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Surname

Other names

Pearson
Edexcel GCE

Centre Number

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Candidate Number

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Statistics S3

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Wednesday 24 May 2017 – Morning
Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper Reference

6691/01

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Pink)

Total Marks

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Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pencils and highlighter pens must not be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – *there may be more space than you need.*
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Values from the statistical tables should be quoted in full. When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ►

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Pearson

1. A company director decides to survey staff about changes to the company calendar. The company has staff in 4 different job roles

72 managers, 108 drivers, 180 administrators and 360 warehouse staff.

The director decides to take a stratified sample.

- (a) Write down one advantage of using a stratified sample rather than a simple random sample for this survey. (1)

- (b) Find the number of staff in each job role that will be included in a stratified sample of 40 staff. (3)

- (c) Describe how to choose managers for the stratified sample. (2)

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Question 1 continued

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(Total 6 marks)

Q1



2.

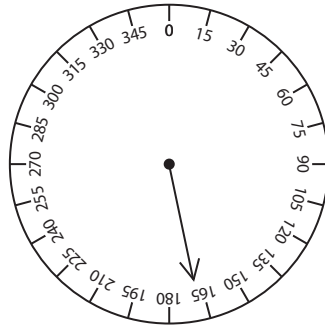


Figure 1

The pointer shown in Figure 1 is spun so that it comes to rest between 0 and 360 degrees.

Linda claims that it is equally likely to come to rest at any point between 0 and 360 degrees. She spins the pointer 100 times and her results are summarised in the table below. She calculates expected frequencies for some of the possible outcomes and these are also given in the table below.

Angle (degrees)	0–45	45–90	90–180	180–315	315–360
Frequency	18	16	18	29	19
Expected frequency	12.5	<i>a</i>	<i>b</i>	<i>c</i>	12.5

- (a) Find the values of the missing expected frequencies *a*, *b* and *c*. (2)
- (b) Stating your hypotheses clearly and using a 5% level of significance, test whether or not Linda’s claim is supported by these data. (8)

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Question 2 continued

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Question 2 continued

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Q2

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3. A junior judge is being trained by a senior judge to learn how to assess ice skaters. After the training, the judges each assess 6 ice skaters A, B, C, D, E and F . They each list them in order of preference with the best ice skater first. The results are shown in the table below.

Rank	1	2	3	4	5	6
Senior Judge	A	B	D	C	F	E
Junior Judge	B	D	A	F	C	E

- (a) Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient for these data. (5)
- (b) Test, at the 5% level of significance, whether or not there is evidence of a positive correlation between the rankings of the junior judge and the senior judge. State your hypotheses clearly. (4)
- (c) Comment on the effectiveness of the training delivered by the senior judge. (1)



Question 3 continued

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Lined writing area for Question 3 continued.

Q3

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(Total 10 marks)



4. A psychologist carries out a survey of the perceived body weight of 150 randomly chosen people. He asks them if they think they are underweight, about right or overweight. His results are summarised in the table below.

	Underweight	About right	Overweight
Male	20	22	30
Female	16	28	34

The psychologist calculates two of the expected frequencies, to 2 decimal places, for a test of independence between perceived body weight and gender. These results are shown in the table below.

	Underweight	About right	Overweight
Male	17.28		
Female	18.72		

- (a) Complete the table of expected frequencies shown above. (2)
- (b) Test, at the 10% level of significance, whether or not perceived body weight is independent of gender. State your hypotheses clearly. (7)

The psychologist now combines the male and female data to test whether or not body weight types are chosen equally.

- (c) Find the smallest significance level, from the tables in the formula booklet, for which there is evidence of a preference. (5)

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5. Paul takes the company bus to work. According to the bus timetable he should arrive at work at 0831. Paul believes the bus is not reliable and often arrives late. Paul decides to test the arrival time of the bus and carries out a survey. He records the values of the random variable

$X =$ number of minutes after 0831 when the bus arrives.

His results are summarised below.

$$n = 15 \quad \sum x = 60 \quad \sum x^2 = 1946$$

- (a) Calculate unbiased estimates of the mean, μ , and the variance of X . (3)

Using the mean of Paul's sample and given $X \sim N(\mu, 10^2)$

- (b) (i) calculate a 95% confidence interval for the mean arrival time at work for this company bus.
- (ii) State an assumption you made about the values in the sample obtained by Paul. (5)
- (c) Comment on Paul's belief. Justify your answer. (2)

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Question 5 continued

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Q5

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(Total 10 marks)



