Write your name here	
Surname	ther names
Pearson BTEC Level 2 Technical Diploma Centre Number Lea	arner Registration Number
Children's Dlay Learning	a and
Children's Play, Learning Development (Early Year Unit 2: Child Development from Bir	rs Assistant)
Development (Early Yea	rth up to Five Years

Instructions

- This booklet contains material for the completion of the set task under supervised conditions.
- The total mark for this task is 50.
- This booklet is specific to each series and this material must be issued only to learners who have been entered to take the task in the specified series.
- This booklet must be kept securely until the start of the supervised assessment.
- This set task must be undertaken in the period timetabled by Pearson.
- The information booklet must **not** be returned with this task booklet.

Turn over ▶





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Set Task

You must use the development chart and key person assessment in the information booklet to complete the following activities.

Activity 1a

The key person has asked for your help in comparing Mariella's emotional and social development against the expected milestones for her age.

(Total for Activity 1a = 6 marks)

Activity 1b

The key person has asked for your help in comparing Mariella's cognitive development against the expected milestones for her age.

(Total for Activity 1b = 6 marks)

Activity 2

The key person has asked you to investigate the different factors that may impact on Mariella's cognitive, emotional and social development positively and/or negatively.

(Total for Activity 2 = 14 marks)

Activity 3

The key person has asked you to plan an activity to promote Mariella's emotional and social development.

(Total for Activity 3 = 24 marks)

TOTAL FOR TASK = 50 MARKS



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Complete your work in the space provided **below**.

You are an early years assistant working in Pudding Bag Day Nursery. You have been asked by the manager to work with Mariella's key person to support Mariella's progress.

Activity 1a

The key person has asked for your help in comparing Mariella's **emotional and social development** against the expected milestones for her age.

Use the development chart and Mariella's key person assessment to complete this activity.

Your assessment should:

expected norms.

 identify the emotional and social milestones for a child aged four years and four months

conclude whether Mariella's emotional and social developmental progress meets

• identify Mariella's current stage of emotional and social development

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(Total for Activity 1a = 6 marks)
(Total for Activity fu = 6 marks)



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Complete your work in the space provided below .		
Ac	tivity 1b	
	e key person has asked for your help in comparing Mariella's cognitive development ainst the expected milestones for her age.	
Us	e the development chart and Mariella's key person assessment to complete this activity.	
Yo	ur assessment should:	
•	identify the cognitive milestones for a child aged four years and four months	
•	identify Mariella's current stage of cognitive development	
•	conclude whether Mariella's cognitive developmental progress meets expected norms.	

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(Total for Activity 1b = 6 marks)
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Cor	mplete your work in the space provided below .	
Act	tivity 2	
The key person has asked you to investigate the different factors that may impact on Mariella's cognitive , emotional and social development positively and/or negatively.		
Υοι	ur investigation should:	
•	identify factors from the key person's assessment	
•	explain how these factors may affect Mariella's cognitive, emotional and social	
	development.	(14)

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(Total for Activity 2 = 14 marks)	



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Activity 3

Mariella's key person has asked you to plan an activity to promote Mariella's **emotional** and social development.

To do this you should:

- select a milestone to target, which Mariella can achieve in the next three months
- use the template provided.

(24)

i	Title of activity	
ii	Targeted milestone	
iii	Type of activity (This could cover more than one type.)	Tick all that apply
		Creative
		Construction
		Imaginative
		Sensory
		Physical

12



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iv	Description of activity	
V	Length of activity (duration)	
	(duration)	



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vi	Role of early years assistant	
vii	Health and safety issues to be addressed	

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viii	Resources	

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ix	How activity resources help the child to meet the planned milestone	
X	How the activity meets the child's individual needs	

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хi What could limit the success of the activity How this activity could be χij extended in the future for this child

(Total for Activity 3 = 24 marks)

TOTAL FOR TASK = 50 MARKS



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Pearson BTEC Level 2 Technical Diploma

Children's Play, Learning and Development (Early Years Assistant)

Unit 2: Child Development from Birth up to Five Years

Window for Supervised Period: Monday 5th March 2018 – Tuesday 6th March 2018

Time: 2 hours and 30 minutes

Paper Reference 2121K

Information Booklet

Instructions

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- This information booklet should be kept securely until the start of the supervised assessment.
- The information booklet should be handed to learners at the same time as the task booklet.
- This information booklet must **not** be returned with the task booklet.

Turn over ▶





Development Chart

Birth up to 12 months

- Newborns are born with reflexes sucking, rooting, startle, grasping, stepping that help them survive. Movements are uncontrolled and uncoordinated.
- At one month can turn from their side to their back and lift their head briefly.
- At three months can lift up head and chest when on their stomachs and bring hands together over their body, can sit with their back straight when held, wave bringing hands together over their body.
- At six months can roll over from back to front, lift their head and chest while supporting themselves on their arms.
- At nine months can sit unsupported, usually mobile by crawling or rolling, may pull up to stand alone, can walk by holding on to furniture.
- At 12 months can pull up to stand, stand alone, walk while holding on to furniture.
- No coordinated movement but newborns will grasp things put into their hands as a reflex action.
- At one month can open their hands to grasp an adult's finger.
- At three months can watch their hands and hold a rattle for a moment.
- At six months can reach for a toy and move a toy from one hand to the other.
- At nine months can use a pincer grasp (index finger and thumb) to grasp objects, can deliberately release objects by dropping them.
- At 12 months can use pincer grasp to pick up small objects, point using index finger.
- Newborns turn head towards light, gaze at human faces, startled by sudden noises.
- At one month 'freeze' if they hear a sound played softly.
- At three months can recognise familiar routines, are alert and follow movement with eyes if objects are close.
- At six months can explore objects by putting them in their mouth, recognise voices.
- At eight or nine months can look for dropped objects and objects that they see being hidden.
- At 12 months enjoy throwing toys to the ground and watching their descent, learn by trying things out and repeating if successful. This approach to learning is called 'trial and error'.
- Newborns respond to high-pitched tones by moving their limbs.
- At one month can turn head to an adult voice, begin to coo at six weeks.
- At three months smile when they hear a familiar voice, cry loudly to express needs.
- At six months make short babbling sounds, such as 'da' and 'ba', squeal with delight.
- At nine months understand 'no', vocalise in long strings of babbling.
- At two months know their own name, understand simple instructions.
- Newborns imitate facial expressions.
- At one month can focus on human faces with interest.
- At six weeks can smile.
- At three months enjoy being held and form indiscriminate attachments, smile at familiar people/strangers.
- At six months can recognise and respond to emotions in others, start to show wariness of strangers.
- From seven to eight months can form specific attachments and show wariness of strangers.
- From eight months develop specific attachments and imitate actions of others, such as clapping.
- From eight months experience separation anxiety from primary carer(s).

12 months up to two years

- At 15 months can crawl upstairs and may walk hesitantly, kneel without support.
- At 18 months can walk unaided, walk upstairs with help and can squat to pick up toys, can run but unable to avoid obstacles.
- At 15 months pincer grasp is precise, use palmar grasp to hold crayons.
- At 18 months can build a tower of three or more bricks, feed themselves with a spoon, scribble using a crayon in palmar grasp.
- At 15 months explore objects by sight and sound.
- At 18 months very curious to explore their environment, remember where things belong.
- At 15 months communicate by pointing and vocalising, know up to six words.
- At 18 months know around 10–40 words, can communicate wishes, understand simple requests.
- At 18 months emotionally dependent on parents and key persons, play alone but enjoy being near adults and siblings, insistent on immediate attention to needs and can copy adult actions, alternate between clinging and resistance.

Two years up to three years

- At two years can run, climb onto furniture, use sit-and-ride toys, and push and pull wheeled toys.
- At two and a half years can kick a large ball, can jump with two feet together from a low step.
- At two years can draw dots and circles, put on shoes and fasten with Velcro® but not buckles and laces, pick up small objects using pincer grasp, build a tower of six or more bricks, drink from a cup, use a spoon to feed themselves.
- At two and a half years start to show a hand preference, can pull down items of clothing, start to develop tripod grip.
- At two years recognise themselves in mirrors, can remember past experiences.
- At two and a half years recognise themselves in photographs, can complete simple puzzles with help.
- At two years know 50–199 words, able to join words, enjoy looking at books.
- At two and a half years know around 200 words, start to use simple sentences, ask questions, use personal pronouns, plurals and negatives.
- At two years unable to wait for needs to be met, may be distracted from tantrums, play in parallel with other children but unable to share toys.
- At two and a half years play alongside other children and engage in onlooker play, very dependent on adults and jealous of other children gaining attention, respond well to adult attention and praise, and have tantrums when frustrated.

Three years up to four years

- At three years can run forwards and backwards, steer a tricycle, walk upstairs with alternate feet, throw and catch a large ball.
- From three to four years can hop on one foot, walk along a line, aim and throw a ball and kick it with force, ride a tricycle using pedals.
- At three years can use tripod grip, draw a circle, hand preference is established for most tasks.
- From three to four years can button and unbutton clothes, use scissors to cut out simple shapes, draw a person with head, trunk and legs, eat with a knife and fork, thread beads to make a necklace.
- At three years understand the difference between past and present, can complete simple puzzles.
- From three to four years can recognise and name primary colours, understand what is meant by 'more', can tell whether an object is heavy or light, arrange objects into categories, make a connection between people and events.
- At three years speech is clear to anyone unfamiliar with the child, enjoy books and turn pages, sing songs and rhymes.
- From three to four years speech can be easily understood, although some words may be incorrect, use questions, language is fluent by four years, with some speech immaturities.
- At three years find it easier to wait, start to take turns and share, enjoy being with other children and will comfort another child, help adults.
- From three to four years can cope with separation from primary carer with someone they know, begin to play cooperatively, show clear friendship preferences, play with others.

Four years up to five years

- From four to five years can run avoiding obstacles, skip with a rope, throw a large ball to partner and catch it, good balance and coordination, go up and down stairs one foot at a time, start to ride a bike.
- From four to five years can form letters, write own name, colour in pictures, starting to use a knife and fork, thread small beads.
- From four to five years can count accurately up to 10, add two sets of objects together, match equal sets, understand the need for rules, name the time of day associated with activities, give reasons to solve problems.
- From four to five years can count aloud accurately up to 10, use complex sentences with words such as 'because', talk about what has happened and what might happen, use language to argue and answer back, able to tell stories, enjoy jokes.
- From four to five years can work out what other people may be thinking, which helps them to negotiate with others, able to understand the need for rules, develop close friendships, behaviour mostly cooperative and separate more easily from parent.

Key Person Assessment

Mariella is four years and four months old. She has attended Pudding Bag Day Nursery for two months.

The nursery has completed a key person assessment to help support her development.

Child: Mariella	Age: four years and four months	
Family	Skills and Abilities	
Mariella is an only child. She lives with her mother, who has recently divorced Mariella's father.	 She enjoys number activities, can count up to 12 and add two sets of objects together. She is good at matching games. She can write her name. She has settled well into the routines of the nursery. She understands when it is time for different activities throughout the day. She likes her key person to be nearby. She plays alongside other children but does not take part in cooperative play. She enjoys being with other children. She comforts other children if they are upset. She enjoys drawing and colouring in pictures. She likes to play outside and enjoys using the skipping ropes and the climbing frame. She has not made any particular close friends. She needs adult encouragement to take part in group activities. She will take turns and share, with adult support. 	
Home Environment	Other Information	
 Mariella and her mother have recently moved into a flat from a small house with a garden. There is some communal outside space, but this is shared with the other flats in the block. She sees her father every other weekend. She visits her grandparents across town every weekend. 	Mariella has recently started at the day nursery as her mother now works full time.	

