

Paper Reference(s) 8PH0/02

Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE

Physics

Advanced Subsidiary

Paper 2: Core Physics II

**DATA, FORMULAE AND RELATIONSHIPS
BOOKLET**

**DO NOT RETURN THIS DATA,
FORMULAE AND RELATIONSHIPS
BOOKLET WITH THE QUESTION PAPER.**

Acceleration of free fall	$g = 9.81 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ (close to Earth's surface)
Electron charge	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Electron mass	$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Electronvolt	$1 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
Gravitational field strength	$g = 9.81 \text{ N kg}^{-1}$ (close to Earth's surface)
Planck constant	$h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Speed of light in a vacuum	$c = 3.00 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

MECHANICS

Kinematic equations of motion

$$s = \frac{(u + v)t}{2}$$

$$v = u + at$$

$$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

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Forces

$$\Sigma F = ma$$

$$g = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$W = mg$$

$$\text{moment of force} = Fx$$

Momentum

$$p = mv$$

Work, energy and power

$$\Delta W = F\Delta s$$

$$E_k = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{grav}} = mg\Delta h$$

$$P = \frac{E}{t}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t}$$

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{useful energy output}}{\text{total energy input}}$$

$$\text{efficiency} = \frac{\text{useful power output}}{\text{total power input}}$$

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ELECTRICITY**Potential difference**

$$V = \frac{W}{Q}$$

Resistance

$$R = \frac{V}{I}$$

Electrical power and energy

$$P = VI$$

$$P = I^2R$$

$$P = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$W = VIt$$

Resistivity

$$R = \frac{\rho l}{A}$$

Current

$$I = \frac{\Delta Q}{\Delta t}$$

$$I = nqvA$$

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MATERIALS**Density**

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

Stokes' law

$$F = 6\pi\eta rv$$

Hooke's law

$$F = k\Delta x$$

Young modulus

$$\text{Stress } \sigma = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$\text{Strain } \varepsilon = \frac{\Delta x}{x}$$

$$E = \frac{\sigma}{\varepsilon}$$

Elastic strain energy

$$\Delta E_{\text{el}} = \frac{1}{2}F\Delta x$$

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WAVES AND PARTICLE NATURE OF LIGHT

Wave speed

$$v = f\lambda$$

Speed of a transverse wave on a string

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{T}{\mu}}$$

Intensity of radiation

$$I = \frac{P}{A}$$

Power of a lens

$$P = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$P = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots$$

Thin lens equation

$$\frac{1}{u} + \frac{1}{v} = \frac{1}{f}$$

Magnification for a lens

$$m = \frac{\text{image height}}{\text{object height}} = \frac{v}{u}$$

Diffraction grating

$$n\lambda = d \sin \theta$$

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Refractive index

$$n_1 \sin \theta_1 = n_2 \sin \theta_2$$

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

Critical angle

$$\sin C = \frac{1}{n}$$

Photon model

$$E = hf$$

Einstein's photoelectric equation

$$hf = \phi + \frac{1}{2}mv_{\max}^2$$

de Broglie wavelength

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$