







2. Given that

$$f(x) = \ln x, \quad x > 0$$

sketch on separate axes the graphs of

(i)  $y = f(x)$ ,

(ii)  $y = |f(x)|$ ,

(iii)  $y = -f(x - 4)$ .

Show, on each diagram, the point where the graph meets or crosses the  $x$ -axis.  
In each case, state the equation of the asymptote.

(7)



**Question 2 continued**



**Question 2 continued**



Leave  
blank

**Question 2 continued**

**Q2**

**(Total 7 marks)**



3. Given that

$$2 \cos(x + 50)^\circ = \sin(x + 40)^\circ$$

(a) Show, without using a calculator, that

$$\tan x^\circ = \frac{1}{3} \tan 40^\circ \quad (4)$$

(b) Hence solve, for  $0 \leq \theta < 360$ ,

$$2 \cos(2\theta + 50)^\circ = \sin(2\theta + 40)^\circ$$

giving your answers to 1 decimal place. (4)

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**Question 3 continued**

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 3.





Question 3 continued

Lined writing area for Question 3 continued.

(Total 8 marks)

Q3



4.  $f(x) = 25x^2e^{2x} - 16, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$

(a) Using calculus, find the exact coordinates of the turning points on the curve with equation  $y = f(x)$ . (5)

(b) Show that the equation  $f(x) = 0$  can be written as  $x = \pm \frac{4}{5} e^{-x}$  (1)

The equation  $f(x) = 0$  has a root  $\alpha$ , where  $\alpha = 0.5$  to 1 decimal place.

(c) Starting with  $x_0 = 0.5$ , use the iteration formula

$$x_{n+1} = \frac{4}{5} e^{-x_n}$$

to calculate the values of  $x_1, x_2$  and  $x_3$ , giving your answers to 3 decimal places. (3)

(d) Give an accurate estimate for  $\alpha$  to 2 decimal places, and justify your answer. (2)

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5. Given that

$$x = \sec^2 3y, \quad 0 < y < \frac{\pi}{6}$$

(a) find  $\frac{dx}{dy}$  in terms of  $y$ . (2)

(b) Hence show that

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{6x(x-1)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

(4)

(c) Find an expression for  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  in terms of  $x$ . Give your answer in its simplest form. (4)

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Question 5 continued

This area contains 30 horizontal lines for writing an answer.













**Question 6 continued**

Lined writing area for Question 6 continued.

**(Total 10 marks)**

Q6



7. The function  $f$  has domain  $-2 \leq x \leq 6$  and is linear from  $(-2, 10)$  to  $(2, 0)$  and from  $(2, 0)$  to  $(6, 4)$ . A sketch of the graph of  $y = f(x)$  is shown in Figure 1.

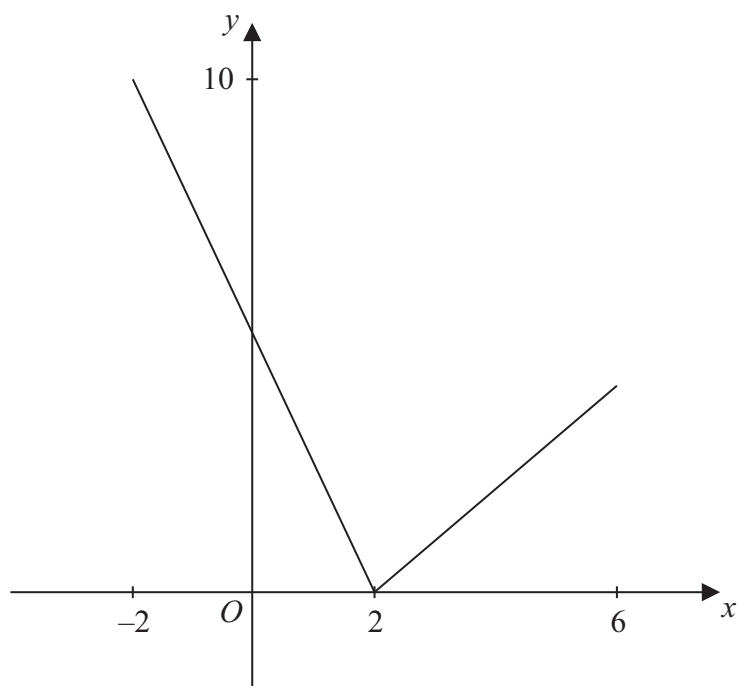


Figure 1

- (a) Write down the range of  $f$ . (1)
- (b) Find  $ff(0)$ . (2)

The function  $g$  is defined by

$$g : x \rightarrow \frac{4 + 3x}{5 - x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad x \neq 5$$

- (c) Find  $g^{-1}(x)$  (3)
- (d) Solve the equation  $gf(x) = 16$  (5)

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8.

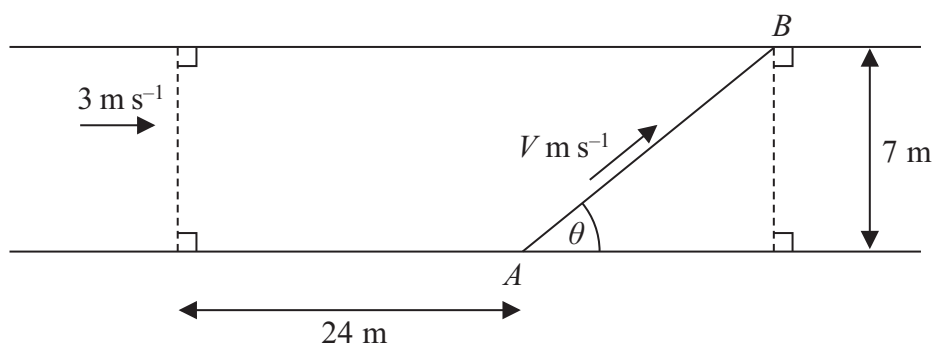


Figure 2

Kate crosses a road, of constant width 7 m, in order to take a photograph of a marathon runner, John, approaching at  $3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ .

Kate is 24 m ahead of John when she starts to cross the road from the fixed point  $A$ .

John passes her as she reaches the other side of the road at a variable point  $B$ , as shown in Figure 2.

Kate's speed is  $V \text{ m s}^{-1}$  and she moves in a straight line, which makes an angle  $\theta$ ,  $0 < \theta < 150^\circ$ , with the edge of the road, as shown in Figure 2.

You may assume that  $V$  is given by the formula

$$V = \frac{21}{24 \sin \theta + 7 \cos \theta}, \quad 0 < \theta < 150^\circ$$

- (a) Express  $24 \sin \theta + 7 \cos \theta$  in the form  $R \cos(\theta - \alpha)$ , where  $R$  and  $\alpha$  are constants and where  $R > 0$  and  $0 < \alpha < 90^\circ$ , giving the value of  $\alpha$  to 2 decimal places. (3)

Given that  $\theta$  varies,

- (b) find the minimum value of  $V$ . (2)

Given that Kate's speed has the value found in part (b),

- (c) find the distance  $AB$ . (3)

Given instead that Kate's speed is  $1.68 \text{ m s}^{-1}$ ,

- (d) find the two possible values of the angle  $\theta$ , given that  $0 < \theta < 150^\circ$ . (6)

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**Question 8 continued**

Lined area for writing the answer to Question 8.

**Q8**

**(Total 14 marks)**

**TOTAL FOR PAPER: 75 MARKS**

**END**

