Write your name here Surname	Other	names
Pearson Edexcel GCE	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Design a Food Technology Advanced Subsid Unit 2: Design and	iary	
Monday 23 May 2016 – Time: 1 hour 30 minute	•	Paper Reference 6FT02/01
You do not need any other	materials.	Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches it must be dark (HB or B). Coloured pens, pencils and highlighter pens must **not** be used.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 70.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed
 - you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

P 4 6 7 4 1 A 0 1 1 2

Turn over ▶



	Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.		
1	Most foods require preparation in the initial stages of commercial manufacture.		
	(a) Identify two contaminants that should be separated from crops before processin begins.	ng	
	ocgins.	(2)	
1			
2			
۷	(b) Name and describe one wet cleaning method used in food preparation.	(3)	
	Name	(3)	
	Description		
	(c) Give three benefits of homogenisation.	(3)	
1			
2			
3			
	(d) Describe how food products can be sorted by colour.	(2)	
	(Total for Question 1 = 10 n	narks)	



2 (a) Complete the following table.

(4)

Carbohydrate	Example	Source
Monosaccharides	(i)	Found in fruits
(ii)	Lactose	Found in milk
Simple polysaccharides	(iii)	Found in cereals
Complex polysaccharides	Pectin, Gums	(iv)

(b) Gums can act as stabilisers in some foods.State **four** reasons why a stabiliser is added to ice cream.

- //	# N
1	ZL 1
٨	⊸,

1	
2	
2	
4	

(Total for Question 2 = 8 marks)

3	(a) (i) Name two micro-organisms that cause food poisoning.	(2)
1. 2		
	(ii) Explain how personal hygiene precautions are used to ensure food safety.	(2)
	 (b) Cross-contamination is a major cause of food poisoning. Outline other factors that have contributed to the increase in food poisoning cases in the UK in recent years. 	(5)
	(Total for Question 3 = 9 m	arks)

4	(a) Describe how sugar and salt can prevent the growth of micro-organisms.	(4)
	(b) Explain why chilled foods may spoil during storage.	
	(b) Explain why chilica roods may spon during storage.	(6)
	(Total for Question 4 = 10	marks)
	(Total for Question 4 = 10	iliai K3j



5	(a)	With reference to a named example, explain why a manufacturer is required to fortify a food product. Example	(3)
		Explanation	
	(b)	Additives can affect the characteristics of a food. Explain how gelatin forms a gel.	(8)
		(Total for Question 5 = 11 ma	nrks)

6	(a)	Describe the process of aseptic canning.	(6)



*(b) Discuss how computer-aided manufacturing (CAM) can assist in product inspection on an automated production line.	
(6)	
(Total for Question 6 = 12 marks)	

(Total for Question 7 = 10 marks)



BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE



BLANK PAGE

