

Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1. Smoking is an example of a lifestyle choice that may affect a person's physical health.

(a) Identify **three** lifestyle choices, other than smoking, that may affect a person's physical health.

1

2

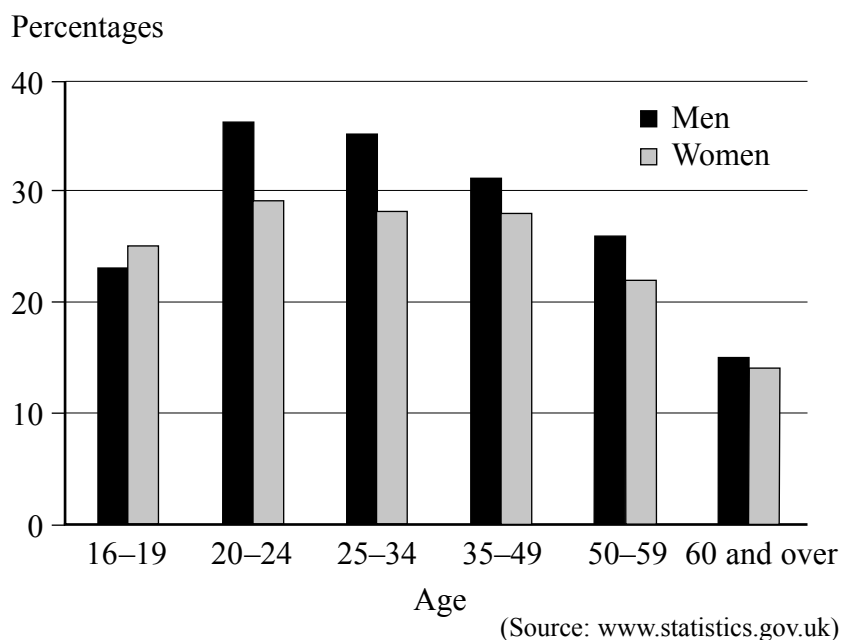
3

(3)

(b)

One in four adults were smokers in 2004

The graph shows the percentage of adults who smoked cigarettes, by age and sex, in 2004 in the UK.



(i) Describe how the number of people who smoked varied with age.

.....
.....
.....
.....

(2)



2.

Nina is a sociology student in her second year at university. She has just moved away from her family home and into a flat with six other students. The flat is damp and has not been decorated for a number of years. After paying the rent, she does not have very much money to spend.

(a) As part of growing up, Nina has experienced different agents in the socialisation process.

(i) Using the information given, describe the different agents in Nina's socialisation.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

(4)

(ii) Explain the importance of Nina having friends at this time in her life.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

(4)



Leave
blank

(iii) Describe **two** ways in which Nina's family can support her while she is at university.

1

.....

.....

.....

2

.....

.....

.....

(4)

(b) Nina is learning about socio-economic factors.

Examine how Nina's housing and income may affect her physical development.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

(6)



(c) Nina is also learning about the relationship between social class and health.

(i) The Registrar-General's classification of social class is shown in the table.

	Social Class	Examples of Occupations
1	Professional	Lawyer, doctor
2	Intermediate	Teacher, nurse, manager
3 (NM)	Skilled non-manual	Typist, shop assistant
3 (M)	Skilled manual	Miner, cook, electrician
4	Semi-skilled manual	Farm worker, packer
5	Unskilled manual	Cleaner, labourer

Define the term **social class**.

.....

.....

.....

.....

(2)

(ii) The table shows variations in mortality (death) with social class for certain common causes of death. The numbers refer to the Standardised Mortality Ratio, where 100 is average. The higher the number, the higher the mortality.

Cause	Social Class					
	1	2	3 NM	3 M	4	5
Heart disease (men)	88	91	107	108	117	135
Lung cancer (men)	53	68	84	118	123	143
Breast cancer (women)	117	112	110	109	103	92
Cervical cancer	44	66	69	120	140	161
Suicide (women)	124	118	110	87	83	94

(Figures taken from Occupational Mortality England and Wales, 1970-72, OPCS.)



3.

Medvale is a care home for older people. It is situated next door to Newholme, a home for unmarried mothers. Each care establishment has 20 residents, with a ratio of care practitioners to service users of 1 : 4. Most of the residents of Medvale are women of black ethnic origin, whereas the residents of Newholme are of mixed ethnic origin.

(a) How many care practitioners work at Medvale?

.....
(1)

(b) Different groups of people in society are sometimes stereotyped.

(i) Describe **one** way in which older people may be stereotyped.

.....
.....
.....
.....
(2)

(ii) Describe **one** way in which unmarried mothers may be stereotyped.

.....
.....
.....
.....
(2)



BLANK PAGE



BLANK PAGE



N 3 0 2 6 3 A 0 1 5 1 6

BLANK PAGE

