



Pearson

GCE A Level Art and Design

**Textile Design
Component 1**

Wanda

Total Mark 49 (40 + 9 PS)

	AO1 Develop	AO2 Explore and Select	AO3 Record	AO4 Realise	Personal Study
Mark	10	10	10	10	9
Performance Level	4	4	4	4	3
				Total out of 90	49

Examiner Commentary

Wanda's visual research is extremely purposeful, diverse and effective. She is open to possibilities and gains a lot of potentially valuable imagery and information from her studies into nature and decay, particularly in observations of landscapes and the sea. Her development of ideas and visual experiments are very promising, but her final outcome, whilst extremely ambitious in scale and use of media demonstrates a more predictable level of concepts and aesthetic skill with rather prosaic images of fish. It lacks the sensitive and refined qualities to reach Performance Level 5, remaining in low Performance Level 4.

Wanda's Personal Study is very broad in scope but lacks depth. Her intentions are ambitious: to understand environmental art and also to 'learn more about pollution', but the study lacks the focus necessary to engage with ideas in art in detail and tends towards description, achieving at the top of Performance Level 3.





How can environmental issues be conveyed by material manipulation and sculpture / installation?

JOURNEYS

&

PATHWAYS

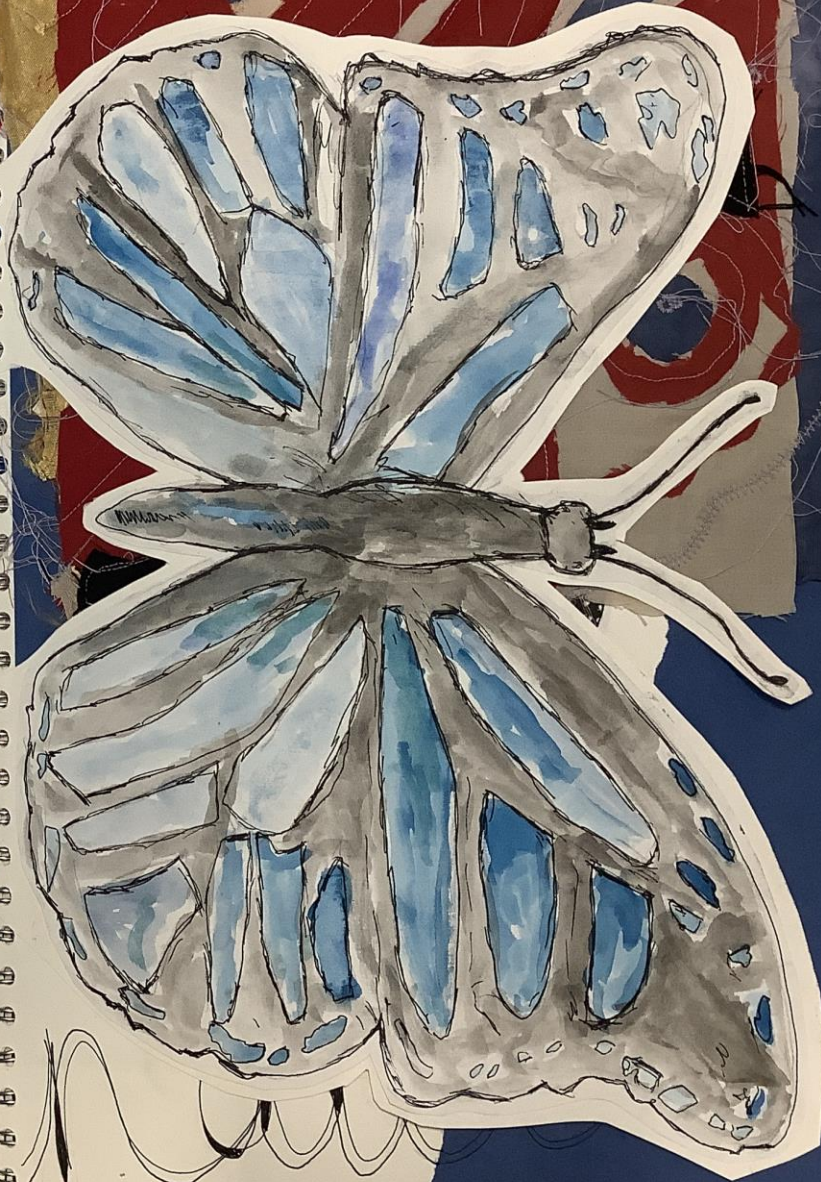
Flight

From the title "Journeys and Pathways," my initial thought was nature and flight. I focused on

butterflies, experimenting on shape and form. I was inspired by Alexander McQueen's work where he uses the butterfly form to create beautiful runway pieces.

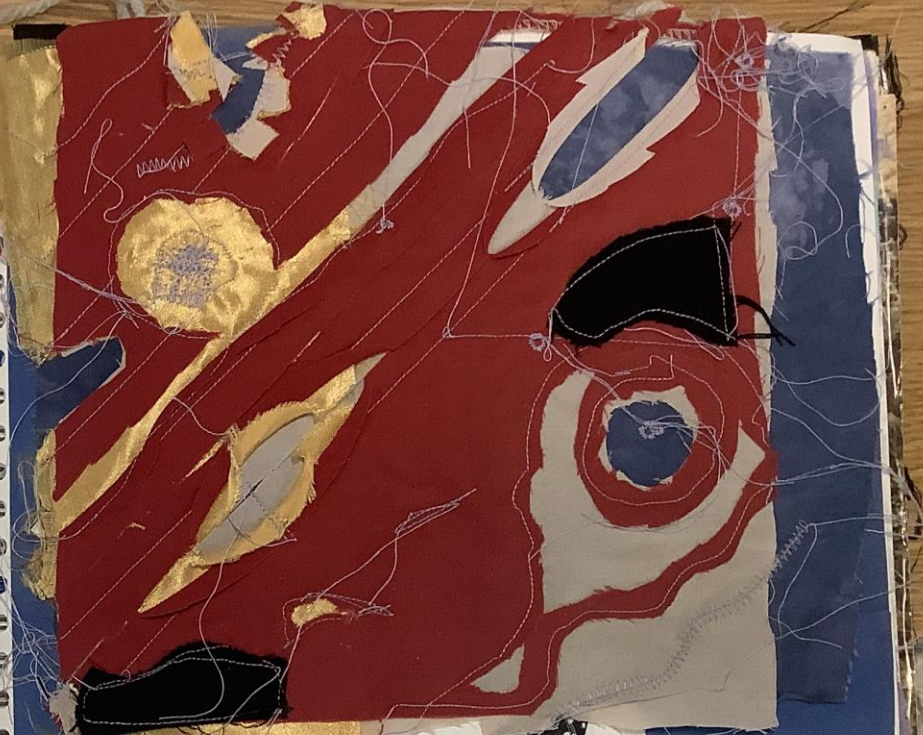
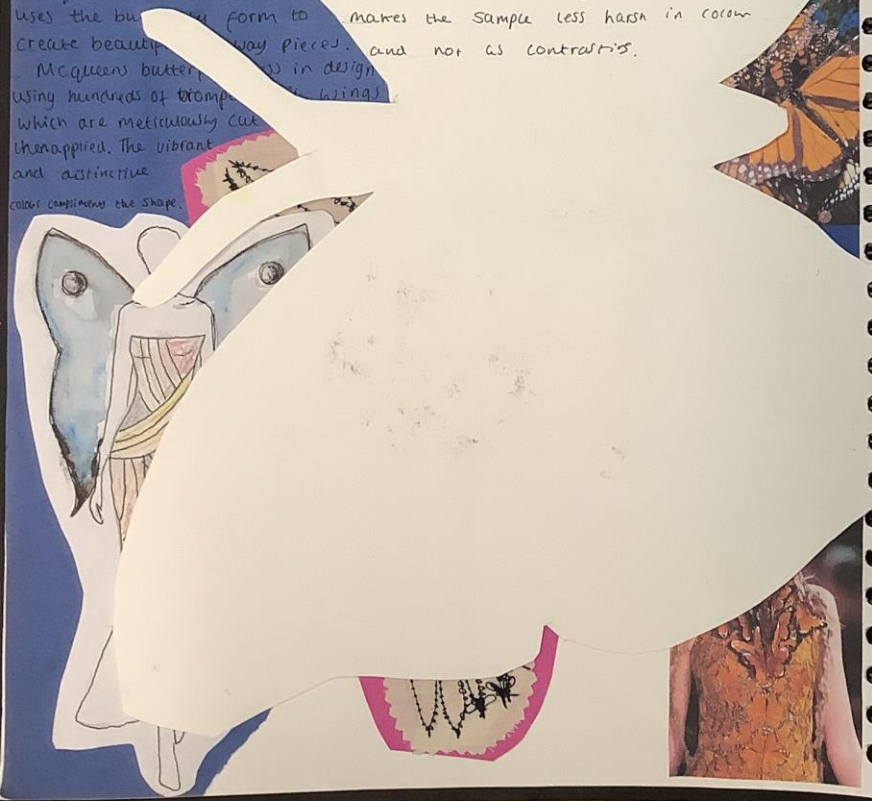
McQueen's butterfly dress is designed using hundreds of trompe l'oeil wings which are meticulously cut and dyed then applied. The vibrant and distinctive colour compliments the shape.

"It needs to connect with the earth. Things are processed and reprocessed (lose their substance)"
- Alexander McQueen



glia

I created a fabric layer piece using multiple coloured fabrics. I focused on the zoomed in shape and my initial thought slash technique was really effective and i was able to create shape and texture. I left the thread uncut and messy to make a more textured based piece. The blue dyed background is uneven with patches of white and lighter blues. This uses the butterfly form to makes the sample less harsh in colour create beautiful layered pieces, and not as contrasty. McQueens butterfly in design using hundreds of trompe l'oeil which are meticulously cut then applied. The vibrant and distinctive colour complements the shape.



nature

TIE DYE

TUCK

SAMPLE

Tie Dye and Tucks

I manipulated calico fabric to create shape in the fabric after dying. I folded this piece in a pleated technique. When I applied the dye then let dry I found a quite symmetrical pattern. Where I had folded the fabric I sewed a small seam. This made tucks in the fabric. The space between the tucks is quite large so the colours and pattern can be seen easily. Overall I think this effect was quite effective. Next time I think I would be more experimental with the tuck shape.

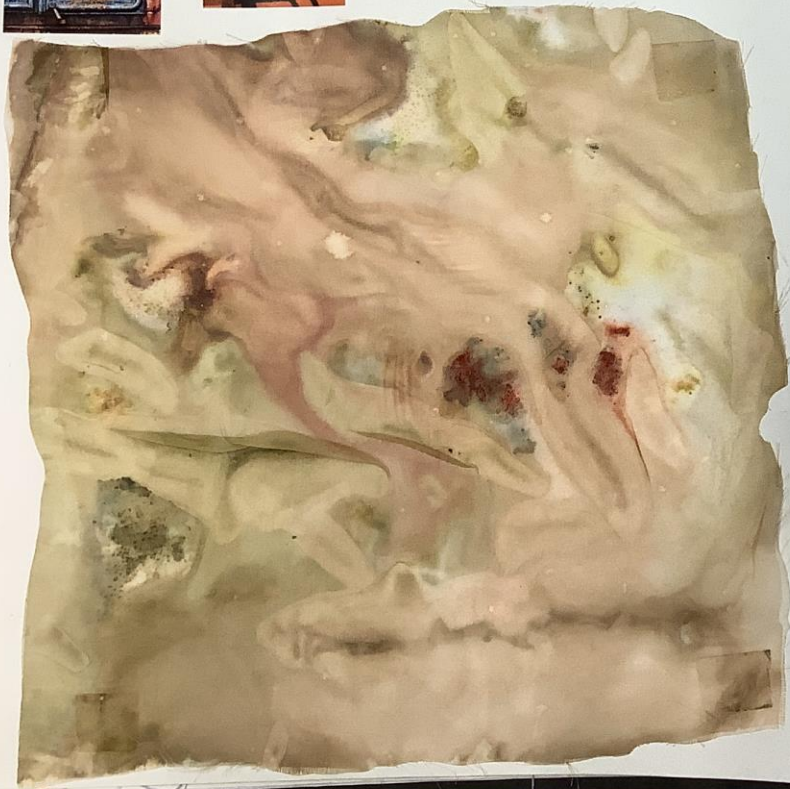


Tie Dye

This tie dye sample was created using buttons tied with elastic bands to create a relief section. The colours and the circular section remind me of the coral reef and underwater animals. The pigment and vibrance of the colour was really effective. I really like the way the purple and blue mixed became conjoined with tone and varied color. If I did this again I think I would tie more sections to create the relief circular sections.



POWDER DYE SAMPLES



What does textiles mean to me?

What is textiles?

The word 'textiles' makes me think of three things; Fashion, Interior and fine art. Interior is one of the most common uses of textiles but also the least thought about. From sofas to curtains, to cushions and lampshades, all these are common uses of textiles. Fashion is also a big theme in textiles, from the clothes we wear and adore as well as the huge run way fashion scene.

Fine art is also another theme of textiles. The use of fabric and thread is used to create pieces of art. Stereotypically people categorise fine art into art you could typically find in art galleries. Quite a lot of fine art textiles is contemporary and modern.

Fashion

Alexander McQUEEN

Lee Alexander McQueen was a British fashion designer and artist, popular for his controversial and shocking designs. Quite a lot of McQueen's work is inspired and influenced by nature. When he was a child, McQueen would study birds and butterflies from his bedroom window. This would eventually result and influence his work, for example his butterfly dress of Spring/Summer 2002. Personally I like more of the natural forms of Alexander McQueen's work, like the more brown and earthy tones within some of his pieces.



William Morris

Interior

William Morris was a British textile artist associated with the Arts and Crafts movement. He is most well known for his wallpaper and fabric prints. His work is mostly inspired by natural form and shape. I really like his use of colours which compliment each other. His prints are quite repetitive and show the same shapes and patterns each time.

Fine art

ANA TERESA BARBOZA

Ana Teresa Barboza is a Peruvian textile artist. Her work is three-dimensional textile art that depicts natural form such as plant life and landscape. She is known for her mixed media work, embroidery and patchwork. I really like her woven embroidered pieces especially when she incorporates digital photography within the piece. She uses the same colors to match the photo which is really effective.

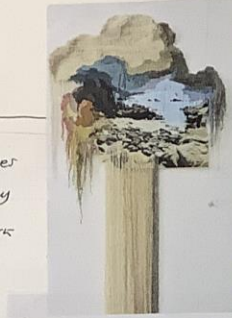
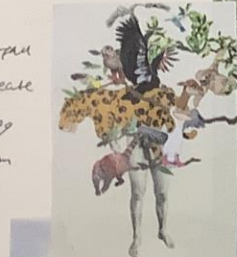


ANA TERESA BARBOZA

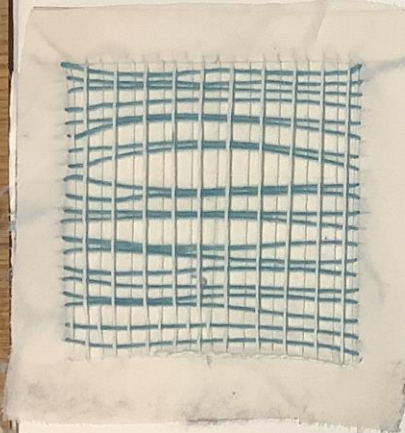
Ana Teresa Barboza is a Peruvian textile artist who focuses on natural form and landscapes. Her work is primarily 3 dimensional focusing on mixed media weaving, patchwork and knitting. I really like how her work relates to the natural world and shows the uneven lines and patterns of nature. Her work is extremely labourous and takes her hundreds of hours just to complete a single piece.

Her work really inspired me to use photos from my Scottish Highland holidays, then embroider/weave on top. The Highlands have a really special place in my heart, from a really young age me and my family have visited. The endless hours of shearing rockpools and exploring beaches as a child, influenced the primary photos I took.

I began with feeling onto the waterpail image. I used wool and yarn to create patterns. I found feeling challenging because I had never used that medium before. Mixing the wool and yarn together was really effective to create the exact tone of the landscape. The uneven and messy look helps the fibres blend within the photograph.



WEAVING EXPERIMENTATION



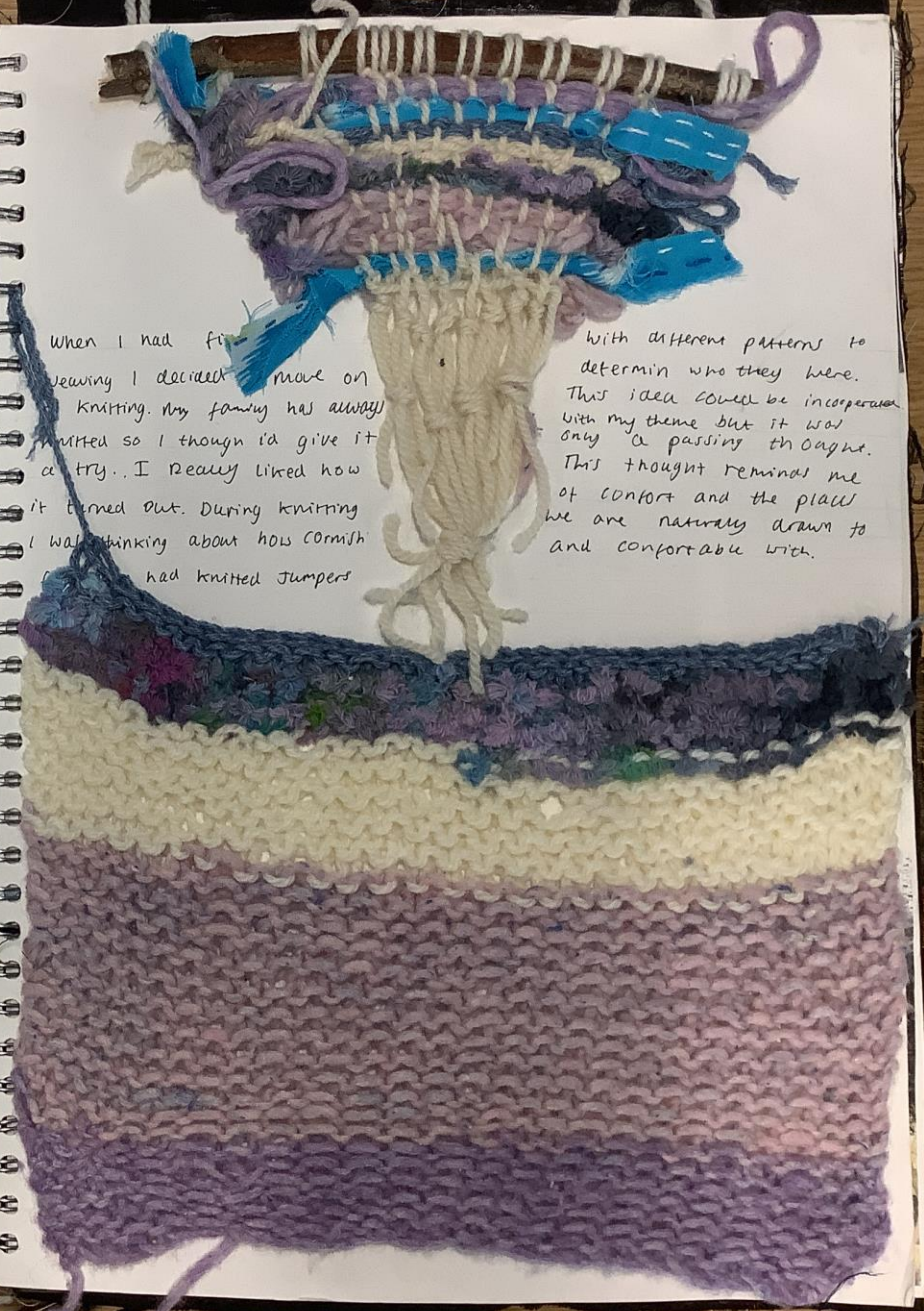
After studying and analysing Ana Teresa Barbozas work, I realised that most of her work focuses on weaving. I experimented with weaving to expand my knowledge on needle craft. I started with embroidery weaving and neatly spaced out threads in intervals then weaved each together. After doing this I experimented with more uneven weaving because Barbozas work is more uneven to match the unsymmetrical and natural forms of landscapes.

Then I experimented with weaving fabric. I used hand crafted tweed fabric that was made in the Scottish Highlands. It's made from natural fibres and carefully woven together and ties with the natural theme.

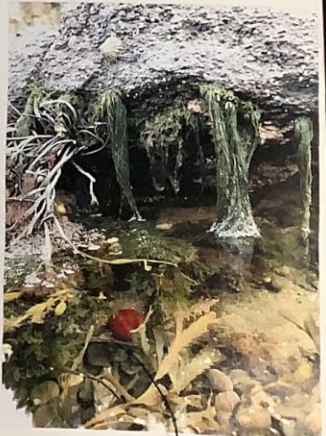
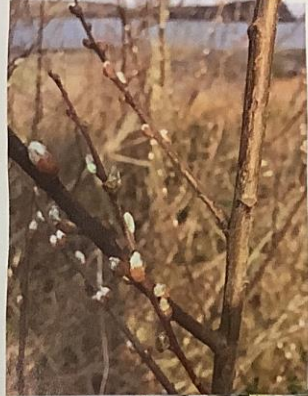
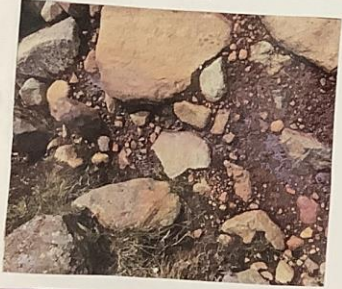
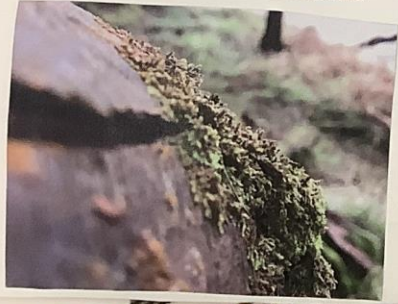


When I had finished weaving I decided to move on to knitting. My family has always knitted so I thought I'd give it a try. I really liked how it turned out. During knitting I was thinking about how Cornish I had knitted jumpers

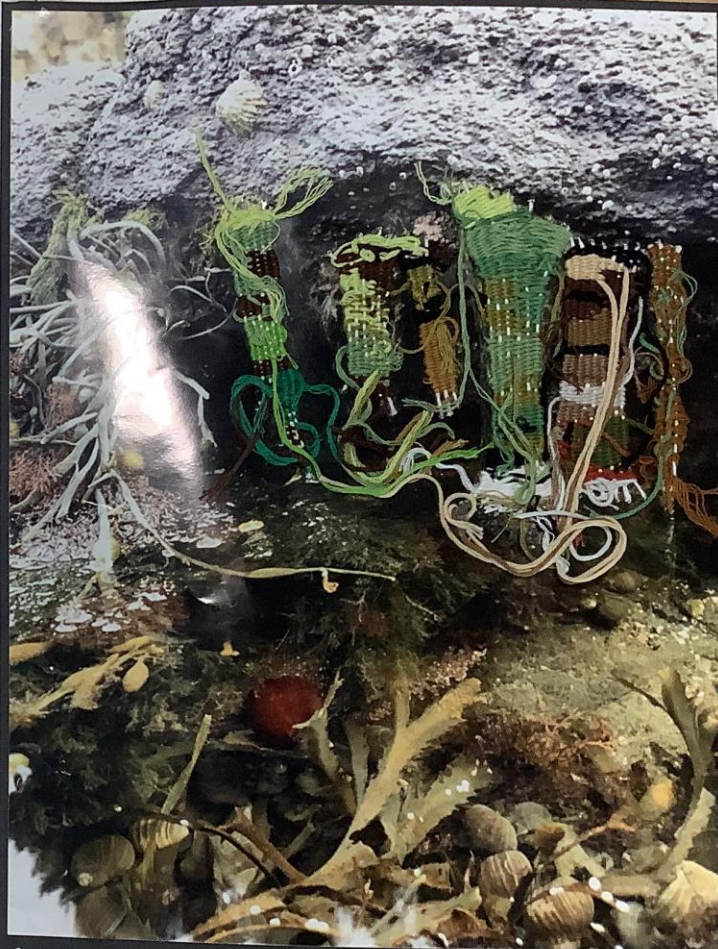
with different patterns to determine who they were. This idea could be incorporated with my theme but it was only a passing thought. This thought reminds me of comfort and the place we are naturally drawn to and comfortable with.



PRIMARY IMAGES







WEAVING

After experimenting with weaving I wanted to incorporate it within a larger scale piece. I used a primary photograph then weaved on top to show seaweed and flowing water. This piece was also a continuation of inspiration from Ana Barbosa's work, the weaving looks quite similar to her work. I like how the threads look like seaweed, the weaving is quite messy but looks effective because none is completely symmetrical. Overall I liked creating this piece and it looks very effective. A more large scale piece would be even more effective. After this I want to experiment with mixed medium weaving pieces incorporating monoprinting like I've previously done.





Sandra Meech



Sandra Meech is a quilt and stitched textiles artist. Originally from Canada, she trained as a fine artist and illustrator, working in graphics and publishing. She came across stitched textiles then introduced this new approach into her work using photography, painting and collage with mixed media on fabric.

Her work is inspired and based on the local landscape around her. She generally focuses on the Somerset level but also studies subjects like polar scenery. She travelled to the Falklands where she was inspired by ice, glaciers, icebergs and the frozen landscape. When Meech goes to



create an idea she uses sketchbooks to present her ideas (often using a collage form). I really like her collage pictures within her sketchbooks. She uses primary images mixed with sketches and watercolour to create full mixed media landscapes.



To develop my ideas inspired by Sandra Meech I am going to begin with collage of my local landscape or even the mountainous landscape captured in my primary photography.

After creating these collages I want to experiment with painting and mixing in other



media to create full landscape pieces. I could use heat transfer images again to embroider and quilt upon I think that could be effective but I also want to develop my ideas just using fabric, painting and stitching. I'd also like to include monoprints within my quilting to incorporate the theme of companionship and natural objects.

Abstract Collage

After studying Sandra meech I created some collage pieces. I looked at meech's pieces and recreated the simple shapes and lines using black pen. The large scale piece I thought was successful. I used images from the same place but mixed them including bold line work and water colour to add background.

Sandra meech includes quite a lot of buildings within her collages which I wanted to include so I could add bold stark lines. Following forward I don't think I will include buildings but these collages were a good change to experiment with shape. Meech also sketches landscapes with charcoal and water colour. I really like that medium but I don't think it would fit in with my theme unless I do charcoal like monoprints within a final piece. Monoprinting ~~the~~ within quilting could look effective.



Quilting and Appliqué Planning

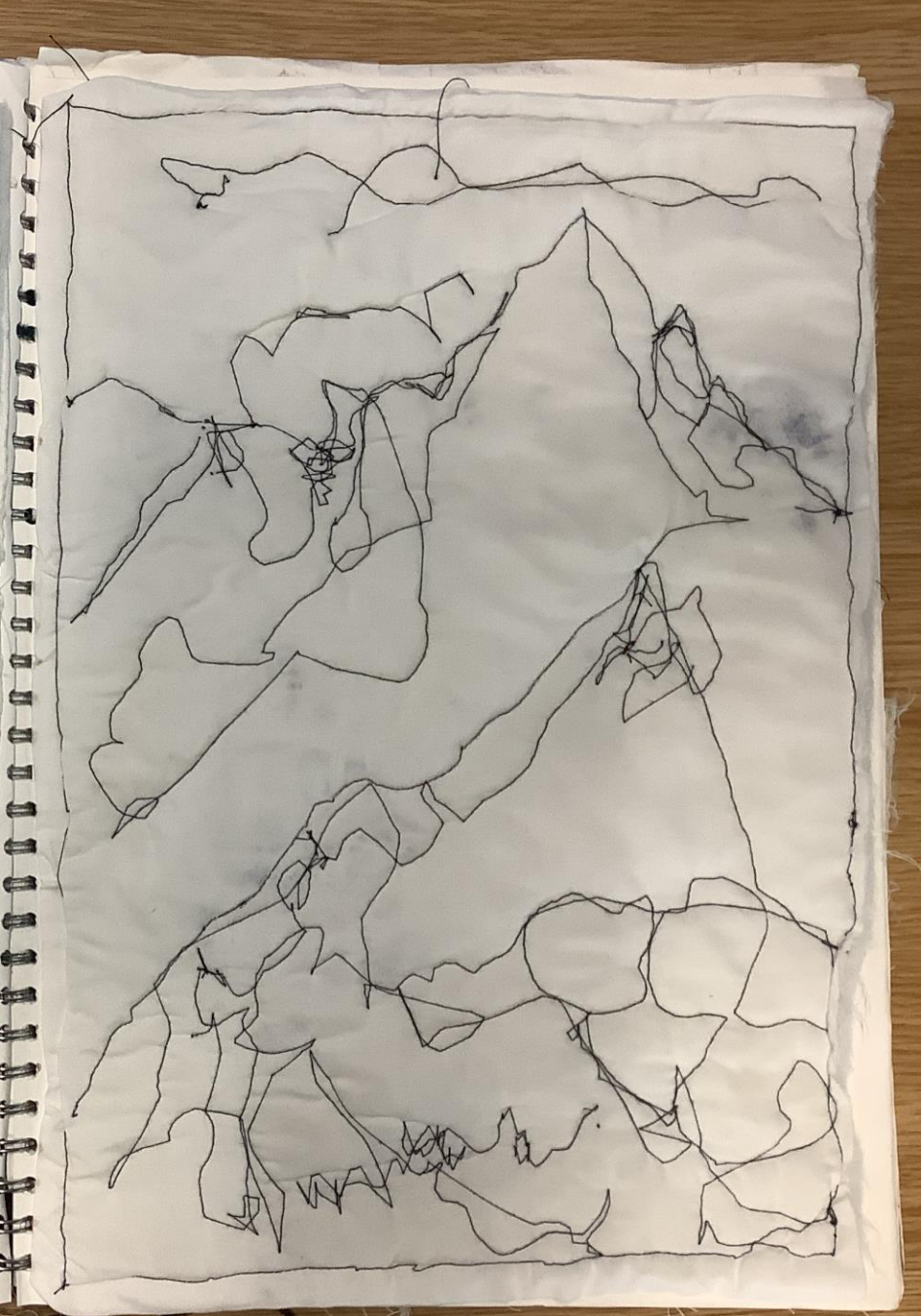
Planning my quilting/applique piece was helpful because I had never really used this technique before. Firstly I researched how other people had presented their applique. After this I sketched out sections of a reference picture that I had taken. I did my main drawing on A3 paper and cut out the sections depending on colour and texture. After this I looked through fabrics and chose ones that would be effective then cut out all the pieces. I painted on top

of the fabric pieces adding colour and texture with a mix between acrylic and water colour paint. I used an embroidery foot and

sewed all three pieces together onto backing fabric. After I sandwiched wadding in between the two pieces. Then

I began quilting, focusing on the shape of the mountain. I also changed the colour of the thread to add texture and definition.





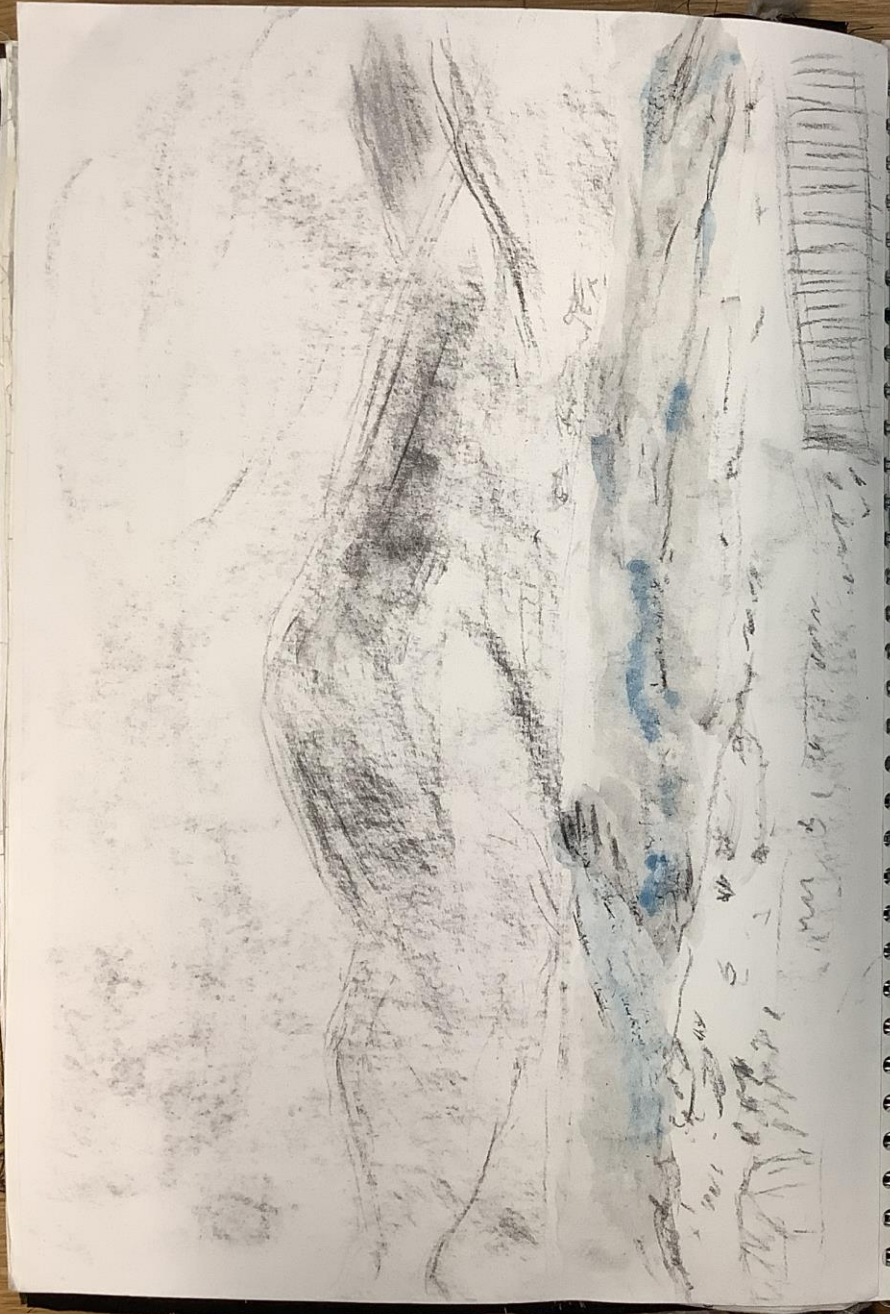
Review Page

During this project I have focused on natural form and the landscape around me. Moving forward I want to continue focusing on this theme. The story of my travels and the landscapes that I have experience is what I want to capture within my pieces. I want the viewer to see the beauty and peacefulness of the landscapes I focus upon.

Moving onto a final piece I'm thinking of making a very large mixed media landscape piece inspired by the views I have seen and the pictures I have taken. To present and recreate the landscape I will use mediums such as quilting, felting and weaving. (which I've already explored during this project.) These methods will be used to portray my vision and the landscape I've chosen. I want the final piece to be large scale so the viewer can fully experience the view that I did when I was there.

Continuing with the theme of Scotland is important to me. Many of my earliest memory's have been spent exploring the highlands. The Land scape is so different to my home county of Norfolk which make me appreciate the land scape when visiting Scotland. The Hills, mountains, and lochs show the beauty of a place which can also be so lonely and quiet.

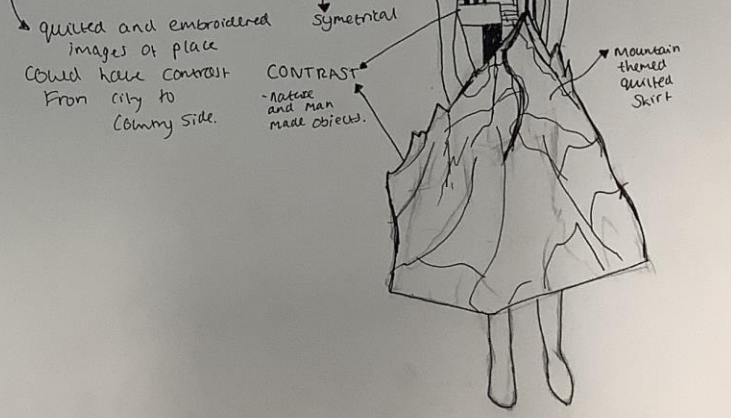
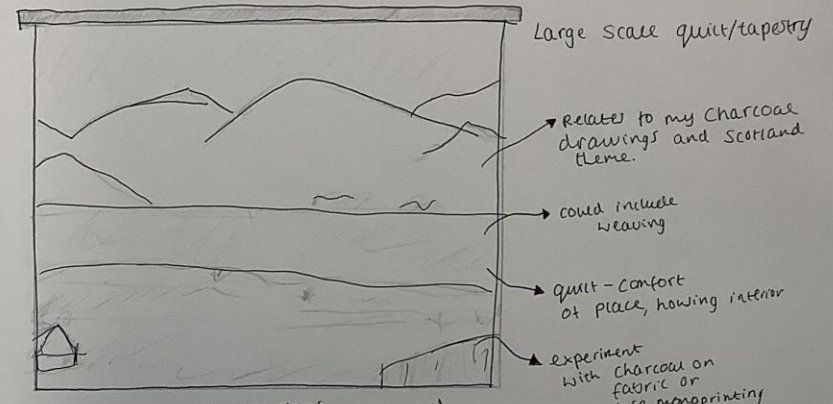
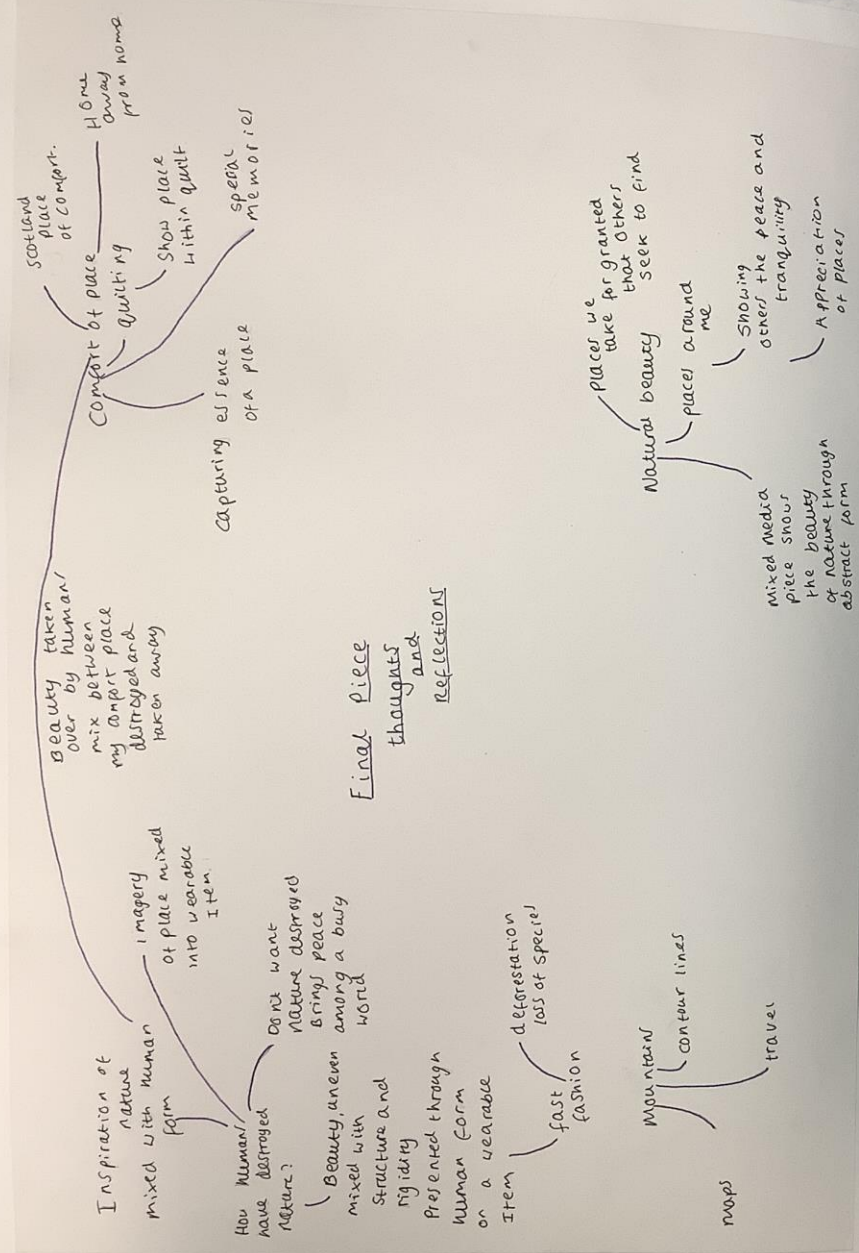




Sketch of a landscape with a river and hills.

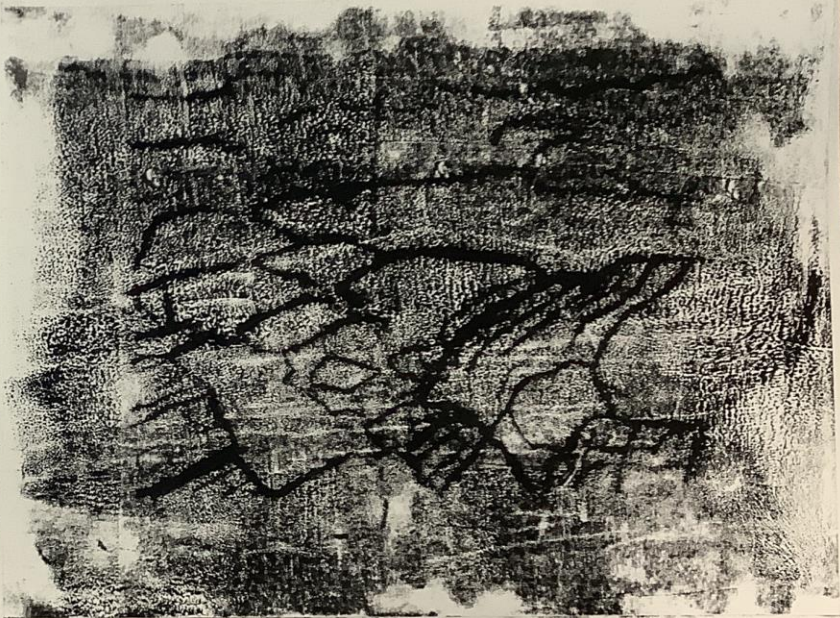


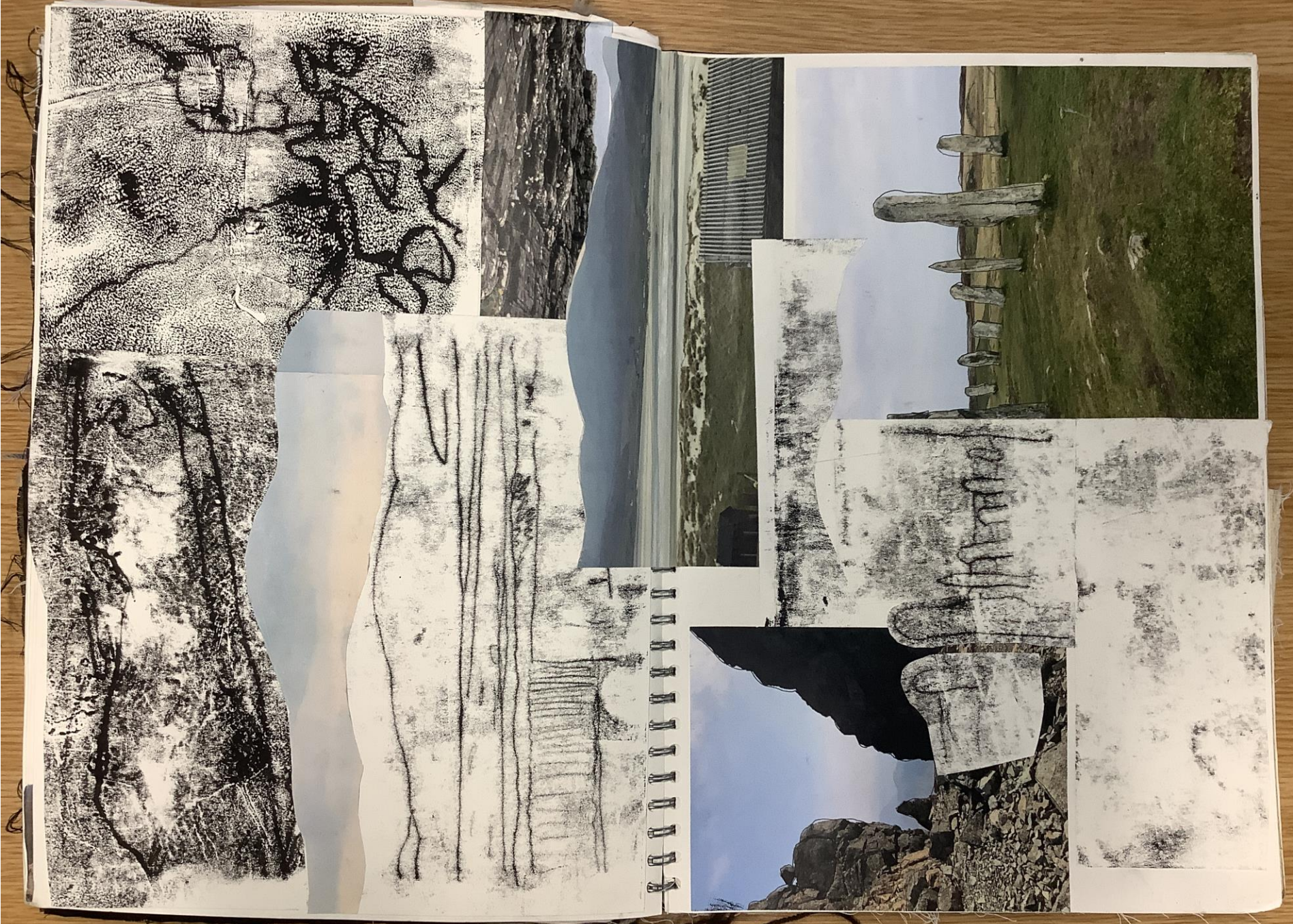
TEST PIECE





MONO
PRINTING







Final Piece design Mood Board

weaving



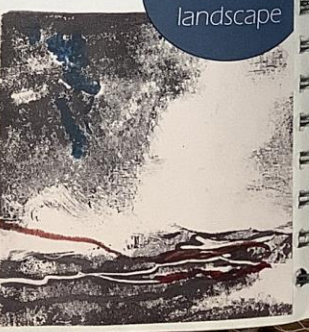
Mono Printing



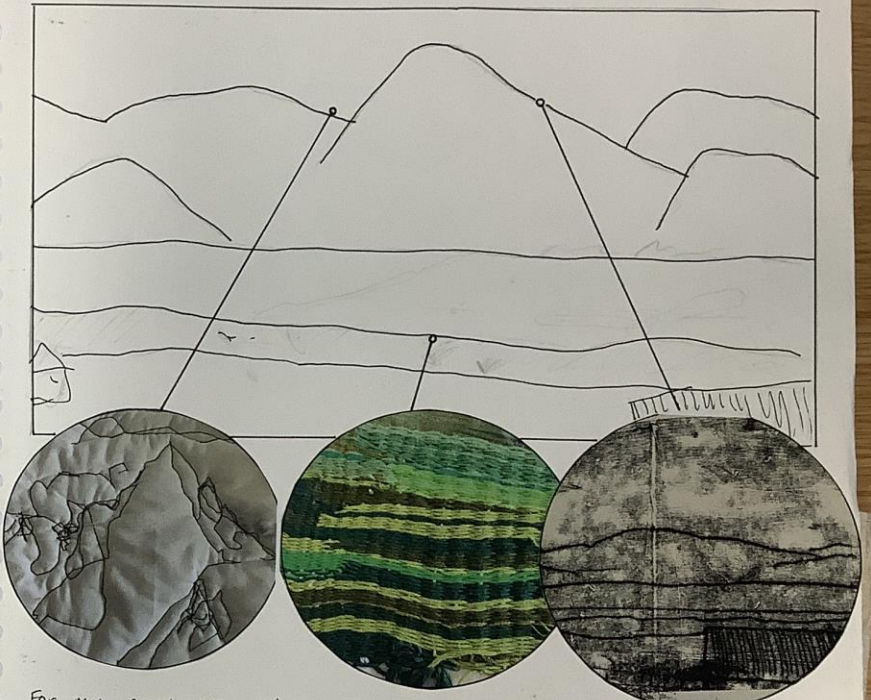
Quilting



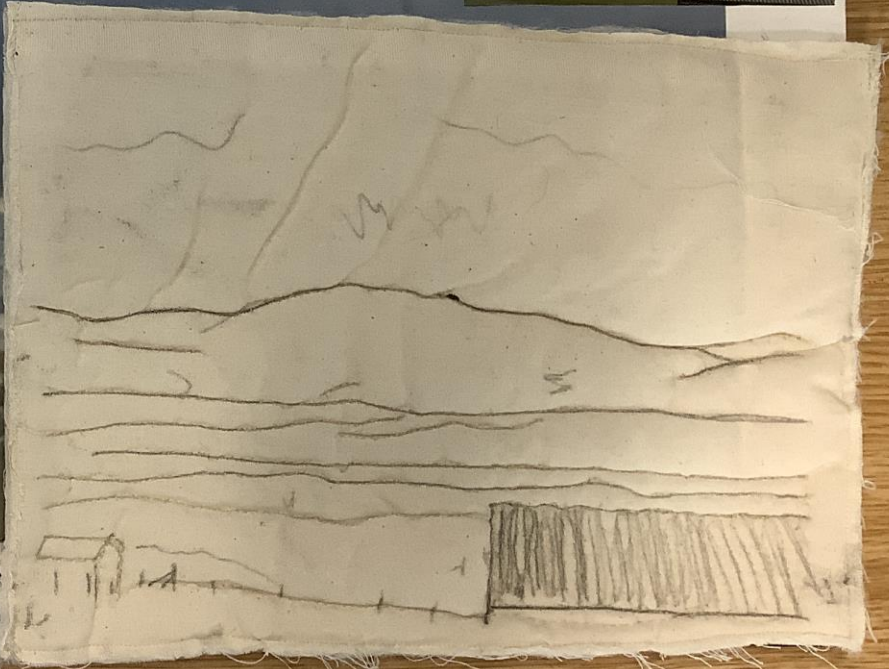
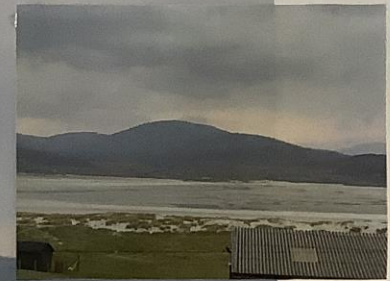
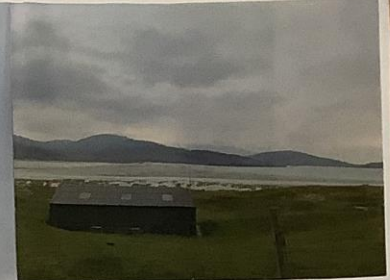
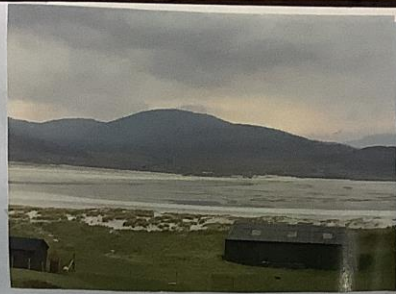
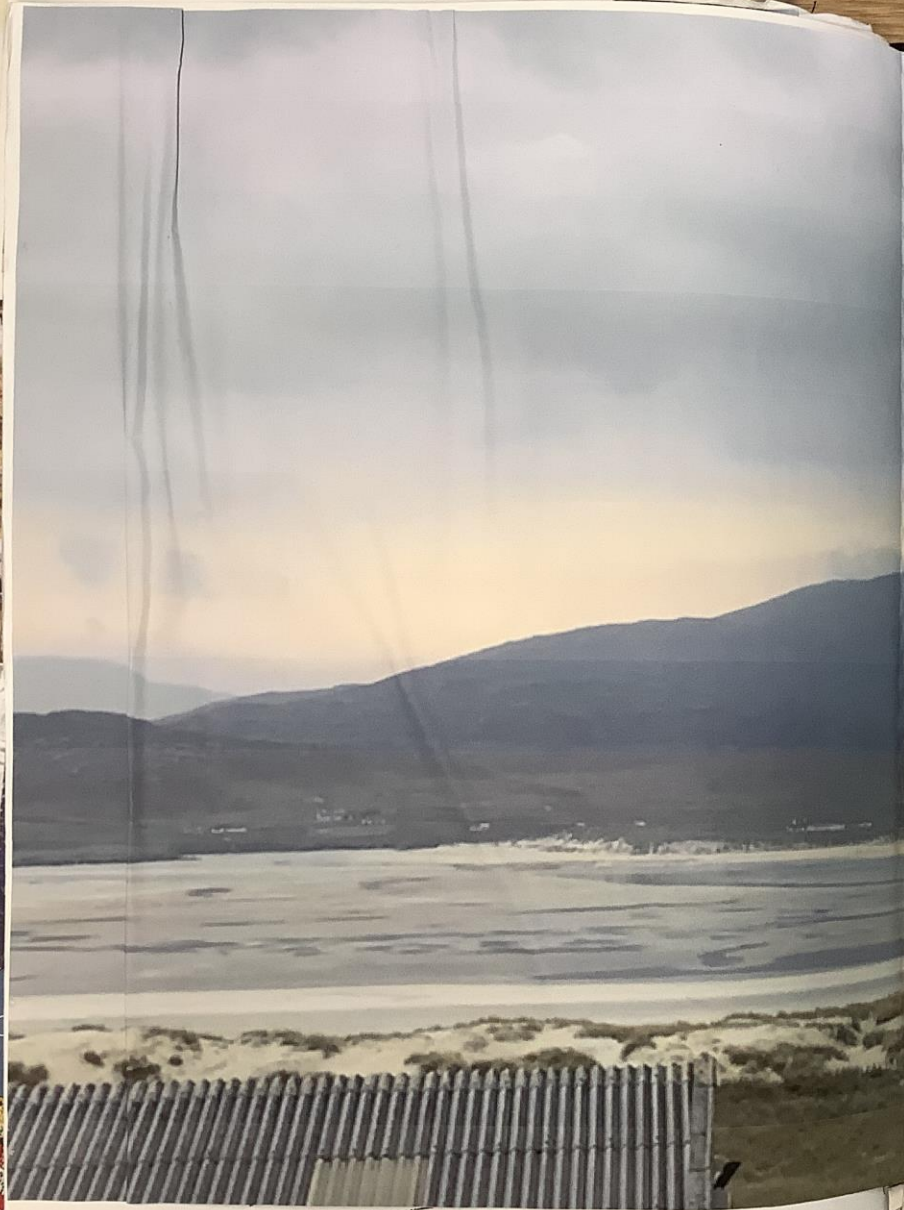
Large scale landscape



Final Piece Plan

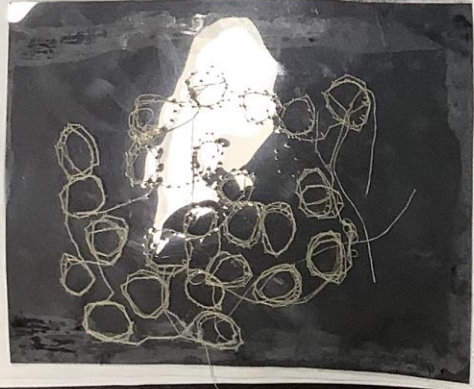
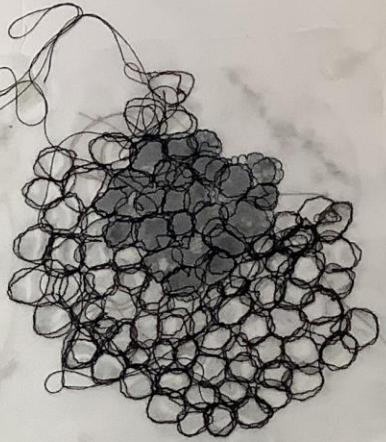
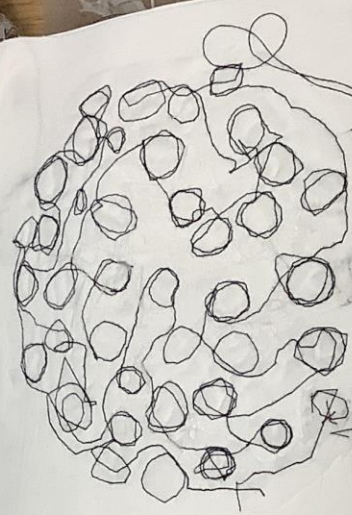
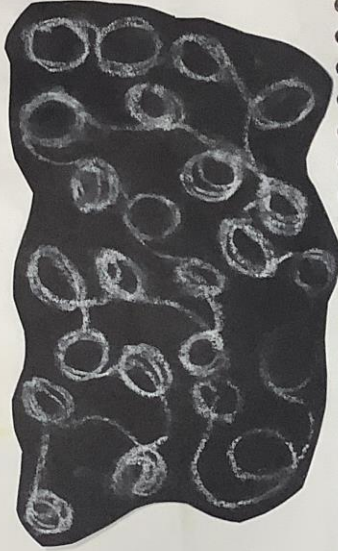


For my final piece I have decided to use my own photograph as a reference. I will recreate this picture using the techniques I have learnt through this sketchbook. The piece will be large scale and will represent my trips to the highlands of Scotland and the memories I have made there. The main feature will be a large scale monoprint of the image. A mix of other techniques will be used to add colour, depth and texture within the piece, I hope this piece will be really effective. Above in my plan I have highlighted certain techniques that would look really effective within the piece.

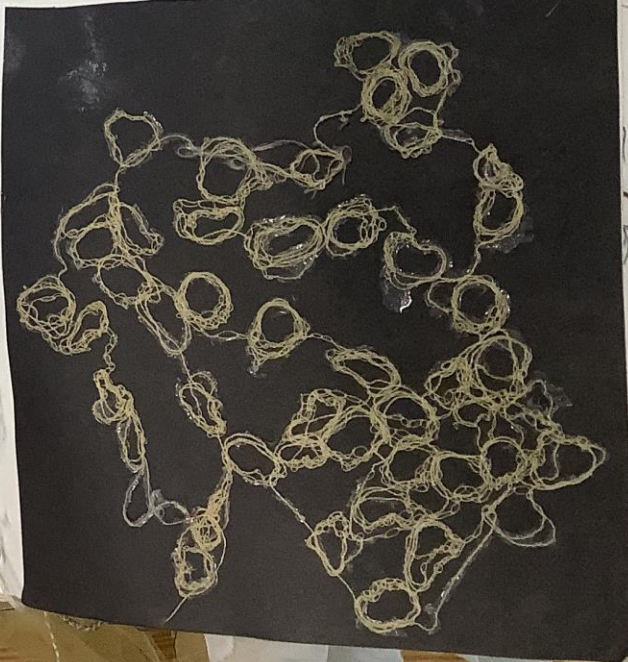


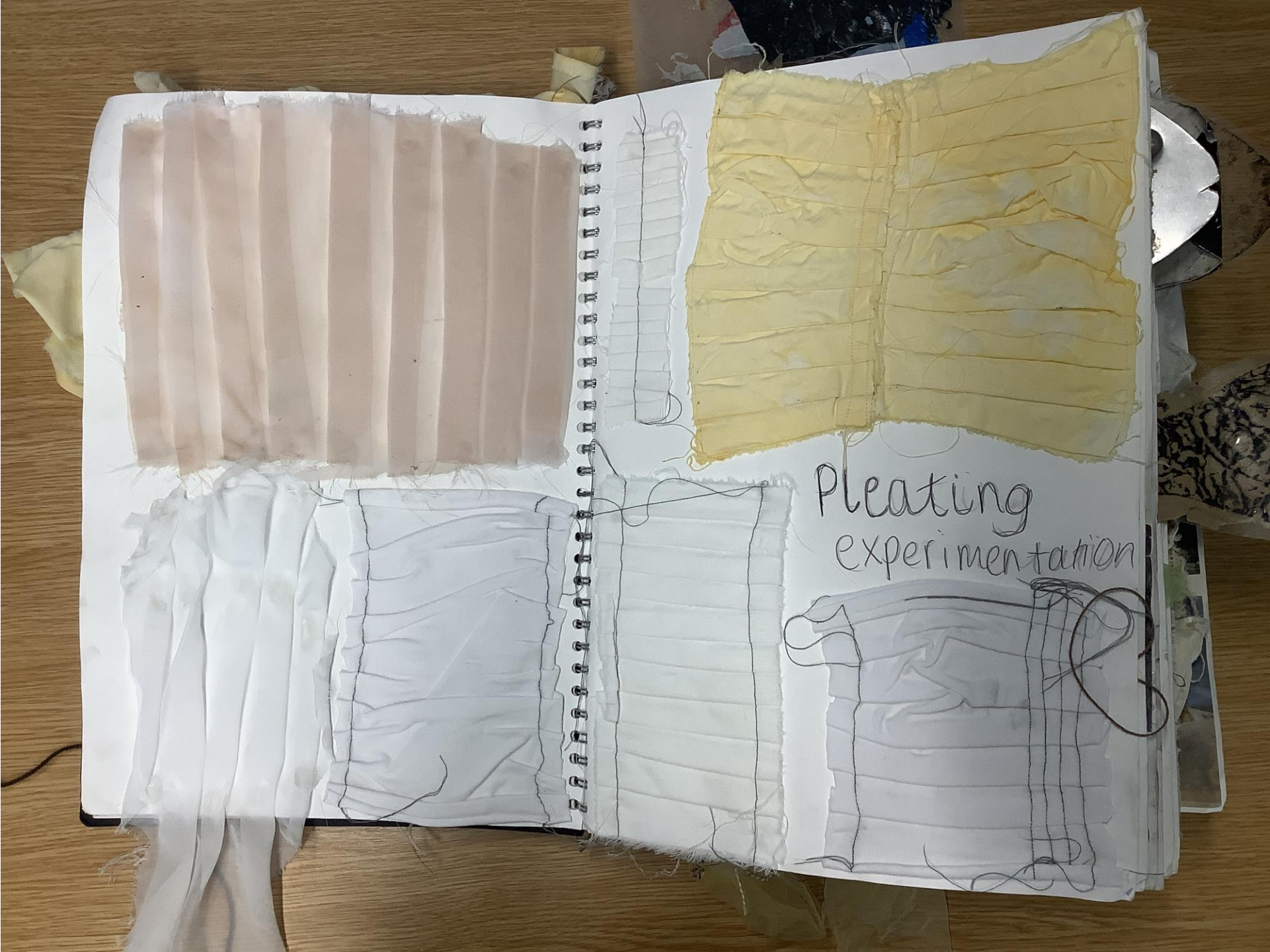






I used circle and
poly as inspiration
with these samples
to create a pod or egg
sort of shape I used
Matsumi embroidery and wire
and also chain drawings.



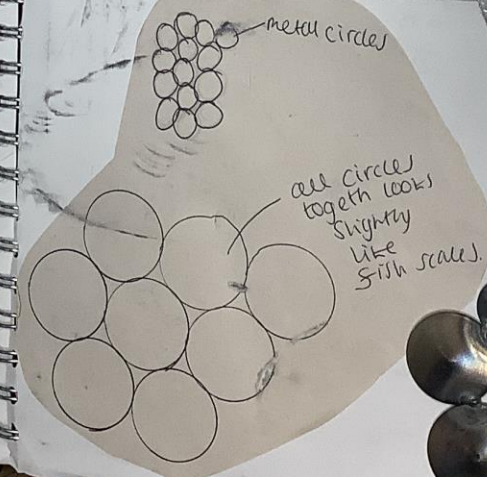
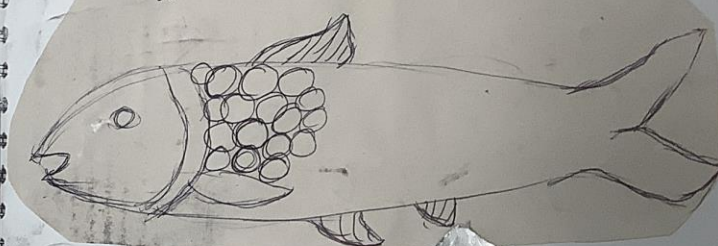


Pleating
experimentation

METAL & Sculpture

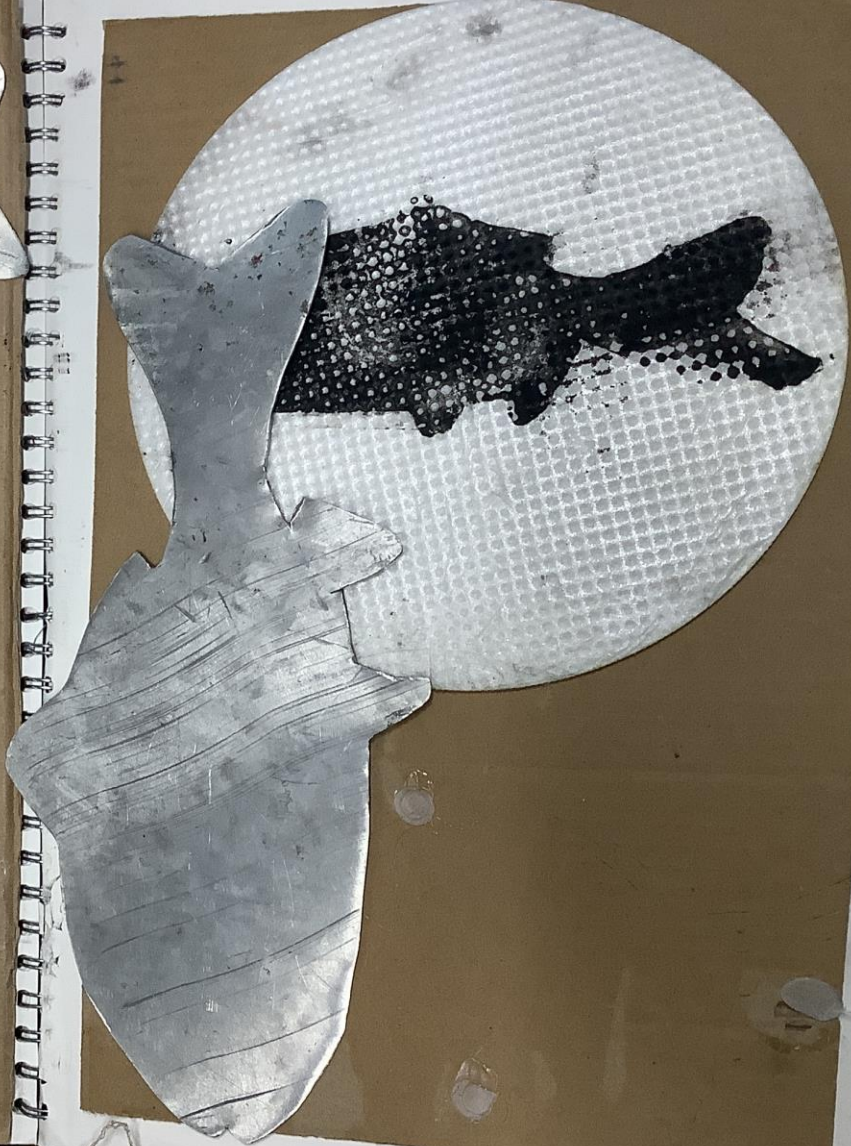


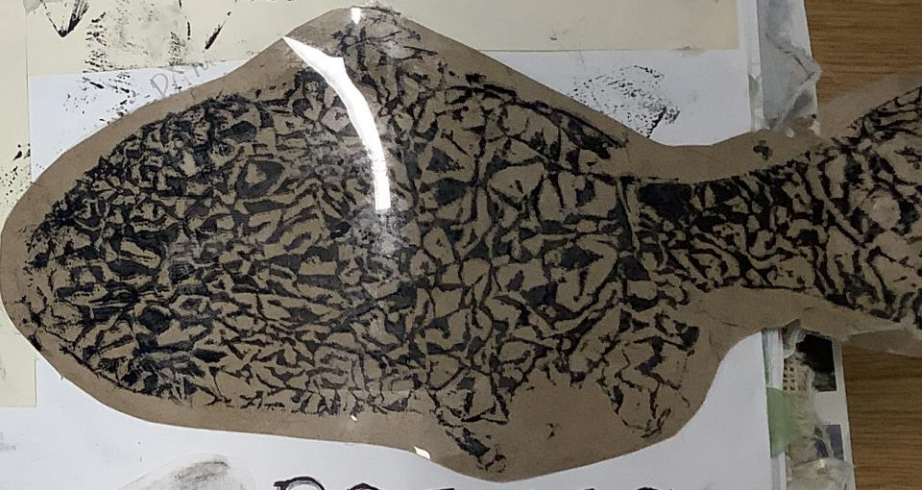
Simple fish of sheet metal
What techniques can I use to create texture?





PRINTING





FISH



PRINTS

After making the metal fish I decided to use them as objects to print. I used different backgrounds to add texture and tone to the prints. This was a really effective technique and I found the Brown paper one most effective.



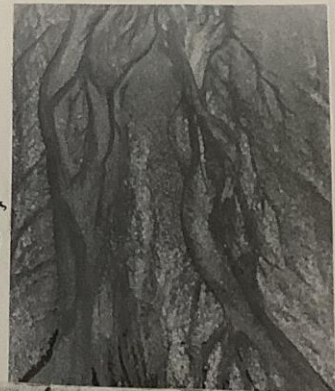
Collage experimentation



This page was used to present the metal fish made previously in a collage background. When thinking about sculpture it helps to experiment with backgrounds and the colors around the main piece. I used flourishes and also the metal 'bubble' samples to create a background for the fish.



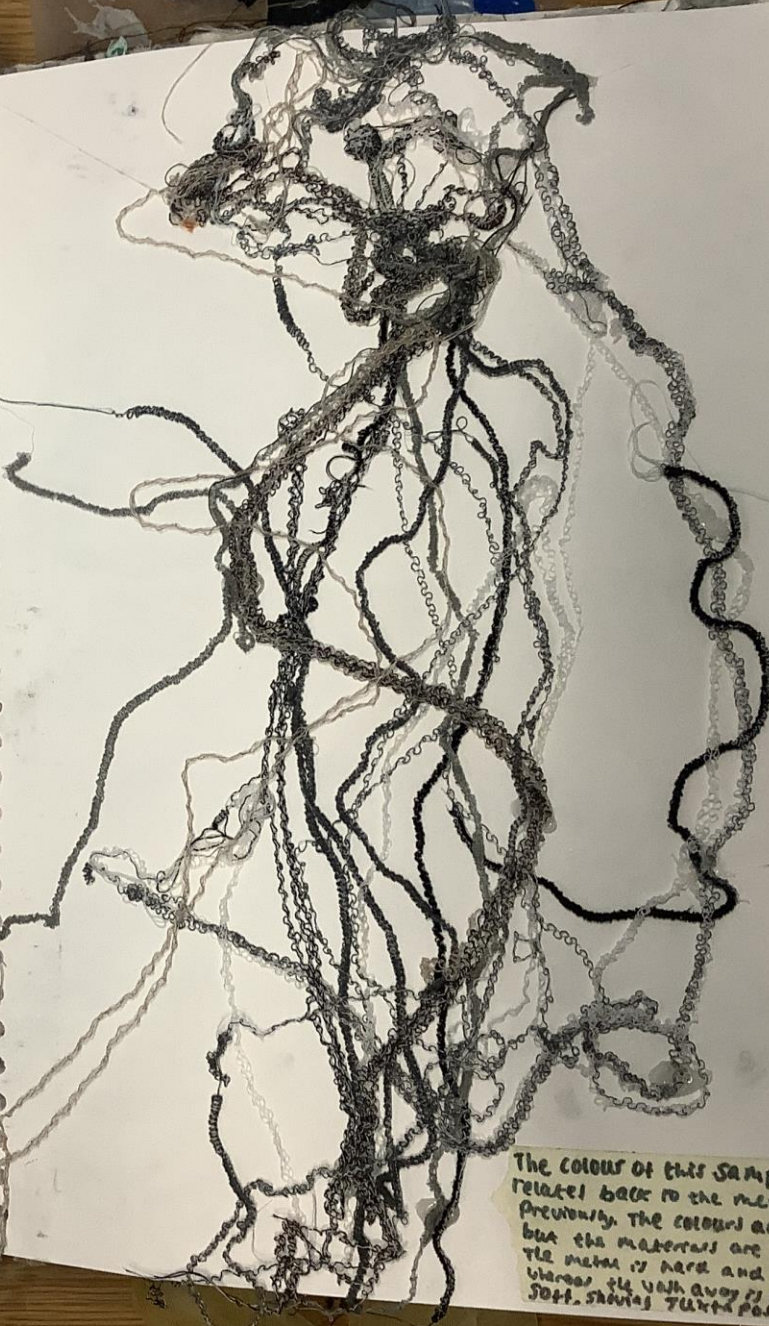
Primary
PHOTOGRAPHS





Wash Away Sample

This sample was intended to copy/ recreate the sand picture on the left. This sample wasn't overly effective but during this I learned how to use wash away fabric which was beneficial.



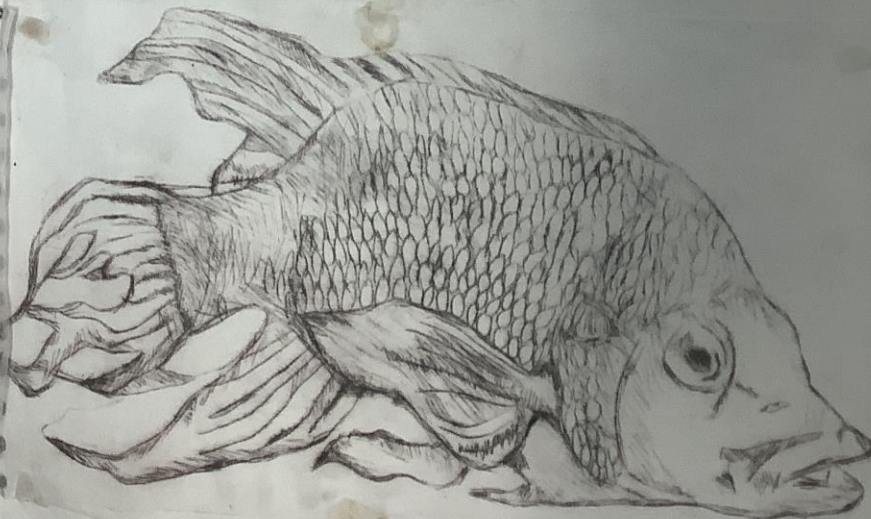
The colour of this sample relates back to the metal page previously. The colours are similar but the materials are different. The metal is hard and sharp whereas the wash away is delicate & soft, showing texture position.



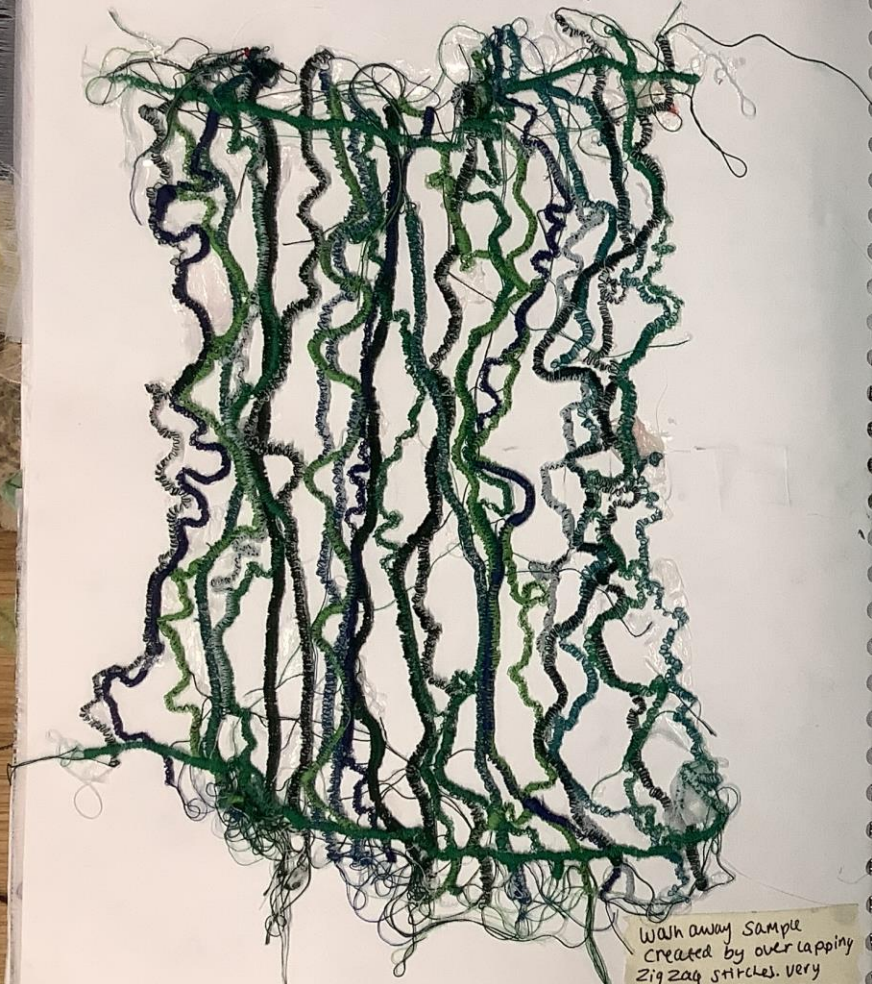
Etching sample of an ugly but pretty looking fish. I wanted to use the juxtaposition of an ugly fish on very fine and delicate fabric. I really liked how this turned out and how much detail can be expressed by using an etching technique.



ETCHING



Wash away experimentation



Wash away sample
created by overlapping
zigzag stitches. very
natural looking, similar
to sea weed. could
act as a background!



I cut out flounces
using a circular shape
afterwards I used
different dyes to add
colour. I like how the colour
varies between the flounces
these flounces can act as
a background for a sculpture

Over Fishing

Over fishing happens when too many fish are caught in one area. Because so many are caught there isn't enough time to replenish the species. This can cause major species loss and can alter species habits and movement. It is surprising that humans are able to cause so much damage to the habitat we live in through art work. I want to bring to light this issue. People can pick up fish in a local supermarket but it is not always obvious where it has come from and how it was caught. People are unaware of this and I want this issue to come to light during my work.

THE CONVERSATION



For many species, human actions are the biggest factor in their decline. [Aria Droubner/Moment via Getty Images](#)

From radiation to water pollution to cities, humans are now a driver of evolution in the 'natural' world - podcast



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Seascope: the state of our oceans
Illegal fishing spurs billions in losses for developing countries, study says

Analysis finds global practice is a major driver of marine ecosystems' destruction and is estimated to run up to \$50bn

Seascope: the state of our oceans is supported by

How Does Chemical Pollution Affect the Ocean?

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By Usman Ahmed
Reviewed by Laura Thomson | Oct 19 2022

Marine pollution includes chemicals and garbage. Most pollutants are dumped or blown into the ocean from land-based sources, harming the ecology and well-being of every organism and global economic institution.



Home
Overfishing: A Bane For The Oceans

Overfishing: A Bane For The Oceans

October 18, 2022 | By Neellohit
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BREAKING Meta shares plunge 24%
CNBC



SHARE f t in
MARKETS AND POLITICS DIGITAL ORIGINAL VIDEO

How the U.S. fixed most of its overfishing problem

Watch the video above to learn more about the U.S. fishing industry, market forces at play, the difference between overfishing and overfished, the rise of wild fish, and the role of the U.S. fishing industry and federal government.

MARKETS CNBC TV WATCHLIST MENU

DECLINING WILDLIFE
Decades of destructive fishing has resulted in the precipitous decline of key fish stocks such as bluefin tuna and Grand Banks cod, as well as collateral impacts to other marine life. Hundreds of thousands of marine mammals, seabirds, and sea turtles are captured each year, alongside tens of millions of sharks. Many of these species

Overfishing puts more than one-third of all sharks, rays, and chimaeras at risk

which have diverse ecological roles. In the United States, the decline of bluefin tuna has led to a 90% drop in its population. In the United Kingdom, the decline of cod has led to a 90% drop in its population. In the United States, the decline of sea turtles has led to a 90% drop in its population. In the United States, the decline of sharks has led to a 90% drop in its population. In the United States, the decline of rays has led to a 90% drop in its population. In the United States, the decline of chimaeras has led to a 90% drop in its population.

Hydrogen 2
BY AMY McRELVER AND

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Seascope: the state of our oceans
Atlantic overfishing was already a problem. Then Brexit happened

An investigation by the Guardian, NDR, WDR and Süddeutsche Zeitung shows fish stocks being depleted in the north-east Atlantic - because there's no system to agree on quotas

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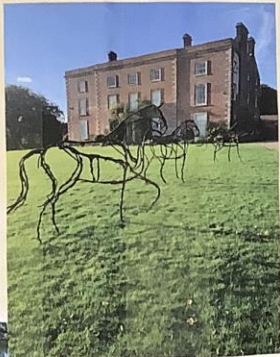
Federal Fisheries Management: Overfishing Determinations Vary Across Regions, and Data Challenges Complicate Management Efforts

GAO-23-105172
Published: Oct 13, 2022. Publicly Released: Oct 13, 2022.
f t in



sculpture trail Trip

The marsh ponies are metal structures wrapped with fine proof fabric. These were designed as fire sculptures and were previously set on fire. The effect left after the sculpture was set on fire added more depth and tone. The limit of the sculpture belongs to the artist when looking closely. This effect looks really strange and this concept could be used as inspiration for your own sculpture.



Bayfield Hall



CREATIVE WORKSHOPS WITH SARAH CANNELL

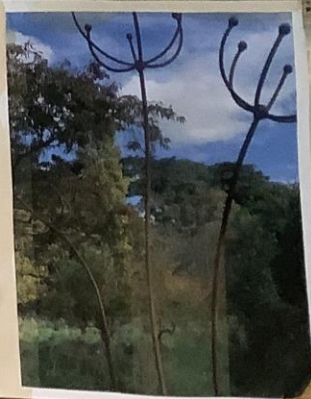
Bayfield Hall 2022 Sculpture Trail

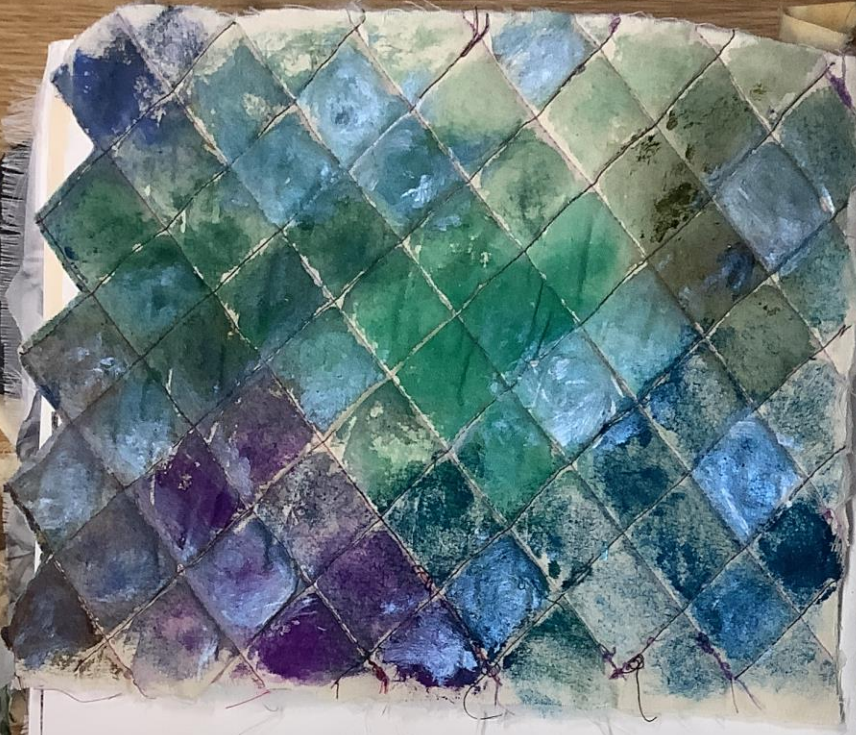
5 - 30 Oct 2022
open wed - sun
40 artists & gallery
book online

www.bayfieldhallsculpture.com



Bayfield Hall, Holt, Norfolk, NR25 7JN

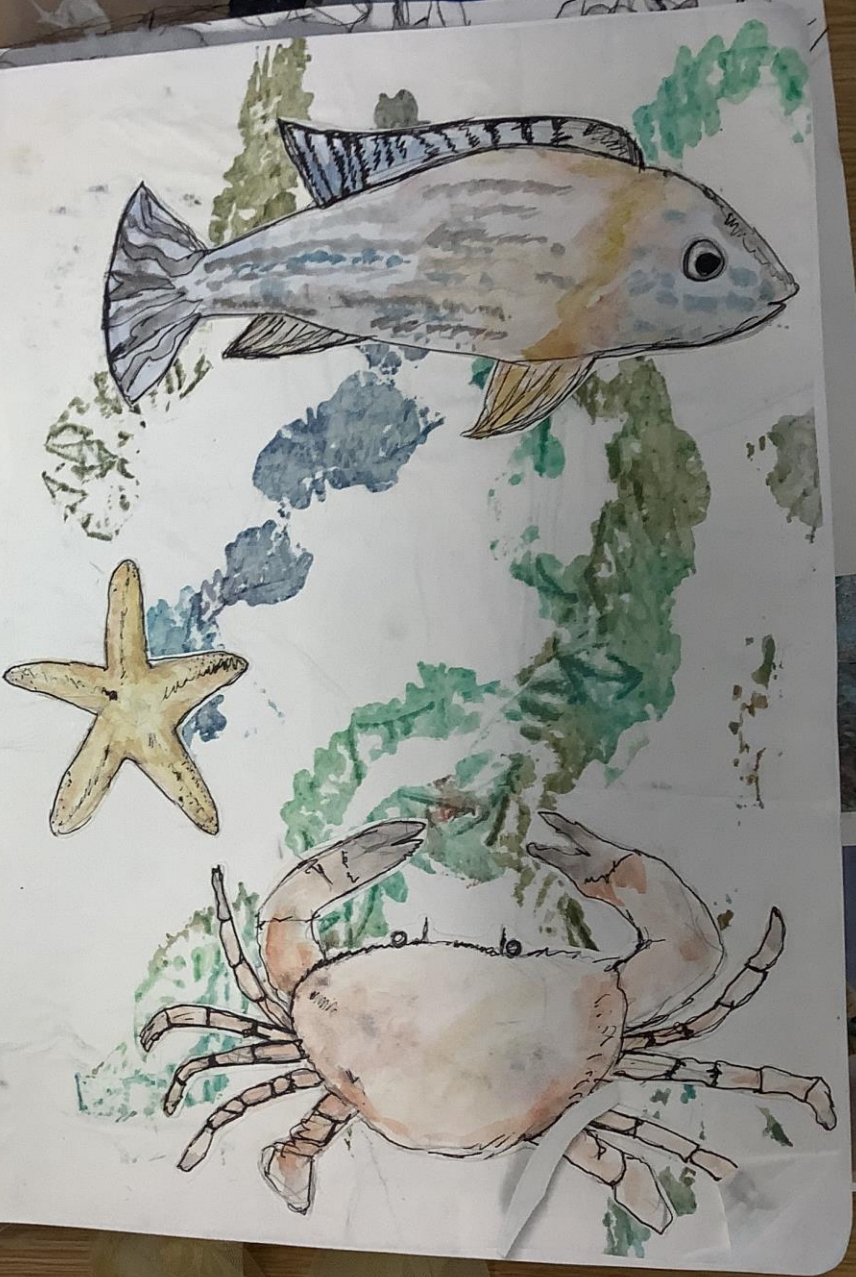


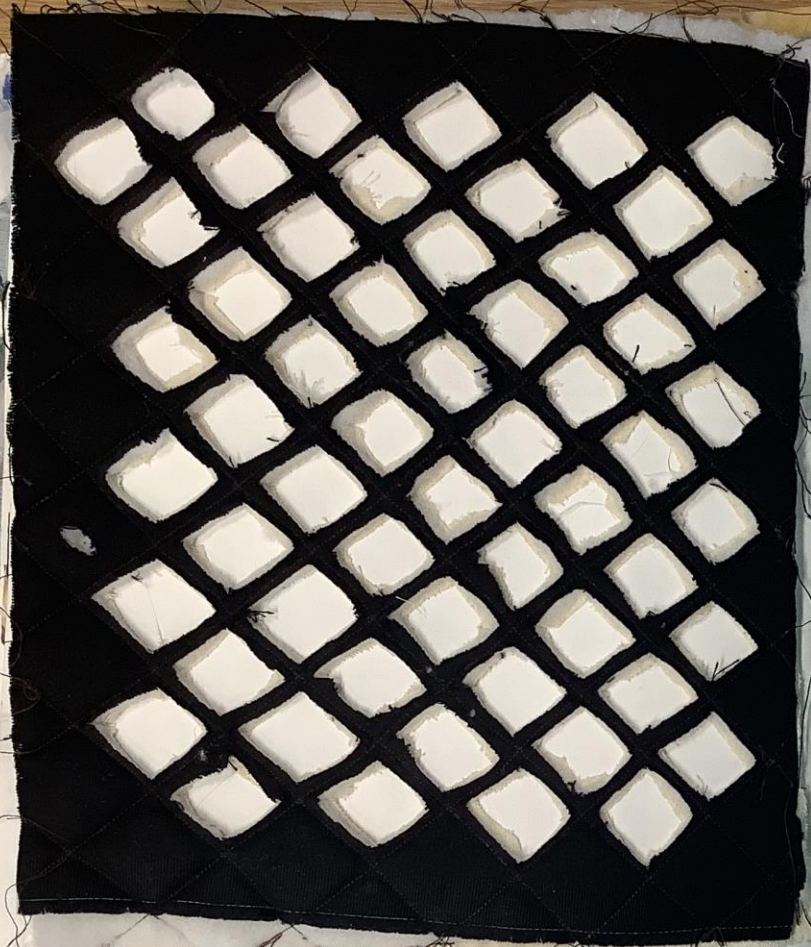


Angona fibres
ricord and cux
in scalloped shapes
to create scale lay out

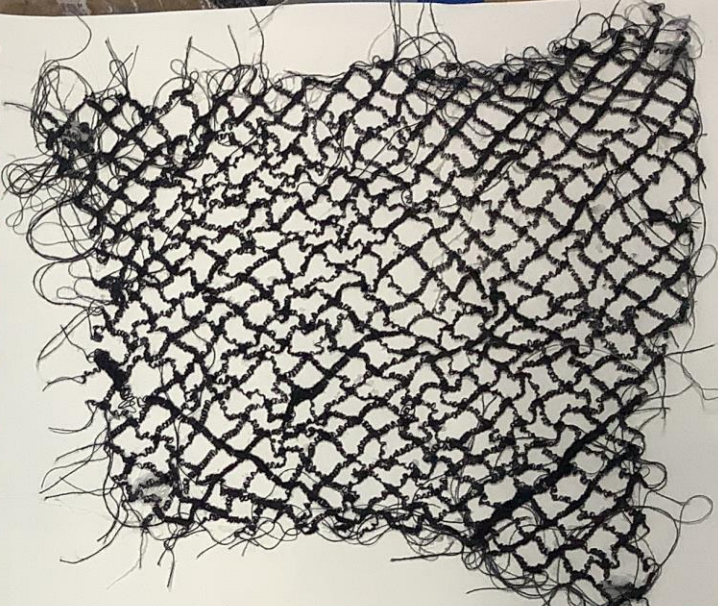


↑ smocking to create scale shape
↓ padded scales with wire
inverted





NETTING
SAMPLES



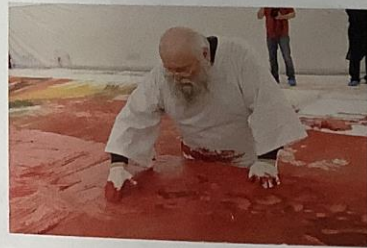
Hermann Nitsch

Hermann Nitsch is an Austrian contemporary artist. He presents his artwork within performances. At first glance his work seems gory and bizarre. His performances are controversial and confront the theme of life + death. His work shows the gore and harsh reality of nature. He also combines orchestrated music within his performance which act as narration. His performances are seen to be extremely controversial and has caused backlash from animal rights activists. Nitsch uses dead animal carcasses and gallons of blood to create his work. The performances act as a ritual portraying Nitsch's thoughts and ideas. The canvas act as background to the performances documenting and representing the cycle of life which is presented within Nitsch's performance.



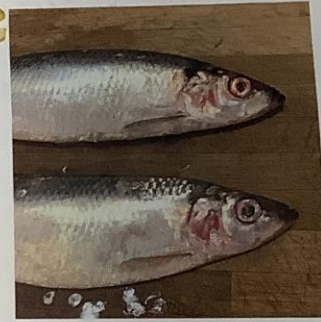
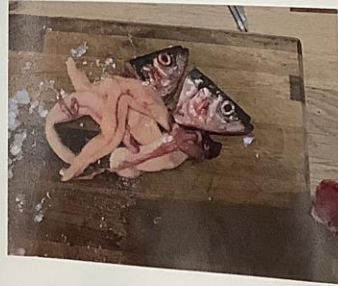
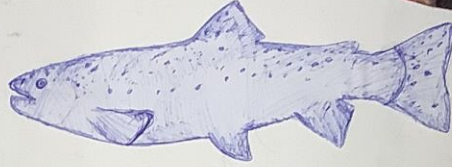
"I want my work to stir up the audience, the participants in my performance. I want to arouse them by the means of visual intensity and to bring them an understanding of their existence." - Hermann Nitsch.

His work is extremely controversial and implies a hidden meaning behind his work. His work is complex and takes time to understand the meaning. Within my work I want to present a conceptual meaning. More with the obvious visual complexity. It is important for a piece to have a contextual meaning if it isn't completely conveyed at a glance. The context is important to a piece and a inner understanding to why the artist made an artwork.



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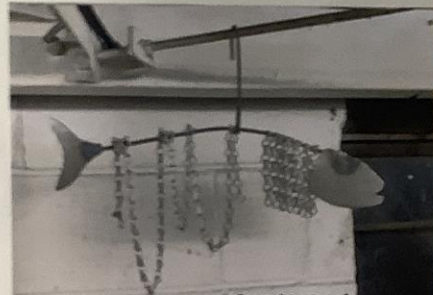


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SCULPTURE design



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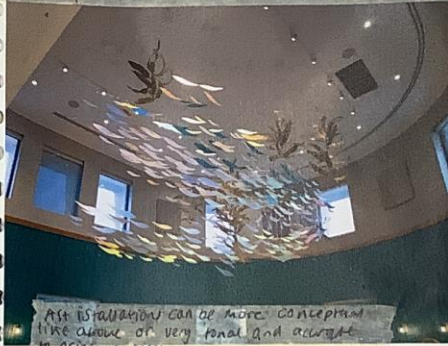
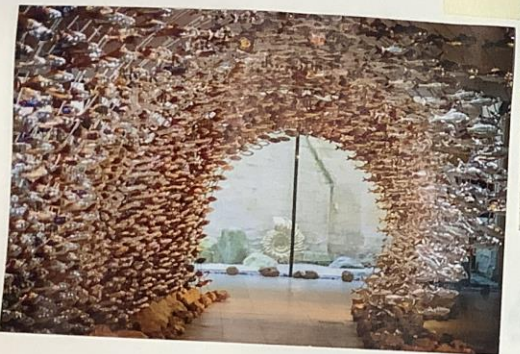


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ART INSTALLATION

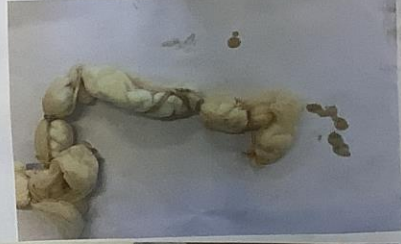
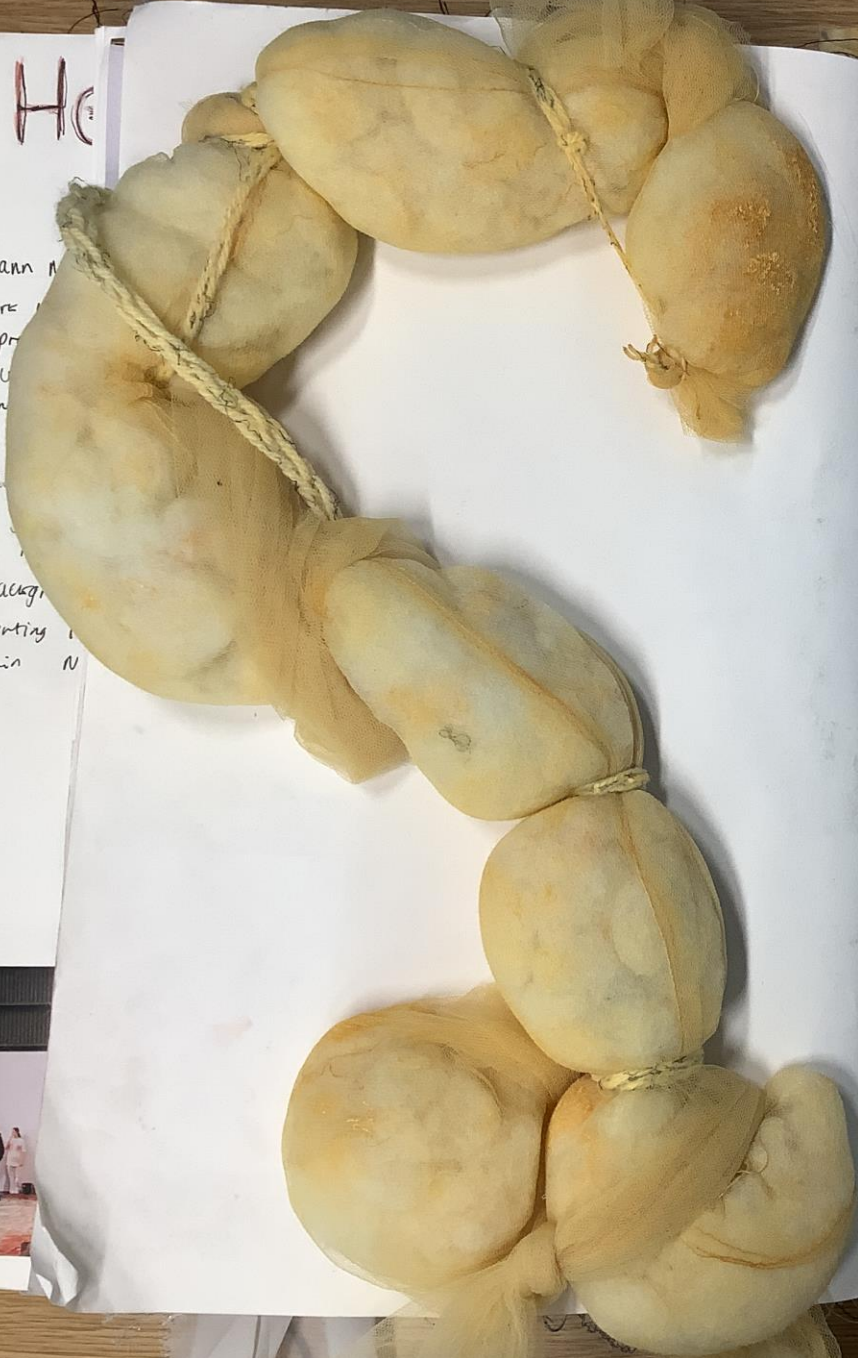


The term Installation Art is used to describe large-scale, mixed-media constructions, often designed for specific place or for a temporary period of time. (rare)

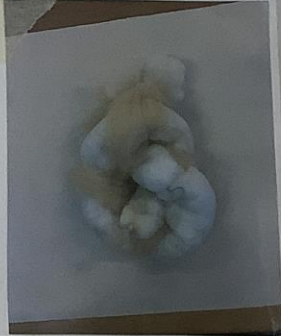


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ENTRAIL experiment

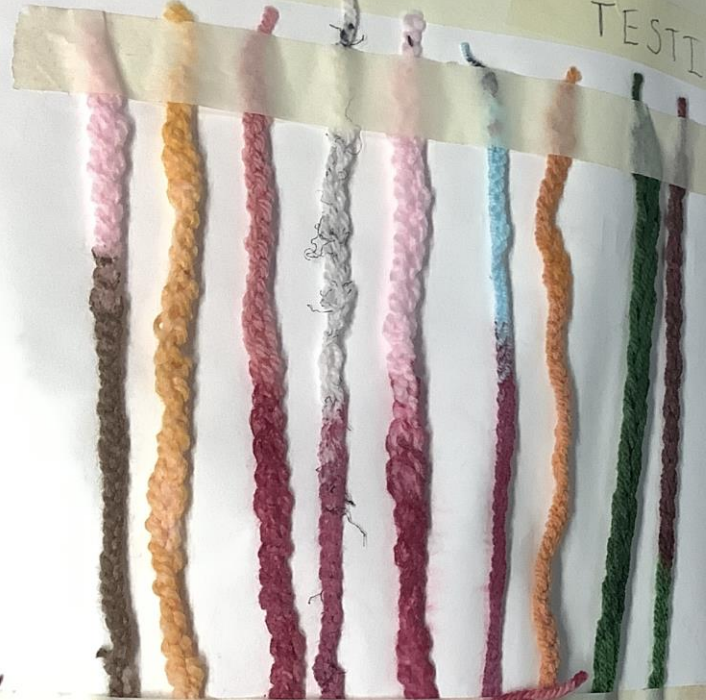


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YARN COLOUR

TESTING

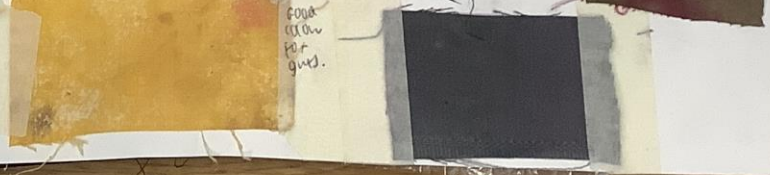
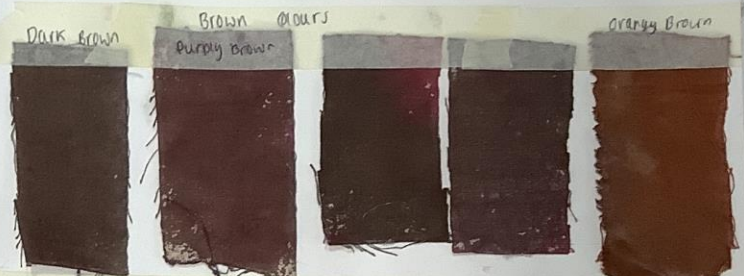


Sample on Green Fabric

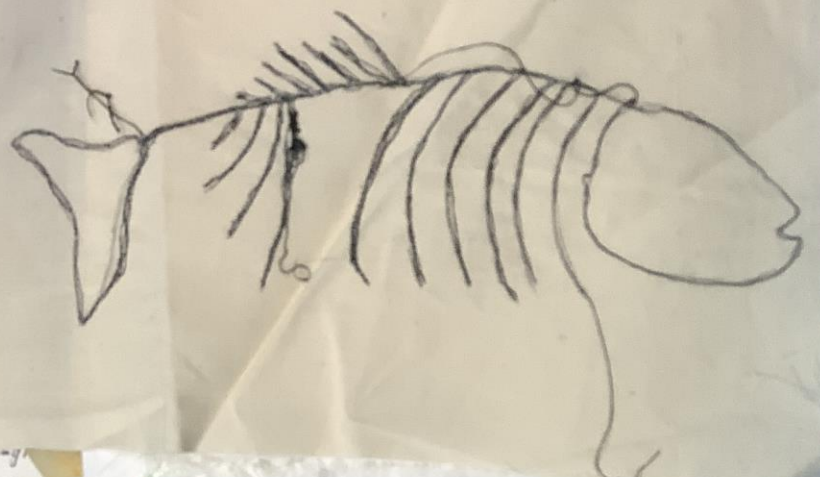


These samples turned out
more dark compared to
what I had in mind.

COLOUR TESTING



Here
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Recycled Art Work



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Latex
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PVA
Experiments



final Design measurements and planning

Back Bone of fish

2.5 metres long
Bent to an angle
Material = 5cm thick = 1.469 inch Big
1.5 inch or 1.75 inch tube painted and filled.

Tail
800 x 900mm

Head
700 x 1000mm

Make a 10x scale out of paper to then trace out onto metal.

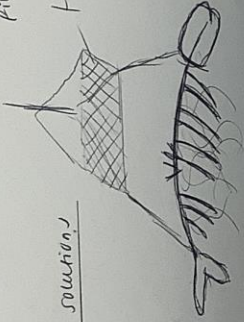
Bones
4cm thick (we opt cuts doesn't matter what size)

Around 95cm in size tube! painted and filled then bent to size

glue behind sample



presentation solution



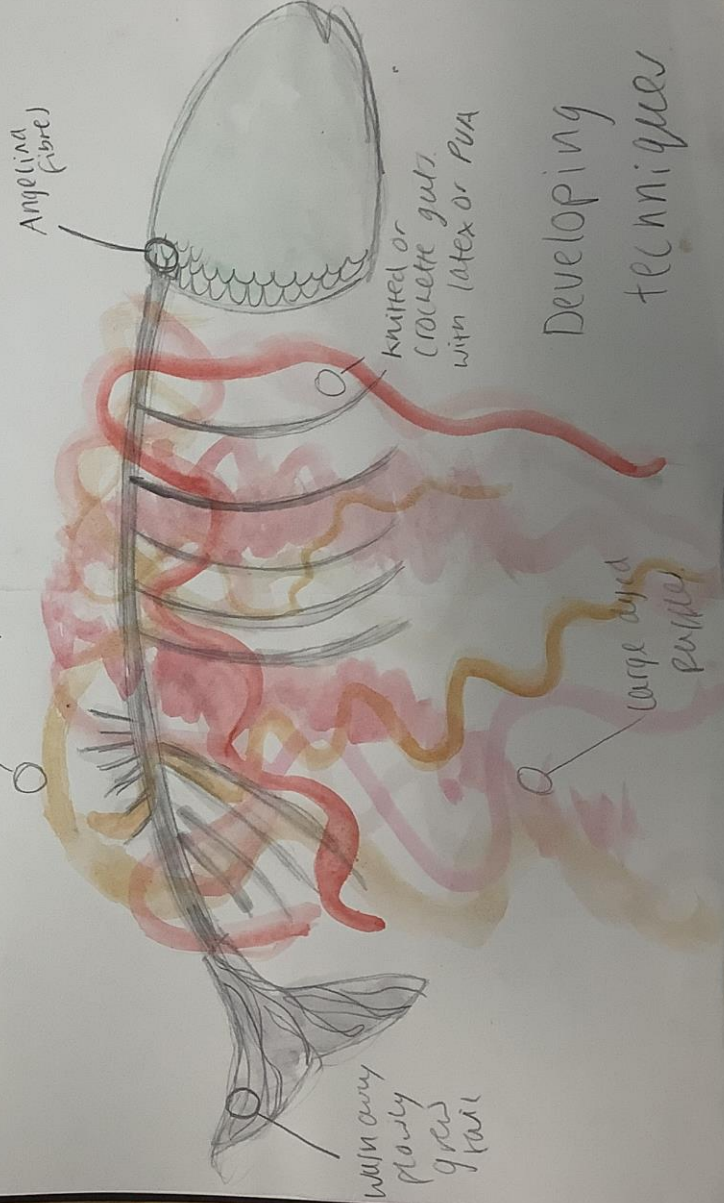
wooden plinth

Hanging Frame

detachable legs so become movable



100% recycled knitted or crocheted material



Developing techniques

→ Me Bending the pipes for the bones.



Making the skeleton

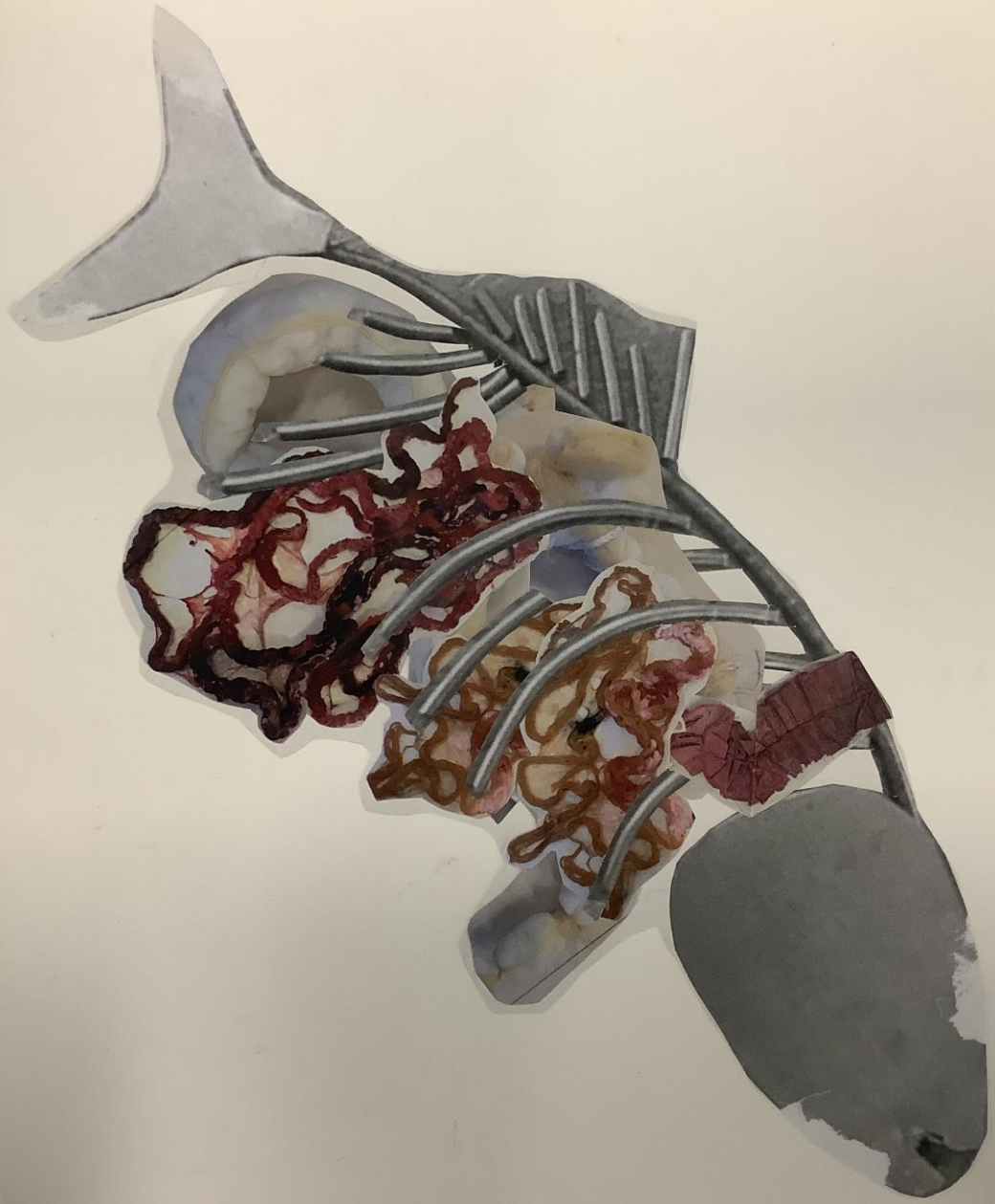
↳ drawing of head to scale

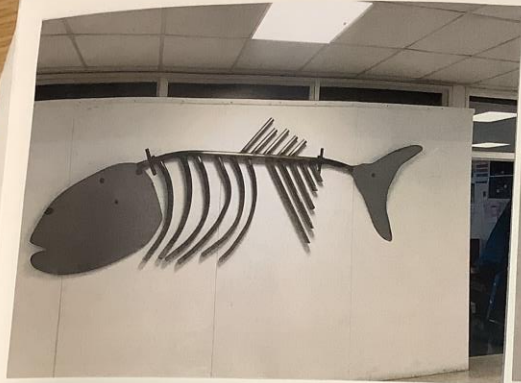


↑ metal tin snips

→ fish layed out on the workshop floor ready to be welded together.

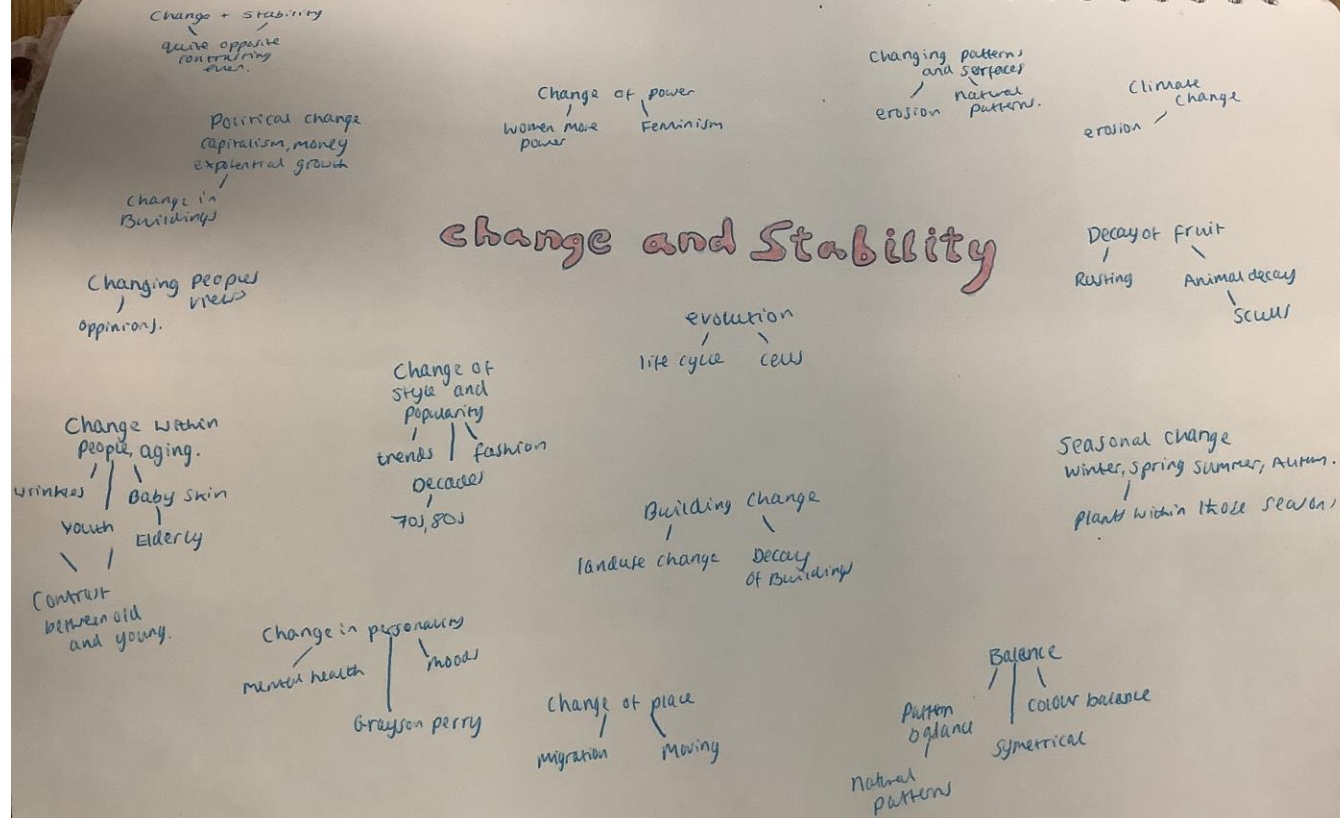


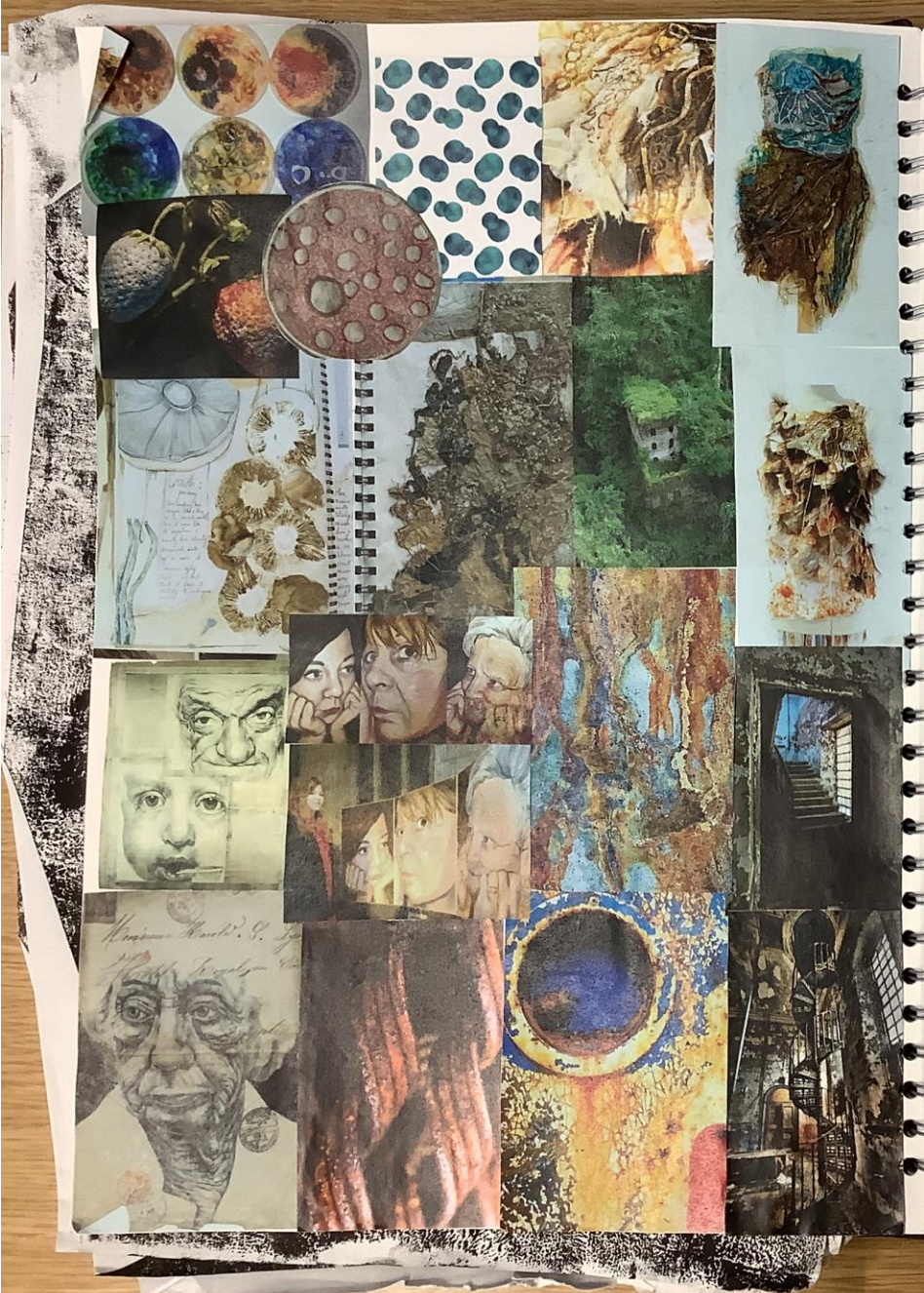






change and Stability





When first looking into this project I thought of a wide range of topics that would link into the change and stability theme. I made a mind map recording all the different ideas which I could focus on. After making this mind map I gathered images that corresponded with the mind map. After collecting images that resonated with the title I decided to focus on decay and rusting. Throughout this project I'm going to continue looking at rusting and decay. Next I want to experiment with texture and colour and try and recreate rust texture using resist paste and dye.





I used resist paste to create the samples I used orange dye to represent and re-face burning and the decay of metal. I think the far left bottom sample turned out the most effective. I used green tones to represent oxidation. This technique was quite successful and could look really effective conjoined with other techniques. Also next time I would use a few bright orange colour and add more brown bloom to add a little natural effect.



Rusted fabric experiment
Decay and Aging





After experimenting with resist paste I moved onto dying and nesting of fabrics to create decay effect. The top left sample is probably the most effective because the blue makes it look like lichen and decaying moss. I used similar colours to my resist paste samples to recreate rusting and metal decay. To continue I'd like to further the idea of fabric melting to make a decay effect.



Susan HOTCHKINS

is a British Contemporary Fibre artist who has
 been experimenting with materials. Hotchkins
 at Metropolitan University where she earned a
 the core theme of Susan's work is
 is interested in the relationship
 and the man made such as
 and Human use. She uses a
 photography, print and stitch
 with paint, stitch marks, textures
 interpreted to reveal the detail
 that serve as inspiration
 deconstructed, ripped, burnt and
 deterioration and rust allowed
 I really like how natural
 Her work has a very similar
 so will be used as inspiration
 I want to make more large
 samples focusing more on texture
 the same technique. Hotchkins
 inspiration so I want to take
 inspiration from.



Susan HOTCHKINS

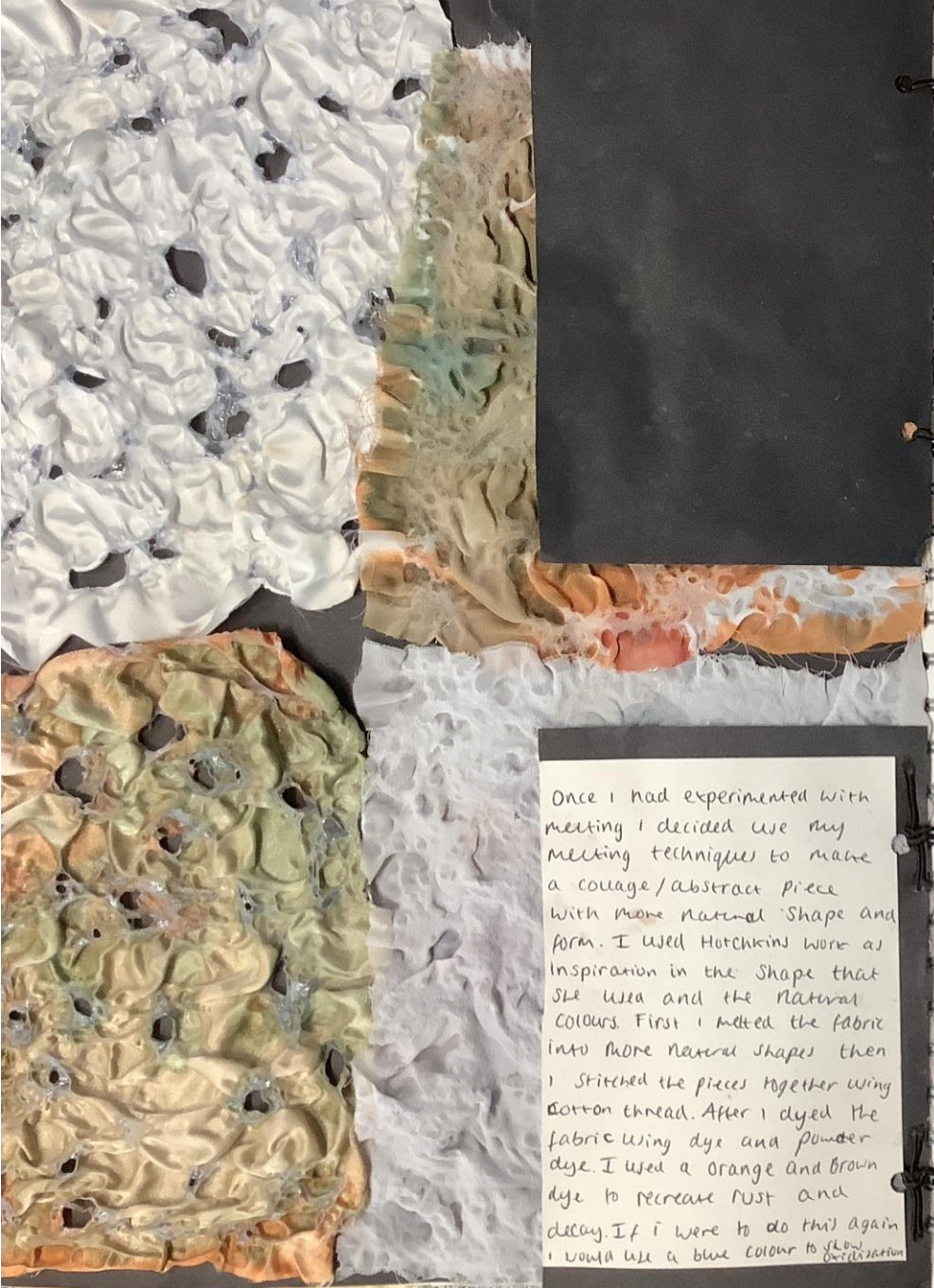
Susan Hotchkins is a British Contemporary Fibre artist who has a strong interest in experimenting with materials. Hotchkins studied at Manchester Metropolitan University where she earned a BA in embroidery. The core theme of Susan's work is texture and surface. She is interested in the relationship between the natural elements and the man made such as that resulting from erosion and human use. She uses a wide variation of media including photography, print and stitch/embroidery. She works intuitively with paint, stitch marks, textures and colors are exaggerated, intended to reveal the detail and complexity within the image that serve as inspiration. Traditional materials have been deconstructed, ripped, burnt and dyed to act as a metaphor for deterioration and ruin associated with urban decay, death and loss. I really like how natural and textured Hotchkins work is. Her work has a very similar theme as what I'm looking at so will be used as inspiration within my work. Continuing on, I want to make more large scale pieces incorporating the samples focusing more on texture and shape instead of just the size technique. Hotchkins also uses photographs as inspiration so I want to take my own primary photos to take inspiration from.





More Experimentation
After melting fabric of previous pages I decided to hone in on detail and texture within melting of the fabric. I used two different fabric types and experimented how they melted differently because of the plastic content difference. The thicker more silky fabric melted and created crater like holes. The other more thin fabric crumpled when heat was added this created more swirly patterns and less melting because of a low plastic content.





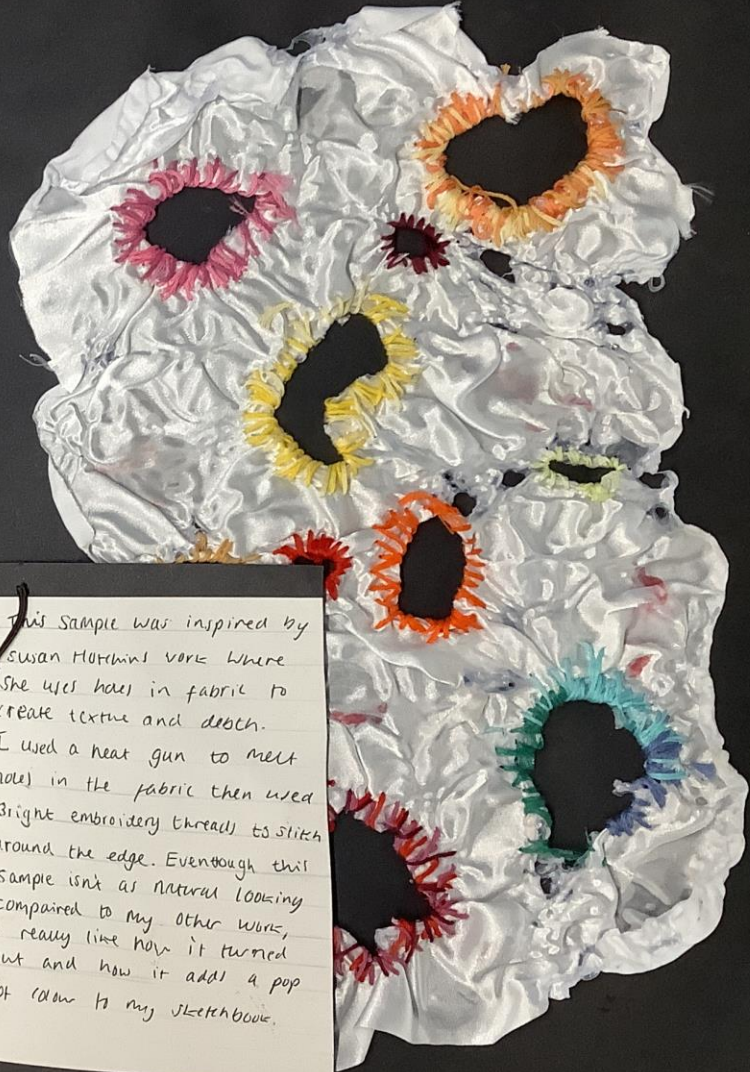
Once I had experimented with melting I decided use my melting techniques to make a collage/abstract piece with more natural shape and form. I used Hotchkiss work as inspiration in the shape that she used and the natural colours. First I melted the fabric into more natural shapes then I stitched the pieces together using cotton thread. After I dyed the fabric using dye and powder dye. I used a orange and brown dye to recreate rust and decay. If I were to do this again I would like a blue colour to slow ^{down} _{oxidisation}



After making the first collage piece I wanted improve it. I used more blue and green colours to show oxidation. Overall this piece is much better than the first one. The texture is more defined and the colour are more defined. I also like how varied the shape is, the different types of fabric is this comparison worked really well. I would like the viewer to notice the beauty in decay instead of ignoring decay and throwing decay away.



This sample was inspired by Susan Hutchins work where she uses holes in fabric to create texture and depth. I used a heat gun to melt holes in the fabric then used bright embroidery threads to stitch around the edge. Even though this sample isn't as natural looking compared to my other work, I really like how it turned out and how it adds a pop of colour to my sketchbook.



Rust Photos

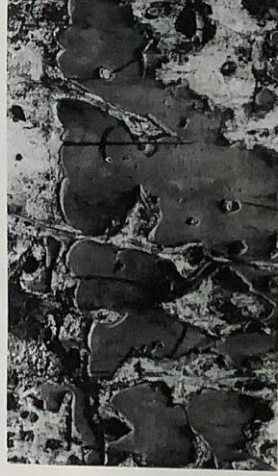


AARON SISKIND

Aaron Siskind was an American photographer whose work focused on the details of objects presented as flat surfaces to create a new image independent of the original subject. Aaron Siskind was initially an English teacher in the New York area but then started experimenting with photography after a camera was given to him as a wedding present. His work focused on textures and is presented in black and white to show texture. Unlike the abstract expressionism side of photography, challenging the



I think the natural decay process should be accepted by people instead of destroying decay. The beauty of a decayed object should be appreciated even just documented by a photo. The natural shapes, texture and patterns creates a shape or even a piece of art which should be accepted by the modern world. The latter describes why I want to focus on decay because it's often not thought about or over-shadowed.

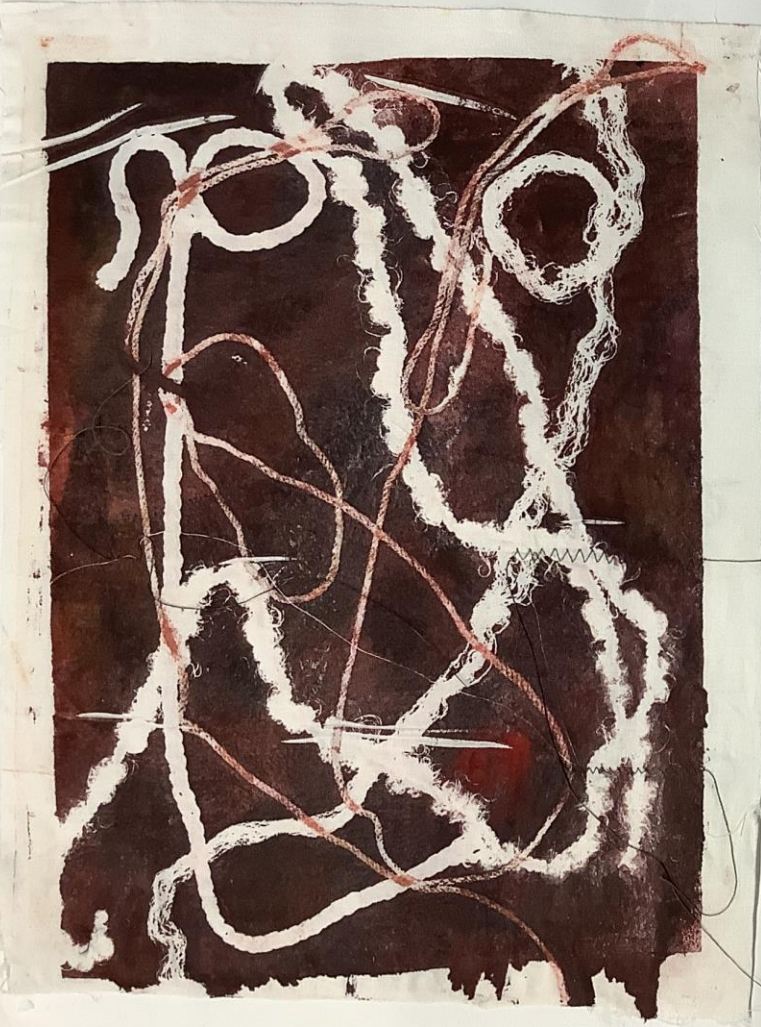


view that photography should only be used as documentation, or a science. Siskind first used his work as a social documentation, focusing on people and their surroundings. After that he moved onto more mundane subjects for example rope and seaweed to achieve surprising results shooting at a close range. These photos are what initially drew me towards Siskind's work.

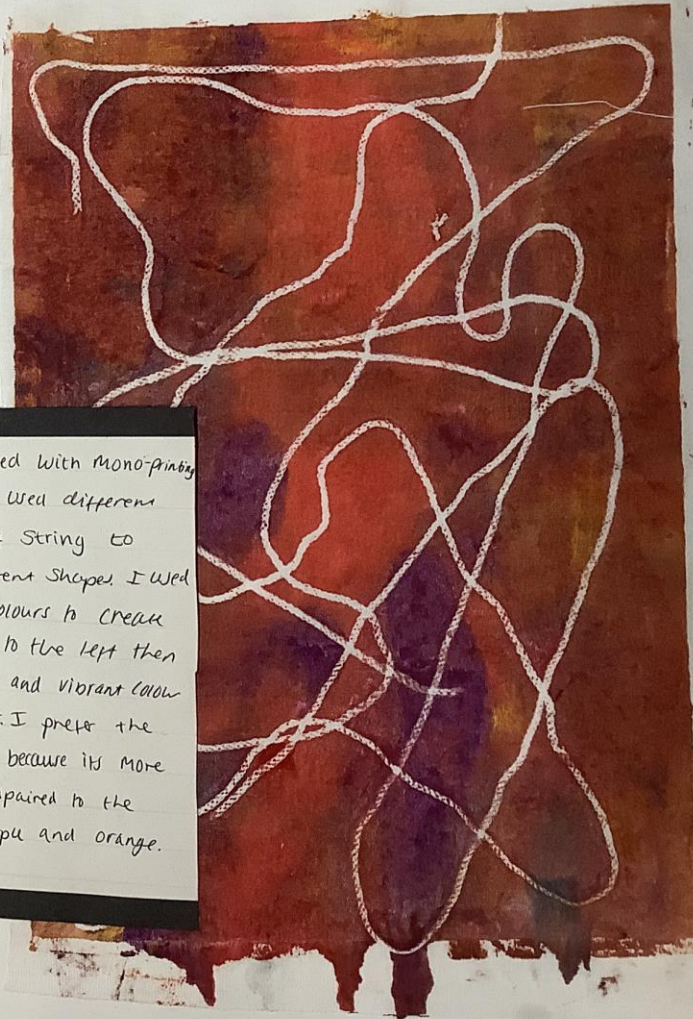
The close-up pictures show the decay and beauty of texture. His use of black and white makes the textures look even more effective.

"What I was concerned with was what a picture can say, and, 'what kind of examining and to a certain extent challenging on the premises of social dimension'" Aaron Siskind.

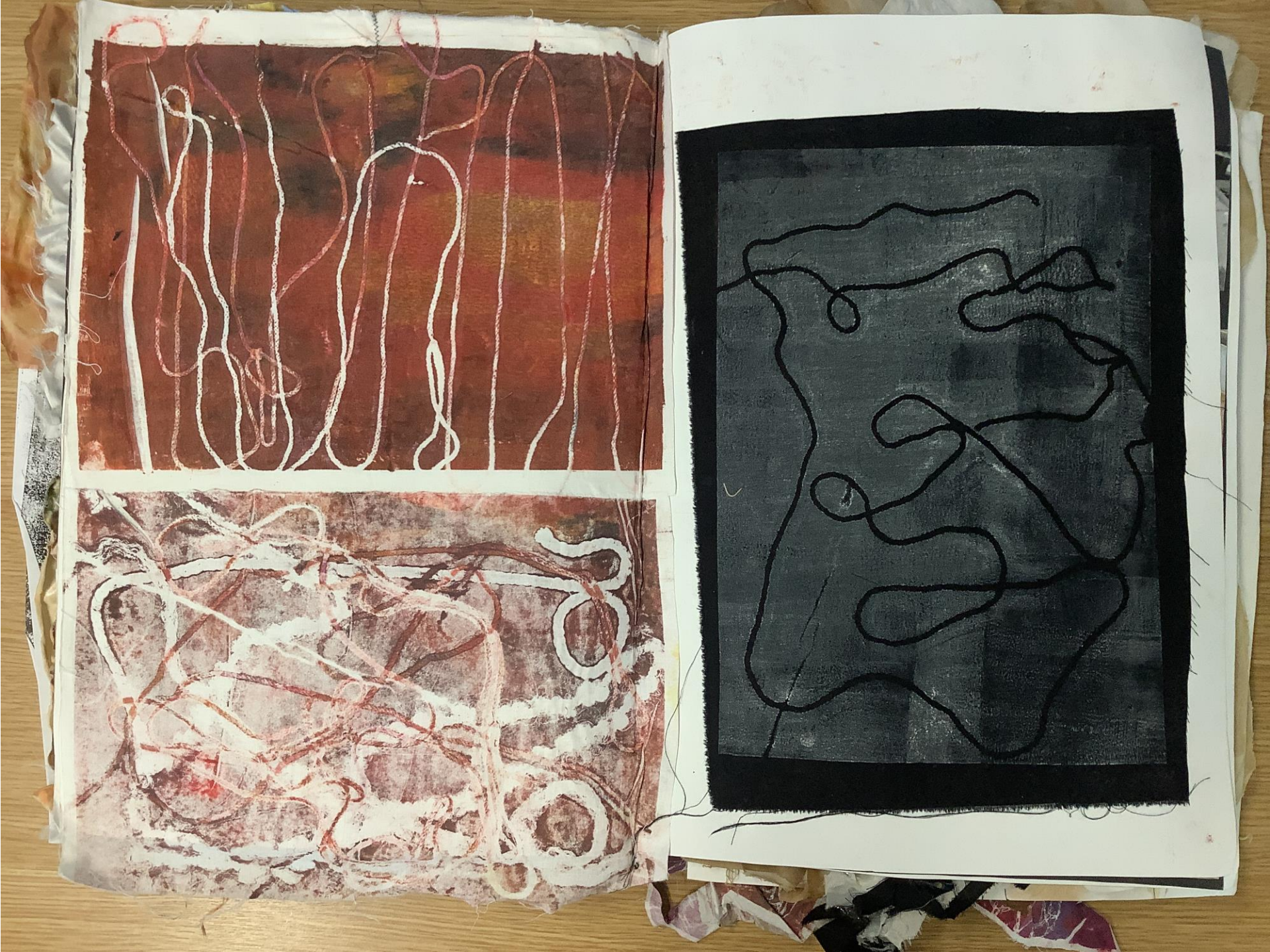
String Monoprint



experimentation



I experimented with monoprinting with string. I used different thicknesses of string to create different shapes. I used a mix of colours to create a dark tone to the left then a more bright and vibrant colour on the right. I prefer the darker tone because it's more natural compared to the bright purple and orange.



Colour and Texture

Texture has an effect on the appearance of how we see colour because of how colour absorbs and reflects light from its surface. I believe that the same also happens in the opposite. Colour has an effect on texture because it serves as a distraction from texture.

When looking at the pictures to the left the colour stands out the most but when you look at the black and white image your eye focuses on the texture within the object.

During my project I want to appreciate that colours have an effect on the texture we see. I want to use more natural colours so the viewer's eye is more drawn to the texture and shape of my work. Using natural processes such as rusting will dye the fabric leaving a natural and undistracting colour.

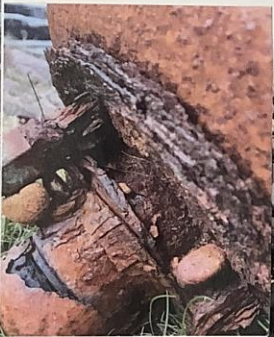
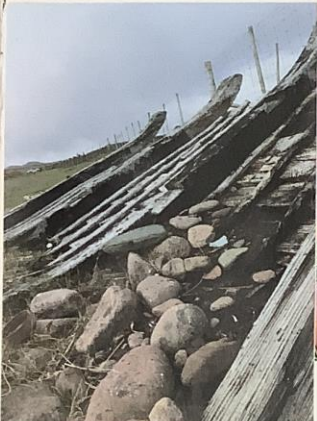
This is why I believe black and white photos are so effective. The black and white draws away from colour and makes the viewer focus on the texture and shape.

In some images the texture isn't very effective and clear so the black and white images look black and bare. The colour with in more the focus instead of the texture.

I also want to explore weather texture in art can have a meaning or an effect on the meaning. Can we create that has a specific meaning by just using the basic artistic practice of texture.

I think texture is very important to a art piece because it shows a more 3D relief and makes the piece no just a flat surface. Also, physical touch can be important when thinking about texture and the meaning of a piece. Is the piece meant to feel a certain way to the person viewing or the viewer? In my work I want to explore the feel of a piece and how the viewer can experience the texture and what texture means within a art piece.

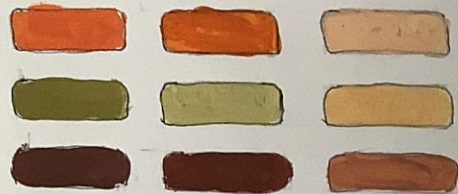




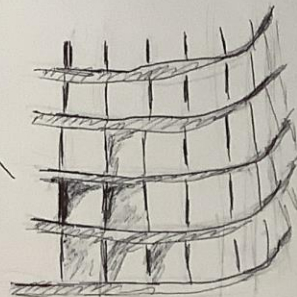
Sketch of
Ruffing
mechanics
piece.

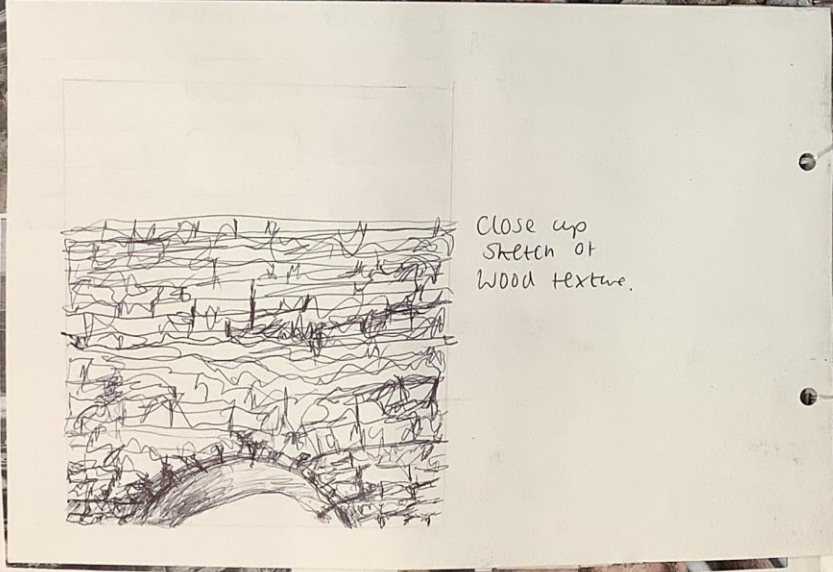


Colour matches



Detail
of Boat
structure





Close up sketch of wood texture.



Sketch of ruffing mechanical piece.



Sea Weed
Experimentation



Rusting Experiment

I wanted to explore rusting so I could create a more natural colour on fabric without having to use bright and unrealistic dye colours. I used old rusty screws and nails and tied them around pieces of fabric. Adding vinegar helped speed up the rusting process. I left the samples for two days to rust. I used chiffon and calico fabric. When I unraveled the fabric I noticed that the calico fabric had rusted more effectively whereas the chiffon hadn't rusted as well. The rusting process wasn't overly successful, with little to no rusting colour showing through. Because this experiment wasn't overly successful I'm going to try again but with different metals which will transfer the rust quickly and more effectively. I researched if different solutions would make the metal rust. I found out that a salt solution can help the rusting process. This reminded me of rust that happens at the coast because of salt spray. When I continue with rust samples I am going to try different rusting methods to see if it will affect how vibrant and discoloured the fabric gets. Thinking about a final outcome I think rusting will be a good base point because it ties in nicely with all my previous samples and experiments. After creating some better rust samples I'm going to start to plan my final outcome trying to include the most successful samples from my sketchbook.

▼ Chiffon melting + Dye sample



▼ Resist paste sample

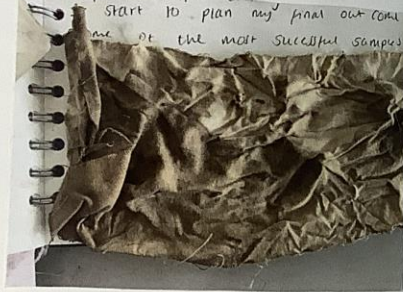


▼ Powder dye sample



▲ Rope/yarn monoprint sample

▼ Rusting Sample on Camico



Start to plan my final out come
one of the most successful samples

Sea weed experiment
Recreation



Review page

During this project I have focused on decay and the degradation of Natural objects within my work I want to shine light on the natural process of decay by recreating pieces that resemble decay. I want the viewer to appreciate decay and realise there is a beauty in Natural processes.

I really enjoyed making more 3 dimensional pieces and think they looked really effective. Moving onto a final piece I want to continue with the 3D approach. I'm thinking about a wearable piece that exemplifies the beauty of decay. The piece will be dyed using natural rusting techniques and will show the viewer that decay can be wearable and decay is natural and shouldn't be ignored.

Melting of fabrics will be used to create the 3D shape of my piece and will be used in-coordination with other effects such as rusting and resist paste.

The following pages will be used to plan my final piece.

I also want to explore the concept of vanitas and post minimalism as these concepts tie in nicely with my work. After thinking about these concepts and researching artists that fall into these themes, I will draw my concepts planning the shape and form of the piece.

Also I hope my next rusting samples will be more effective and vibrant so I can use the same rusting technique in my final piece.

To the left are my favourite samples which I want to incorporate into my final piece.

RUSTING PART 2



Alexander McQueen

Lee Alexander McQueen was a British textile and fashion designer, popular for his controversial and shocking designs. Some of McQueen's work was inspired and influenced by nature. I am interested in this side of McQueen's work because it relates

well with my previous work well. McQueen managed to use his natural inspiration to make a piece of nature into a wearable textile piece which is very impressive. McQueen focuses on the biblical concept of vanitas that accepts death and the degradation of objects. In my work I'm not overly inspired or focused on the vanitas theme but I think McQueen's work acts as a huge inspiration when looking at wearable textile pieces. In my work I will use McQueen's work as an inspiration and focus on a post-minimalist concept. Post-minimalism is the art movement in which artists create art objects that do not have the representational function of traditional sculpture. Objects that are abstract, anonymous in appearance and have a strong material presence. Post-minimalist artists believe in the same wide concept of minimalism but use the concept as a base to express their own beliefs. Some post-minimalist artists are interested in anonymity and in emptying art work of the



Introduction to Other Artists and Concepts

EVA HESSE

is personal expression. Other artists use post-minimalism as a break away to get out of the gallery and install art in new environments. This led to a new interest in the relationship between the work and its site. As an artist I want to develop the theme that the ~~material~~ art work is governed by the natural processes used and the materials and that the artist's impact should be minimal. Natural processes such as rusting and natural dye will be used to represent the post-minimalist theme I want to convey. The natural processes will be the main focus. When thinking of a final piece, I will plan the initial stage thinking about design and shape structure but the rest of the piece will be experimental and the material will decide what the final product looks and feels like.

Eva Hesse was a German born sculptor artist known for her pioneering work in materials such as latex, fibre glass and plastic. Eva's work is most known for representing the post-minimalist view. Hesse was one of the most influential figures within the Post-minimalism movement.



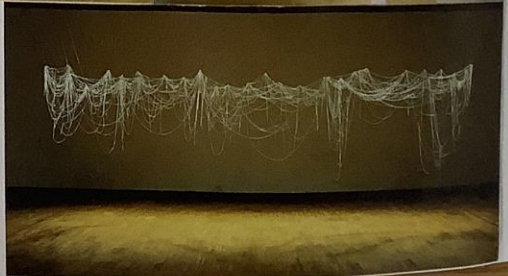
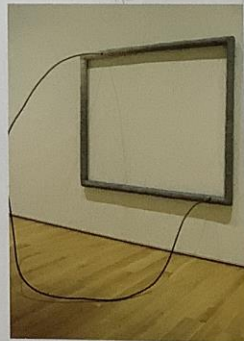


Faint, illegible handwritten text on the left page.

EVA HESSE



Eva Hesse



Design Ideas



Simple rust dress with bright colored embellishments.



Mono print textured dress with large ruffle made from melted chiton

Purple Bandau top with rust colored skirt.

Over this project I have focused on the natural process of rust and the decay of objects. These initial ideas are the start of my design process for my final piece.

I used samples to add texture and design. I thought of a few ideas using rust and decay as the main focus. My favourite sample and sketch was the first one as it included lots of texture and depth.

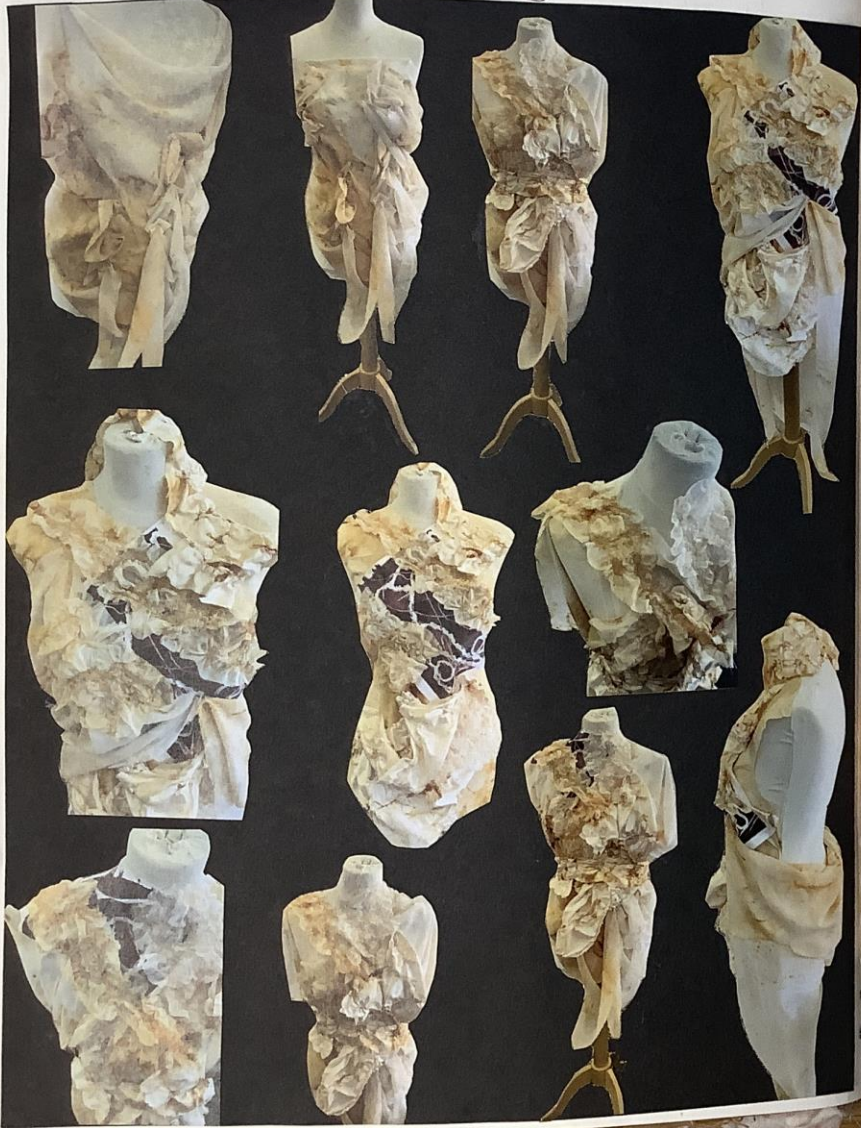
After the initial thought process I am going to start draping material to gain an idea of what my piece will look like.



Simple rust dress with a rust colored bodice and a white ruffled skirt.



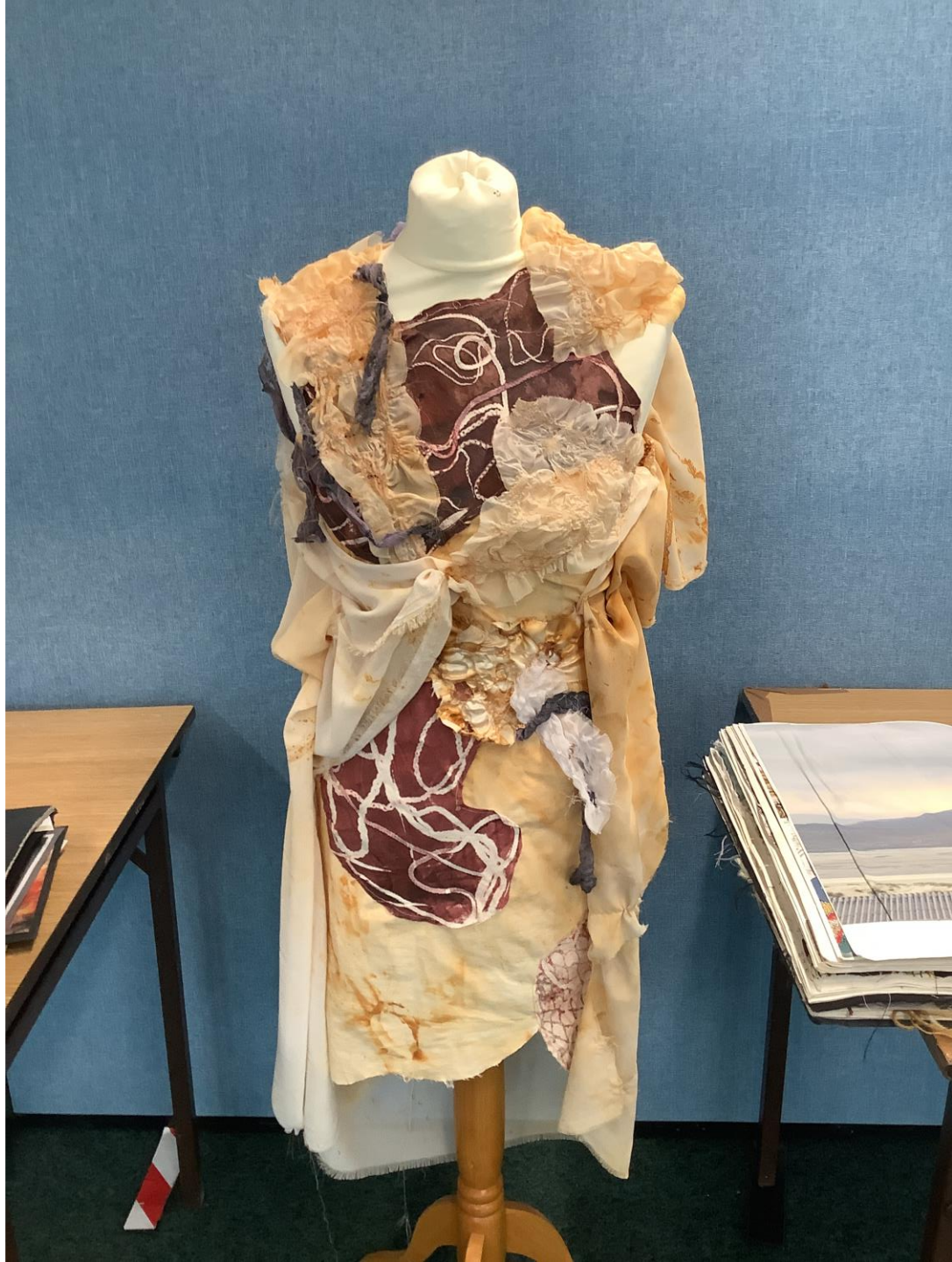
Draping



I used this page to combine all my previous ideas and thought processes. I honed into the detail and texture within my designs. Draping made it much easier to visualise my final piece and decide how the piece would look. I let the fabric fall and move in its natural shape then pinned in place. I used all my previous ideas such as melting and monoprinting to combine within my final piece. I want my piece to look natural but also to show huge depth and texture.

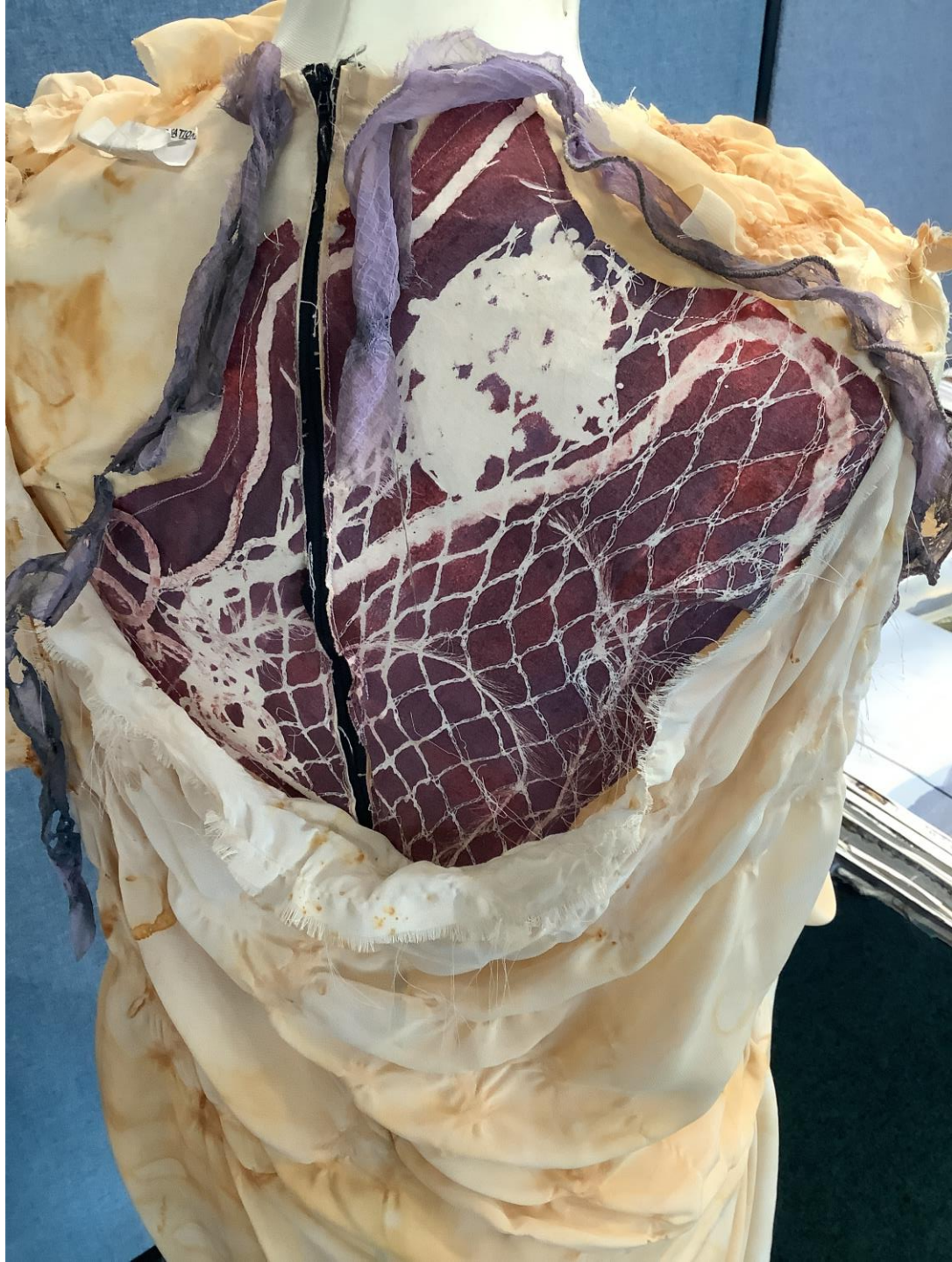


Final
Ideas









How can environmental
issues be conveyed by
material manipulation and
sculpture / installation?



How can environmental issues be conveyed by material manipulation and sculpture / installation?

Art has long served as a powerful medium for expressing human emotions, ideas, and concerns. Environmental damage, climate change and political issues are all prominent factors that are worrying to the everyday person. The race to green sustainability seems to be ever growing. As a person myself I am aware that these issues may cause great harm to the world we live in. I am interested in educating through my work and using sculpture to convey a meaning to the audience. The importance of educating the population is often presented in the news conferences and adverts but I am interested in how environmental issues can be presented within artwork and sculpture. Often sculpture and artwork can reach an audience further and engage the viewer more than the news and social media. By creating thought-provoking artworks that engage the viewer on an emotional and intellectual level, artists have the potential to raise awareness, provoke conversations, and inspire action. Large scale sculpture or even very alternative and shocking works can inform the viewer greatly. During this study I intend to learn more about art installations and how they can show the artist's concept. Throughout this project I would also like to learn more about pollution and the effects of pollution on sea animals and the environment they live in. I think it is important to bring sensitive subjects like this to light because as humans we have created all this suffering to animals and people should be aware of this.

Firstly, I will research and gather information about art/sculpture installations and use artist Andy Goldsworthy as my inspiration. Goldsworthy is an environmentalist artist who uses the materials around him to create sculptures within the setting around him, this may be natural or an urban setting. Goldsworthy's work is interesting because it is a one-off sculpture and can't be moved or recreated easily and will decay in its resting place and change after the final piece is "finished". Sculptor Andy Jarrett also looks at nature as an inspiration towards his work but uses the medium of metal to produce the natural shapes of nature.

During this project I would like to understand and research installations. Several sources will act as inspiration, I will use secondary resources such as books and the internet to understand sculpture and installations, this research should help me find out more information about installation artists and the way they present their artwork. I also plan on visiting galleries and sculpture trails so I can see sculptures first hand to gain a sense of what sculpture I find more interesting and how different artists use material to present their ideas.



Andy Goldsworthy Sculpture.



Environmental art

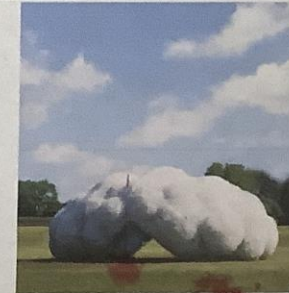
Environmental art is a movement where artists use their work to convey a certain theme, in this case environment is the theme. People have been inspired by the wastefulness of humans in the recent decades and try to utilise the waste to create sculpture pieces or other art works. An estimated 8 million tons of plastic enters our oceans every year. This plastic floats around and sea creatures can easily get caught then end up dying. Studio KCA located in Brooklyn New York, is an award-winning company who specialise in sculptures, interiors, and public installations. One of their most prominent installations that really stuck out to me was the whale in love and the skyscraper (the Burges whale). These projects consist of a large whale constructed by using over 5 tons of plastic waste. This over 4 story size figures emphasise the huge amount of waste that goes into oceans around the world. The founders said "A whale breaching from what is the first skyscraper of the sea and as the largest mammal in the water. It felt like the right form for our piece o take in order to show the scope of the problem" This piece is very large scale so looks down on the viewer. The vast size of the sculpture emphasises the huge problem the oceans face in terms of plastic waste.

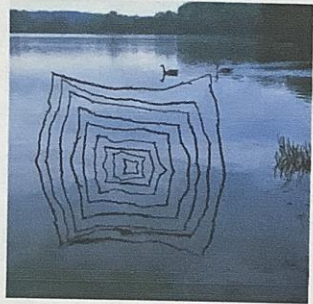
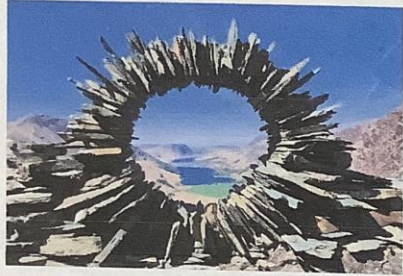
NASA Orbit
Pavilion



Skyscraper
(Burges whale)

Head in the
clouds.

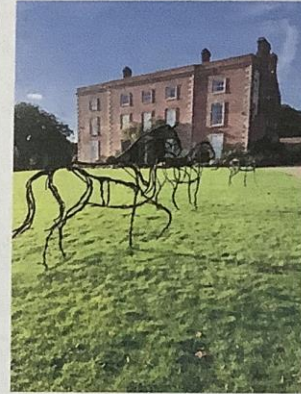




Andy Goldsworthy is a nature-based artist who looks more towards the area of the work before making his pieces. He uses the natural site to inspire his work and also uses the natural materials around him. His sculptures are Ephemeral meaning they are not designed to last forever and are prone to change and transformation overtime. I like the concept of change and nature being able to change the sculpture, so the environment has an involvement in the sculpture itself. " Goldsworthy viewed his artistic process as a "collaboration with nature," in which he was uncovering the essence of his materials and determining what they were capable of."¹Goldsworthy piece shown on the left use's sticks combined with the reflection to create an interesting piece. His work is fascinating.

Goldsworthy uses the natural materials magically and adds movement and fluidity to ridged and often still objects. His work is fascinating and is quite calming in the way that the time spend outside and relive and recharge. Furthermore, Goldsworthy's art not only exists within the environment but also interacts with it. He has been known to manipulate elements such as water, wind, and sunlight to create ephemeral sculptures. These interactive pieces blur the boundaries between art and life, urging viewers to re-evaluate their relationship with the natural world and the impact of their actions on the environment. His work not only captivates the viewer visually but also offers a sense of calm and harmony with the natural world. Watching videos of Goldsworthy at work reveals the meditative and contemplative nature of his creative process, encouraging viewers to reconnect with the environment and appreciate its beauty. With my work I want to transport people to an environment and to explain the issues and problems that happen within this environment.

During this project I visited a sculpture trail located at Bayfield Hall, Holt. This trail had a large number of sculptures varying in shape, material, and size. When walking around it was useful to see how other artists present their work and also the concept behind these pieces. When walking around this trail I gained opinions on what I liked and sculpture I didn't really like the style of. When reading through the brochure I gained a sense of understanding and concept of the sculptures. The march ponies made by Rachael Long were one of my personal favourite sculptures. The ponies were life-size metal sculptures wrapped in fireproof material. These sculptures were designed to be fire sculptures and were previously set on fire. The effect left behind added depth and tone to the sculpture when looking close up. This gave a quite rugged look as if the ponies had been weathered and worn in a natural moorland environment. Rachael's Sculptures are made from hard metal often iron and steel. The alchemical transformation of cold hard metal into fluid animated creatures interests her¹. The movement created by using such a hard medium is interesting and needs huge imagination to provide the vision of the stance and flow within the sculptures. I also like the use recycled metal material giving a new lease of life to the previous object. This artist uses the outline of an animal without filling in the mass of the animal but when these sculptures were on fire the fire filled the gaps. The concept of including natural forces into artwork is interesting because it brings natural and unpredictable shapes to the sculpture. Within Rachael Long's work she doesn't explicitly convey environmental issues through her work but presents her work in natural areas and in a natural setting. Using recycled materials Long thinks about the footprint of her sculptures.





Andy Jarret is also another sculpture who creates metal sculptures. I was luckily enough to meet him and visit his workshop because he lives locally. Andy Jarret is a northern artist and grew up near steel factory and workshops. When I visited, he explained that this is quite probably the reason he makes metal sculptures, and the smells bring him back to his youth growing up in an industrial city. His work is greatly inspired by the south Norfolk broads where he lives. The landscapes and environment are a prominent inspiration that can be seen within most of his pieces. Living in Norfolk myself it is inspiring to see work that is local and shows a little bit of Norfolk wherever it may go next. Jarret uses a range of recycled objects to create his sculptures as seen in these pictures. The recycled objects act as a reminder that beautiful things can be made from rubbish and refuse can be appreciated.

Overfishing is the unsustainable practice of extracting marine resources beyond their capacity to replenish and has emerged as a global environmental crisis. The relentless pursuit of seafood to meet escalating demand has led to severe consequences for marine ecosystems. Within my work I want to highlight this as a major issue. People recognise deforestation as a major issue but often overlook fishing and marine life. Overfishing poses a grave threat to marine ecosystems, as well as to the livelihoods and food security of millions of people worldwide. The ecological impacts, including imbalanced food chains, habitat destruction, and loss of biodiversity, unravel the delicate fabric of marine ecosystems. Also, there are the economic and social consequences of overfishing these including the collapse of fisheries, economic instability, and cultural disruption. Addressing overfishing requires an intensive and thorough approach, involving sustainable fisheries management, international cooperation, market-based solutions, and support for alternative livelihoods. Only through concerted efforts can we restore the health and resilience of our oceans, ensuring their preservation for future generations. Within my work I want to raise awareness of this issue and hopefully spark interest in the viewers to contribute to conserving our oceans.

Conclusion

Ultimately, the power of material manipulation and sculpture/installation lies in their ability to provoke emotions, spark conversations, and inspire action. By conveying environmental issues through these mediums, artists can contribute to raising awareness, promoting sustainable practices, and encouraging a deeper connection with the natural world. Materials and sculpture offer unique avenues for artists to convey environmental issues. By selecting specific materials, utilizing recycled or repurposed elements, and engaging with the natural environment, artists like Andy Goldsworthy, Studio KCA, and Rachael Long effectively communicate urgent messages about overfishing, plastic pollution, deforestation, and other environmental concerns. Through their creativity and ability to captivate audiences, these artists inspire reflection, awareness, and action, encouraging society to address and rectify these pressing environmental challenges. By bridging the gap between art and environmental activism. To conclude it is evident that environmental issues can be conveyed by sculpture and installation.

Throughout my own work I have developed an understanding about other artists sculptures and how they have managed to explain a greater image and theme within. Addressing the issue of overfishing, which poses severe consequences for marine ecosystems and global food security, artists can raise awareness and advocate for change. By creating artworks that depict the ecological impacts of overfishing, artists can encourage viewers to recognize the gravity of the issue and support sustainable fisheries management, international cooperation, and market-based solutions. During this study I have been educated on the impacts of overfishing and I hope to continue this as a theme moving on to a final outcome.

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