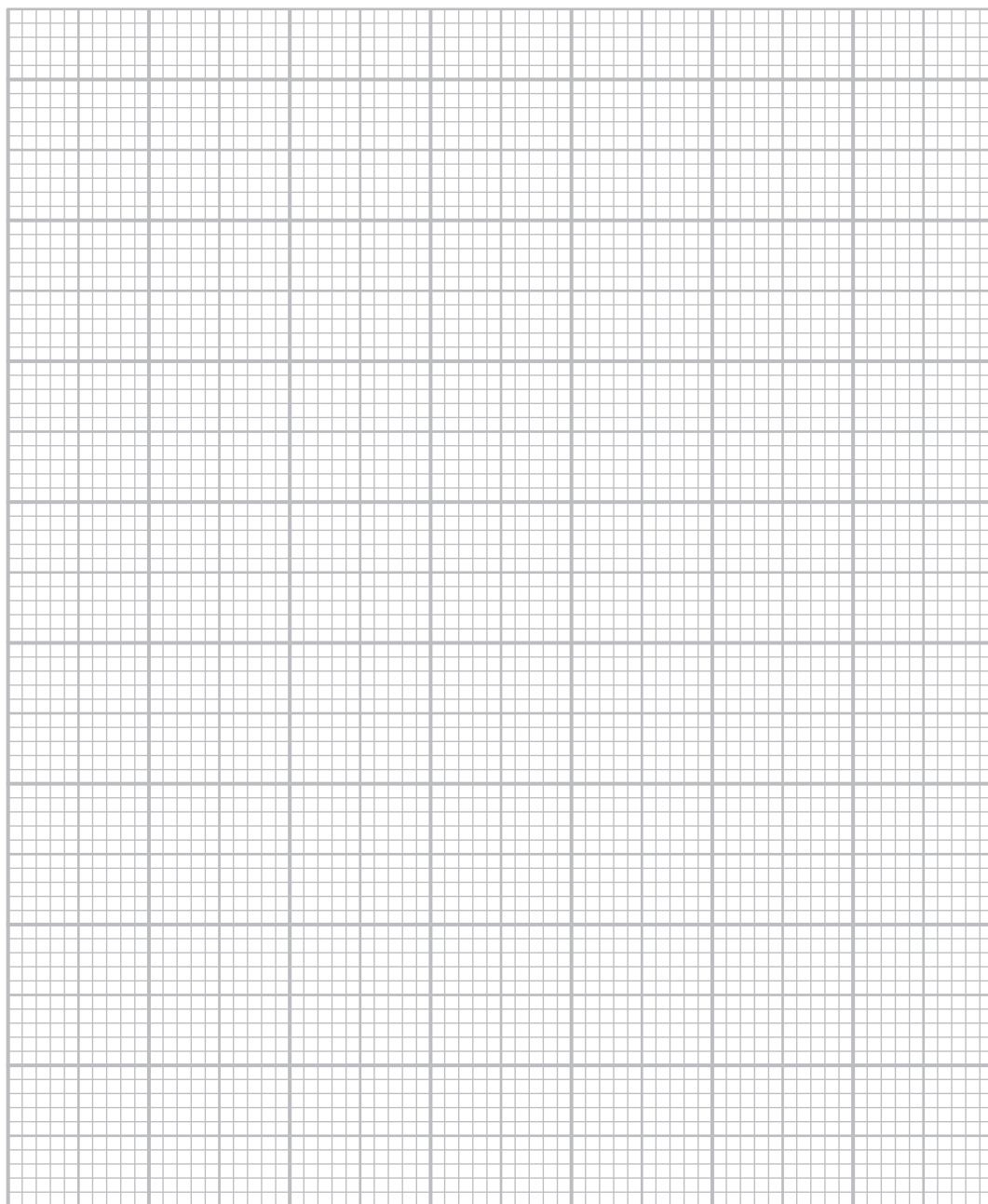
.....
(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)



19 The table shows the values of $y = 2^{1-x}$ for integer values of x from -2 to 4

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
y	8	4	2	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

(a) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2^{1-x}$ for values of x from -2 to 4



(2)



(b) Use your graph to find an estimate, to one decimal place, for the solution of $2^{-x} = 3$

.....
(2)

(c) Use the trapezium rule to find an estimate for the area of the region under the curve and between $x = -1$, $x = 2$ and the x -axis.
Use 3 strips of equal width.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 19 is 6 marks)

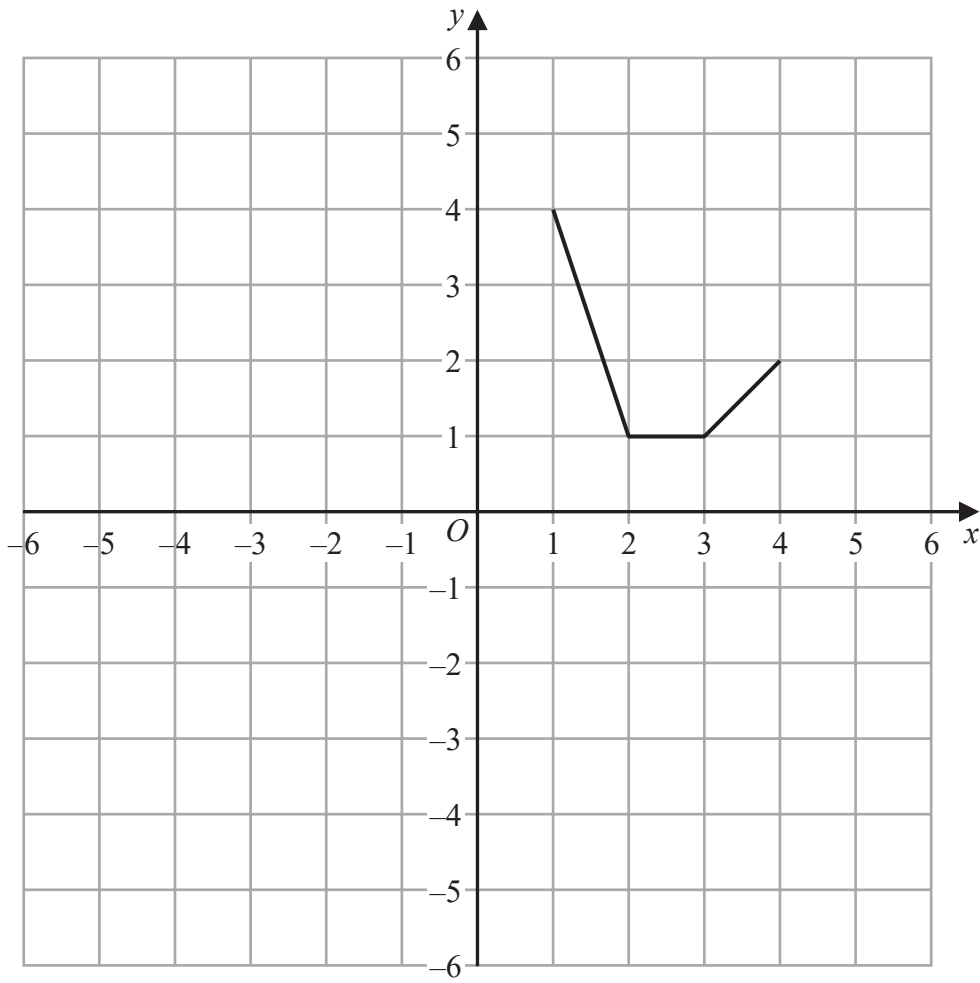
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20 Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$



(a) On the grid above, draw the graph of $y = -f(x)$

(2)

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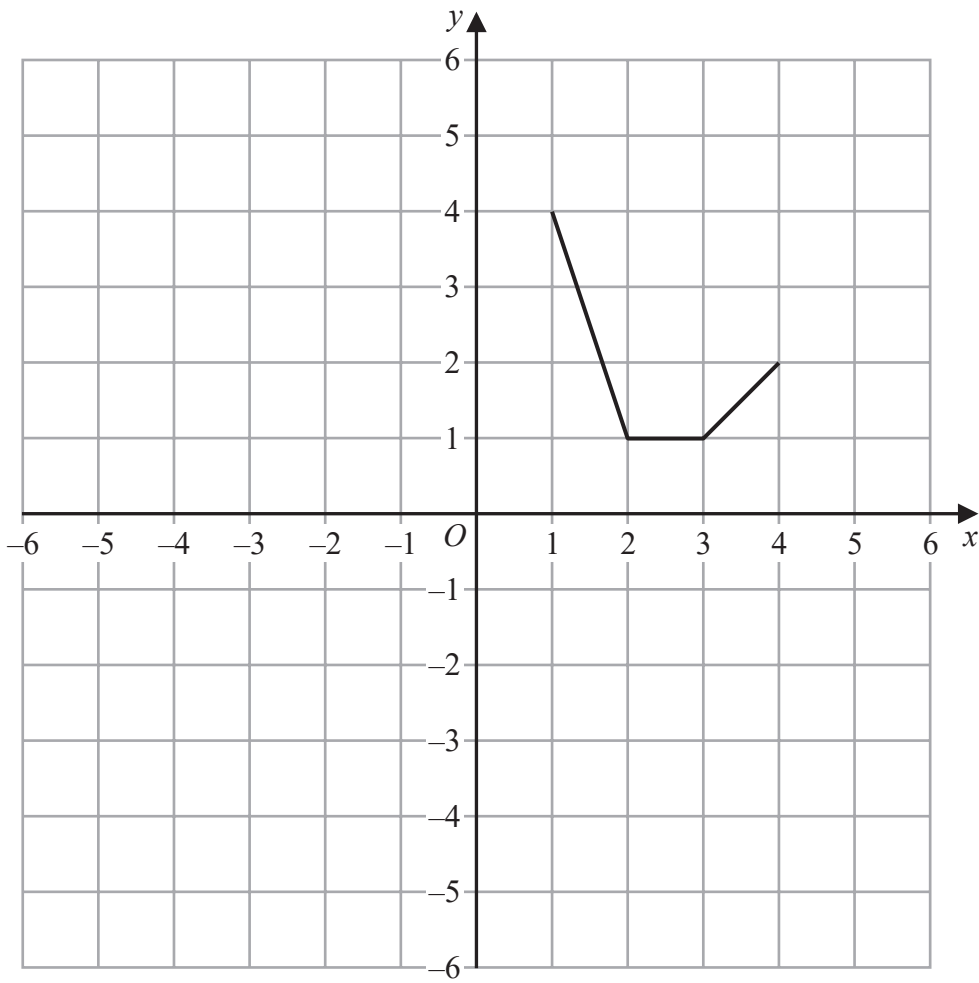


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Here is the graph of $y = f(x)$



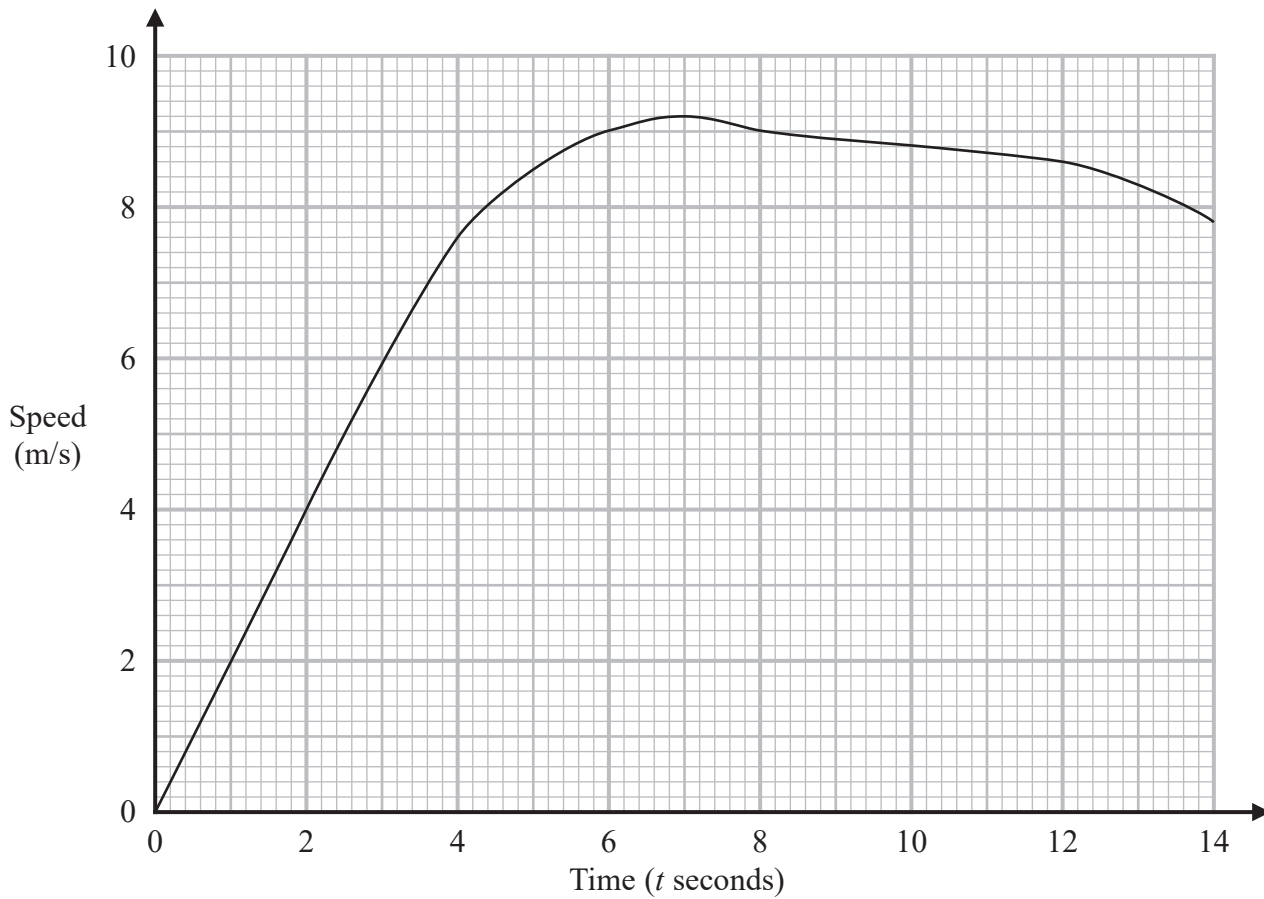
(b) On the grid above, draw the graph of $y = f(x + 2)$

(2)

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)



21 Here is a speed-time graph for a sprinter running a race.



(a) Find the speed of the sprinter at time $t = 4$

..... m/s
(1)

(b) For how many seconds is the sprinter accelerating?

..... seconds
(1)

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(c) Work out an estimate for the distance travelled by the sprinter between $t = 6$ and $t = 8$

..... metres
(2)

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)



22 (a) Simplify $\frac{x^2 - 3x}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$

.....
(2)

(b) Solve $\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x+2} = 2$

.....
(4)

(Total for Question 22 is 6 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 90 MARKS

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