

1. The hyperbola H has equation

$$\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$

Find

(a) the coordinates of the foci of H , (3)

(b) the equations of the directrices of H . (2)



Question 1 continued

Blank lined area for answer.

(Total 5 marks)

Q1



2.

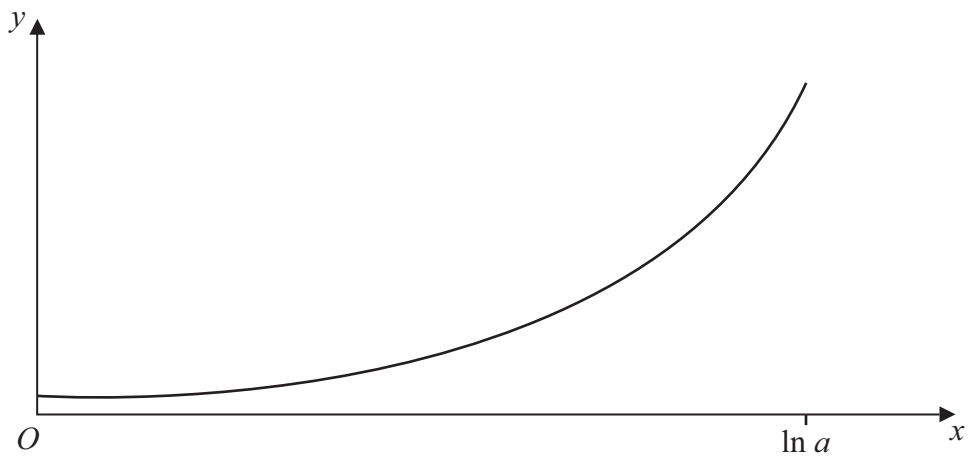


Figure 1

The curve C , shown in Figure 1, has equation

$$y = \frac{1}{3} \cosh 3x, \quad 0 \leq x \leq \ln a$$

where a is a constant and $a > 1$

Using calculus, show that the length of curve C is

$$k\left(a^3 - \frac{1}{a^3}\right)$$

and state the value of the constant k .

(6)

4.
$$I_n = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} x^n \sin 2x \, dx, \quad n \geq 0$$

(a) Prove that, for $n \geq 2$,

$$I_n = \frac{1}{4}n\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^{n-1} - \frac{1}{4}n(n-1)I_{n-2} \tag{5}$$

(b) Find the exact value of I_2 (4)

(c) Show that $I_4 = \frac{1}{64}(\pi^3 - 24\pi + 48)$ (2)



6. The ellipse E has equation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

The line l_1 is a tangent to E at the point $P(a \cos \theta, b \sin \theta)$.

(a) Using calculus, show that an equation for l_1 is

$$\frac{x \cos \theta}{a} + \frac{y \sin \theta}{b} = 1 \tag{4}$$

The circle C has equation

$$x^2 + y^2 = a^2$$

The line l_2 is a tangent to C at the point $Q(a \cos \theta, a \sin \theta)$.

(b) Find an equation for the line l_2 . (2)

Given that l_1 and l_2 meet at the point R ,

(c) find, in terms of a , b and θ , the coordinates of R . (3)

(d) Find the locus of R , as θ varies. (2)



Question 6 continued

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 6.



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Question 7 continued

Lined writing area for the answer to Question 7.

(Total 11 marks)

Q7



