

GCE A Level Advanced Art and Design

Photography Component 1

MADDIE

Total Mark 39 (30+PS9)

	AO1 Develop	AO2 Explore and Select	AO3 Record	AO4 Realise	Personal Study
Mark	7	8	8	7	9
Performance Level	3	3	3	3	3
				Total out of 90	39



Aperature

Apenature is a hole within a lens. through which light bands into the camena body.

Aperture can associated with human eyes, a large pupil size equals large apeticine and small pupil size equals small apeticine.

L/1.4 +12

Shutter Speed

MORE light; MORE blue

1 stop 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8, 1/30, 1/60, 1/125, 1/250, 1/500, 1/1000, 1/2000 can be hard held increas action needs a miped mones quicke allows LESS whit > helps you preeze action

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Flash



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Flach car not only acate Some incredible ighting effects within photographis, but can also help to premert heurs bluery actures with low 103 levels or lowers premer to preteries only the preteries to become grained the preteries to become grained the preteries to prove or a great use in dere upsting corditions and helps to photo to be more dranatic and mell

balanced.



TIM WALKER

Background:

Tim Walker, born in 1970, is a British fashion photographer, who regularly shoots with magazines such as Vogue, W magazine and LOVE magazine. After graduating in 1994, Walker worked as a freelance photography assistant before moving to New York to work as a full time assistant for Richard Avedon. After, he returned back to England to focus of portraiture and documentary work. When the photographer turned bout 25, he began to shoot for vogue, in which he wrote his first fashion story. Later on in 2008, he had his first proper exhibition in the design museum in London, whilst at a similar time releasing his book 'PICTURES'. He then went on to create a short film in 2010 called 'The Lost Explorer', this got him noticed by a wide range of people allowing Walkers photographs to be exhibited in The Bowes museum in Durham. The title of this photo is A Play of White', and was taken in a set of eight, specifically for Italian Vogue in March 2006

Content:

The piece shows the model sitting down on a box covered in the mirrors found on disco balls, in the photo the model is dressed in white, patterned clothes which give the image a fairytale atmosphere, it also makes the photo seem as if it were taken quite a while ago, even though it's very clear it wasn't. The position at which the model is sitting in also gives it a vintage atmosphere, which makes the photo more intriguing. I believe that this piece of work is based around the 1920's by the clothes, and feather worn by the model in the photo.

Technique:

The photo I have chosen has impact due to the close up angle at which it is taken, this makes it more impacting to the person seeing the photo because it automatically draws us in to look at the further details within the photo. The photo also has impact for me, due to the way the top of the photo uses very nucle tones and vintage colours, giving an effect of simplicity. Whereas, the bottom end of the photo is a lot busier due to all the different sized disco balls lying on the floor, creating interesting reflections on the mirrors of the disco ball. I think the rules of the golden section have definitely been applied, because my eyes are automatically drawn to the face of the model in the top right hand corner of the photo, due to the bright lipstick warn and the serious expression on the models face. The photos were specifically taken for Italian Vogue, so it was important to have really good quality.

The photo was quite clearly taken with a high quality camera, however seems to have been manipulated in which it has a subtle vintage filter, giving it a very 1920's type atmosphere and reduces the original quality of the photo, to make it seem older and more vintage. The lighting is a major aspect of this particular set of photos; Tim Walker has cleverly set up the camera so that it captures all the reflections of the light shining in through the window, though it also appears as though artificial lighting is being used in order to create a bigger effect. I particularly like how the majority of reflections are on the lower section of the photo around the clothes and on the models legs, creating almost a magical effect. Although I wouldn't have the same budget as Tim Walker, as he works with vogue and uses particularly expensive equipment, I would use some sort of reflective surface to recreate the light pattern as shown in his photo. This particular

Mond:

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photo in the series has quite a shallow depth of field, due to how close up the photo is taken. In this photo, the focus is on the model who isn't sitting too far away from the wall in the background which is the area out of focus.

The vintage colours within this photo, allow it to have a 1920's feel to it, which also makes the photo seem more magical because it's not anything like modern day. In the Vogue magazine, the series of photos took up a whole page per photo, this adds to the effect of the photo because it makes it more eye-catching and exciting because you're not focused on anything else apart from what's happening in the picture.

Personal statement:

I was really drawn to this photograph by Tim Walker because, its fashion and fantasy merged together in one. I particularly like the muted and pastel colours within the piece, as well as the focus on fashion in this set of photos. The light that has been bounced off the disco balls, contrasting with the pastel tones is what makes the photo so eye catching. Walker has payed particular attention to show the transparent quality of the fashion garment. His photography adds to the illusion that the fashion designer wants to create. For this reason, at some point later in the year I would be interested in exploring fashion photography further.





when stook that photo I ensured I had the 150 settings quite high because for these particular pictual I used a view set (subtle attriced light, and I liverited to experiment with making a photo memory in quality in law light additions. I like what type at make had beer charted by the man quality in law light anathens. I like what type at make had beer charted by the mar quality in law light and on one side of the face only addreated a shadow on the above helt, another give a social amosphere. Due to be interesting hard position, to allow a costs of the light to share alrough, creating on interesting shape on



simularly, I got be nodel to put her hads in interesting positions accross her face to assummer and many on Due to the contract of yet and date, he place has as were an interesting confection as well as a good example of showing light.



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I tell that this photo was guve mension, yet so simple Due to the amount of light shining onto be hard, from both sides at the photo, it's almost aread be hard to be 2D in ulusion, which really contracts with de aber photos I have taken in these enlagements. I particularly like how much detail you can see in one hard aswell, which wouldn't show up as clearly 1+ bert was only one light shring on it



I decided that with this photo, I would lever the settings to make deter teatures and shadows, I busk not only does our show the repectments of the subtle lighting shewing in from one side and be interesting shapes out are availed In al shedows million the picture. Not only do , the the use & lighting. Julian gives a cheepy wood.

Fibonacci's golder sequence

The Fiboracci sequence is a set of numbers that stats initia a one or a zero, followed by a one, and proceeds based on the nulle that each number is equal to the sum

of be preceding two numbers

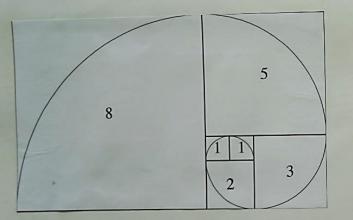
F(0)=0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21...

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A subonacce spinal approximates the golden spinal heavy quarter - arcle arcs inscribed in squares of integer Fibonacce - number side, shown for square sizes Mario TRotano



Altroych thus photo is taken dead in the canone, the golden section is still applied. -

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As a tashion photographer die hear ain of his photographer die die unglie and interecting aspects of the photo bet consublikes to tashion - in this case, the powerful bold ned lips albergin not in the polder section, is countyle. However, for me, the tocal pane is the right age this is due to the amount of too to due to the power which is used travers burging the experious on the night hand side and is is he left - natury two area more expecteding ad the power where wright



Alec Solo deen't show to the golden section, however, it's in the bottom middle section of be picture the small had / cage) which I teel makes the preture and landscape seem more open, which acceptione makes the place more appealing. to the proto's appealing It drakes my attention and Cheresone I can spor munute details moun the prece, which I wouldn't have seen it ar photo masn't so moreguese compositionally 1 also burk that by having the focal found at the bottom, directly waenath be one it allows be edges of the landscape to make the photo have depth, and looks under

Siskind



Sam Taylor - Wood.



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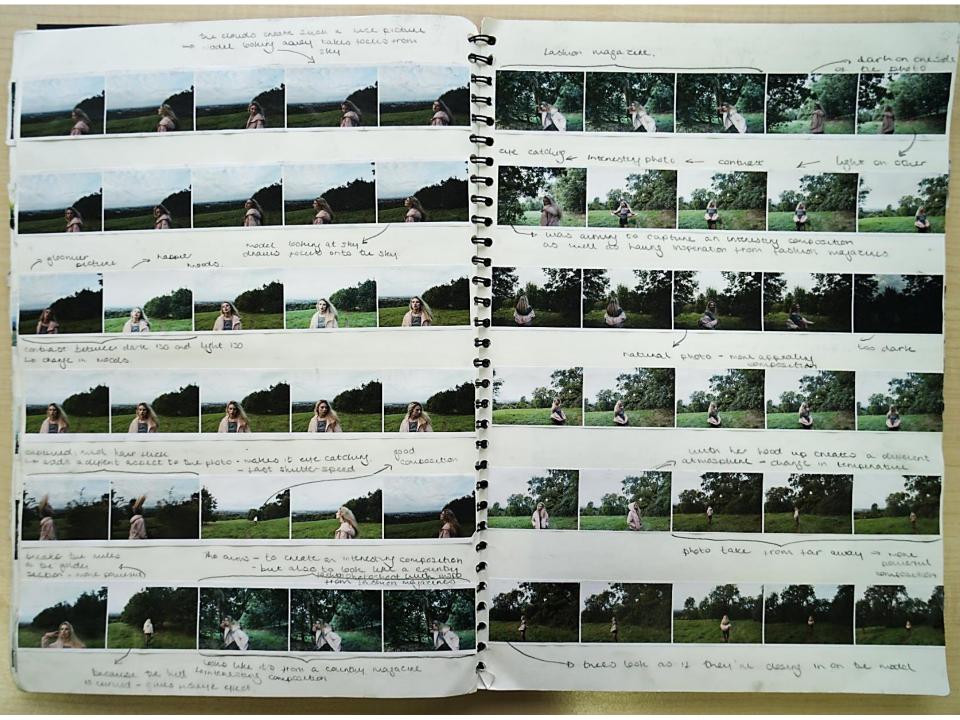
Thus make was paticularly eye catching because it was different to all the others. Due to the black and white taken, his work has quite Surge actiences. I heally like bour close the photo was taken, due to be great

quality we are able to see all the ministe details on the paper nipo and mail in the background, which are odds to the actuency. Schurd has also very clevely stuck to be tibonacci sporal

The artest has lises different effects to create an interesting/ additate composition. She takes both people and abjects and puts them in accord scenarios to create anique

The reason arby , bought thus mass an execcetary also a propertien was about automativatic drawn co to the product way both the, and the chair is prositioned.







Although the picture decon't shok to all de nutico of composition i used this photo due to the mood untiunit i also use how focused scarp out more. I also turk that due to be old gate, which is surrounded by ourgrown plants, and the costed the model of another is value the point age and the cost of all all which gues the photo need and atmosphere.



This particular ploto dat itack was my samenite ploto dat i'm taken due to the fact it streke to the golder section but also constructed a sense of tasking protography, which is what i mas among to. i tell like the expanse i'me used is that right to the type of ploto i was among to capture - de many socio of the ploto was the output and the parton she is stady such the abackhere in the ploto island think to the the ploto has good concessfier within i due to the dynamic shapes ad and



created an atmosphere weter be ploto

= shadow across be face

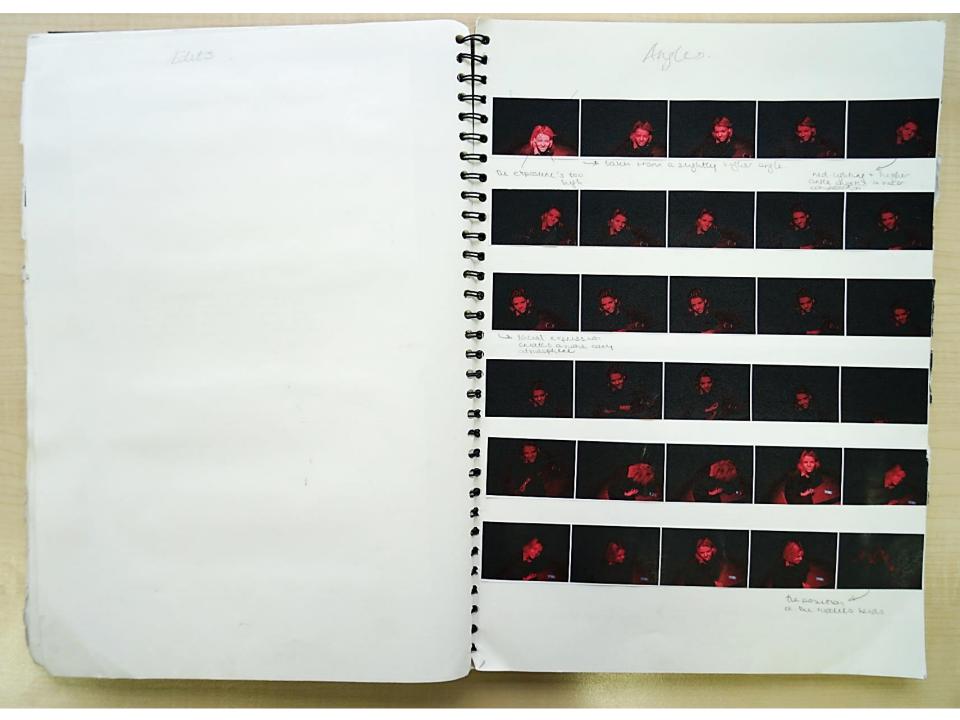
almest creates a shile ette



spooling moods because at the brightness

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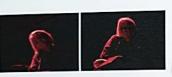




be angle of the protune is specifically take so hat be welting a directly shing theigh



the agent of which bees are taken, out on a trailed wake the photos more execution is again wakes on increasing composition, and be light shiring from top life







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These portract photos are a lot better compositionally as well, and it created a better of the photos.













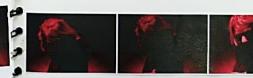
the hair in ours show, makes the composition a lot more interesting I absolat





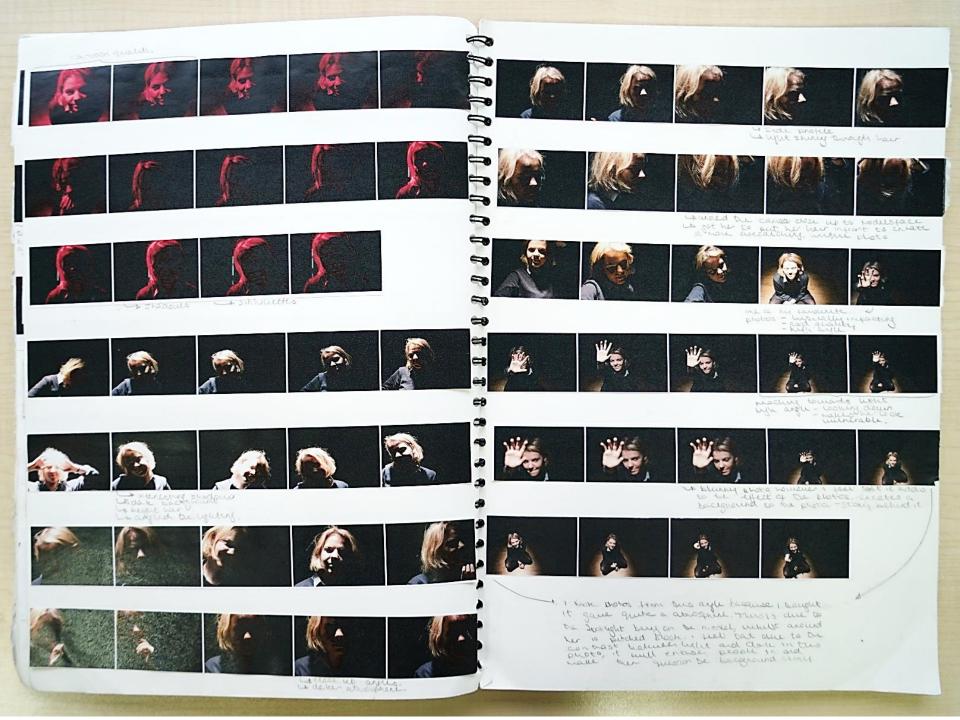


Lo I markor to get be picture from an above agile which above agile which above to create anysterious abjection



2 albaigh the picture's bluency, and ad great granty, be need what gives it a valuar quality, methout actually editing the photo.

allage bury, take places are also consecutionally effecture as well





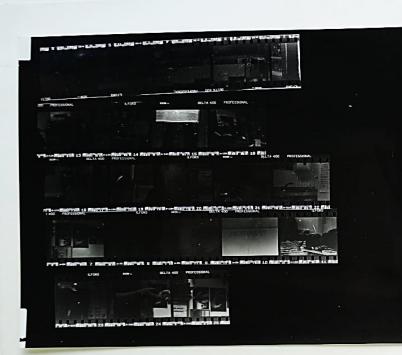
DARK ROOM PROCESS

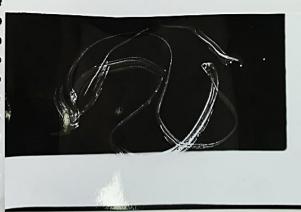
Dark room process.

I just of all put the development tank on the table in front of me, along with the speed and real aswell as the dup. I would ber burn the lights off, so that the norm is putch black. This is to ensure but be film from inside be Camera isn't togged by any exposure to light. Whilst pitch black, I put together all be parts to prepare for developing De telm. I willy would be telm though the need gently, after put the dep on, along with the black pole, security it in place. After, I would put be equipment , have just made up with the film, into the development tank, ready for developing be film.



1 over trined the lights on and look ac film out of the neel to see it the negative Strips had Showed yet. 1 put ten back in de tank for a ter work nurute because they hadn't showed up yet once truy had I took them out, with the lights on aid madred tremm he sink and left acri to Set. Iten hing himupto and









Stop motion:

to begin the stop motion) process, I placed some Small these behind the model to cheate some type of the atmosphere i over began with taking pictures on be add march and mon pound to the face beginning where a drug doe adarding a little but more point with eveny pleticune 1 took ensuring it was in a tuble pattern De whole mould 1 such bok effecture at an end of the whele dep when it was speci up completily

TO --

overell, I truck this under was successful / unsuccessful in duttenent ways. For example, I blink it I'd began the task earlier, it would have turned out to be a lot better and larger, and in the end 1 would're got a higher mark. The heason 1 aunt this is because i turk bat my idea is unque and interesting The film ended up being around 10/15 seconds, which obviously ion't long chough so would have to have taken a lot mone photos.

enaluetion:

1 ten continued this. and the work and mene i did, be more truble it became. Which was good considering be abusphere I worked to portray.

Midney towaryh, I had to change ages because my comence non cutof charge, but actually I built It made the film more meresting In the end i whole got my model to usue as used meneral gradually It much blar , and General an out dud, withing maan as preter an fossible

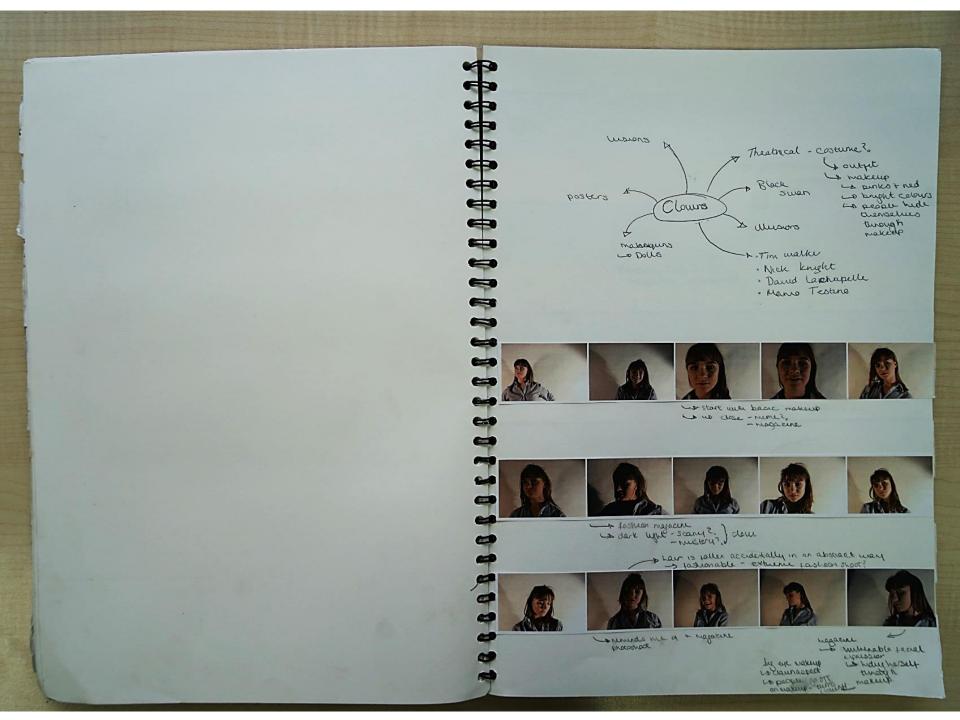


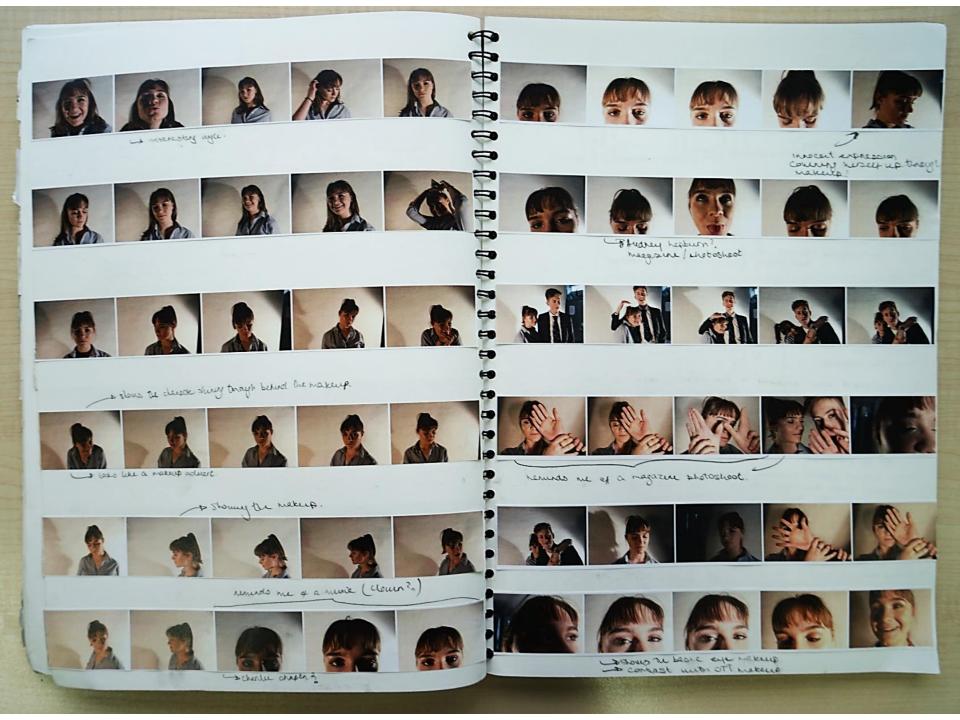
to conclude, I don't Lake auch bat this was bat good because 1 didn't end UP taking weigh pictures for it, and it ended up buy too short, howeve rouck my rare mangood and It I had made a longe versions of this for athemed exam . Dunk It would be quite good as part of à male if texts hubat i chese to de instead of photographs. Hencen

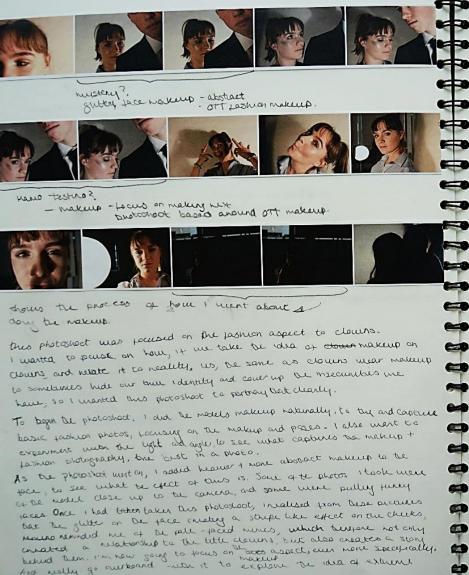
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Musk in having more to mards the poleto aspect nation then the wall side of tuntzo.









And welly go overboard

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photography tys

Maximuse depth of field -i

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monener Shutter speed z 7. copture ohe

1-b Shandut 10. be herizen hur

Le makes sure the pictures as still as possible → wye suritte speed 2. Tripod

the bound sky - hyur bonzen conside the shup i

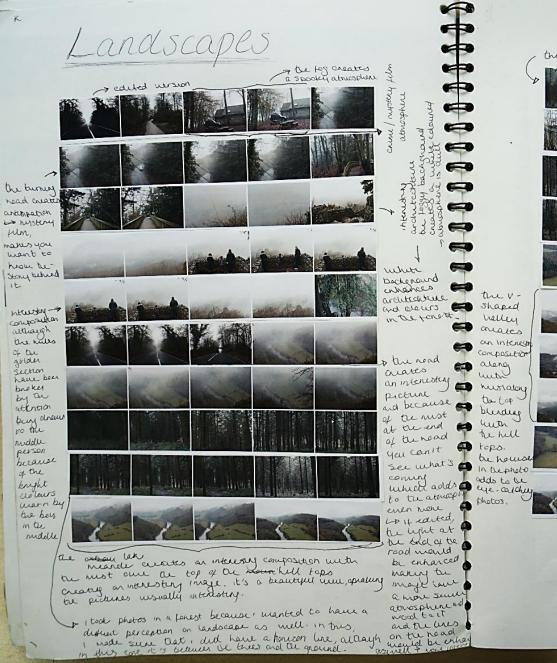
- storms, must, clouds, build zur euvast days?. -> turvatury hood/atmosphere S. work with be weath 3

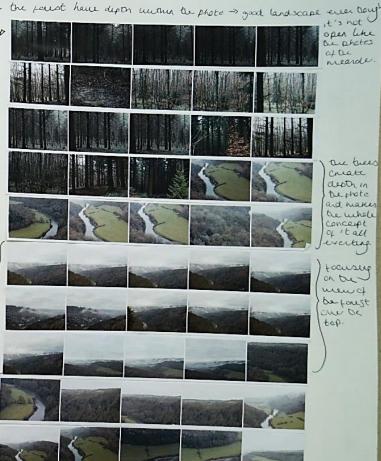
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Le builder, soucher pour . Le puiler, soucher, sonky bue, noch primaton, sullauth. 3. Look

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autre geleter hours angles a denertions nno (uniop 4-1 Ŷ





are trees create depth in Dephoto and makes ae mhele concerpt of it all

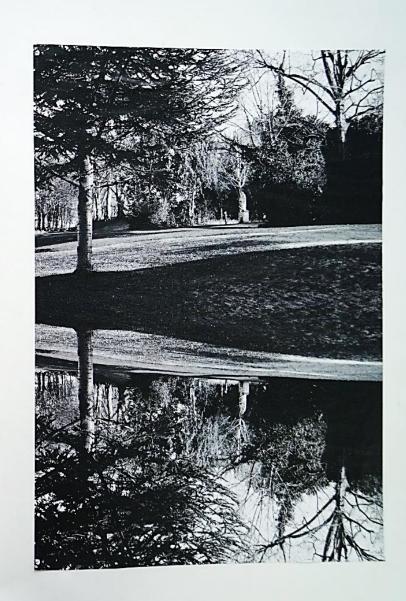
focusus on the mend de forest one de top.

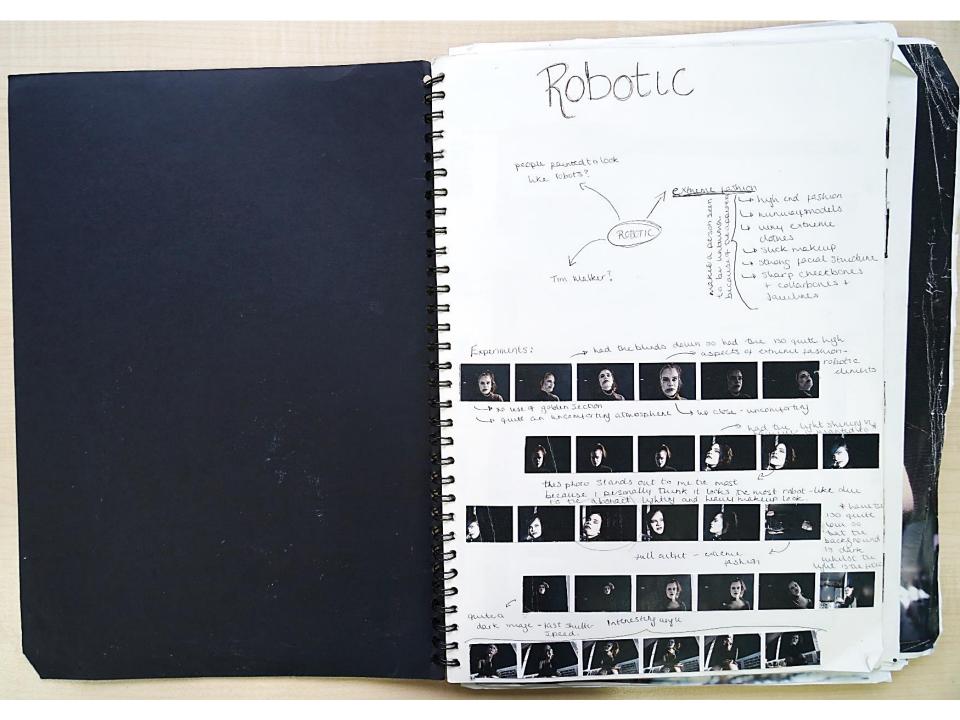
Enlargements

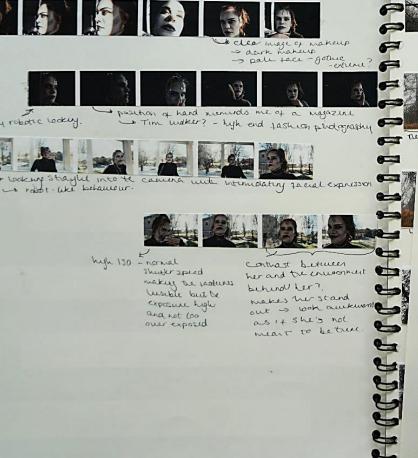


I liked Ous photo because i Dought it created a really spocky/ misterious atmosphere, because of red meature conditions, and De music conceptions at baciground of the photo. I educed bus on photoshop and emphasized be bondast, and be clarity, as well as the experimens, but bouend the exposure because i hert it could bus a little mashed out with the pale exposure across and onto 1 the put it is black ad white to emphasize the atmosphere.









very robotic lockey.

Lo woking straight into camera with no enotions

-p nobot - like

shops and people surrounding us. I also want to convey how different we look against this environment ecause of the way we're dressed, making us appear like robots.

Looking at this artist has inspired me to explore this idea of escaping from the government and societies trying Looking at too and on an angle of the to deprive the same making us seen like robots. In my next photo shoct, will to make us all look the same and behave the same making us seen like robots. In my next photo shoct, will to make us an advance same any tendre the same making us seem and rooms. In my next proto shoot, I will explore the idea of partaposition between people and the rural environment, and how when we're standing in the middle of nowhere we don't know how to behave because we've been so used to living in the city with

The way Alec Soth has edited his photos in a similar way for the whole of this series, changing the mood and The way Alex Solth Nax Cetter has photos in a similar way toor the whose or this series, changing the mood and making it for all if was taken outre a while age giving it quite a virtage atmosphere. This particular image appears to make me feel quite on edge. There's Something a bit unconforting about this photo, due to the fact it's in the model of nowhere, and seems to be quite late during the day. However, at the same time it also gives a sense of freedom, because you know that he's getting away from the brainwach of society.

Mood:

The composition has definitely got impact, I think this is achieved by the way the picture is so simple and The composition has dealined by a majority a time, this to a structure of the and the particle to be anything the captivating. I really like the fact the person is so small, and the surroundings are so wide, which really shows Expressing, receip one one next one pressor is so small, and one surrousnongs are so work, which reary snows what the photographer wanted to say about the images. The fact there's loads of trees and space around the person in the photo suggests that it's a place to go when in need of peace and quiet. The rules of the golden section have been applied, because the person is the focal point of the photo, located towards the middle section more usen approxy because one person is one mean point or use proosy located towards the mean right area. However, because the person is quite central but still in the centre, it makes the picture quite right area. However, because the person is guite complex outs sum in the sense, in many sense of the sense of the powerful, because it's very close to breaking the rules of the poken section, making it a lot more eyer catching powerful, because it's very close to breaking the rules of the poken section. protecting protecting in a set of provide of writemang three tools of one governments of states of exchange of exc and unque, two works with what use provo smore a about because it's univ need or enclosing item socies and being free, and because of the person being central, it makes it appear like this powerful new feeling of and using tree, and because of the person using sentrary, it makes a appear size this powers new teening or freedow. The quality of the photo is reasonably good, however, he has made the lighting quite dark, and looks as if it was taken in the evening at some point. There's also a certain edit on Alec Sout's photos creating quite as it is way cancer or the evening at some point. There a such a fortiant can set over about a photos to cannot a vintage, old style photograph. The depth of field within the photo is quite wide, however as someone exploring the photo, it's quite unclear what the very furthest away object is. This is because the trees continue going back and there's no obvious point at which they end.

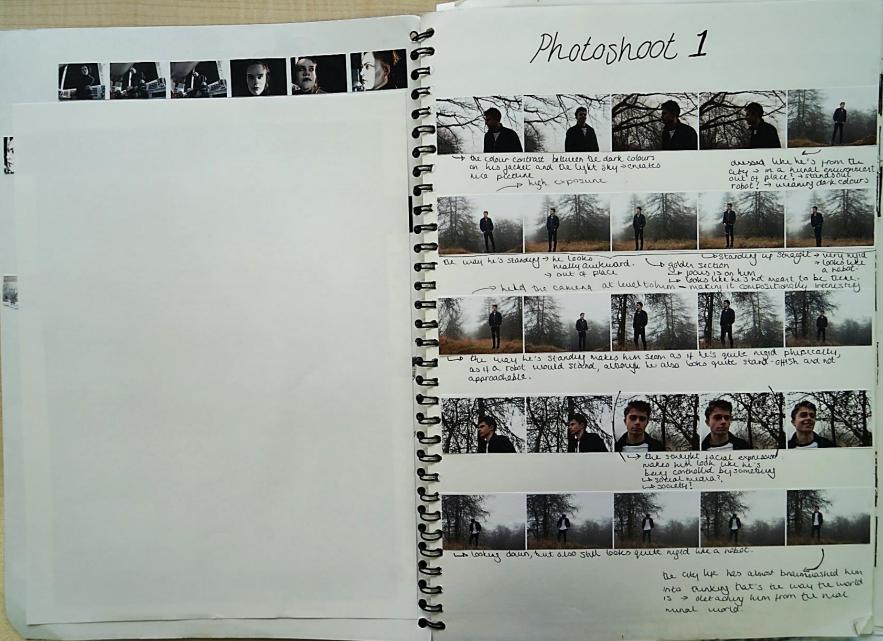
This piece is of a person dressed in black standing in the middle of a forest. This series by Alec Soth is about the provide of a probability strength in the scaping civilization. This to me, expresses some sort of justaposition, the person in this photograph stands out from the background of the forest, and looks as if he's trying to the person in this protocorport stands out, inter the decaptoring of the rates, and now in the surgery of excape from this idea of "hormal" in society and wants to just have some time on his own. However, the facial expression on this person shows that he is obviously not used to being in the world outside of this expression on the person advances use we a developing new avec to develop in one work of deviation of time. The admixed and developing and being surrounded by people, social media and buildings. You can test this because of the way be's standing quite stiffly, as well as looking around him and not really knowing how to

Alec Soth was born in 1969 in Minneapolis, Minneaota, United States. He is an American photographer, who focuses on large scale American projects. His work has a cinematic feel with elements of follore, he also has instants on same scale American projects, its work has a cinematic feel with elements of holizore, he also has had various books of his published by major publishers, as well as being self published through his own book of and a more state. Here enrous sources or not puotisated by major puosisiers, as were as deeing sion puotisated strongs no own of Title Brown Mushroom.' His photographs are in major public and private collections, including the San Little endows musicipations - his provingraphins are in major public and private conections, including line sam Francisco Museum of Modern Art and the museum of Fine Arts Houston. This photo is a part of his series. Transisto muscum on moment we are une numeral to rate rules muscule. This practice or part or the series Broken Manual'. Within this series, he explores the space between the person and himself when taking the Content:

Background:

Photoshoot 1

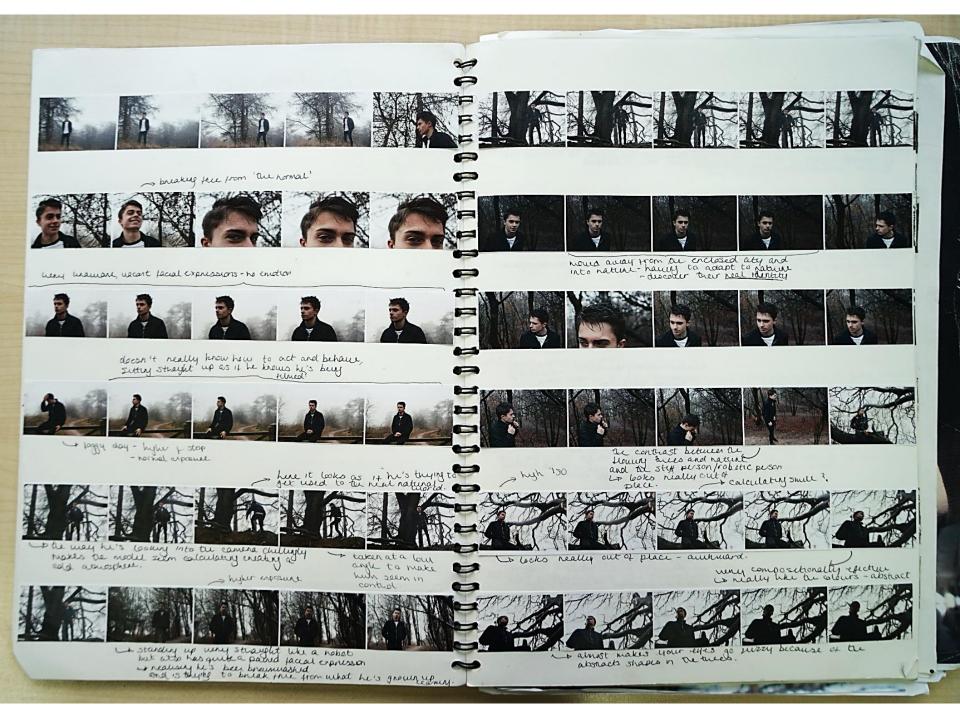
Alec Soth

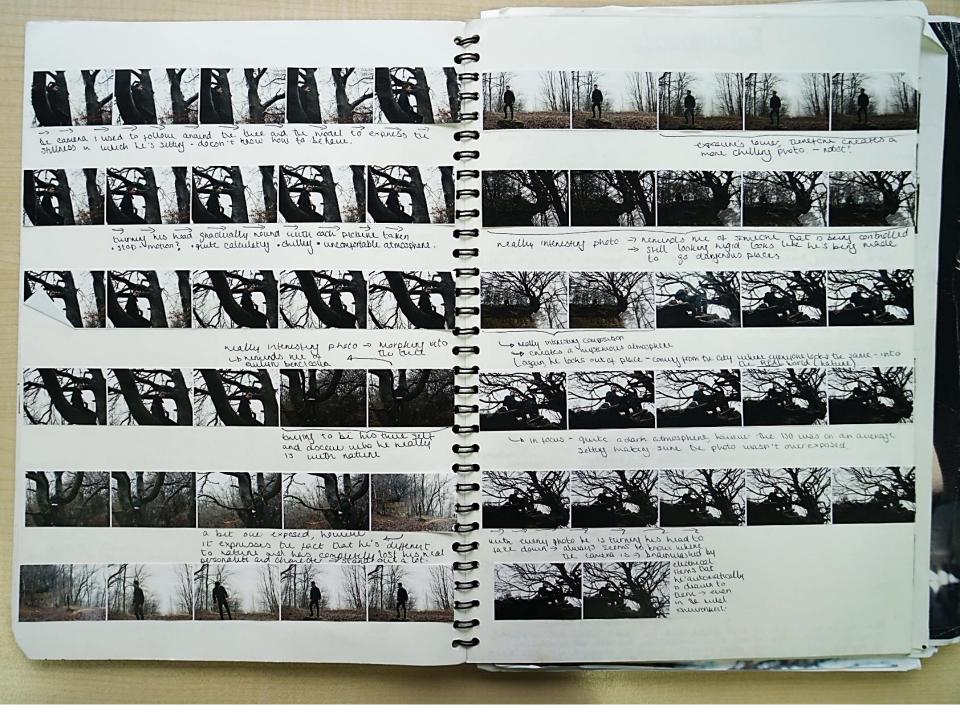


the city life has almost brainfushed him into tunking tat's the way the world is > detacting him from the rule runal month



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Enlargements



really liked this photo because not only is it good compositionally, but it also has bods of interestry shapes created by the three and the branches. For this i got my model to just stand infront of the bree with a vacat expression, which turned out to display exactly what, worth it to.

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acod.

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composition

body's m

Ne picture

In this photo, he looks as 4 he's been braining that a controlled by what happens when in the city. This can be told through the clotes when he's wearing but also through the facial expression with regist posture The posture also makes him look authined when put into the nuclearing

This photo elso shows a simular message to the one above, however also has lots of tonal aspects to it aswell

> facial expertision looks like he doesn't know what's going on - not used to be heal

world... too used to electrical duraces controlling him and telling him it's the norm. He boks out of our colourful grass



- not isopping The is probably my fourist photo out of be whole photoshart i've taken because be cancen asittings waking be focus and exposible accurate.

It also conveys my ideas accurately as well, particularly well.

and nature

Because he's insuch as odd place and he boks still and contribut, it makes the picture a bet none interesting to bok at because It makes a pose group in a been ad why he boks so quipting.

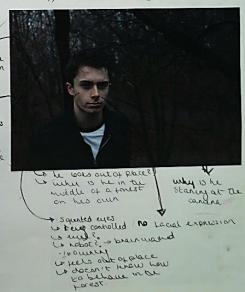


1 Whe this composition Particularly a betause 1've made sure that used I've made sure that used I've made sure that used I've golder section, which has made the photo more usually fascinating But, in this photo i wanted to capturate all the shape of the different branches and the interesting actings on the store. This is to express all wanders of

Nature in contrast with the city dressed boy. This photo in particular, I feel expresses the unque and beautiful shapes but we forget exist in the real world because whe being diseaued searchy by the attrand in a may, with being blocked out from what's actually need and insked being shown a life surrounded by anys cheated by men. Ast only do , the away photo because of the may it relates to meat in any to conver through this photoshoot but also because of the atmospheric by my to convert through this photoshoot but also because of the atmospheric of creates (spooly, anergy, unasy), and the interestry composition.

> I neally like De composition In two photo

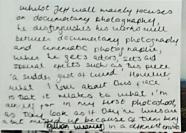
The dertress in this photo cheates an interesting atmosphere and expressively the model because of the dork backynound. It makes the shire more arbuished and therefore more nebot-like.



alec soth



part of his series "broken menuel". n trus serves he explanes the space 0 between the person and himself when taking the pheto. This series is also 0 specifically about the differt places cullisation. I chose trues photo in particule people go when they need to escape because the meaning behind it is very survela to what I was truging to show -Anought my last photoshoot because 0 , which they are the content to the content of the content of the content of the content to the and cullisation any donit how 0 tow to behave, but buy've typy to escape boking the same as evended else. - I also like this photo and photomaphe because he focuses on innat the Jeff wall





Courney's work attempts to treat the body not as an object but as a place, a trace of a real event of a need body in time This particular picture however, works as is the body's not meant to be bene, but we only how bet burged be height, and in my peduces an way my model's acres and dressed makes him seens out lat place. However

> besied it . makes you worder why he's



gillian socuses on induciduals identity in both prevate and public places, this bung from her series 's ons bat say what ion want been to say and not signs car someone else wents you to say, du A COLOR wanted to get averyou to write what buy he bunking at that portuner moment. All of bulkan's work relates to what i'm buying to express through my necert photoshoots, how people may be different to what we une acta corres user just because atom gourney cried are. and the second second

Gillian Wearing

Background:

Gillian wearing is a conceptual artist based in England, and born in Birmingham. During her early life she attended Dartmouth High School and later moved to Chelsea, London to study art at the The She attenued bartmouth right scool and later moves to checked, computed bartmouth Checkes College of Art. Wearing is particularly well known for her methods of documentation in everyday life through photography and video. This photo is a part of the series "Signs that say what you want them to say and not signs that say what someone else wants you to say' this series bart of the series "Signs" that say that say that someone else wants you to say' this series bart of the series "Signs" that say that say that someone else wants you to say' this series bart of the series "Signs" that say that say that say that say that someone else wants you to say' this series bart of the series "Signs" that say that say that say that say that say the series "Signs" that say the series "Signs" that say the series "Signs" that say that say that someone else wants you to say' this series bart of the series "Signs" that say that say that say that say the series "Signs" that say the series "Signs" that say the say the series "Signs" that say the say the say the say the say the say the say that say the sa was done in 1992-1993.

Contents

This series is about what people are thinking. To captivate this, Gillian Wearing would approach strangers that she encounters on the street to ask them to write exactly what they are thinking at that particular moment in time. This idea of hers, she said 'changed her own perception of them'. That particular institution institution in the state of the state that particular institution in the state of the state of the state is a state of the state of t way people look at them it's almost as if to say they're something different to what everyone can see from the outside. It makes people realize that not everyone thinks the same and that society is trying to make everyone just appear as if they're copies of each other

Technique:

I personally don't think that this photograph is impactful compositionally wise; however I think that the meaning behind the photograph allows it to be a lot more effective. The reason behind why I don't think it's compositionally effective is because I don't think the photo is very interesting, however still remains to be eye catching because of the writing on the paper covering the face, which automatically draws the audience in because it makes you wonder why they have the sign covering their faces. The writing on the paper is the focal point of this photograph, which doesn't stick to the rules of the golden section. However, the fact that it's broken the rules of the golden section makes it intriguing because it makes you really think about the meaning behind it, from an audience's point of view. Also the picture that I chose to evaluate has quite an eye-catching piece of writing on it making it make curious as to the meaning behind it. The quality of the image is reasonably good, but similarly to Alec Soth, Gillian Wearing uses a similar sort of edit, in which she makes her photographs appear quite vintage and old style, due to the coloration within it.

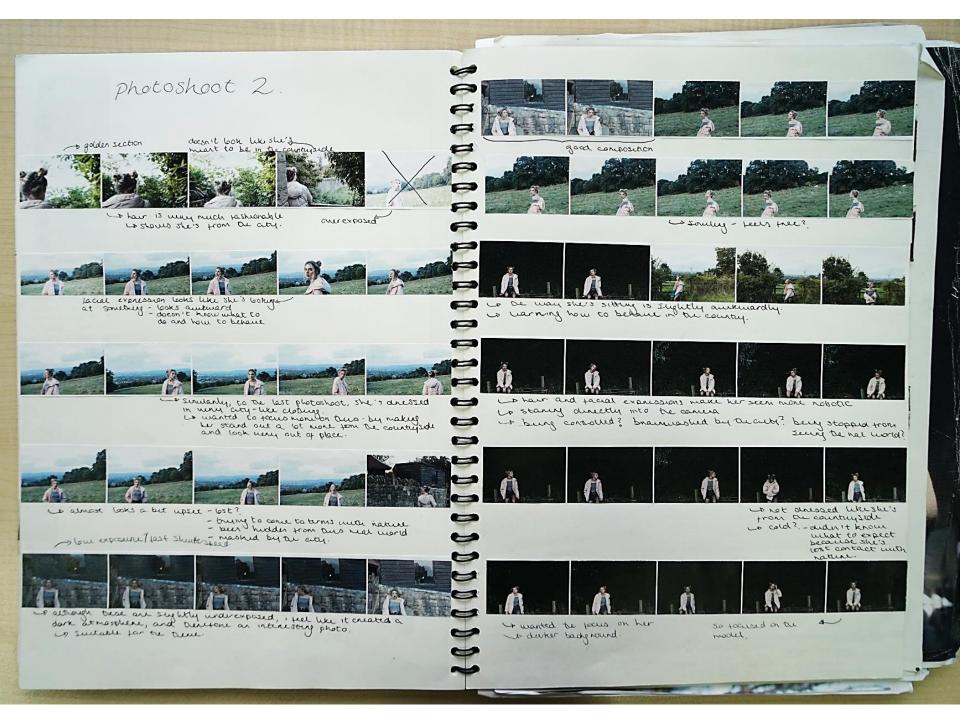
Mood

The vintage tones within this photograph, changes to mood of the photo very much, however relates to the reasoning behind it very well. The photographer uses a very natural discoloration to it making it seem quite vintage, however the photo still remains very regular and natural, making it appear a lot more documentary style, which reinforces the fact that she's capturing peoples thoughts, to change the way society thinks they know someone just by looking at their appearance, and without knowing their thoughts and feelings, ultimately making everyone appear to be replicas of each other.

Personal Statement:

Through looking at Gillian Wearing, it has inspired me to continue with looking at the juxtaposition of people that have been brainwashed by society and the rural environment, however look more specifically at the positioning and clothes of the model I am going to use, in order to make her seem a lot more awkward and robot-like against an environment that she's not used to.









Enlargements.



1 thought that this photo that I took replects in more detail about what I'm trying to convey. Due to be model being dressed in particularly synificant city style clothing, it makes her stand out from the nutritions environment around her, making her automatically boh out of place. What I also like about this photo is the

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facial expression. By the both on her face it seems as it she's not use to this environment and feels neally cut of place and announded the because of her undering her eyes, it makes her seen meary of everyone and everything and makes her benefore seen quete robot - like. I like hour i've captured the photo at the right time - Just as the madel's glancing our it almost seens as it she's going to more but it's the idea of how she's been caught in a concerte and therefore looks + seens

robot-lik because of the particular position She was in when I taok it.

I liked this photo, due to

as compositional qualities it has meteren it, butalso because it cheates a scony behind it. It makes whereies boning at it question why they're bere and what they're doing. it's almost as it day more malking



consultie gap in the trices and turned nound knowing that there ; a camera behind them. The may she's staring and faced directly at the camera makes her seen particularly hobotic because it's as it she knows when anything electrical / nemotily ary-like is there there. Also, the posture and the direction at which she's standing makes her seen as it she behaves In a similar marrier to a robot, because there's he part of her body that's trusted neural - only he head. Similarly to be last photo, , caught her just as she mas staring at be coment which makes it more cary.

I thought that this photo mad perfect for the theme of robotic because of De may she's starry directly into the camera, which amost creates quite a chilling / cold atmosphere and makes her seen as it she more beigt controlled/ brainwashed like a nobot. But, what I think really makes this



relate to my trene, 13 be clothes and the way She's setting. The fact that she's dressed in very city/ street - like clothing makes her automate stand delt from the croud The space burs in her hair is a particular aspect Oat makes her seen now nobotic I alien like in compartion with the background behind her, which to werymuch Howing and less stift than what she looks like

The may that she's setting makes her seen very antheward because She's not used to and type of enuronment. Semilarly, to the other two photos, it's as it I have caught her starry at a camera. Just at the nylet moment. - Canylet at one mobilest in time - captured in an image like a

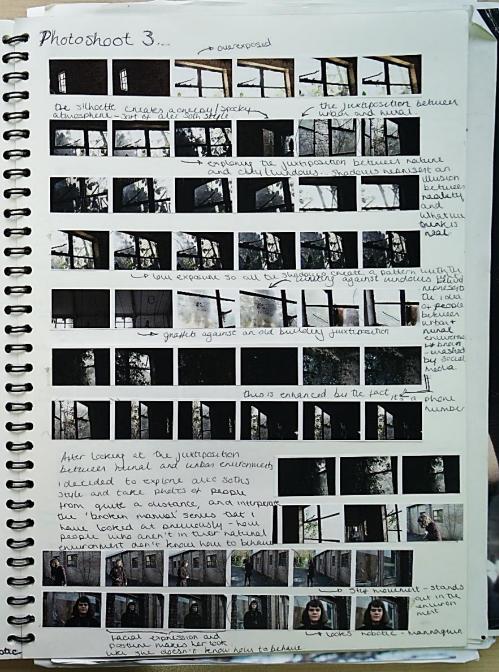
' like this photo because similarly to the others, i'me captured her glencing at be camera -> caught in one memert like a robot.

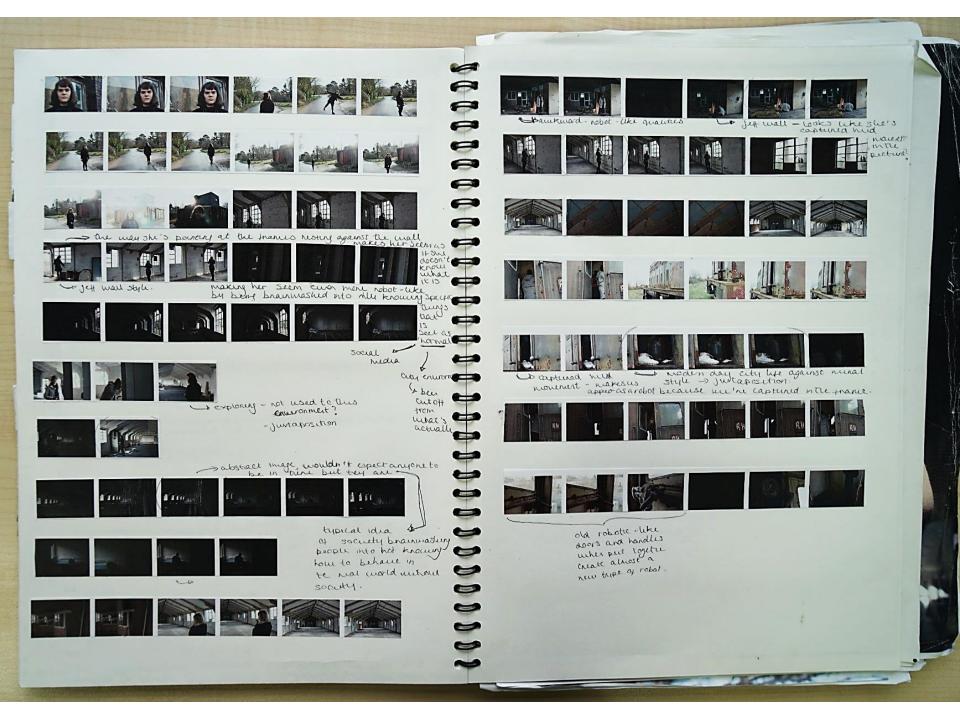
-> really good examply of her standing out from the encironment around Ur



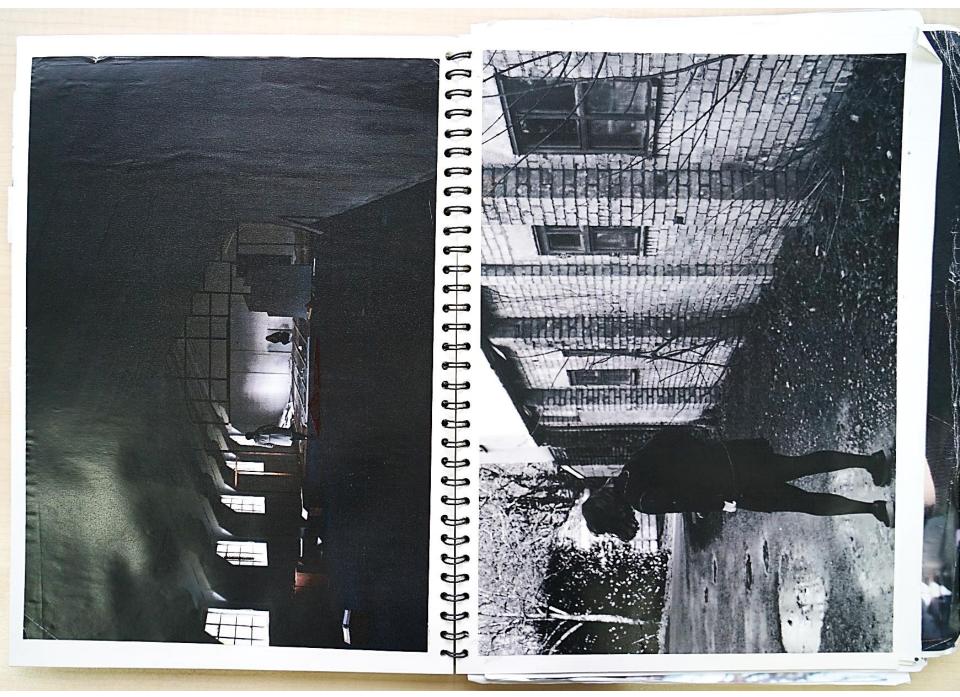


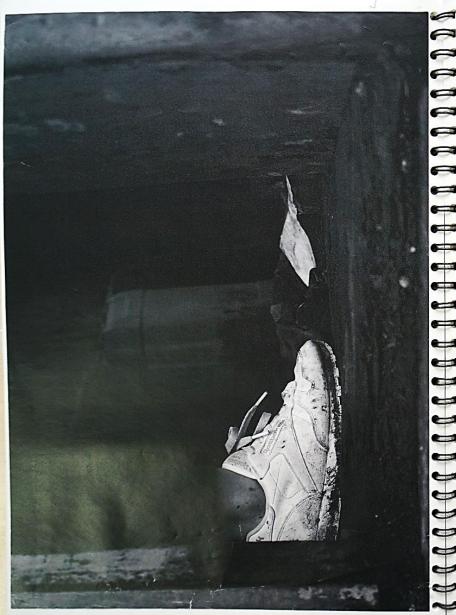
I trought I would enlarge this photograph because it shows the Justaposition between the girlando's drussed as it she's from the city, and nature. This photo is edited to represent how people have been made to be something by society, and breinwashed into torgetty about the real, natural world, and how trey want to escape but don't know how to behave In these conditions because they're so used to acting The same as everyone else. I personally trunk this photo 13 really interesting compositionally and the way I've eduled it is quite execatoling, I also like how i've educed it to have a meaning behad it that you can't Understand staght amay. you have to trunk about it before knowing what it means. The black and where layer is to represent her trying to get away from acting behaving the a nobet. I have made be coloured and layer slightly more dominant to represent the fact it's difficult to escape Dus idea of normal, and renitore books robotic











Interim

To begin my project, I started exploring the idea of robotic through fashion, and how when we think of modern robots, we recognise the slick features that they have, all of their face and body is completely flawless. To show this, I began experimenting with this idea by taking photos of a person covered in heavy makeup. When I took these photos it made me think about the juxtaposition between the make up or the way my model is dressed, and the environment that she's standing in, and the way the very regular and boring background makes her stand out a lot more due to how different she looks to the usual people we see.

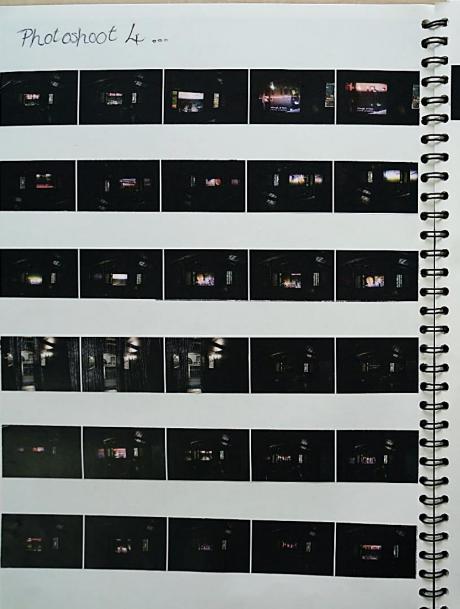
For my first photoshoot exploring the idea pf juxtaposition, I took my model asked him to stand on the hill in a rural environment, however dressed as if he would usually be dressed in a city. The idea behind this was to show how when people are taken out of their general environment, and put into another one, they feel very awkward and don't know how to behave, making them have similar qualities to a robot. This therefore is exploring the idea of the way people behave when they're taken out of the ordinary and have been brainwashed into believing that the way that they have been taught to act and behave is the norm, when in reality it's actually not. This made me specifically think about the idea of people being brainwashed by everything in a city, and being drawn away from the real natural beauty of the world, such as trees and plants etc., so I wanted to explore this more specifically in my next photoshoot.

For this photoshoot, I got my model to as if she was from a big city like London, to create more of a contrast between the environment The space buns in her hair made her stand out a lot more, and gives an aspect of robotic in the fashion aspect, as well as the facial expressions and the way she's standing, making her seem a lot more awkward and out of place and as if she's brainwashed or being controlled. The facial expressions and the way my model's posed so awkwardly, has made me think about how I've captured the model at points where she's looking directly at the camera and therefore looks like she's frozen within the photo, making her seem robotic. So I therefore wanted explore this in greater detail.

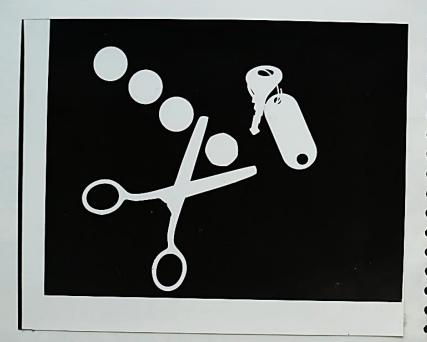
We had a day out as a part of our mock exam, so I took this opportunity to explore my idea through this photoshoot, I had some particular photo's that stood out to me the most, one of which I decided to enlarge because I feel like it captures the title Robotic and my idea really well. We also looked at mechanical objects at a dock, which although doesn't follow what i wanted to say about the theme of robotic, expresses robotic in a different way because it shows how they behave as if a robot would.

Alec Soth and Gillian Wearing inspired my next photoshoot, both photographers of which create slightly unnerving and unhuman atmospheres in their photos; Alec Soth for example, uses striking portraiture, whereas Gillian Wearing uses words as signs to show the inner turmoil of people in modern society. I find these ideas really interesting, so I want to look at how modern society uses the concept of robotics in different ways, for example sometimes it's seen as a really cool, positive, futuristic way to develop mankind. However sometimes it's seen as a scary subject matter where robots are taking over the world. Having discussed this with my teacher, it's encouraged me to look at the futurists and how they viewed the change in the industrial world and also to look at the 1960's fashion photography and how looking to the future works exciting and romantic concepts. Recently I have been looking at Katy Perry's music video "Chained to the Rhythm", and how he stylised it to look like a 1960's romantic version of how the world should be. I will also be looking at Melvin Sokolsky, a 1960's style photographer, which will give me some inspiration for my next photoshoot's.

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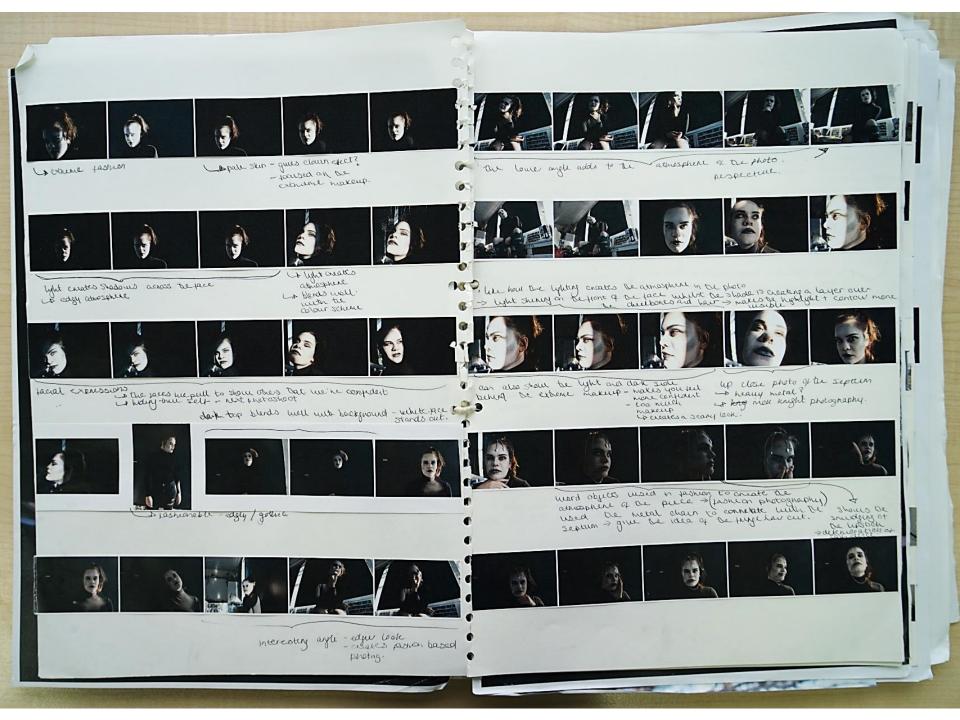


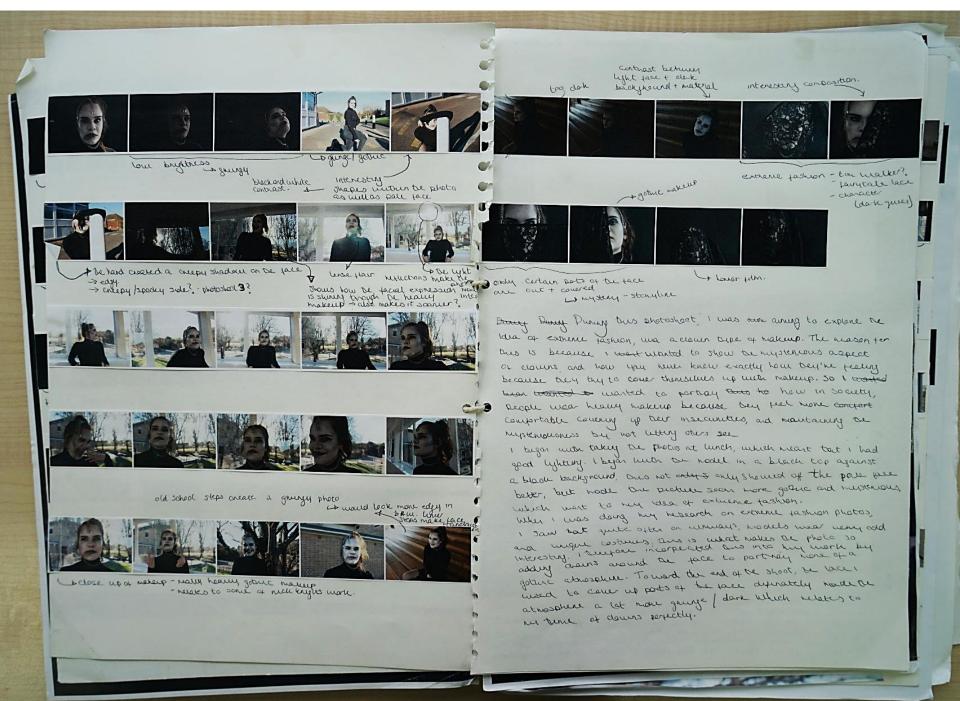
All protos and really similar. However, it oneates the sort of Instaristic new of what it will be like much technology. Although these are old style telemisions, because of the dark background it gives the ullusion that these are projections summar to take of which are used to partial the future in society and technology. I think these mould book quick good as everlags for my next photoshoot.



I wanted to continue two idea of futurism in photography and the idea of 1960's fashion. To do two image i law a pair of Sciescors along with some cans and a key, on a piece of photographic paper and projected the light onto it, in the dark, then after placing the photographic paper in developer, until the image cance through, then in stop and **betty** finally, fix. Itrought that they taking the idea i used for my previous photophoot, i could interprivate two into someting different. The colours and shapes in two neally hermed me at 1960's futurist fashion styles. Which has inspired me to focus on all types of





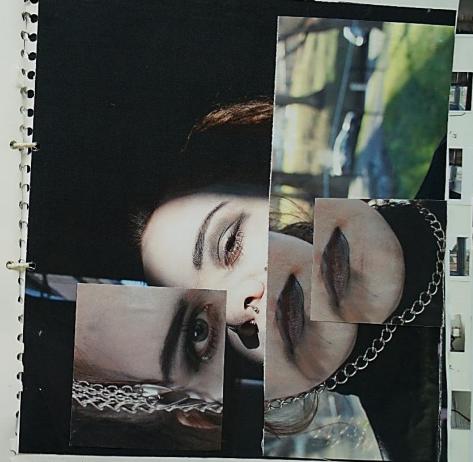




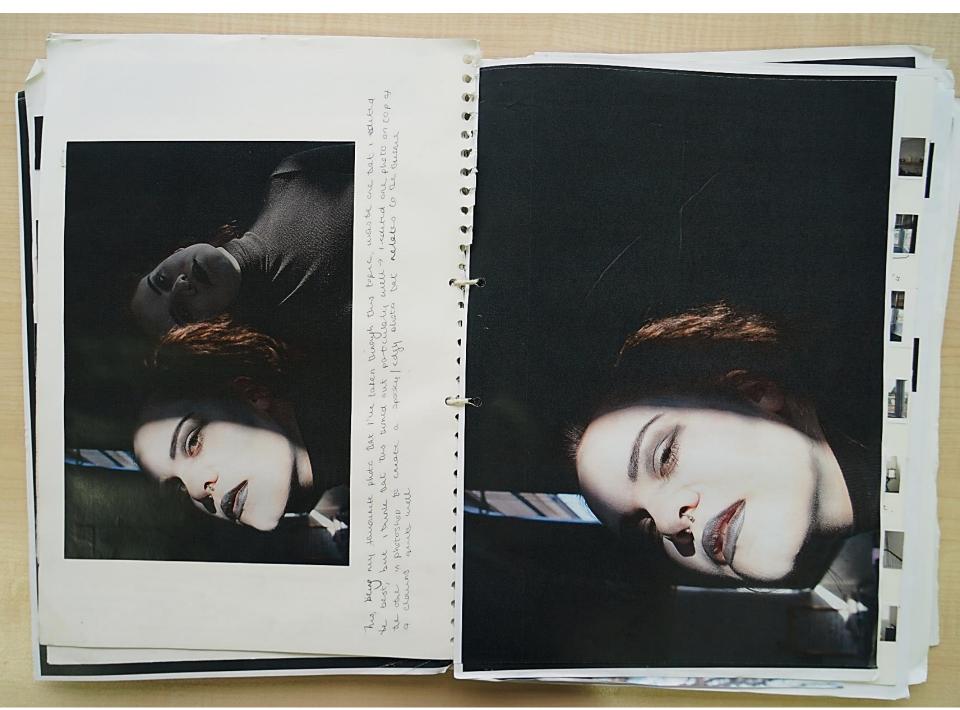
I thought this photo was particularly intreading because , took it against a black background which made the factual features stand out cleanly. Take cought the night anount of lightery shring through (not artificial) which criticle a dark stadiow access the models face. I brought this photo which criticle for the title source because it shows the heavily makering , put on the model which relates to not only the fastures aspect of Clean's but also relates to have people once themselves up by overcoments

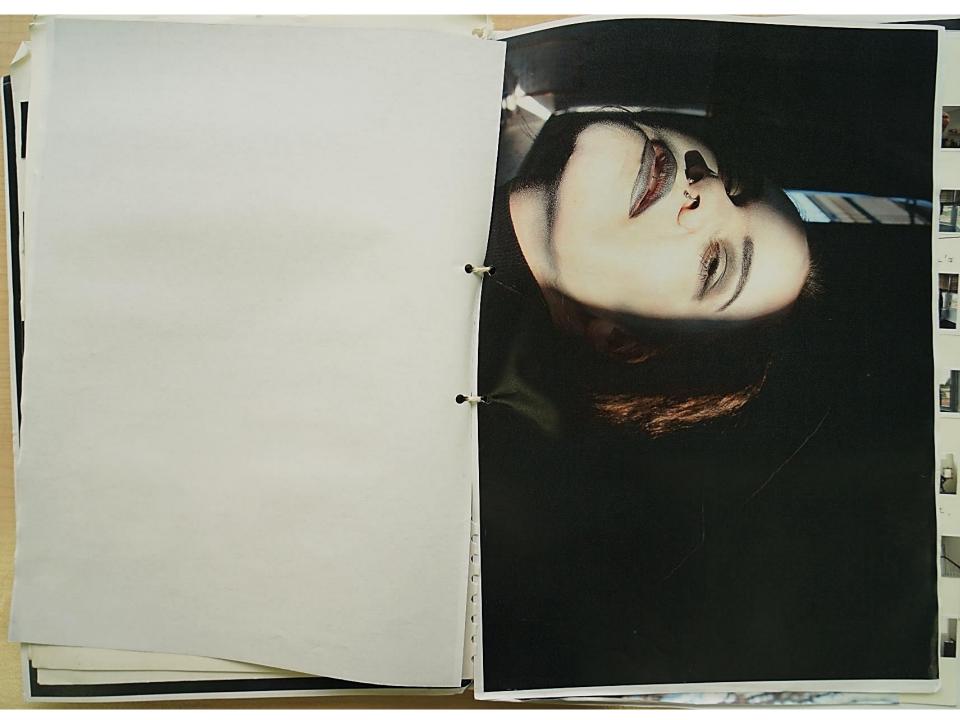


and of an indexes to the serve of clours and cheater a good 135 photo the total the serve of control of cheater a good 135 photo the bat at the serve of clours a divide a good 135 photo the bat at atom photo cheater a both that the above, however the bat at atom photo shows on atmosphere. I cheated a montage of some of the photos stock based anound "clourns". This was experimently with definert appes of aneatruity. I had one lisson to come up with someting based anound the topic title. I manged to achieve this by cutting up different sections of photos and sticking ben ontop of

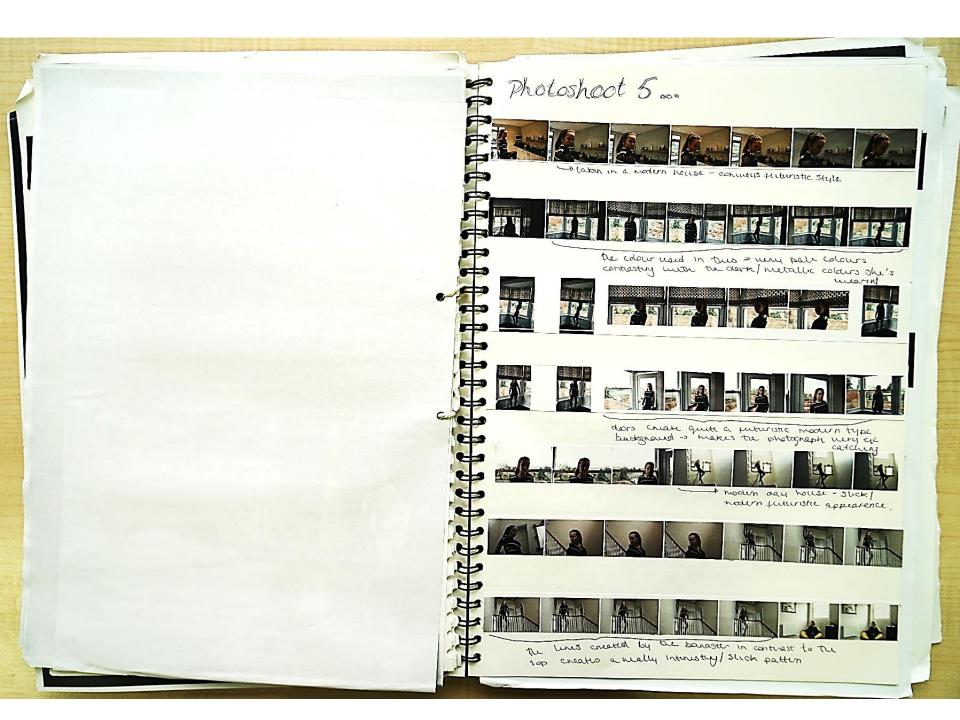


eache other to cruate a picasso-like couge, which in itself vilates to retitle because of the abstract look of the purce, and chowns ofter lave bat edge and uncentortable atrosphenete ben. I Deught bat this piece of work is quite unique,











Melvin Solosky

Background:

Melvin Solosky is an American photographer and film director born in New York City in 1933. He was raised on the Lower West Side, and had no formal training in photograph, but began with using his father's box at the age of ten. Roughly 20 years after, Solosky worked with Robert Denning who worked with the photographer Edgar de Evia. Solosky is best known for his editorial fashion photographs such as Harpers Bazaar, for which he released the 'Bubble' Series in 1963.

Content:

This particular photo from this piece shows a girl dressed in quite an unusual outfit, and placed in a see-through bubble. This is about the 1960's ideas of futurism within photography. During this period, the futurists had quite a romantic and exciting view about the future, which is shown particularly clearly through this

photograph. Technique:

This composition is definitely impacting, due to how unique it is. The focal point of the photograph is definitely the plastic bubble surrounding the girl in the photo. This idea of Soloksy's is so iconic and extremely eye catching, because the whole composition is very impacting in my opinion. I really like the way this photographer has managed to capture this bazar concept, whilst including the slick, vintage looking background. I like this because the picture overall is quite soft and doesn't appear to use any harsh editing (although the girl inside the bubble must have been photoshopped to seem as if she's standing on a river) to make it like this modern day idea of the future within fashion, however, it is just as impacting due to including this one eye catching aspect. The quality of the photograph is good, however due to when it was taken the quality is very old-style photograph quality and not as good as the quality of photographs taken in modern day, however I think this is what makes the photo so intriguing because it's from an earlier time and has this really interesting atmosphere to it. The lighting within this photograph is quite light, you can tell that this isn't edited very much due to the contrast and brightness being very natural and soft. The way this photo is edited like this, makes it appear to be a lot more romantic style. The depth of field within this image is quite wide, and has been taken from quite an interesting angle. Classically, one would expect the photo to have been taken from straight on so the bridge is directly behind; however it has been taken from a very unusual angle, in order to make sure the depth of field is particularly wide.

Mood:

The colour within this photo definitely changes the mood. The reason for this, is because the photographer has kept the photo looking very natural and has used no harsh editing, giving the romantic atmosphere. This also makes the photo a lot more appealing as well because it was taken during the 1960's and therefore automatically appears a lot more interesting. The plastic bubble is an extremely unique aspect of this photo, although the vintage style doesn't make the photo so in your face, and actually makes you think about what's going on in the photograph and all the different details.

Personal Statement:

Personally, I really like this series of photograph's due to the uniqueness of them. This particular image stood out to me because I really like all the different aspects to it, which make it an extremely iconic and interesting composition. This has inspired me to incorporate a similar style to this within my final photoshoot, the reason for this is because I really like this idea of what people are going to look like and behave like in the future. I particularly like the 1960's romantic approach, as well as looking at Katy Perry's music video 'Chained to the Rhythm', and exploring this idea of society getting entirely brainwashed by the government and taught that behaving the same and forgetting who we are is normal, therefore making everyone appear to be robotic.





























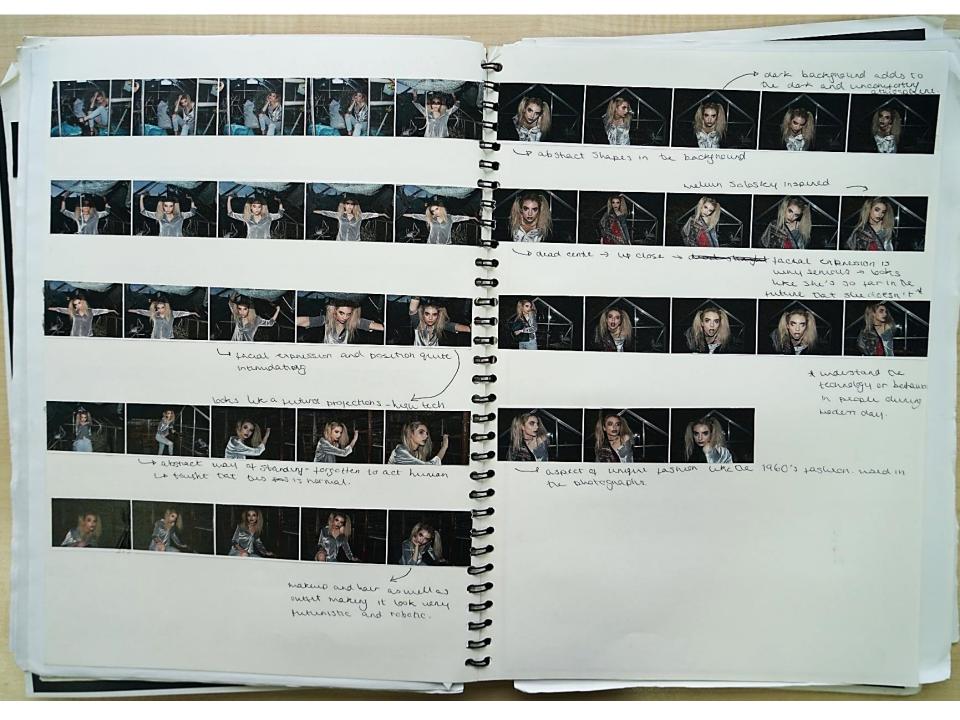


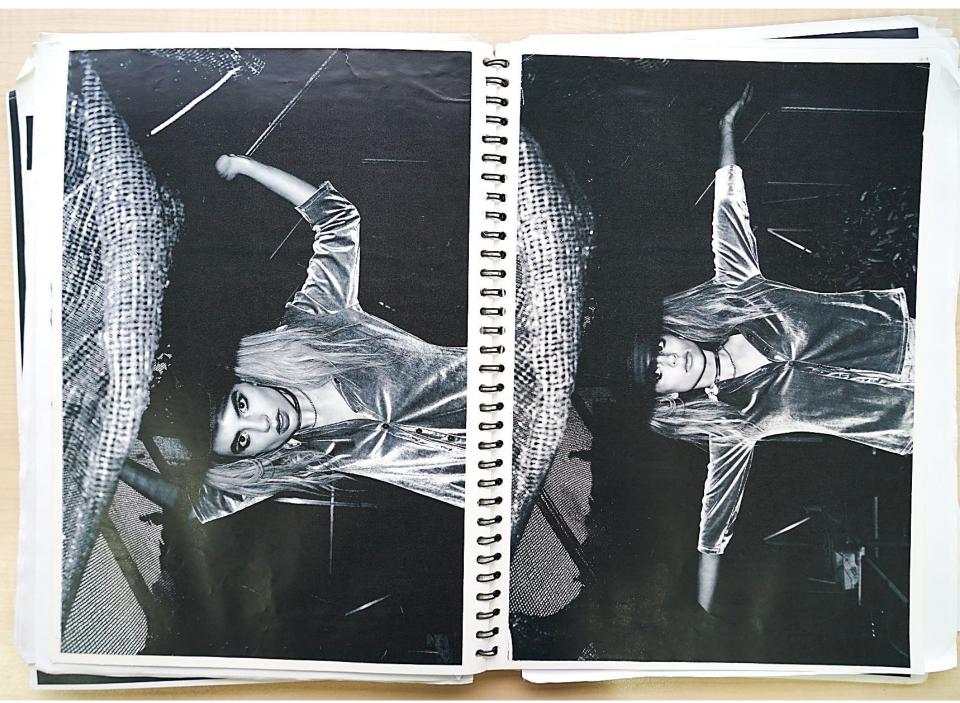




matthe Calkin





























I took these with the inspiration of 1960's fashion. Through taking these photographs, it has made me notice where my interests we, and that is with tashion phetography. However, I am going to bok turber at the real meaning and different types of tashion ohotography, in order to find what aspects, want to focus on. In tuse photographs there is a large tocus on the 1960's tashion the highly contasted, black and white, metalic a feel to it, This has made me more eager to

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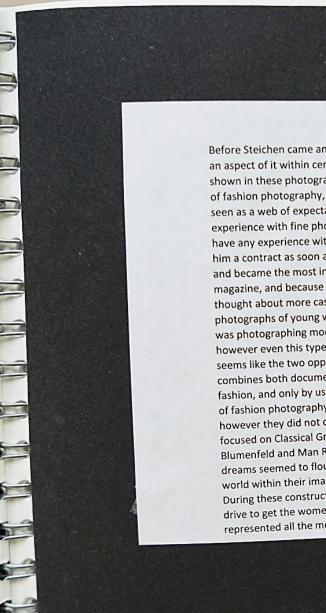


Photography and what all different photographers want to show in their work.

20th Century Fashion Photography

Adolf de Meyer was the person who allowed fashion to rise in society, as he created a baron by his royal patron, which allowed him to automatically be entered into the ranks of the Prince of Wales entourage. During this time, he found a wife called Olga, possessed all the qualities of a modern version of marriage à le mode (a series of six pictures painted by William Hogarth between 1743 and 1745 depicting a pointed skewering of upper class 18th century society), a series to show that societies outsiders are susceptible to fashion because of the looser social structures.

Meyers real break through came at the beginning of the century, this happened when American publisher Condé Nast engaged him for Vogue. At this time Vogue wasn't very popular, however within a few years Nast, an imaginative and effective publisher of fashion photography turned vogue into a force to be reckoned with within the fashion industry and Meyer's images with their gloss of extravagant glamour became the complete support system for the vogue campaign. Multiple pieces in Vogue helped to develop standards for society life and an entrepreneur of good taste according to the historian Nancy Hall-Duncan controlled the magazines visual appearance for a while until Steichen took over. Vogue and Vanity Fair as well as Harpers Bazaar were the leaders of opinion in matters of haute couture and high society and therefore provided a suitable framework for socialites wearing latest fashions. One example of this is Meyer's photos of ladies of good breeding modelling in their choice of clothing, which resulted in giving fashion photography an element of documentary style within it. Most fashion photography came from women's aspirations to a career outside of the house. This lead film actors found them in the limelight whilst stage actors were instead were pushed to the side of the attention. As show businesses grew, artists, musicians, writers etc... became promoters for fashion. In return, the artists lent the relevant magazines and up and coming journals of the social elite between WW1 and WW2. Photography was later seen as the perfect way to visually express fashion, which was helped by mass press, which advertised this technical medium and increased the sphere of influence of fashion. Fashion is seen as the material in which photography captures it in a fleeting moment; therefore the two concepts compliment each other because in photography even a second could be captured and seen as a pose.



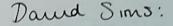
Before Steichen came and cleared the stylistic clutter within fashion photography, there always seemed to be an aspect of it within certain photographs that pre-dated Meyer. For example, the fashion that was being shown in these photographed seemed strangely old fashion, without a hint of modern seeing. Within the laws of fashion photography, as an attempt to completely aestheticize both visible and tangible realities, fashion is seen as a web of expectations and ideas. Martin Munkacsi, was an outstanding photo-journalist who had experience with fine photography, sports photography and fine photography, and although he didn't actually have any experience with fashion photography, Carmel Snow and her art director from Harpers Bazaar gave him a contract as soon as he arrived in the USA. Carmel Snow had come from Vogue to its rival Harpers Bazaar, and became the most influential fashion editor in two years, after firing Meyer and completely revamping the magazine, and because he wasn't familiar with the usual fashion trends in fashion photography, he therefore thought about more casual, relaxed and less high end fashion. To show this models could appear to be photographs of young women on the street and on the beach, because they seemed so relaxed. Whilst Meyer was photographing models in luxury clothing, Munkacsi was capturing the 'hectic' theatre of street life, however even this type of photography is managed. Fashion is seen as the antithesis to nature, but even so it seems like the two opposing sides came together to create fashion photography in Munkacsi's work, which combines both documentary style photography and stage-managed form. Each new fashion kills yesterday's fashion, and only by using photography can this be captured. Munkasci's aesthetic strategies changes the style of fashion photography and inspired modern contemporaries such as Toni Frissell ans Herman Landshoff, however they did not completely dominate fashion photography in the 30's and 40's. Whilst Hoyningen-Huene focused on Classical Greek Theatre props to create this sense of timeless beauty within his photographs, Blumenfeld and Man Ray strove to synthesis the two poles of WW1 and WW2. After the Second World War, dreams seemed to flourish in fashion photography again, but instead photographers would portray an antiworld within their images to contrast with the reality of ruined towns, dressed in elegant dresses and suits. During these constructs, they were usually be taken of women and some of the images lead people to have a drive to get the women that fought 'like men', to get back to their regular position as house wife, which represented all the men who came back after war demanding their 'places' back in society.

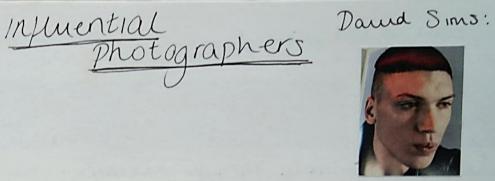
With inspiration from Munkacsi, Richard Avedon, who began shooting in the marines, noticed that Munkacsi who had previously focused on the relax nature of fashion on young females. This allowed Avedon to take photos, which had emotions, souls and feelings in them. His beginning work started off with him capturing the deprivation on the streets after the war, then later allows the models to look through those photos and therefore the emotion on their faces and bodies can be captured through the camera.

In contrast to this, Penn, who was a photographer who worked for Vogue and Harpers Bazaar, focused very much on portraits and fashion shoots, which automatically acquire the same status as the model has within them.

During the 60's and 70's the aesthetics and the look of fashion photography changed dramatically, due to the increasing prosperity, which ensured a wide interest in cheaper fashion items. During this time in fashion photography the changes within society were more shown in an aspect of the models than in the fashions they were presenting and through this, some photographers began to take portraits of the idols in society.

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David Sins is a taskion photographer who uses quite editorial techniques to create a unique street fashion teel to the photographs. He mainly tocuses on taking portraits for magazines such as The face Ugue

> Maria Sorrent:





energies in his photographs This photographer mainly tocuses on and has worked for negazinetastion photogradily for popular companies including The face and Anina. Such as Voque, Harpers Bazaar and Column hear + Lews campaigns. this work varies from quite editorial bokery partialts, using a lot of lighting, to quick simple black and white portraitive

David LaChepelle:

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ma This photographer is an American converced photographer. in this, he creates surnal, in conpromisingly original usual morids. this photography often represents something that 's happened In history, Altreugh Lachapelle isn't a fashion photographer, his saturated and bright poppy colours creates a sense of extreme tashion, and le's actually worked for Vague in Italy and trance, due to his intense colour schence and unique compositions.

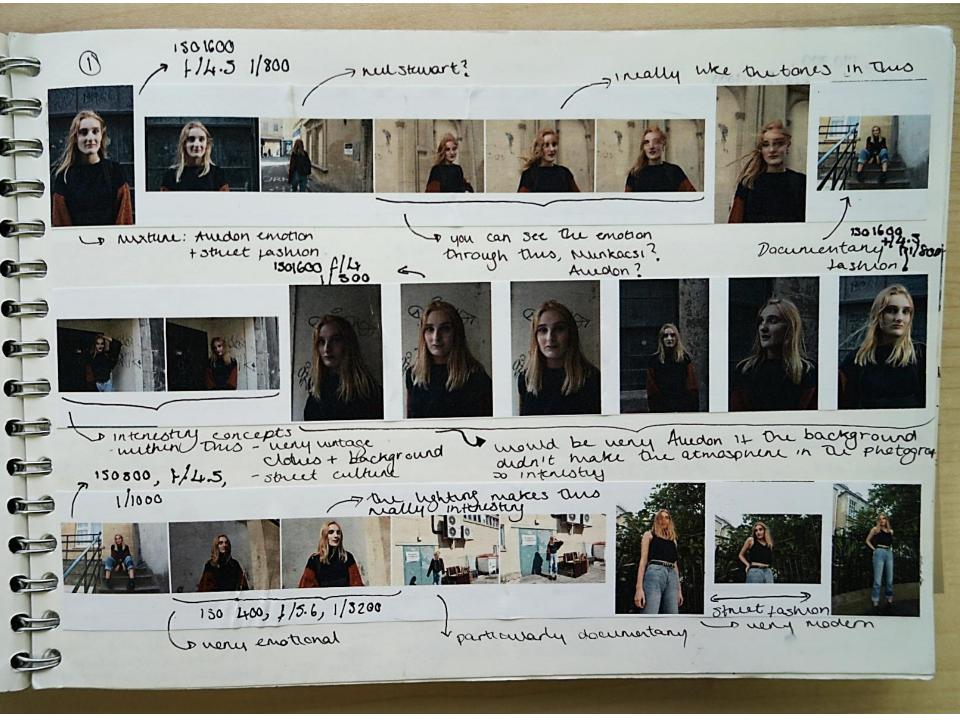


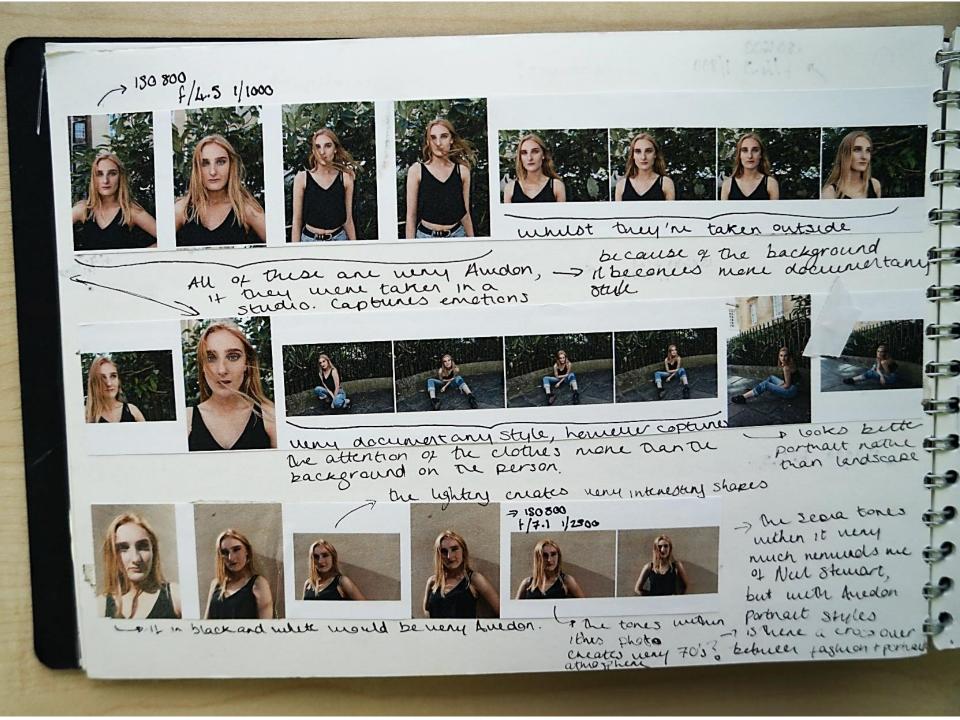
Tretorn - to's girls lock.

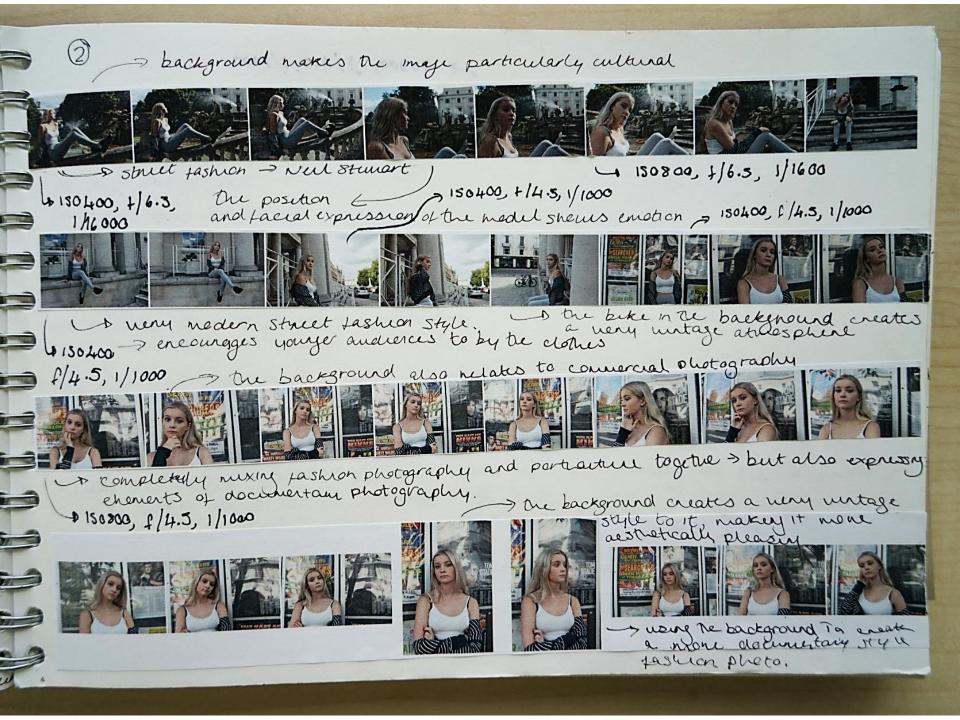
This photographer likes to capture different He allotes the models to be trenselues, keep no it quite natural. He tocuses on copturing the medels in matural Osuneurologs and

AIMS:

To begin this project, I will start off by exploring the differnt areas of fashion photography. Through research I have noticed that were are true main techiques and styles but I mant to explore in order to find out which ones interest me the most; controlled studio photoshoots, portraiture and documentary style. Artisto such as Mario Testino and Auedon both use portraiture in a controlled studio environment, although Anedon expresses more emotion though his photoshoots, whilst Neil Stewart is more documentary style and tocuses on the culture, cargety the photos at a yourger audience, aduertising struct taskion and appreciating the beation as well as the person. To explore truse styles, I will do a photoshoot in all areas of this.







-> 150800, \$/4.5, 1/1000



to a very modern day magazine type of photo, but it's as it it's been neurorked and had inspiration from 1990's progue, and also combinery it with steet fashion to create an eutcome.

was that prevais work inspired by other things?, - aufferent from eleftiment time periods?,

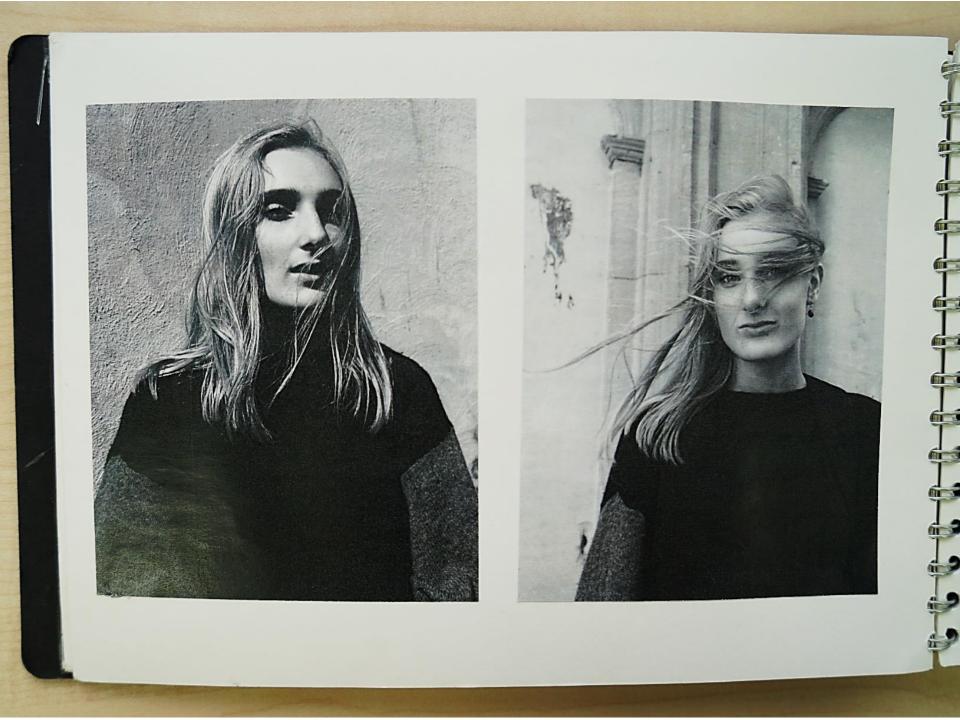
Does lots of different only inspire us to create a similar style and atmosphere to premous work? 15 anything original. do me just take inspiration from premous more and incorperate it into each photo me take?

does every tastion photoshoct take inspiration from premous people?

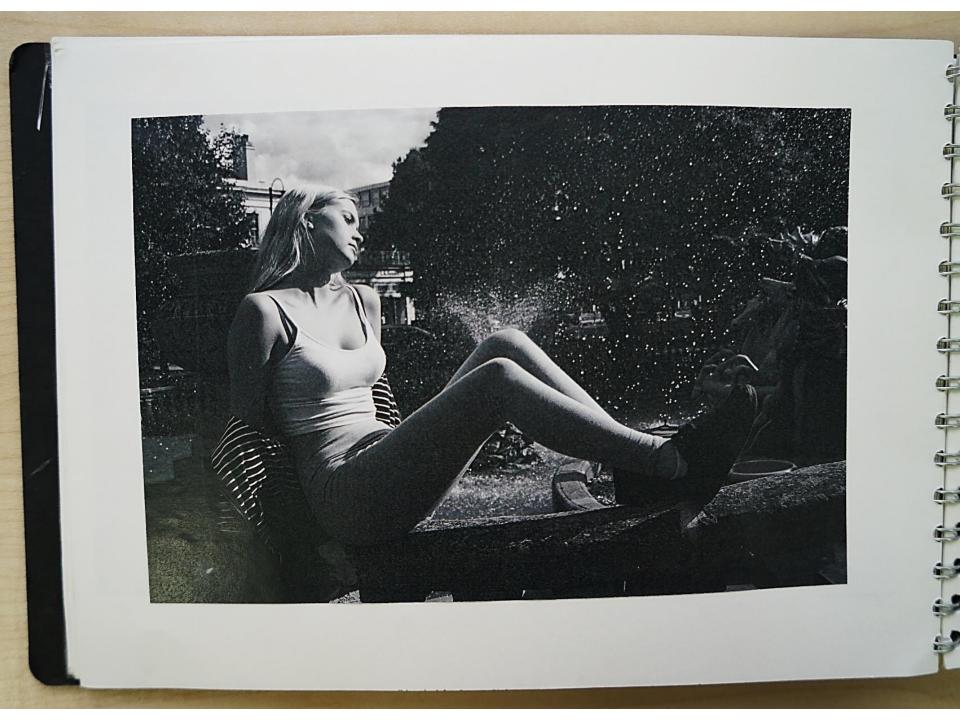
outcome:

In my photoshoot, I have explaned all the duppenent styles of pashion photography combined together. After doing this, I want to go into more detail and disect them all into seperate photoshoots to see more clearly how the dependent artists use dependent techniques to adheeve a dependent outcome.

For my next photoshoot, i will use the studio to take some photos inspired by Auedon and Mario Testino, the meason for this is because they inspire so many other photographers who focus on studio photosheos and for this particular photoshoot i will be looking et styles worn and used in a studio - more high end.







Aims : In This photoshoot I mant to explore how beauty can be shown In Jashion phetagraphy without the use of clothing. After Looking into Richard Auedon, I have noticed that he touses his photography around the face of models and tends to not focus on out - vere and bold clothing, yet he somelow manages to create i kind of trend/image that people lookat and are drawn to. I find this so interesting because when people hear the word tashion photography? try automatically Dere are so many different aspects that make up the image. I mant to use lightly, ratural beauty, positioning and simplistic clothing to try and create an image that E anavers people in, making ben want to be) look timbe

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a 1831600, 3/14, 17:53



The may the figure is pasitioned quite eligantic manages to create the enotion, that thedon manages to create in all of his photographs, the simplified with telline background. I be position of the model and the location of his muture the photograph oriates this almost classical, sophisticated image













The lighting and the may the camera is set up creates a meally emotionally Impactedy protograph, especially when but in black and where, creating a shildette seel







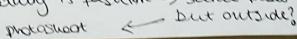




150 800, 1/8, 1/60

- p for these images I meet the models have and sucked it back behind the shoulders showing the collarbones, die any for this although the position that was to create ous idea of emotion and movement within the photograph, as well as managing to capture that fashion photography aspect, when dough the focus is on the model, natur ban the actual clothes or photoshoot wakeup: 7 de clothes and makeup define fashion photography. -> does the area define whether something is fashion > same poses

the model is in, could be interperated as in terms of Aueda, Bog Jerual it's seen as more portually enotion brough the may the model's face looks and be figuratule qualities as well as de simplistic Houng dress.





Aims :

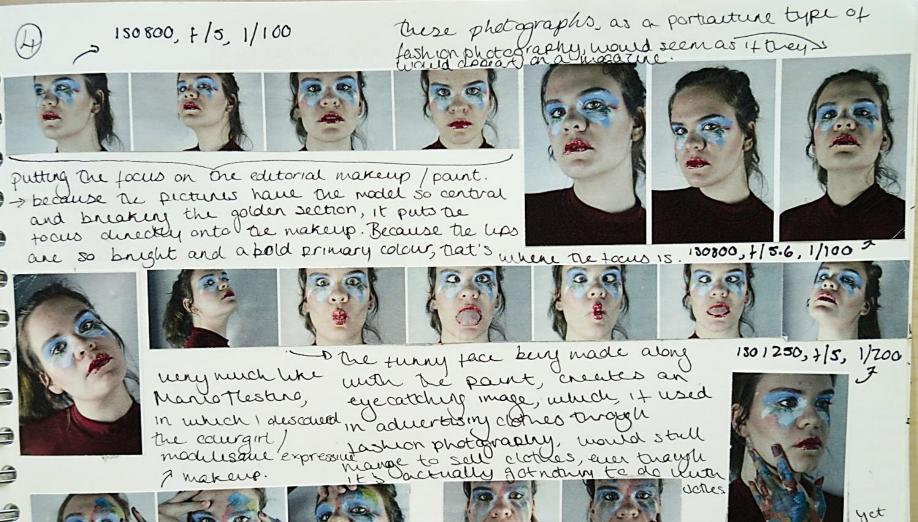
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the second se

For this photoshoot, I want to explore whether it's the clothes and makeup that actually makes up fashion photography, or whether it's just about the model, and the way they appear to be untouchable and perfect, no matter what the clothes/makeup look like. It's the idea that high - end brands for fashion items, manage to make their photographs whatever they want and still manage to advertise their shop/ clothes, wen if the photographs don't actually have anything to do with the clothes. For example, the artist Manio Testino tends to either take very natural portraits of models, without any makeup on, or any eloties, or, he uses bright abstract and creature paints / colours to use on the models face and to put in the background. And, even trough these photographs don't actually have anything to do with the clothes, it creates could be put up on a shop mebsite pr magazine, ro advertise the eldnes, and still manage to make bads of money, because It's de idea at de model tecking of te oublic looking at le model in te picture, and eithre marting to bok like Den, or become the image 13 so clemerly done, add uses bright colours or aspects, which people car relate to, it makes then mant to go to be stone which is being

aduertised.

In order to explore this, i will take inspiration from Mario Testino's photograph of Kate Moss, covered in bright charted and coloured paints, and do a simular Dury with the paints on my models face. Through this, i hope to convey a sense of high-end fashion photography without actually having anything to do with a product that could be being advertised whilst using these photographs for example.





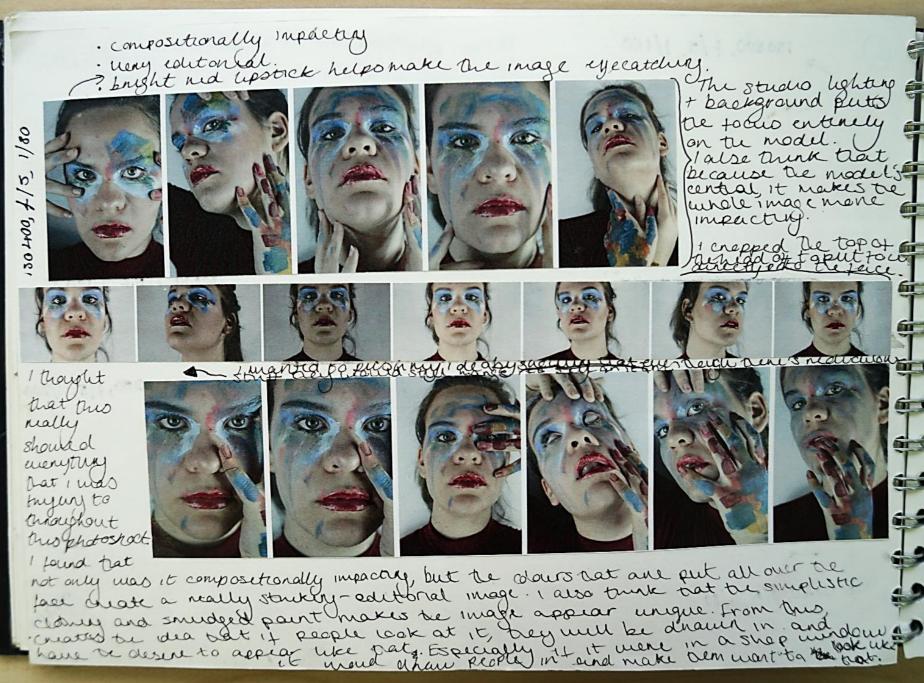
-1 130400, \$15, 1/80





in these photographs, wanted a sell. to push my idea forward so racided to add extra paint/snindge it to neally show) how you can put someone in something nediculous

Stul marage ra

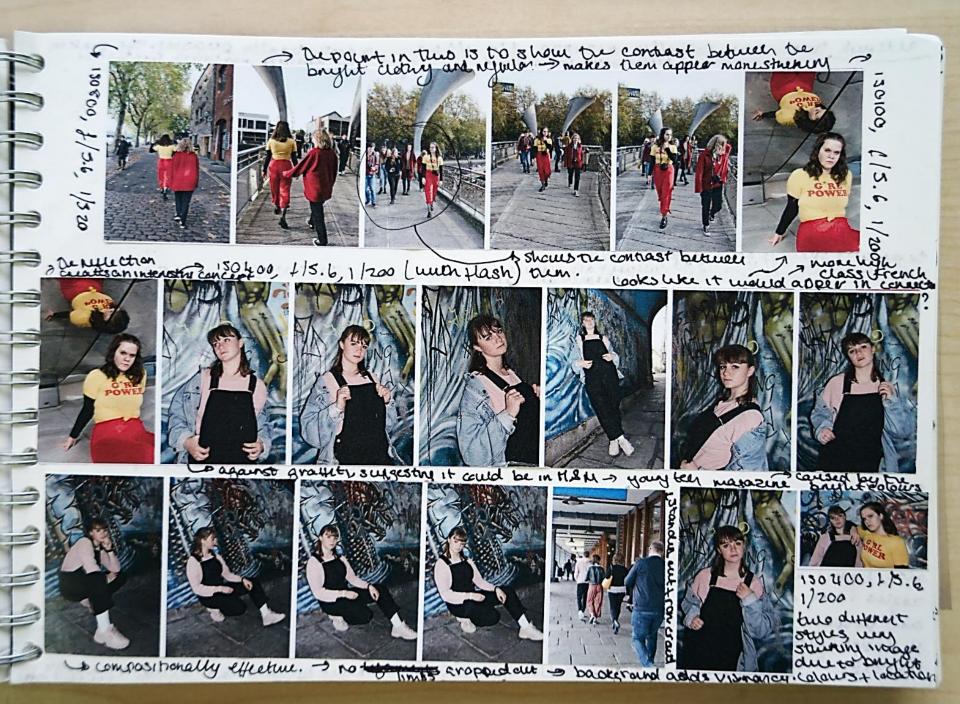




in my last photoshoot, I expland how there are lots of different aspects that make up a fashion photograph. I experimented by using bright colours and smudging pount down my models face. I tound through doing this, that it it mere to be put into a shop mindom / magazine, it mould still manage to sell. The reason for two is because, the general public as a socrety are drawn to be idea of anything unique Istanding out from de chould. Mourier, most people are too aquarel to 1 S , from the fear of being Judged. By pushing it even turber, I made and my model pullfunny faces, even trough this docon't cheate the **H** typical moion of beautiful, but it does create an idea of someone who doesn't care about what people trunk of them, which ultimately Gir SI 13 what people want to be able feel so very have the confidence to be out there and who try mant to be. In this next photoshoot, I want to explore how different brands of dotting uses different age groups as their age target for photographs 19 used in advertising, and also different 'so cial graups' that are taken into account as mell. For example, French connection will show photoproper tat and taken in a more highotheet style place, with that street admosphere about it, in compartison to Jack wills, which is aimed at none







although Dese don't actually \$ 150320 1/5, 1/640 Acountically Deasing. The picking Scontilists week





regnerthet + survive set the scene adding 1505400, 1/11, 1/1230 culture + atmosphere the particulations 1306400 f/10, 1/1250







acture ous also.

> I like the fact but the whole booky 13 in the photograph because the colours bat are in both the dottes and the background make a straking make > marted to experiment with have to carate a striking perstograph creadly not just about be elottes. 130 400, \$15.6, 1/200

acse photographs tat 1 book of two bus models adds dimension to the mage, also, taken at a lower angles ter addsdepth and perspecture, making it appear mene capul current I querall the

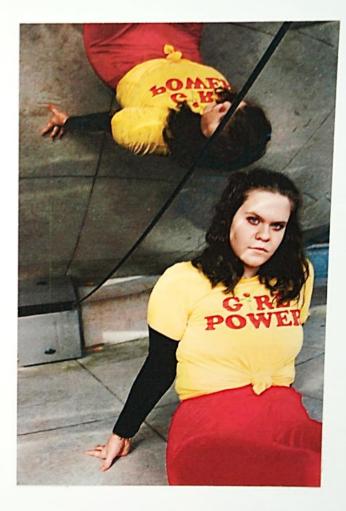






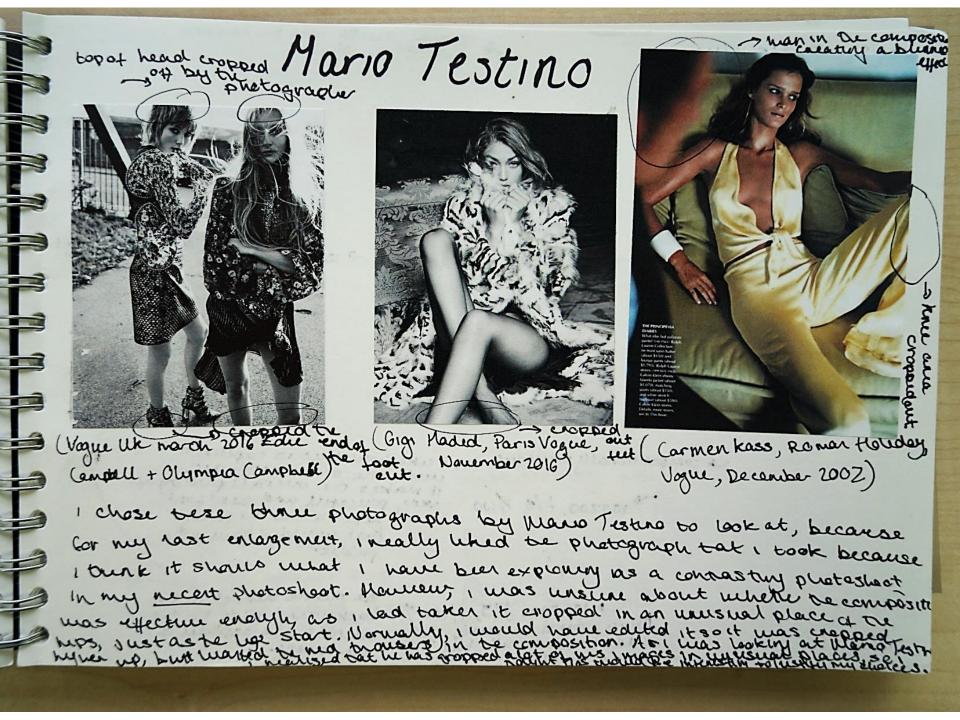


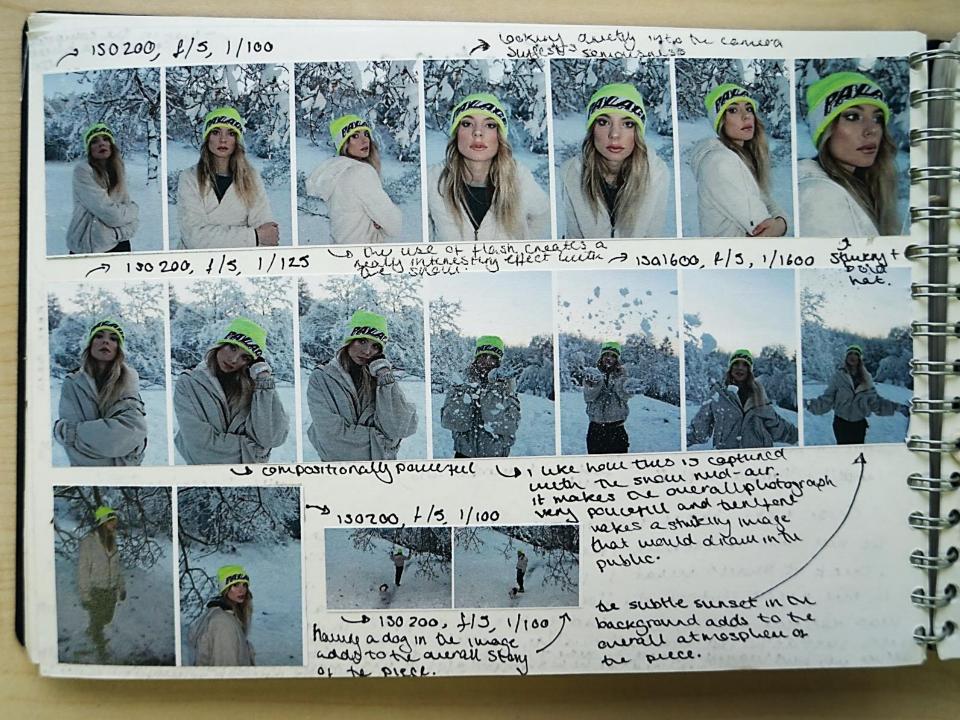




1 chose this mage as one of my AI prints, because 1 selt that orienally, it enates a really stuking mage. 1 have been boking at hour e public react to someone who is amessed in really bright, stuking clothing. I wanted to be able to prove that weall have adesure to become a person who isn't atraid of what anyone onnes of turn, and is considert and benefore becautured. We all mart to break tworgh the barner of bury a Chie Sheep, and following the encilia, but we are too scaned to do so, and alman end up going back to telle uning all te latest muds. I marted to put my model against a bright / knerdy background because meally marted te photograph to be very mbrait and cut - time to create an maya but people deserve. I feet but the man the medel is positioned sherred controlering especially against be baceproupl' here suitende

<u>nere</u>





Photoshoot aums:

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in this photoshoot i manted to explane how fashion magazines create a sort of "idealistic" image tat are and at a specific age group / group in society. For example, Jack Wills are tamous for creating images of groups of people appearing to be having lots of two, (tor example, having a pickle mon frieds, skung, etc...) when in reality it's all a tagade, and is bene to make people at boarding schools) unnessity seel tast trey want to buy te clotes in arale to gain te end result of having the lifestyle buy adurtised by the company, when in neality, it's the tashon industry tooley us into believery bat tus is te case. University age group are one of te leading age groups suffering from taking dangs, but this isn't showing a tey want to make people believe tey will become de medels in the photograph it fine buy the clothes in the shop. in the photograph it fine buy the clothes in the shop.

reg



Loit put in black and white would appear none as it it was captured at a moment in time & menu classical ISO200, f/5, 1/100 Le the eyec under it's not unter the entimely clear makes it unat the idealistic news per dream latmosphere news per is, you mould'un renepone to ught it would be admitistry. structures, breakse of the bright of makes.

Le tre eyecontact unter tre camera makes it seen c newy personal wat benefore eyecatory o





Photoshact aums:

standson a. h

Through this photoshoot, I want to be able to cheate a wally nice and beautiful mage created by lots of aligenent aspects. For example, hatural maneup on the model, will help to add to this idea of pune beauty and benyone creates an idealistic mage for the public to look at and desire to become. I also ment to duelop te idea of not needing clothes to make an image be classed as pashionable, by having my model with aspects of he Skin on show, adding to the whote idea of unterchable natural branty surroundry te whele mage just as pashion photographes such as Auden, or Constance Victoria Phillips. 1 will also put my medel cutside with natural lighting to help emphasise this effect and explore how a background helps to add to the aesthetic and atmesphere of a phetograph.

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> 150100, +/7.1, 1/320 he tace. Diny on adding depthe.







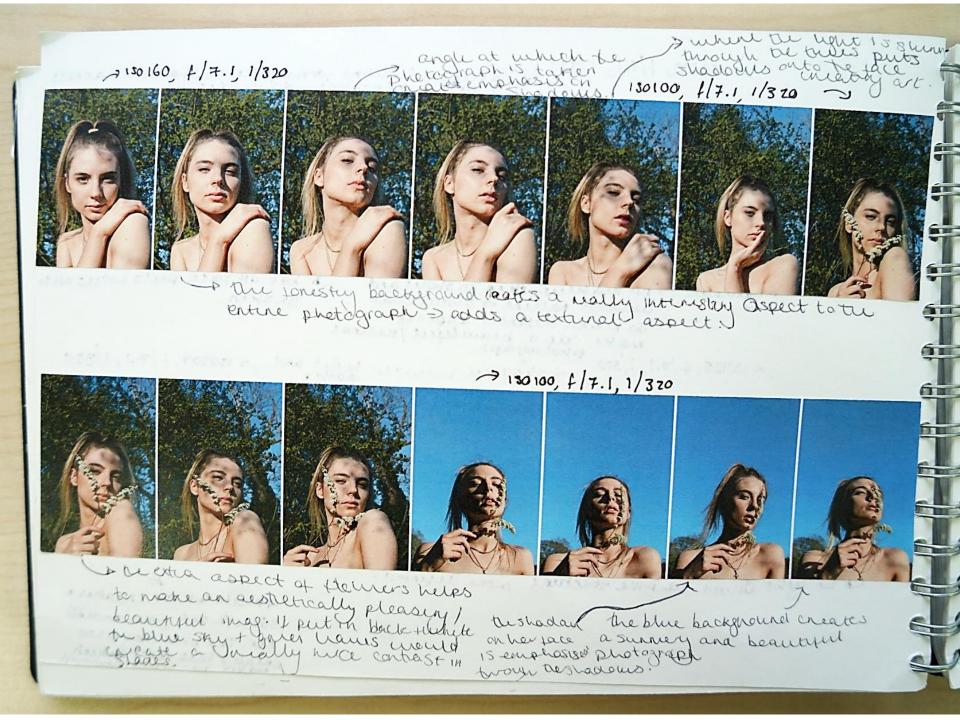
Is har off face puts focus on to > natural -> no makeup, shen on shoul and peskin.

amongst nature -> shews but 50 mare deferent aspects make up a beauliful / national photograph > shadown between light and > 130200, +/7.1, 1/320



Lo be light defined one bone stucture more defined.

opposite the sun cheating a sincette and glow around her. The blue sky also makes this effect which



Photoshoot using disposable Canera.

In order to develop my I dea from my lest photosheot, I mant to explane from here two idea of native and natural beauty can be emphasized in tashion phetography trough the use of lots of outferent aspects. for two mason, after doing

- The Last bat Orace and I are

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and testing

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as purfume adults, but seen to use water as a way to kneate a sensual accompletes which is often seen though be way were coneplicated and adds to be product bury sold, even if the product isn't actually shown in the image, thermand Jasperts part show a dream bat is aduetased. in this photosheat i will get my madel to be in a summy pad (an area surrounded by mater, in crote to create the interestable effect. I will also use a obloposable camera to create this effect tat this writage (Classic Canvery beauty.



te may bat the model is boken over her left shoudt deur tomods be mater weater an enotropal mood, making her apper more whouchable & beautism. he may be de mater 18 touchable & medul makes touchable as it tends a sort is applear as it tends a sort of barner because to model and to medur. I seel bat base are be compositionally interesting and execatching for bases out of all of the ones thave baker in two photoshoot. The fact bat it is certical focus of two one, shows tat the golden section is boken creating a study mare. The light/ words in reference the ware adds to be curall atwosplit

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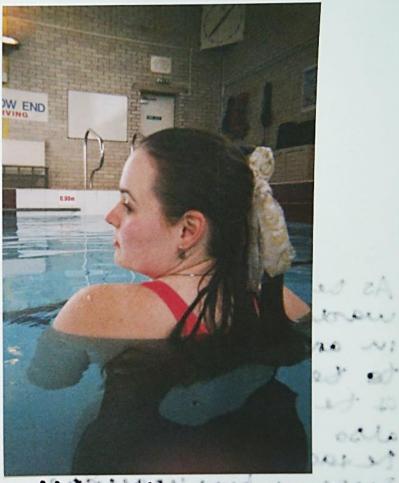
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be ellect of the comera cheates heally with ye colours + anatnosshare as well as an old | rustre appearance which habes it seen more classic original and medited. The head looky away makes you would made the's why at.



from slughtly behind be medel because 1 onate de may she is boking out to the middow adds mystery as to mhat she is boking ad Addieg an almost beautyful aspect to the overall photograph. , also really like De diotorted hyrecter of the sumspool steps against the ochen colar mate - maken it appear

I wanted to take ous photograp!

As be medel is least backwards, be hav is seen floaty in or De water, adding to be artistic distortion of the overall piece, and also adds to be ande of the sace/neck creatly a sense of buy, manual of the camera and ding





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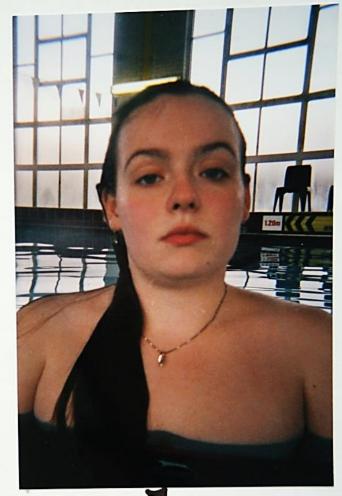
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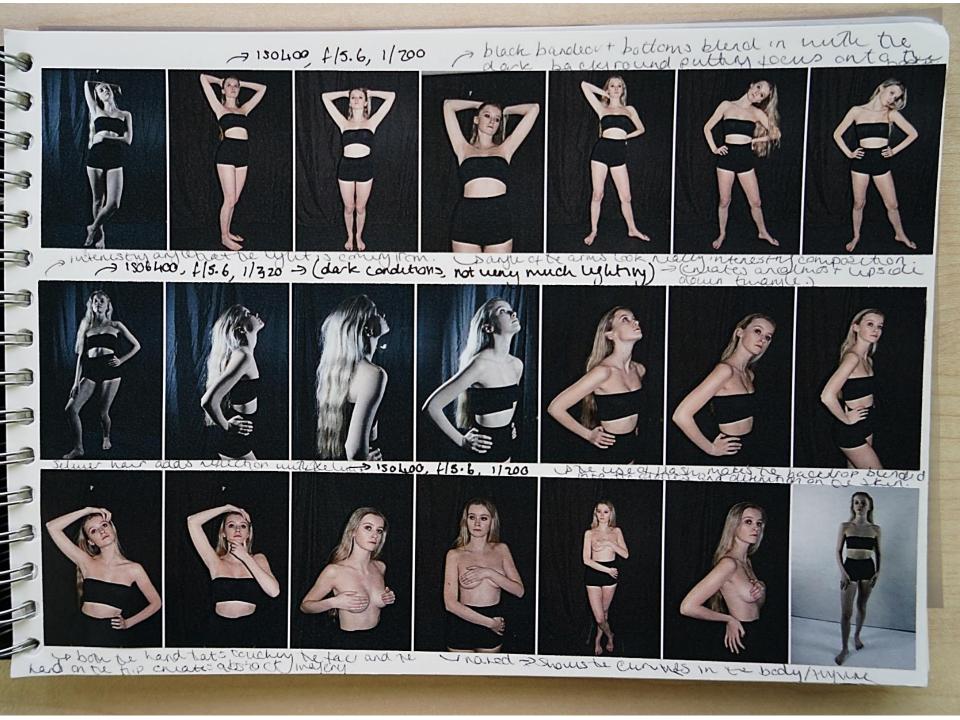


I Thought that one photograph was probably de most sanking out gt all a be ones I had taken in This photoshort be anse are eyes and beend with de carles, making it antoneway are eyes and beend with de carles, making it arrows and also

Photoshoot auns:

Through my premous photoshoots, I have sound test clottes neally aren't the ultimate aspect needed, in faiet, they aren't needed at all in order the create a stukeny may that adultises 9 9 Lashion. Fashion is about showing a dream/idealistic mayether 9 9 draws in The public, and when put in a shop undow makes ben behave bat it tey buy a produce from tat shop, dez will autonatically come closer to te anian tax is te actual body. The reason for this is that in energy photographic et a model/euer the clothes itself mondair be a try mittent te body. Lastrion designers design te clottes'er acessonies' aremé be outlong at the body. Depending on which sigure type, they disign different styles/sizes accordingly. This benifore stome be importance of the booky in fashion styles) ansymy clothes and a le constant unit et constant pluster out ge alle mente a le constant unit to bar in the plusto base in parto and the le unes are contrais and also makes to attracte ment

A HEad



against the white background + taken from adominued angle shows > against the tighter, and benefore would make it easier for a clothes the entire figure to amoun clothes around to style the clothes.

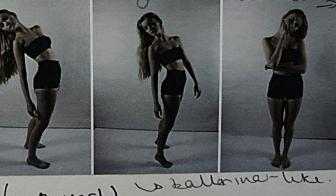






the apple at which the model is standing accentuales to bone structure and shows te ayes and curves in testan , caratry a beauter image

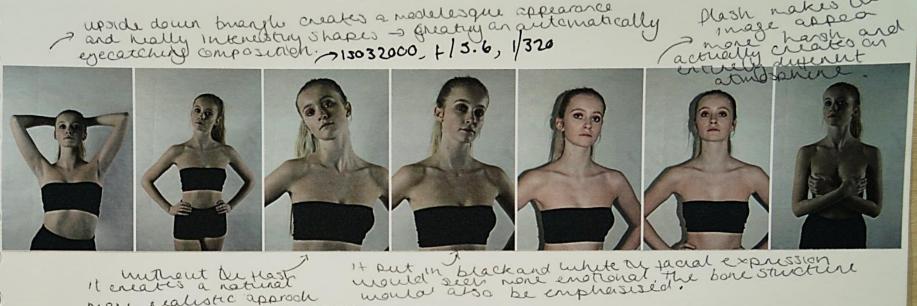
- 150 400, \$15.6, 1/200 De flash of De camera ereates a Shadar behind the model which makes it appen very three-dimescered -> drauourte suentien



> 130400, + 15.6, 1/200 (meter peash)

1 sated the engine photograph to areate this Bright of graph more plantitud angel-E Incally like this photograph. I feel that be and in the back would cheate a really intersty aspect to be figure. It also cheats intersty aspect to be figure. It also cheats in overall aspect of spackness pecause

upside down thrangle creates a modelesque appearance and heally interesting shapes -> greating an aritematically ejecatching composition - 13032000, + 1 5.6, 1/320



It creates a natural more realistic approch and almost makes it appear less staged.

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dan al a

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~ 1302 500, 4 (5.6, 1/ 320



-> 1 marted to have my model with allot of skin on show, so tat 1 could show both be beauch and mportaice of the body in art culture but and an accurate represervation of what a fashion clote disigner inourof of sape incrole to

plash nakes the

harsh and

design te connect clottes Lewener, iscurd bat when taking a and measuring bese images, be model appeared more unberable, und masn't what I wanted to adhere.

-13032010 4 / 3.6. 1324





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TIII



After choosing my favounite enlagements, I have diabled to experiment with what actual fashion designers do to design doors to each body type, and see how it will look. I want to do this because, mant to show that when disigners are disigning Dear dothes, they do it according to the body, and benefore be body is mene important barbe actual clothes in Easthich photography. The body is extremely important in tastion, photography and art culture in general.



> punted out the photographis on aretate a that i could draw over the top with perminant marker to create are effect that possion designess mould achieve.

a commed in section of the face to draw on accessories tat are currently very popula The point in This is to show different aspects of fashionable clottes / a cessories in close detail.



to experiment with a top tat is nery popular at the moment, which is a mesh top with a croptop indemeath.

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and it

this section is internestry because it shows to anytes and shadowy of the Done structure and some determiner/shodes created by shodows > Lows prene on body in particular Structure lookety at it year and al foo participant

accessory styles in order to neally accessory styles in order to neally capture an accurate representation of what is considered "popular" style in detress for youry people, and how each accessory has to bok and feet a certain way against the face and the body - showing how the body is near indertant indertand Ferstheir.

And in case



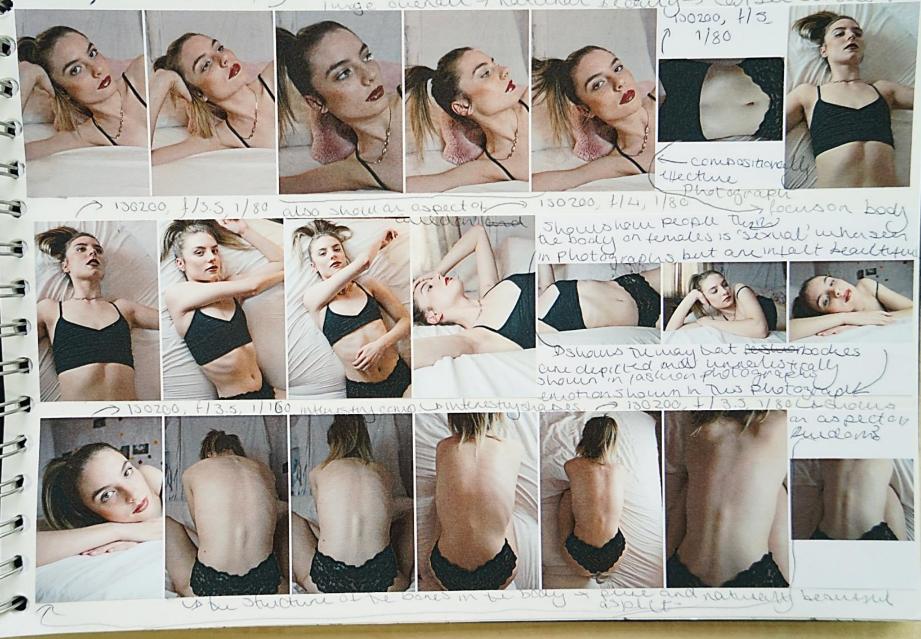




Final Photoshoot arms:

In my final photoshoot I mant to be able to take photographing that prove my point about the body being a really important of aspect of fashion photography in the respect that people automatically pressure fashion's revolued around clothes and therefore people tunk pat dottes would be to man fears in fashion photography, **(** but it's actually a lot deeper has that. All troughout my project I have been exploring Artists bat ane fasheon photographes who take photographs for magazines and manage to create a nelly interesting /stuking may brough lots of aspects, and i noticed that none 3 3 of ten used dotes as te mare focus, it's not actually about te clotes at all I mart to sum this up in ous photodect at te same time as creating this idea of a beautiful photograf trough fousing on the structure and curves of the intracate hones and skin shedry that people work at and desine.

> 150200, +14, 1/80 > colour scheme creates a meally nice and satisfying rhode



7 130200, F/4, 1/80 Du beautiful mage hes been created with lots of dupore.



though teacher bay is the topology if a speed would be a beauting photographing and the a

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untersheet as background adds walnus Jamstases ~ 100200, f/6.3, 1/30 _ textures. I mer colon concerter













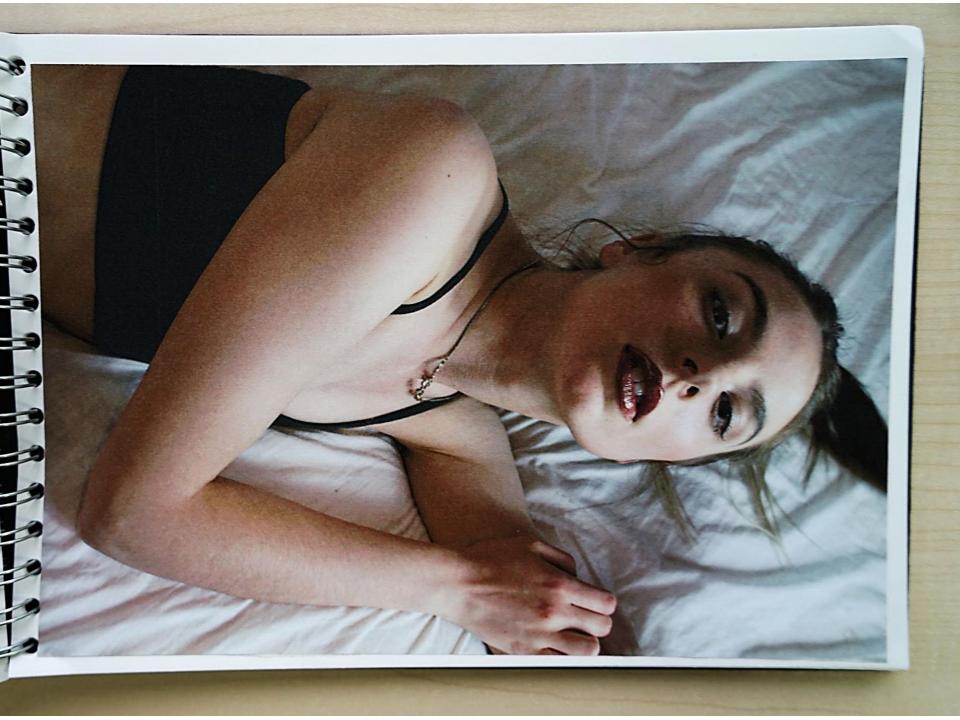


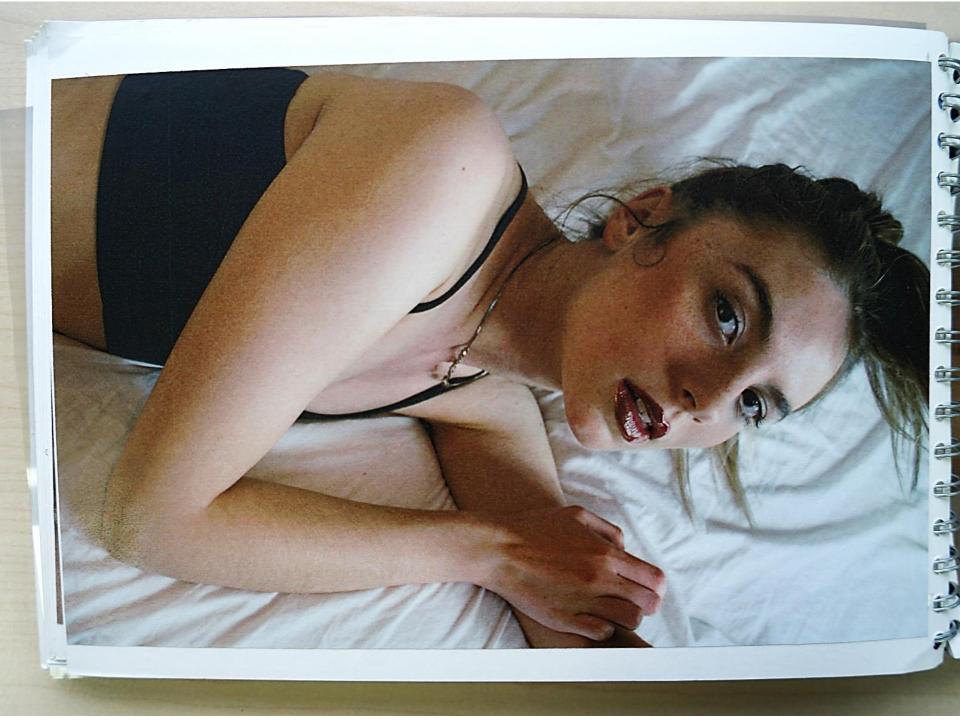


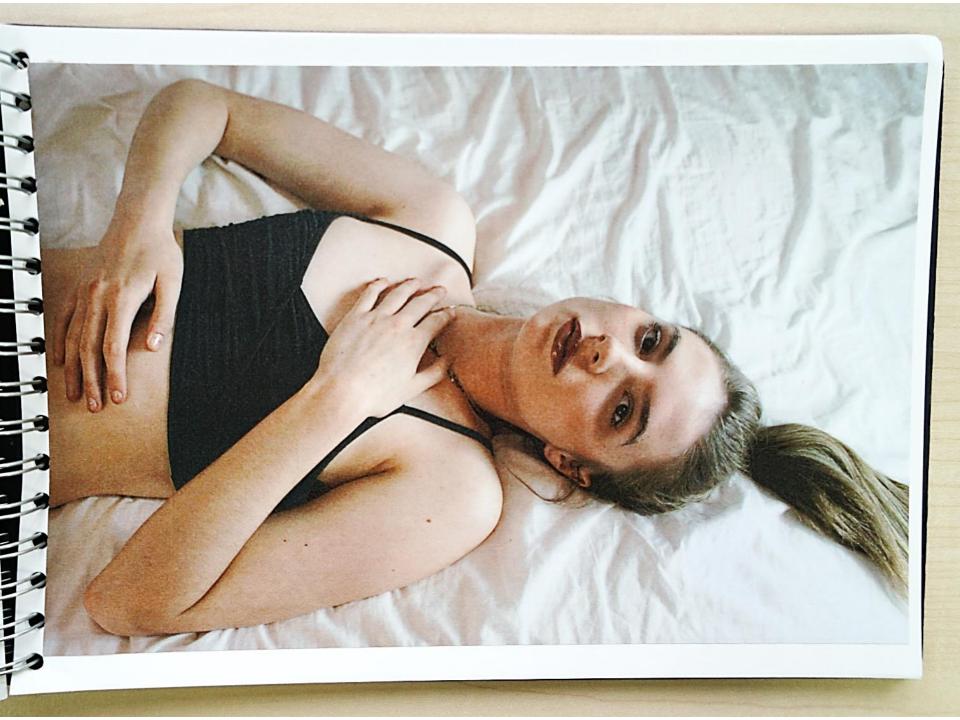
CONCLUSION OF FINAL PHOTOSHOOT :

To conclude my project I marted to be able to take a final photoshed of te body king a really important part of fashion photography in the way be prevedone structure and natural shuch help to make up a beautiful photograph. And have neally in fashion in general, most of it is centred around the body, made just made te by the fastion industry but we will appear beautiful in the clothes, even it to protograph has noting to ale with be clothed by the tashion, remaining to and in the fashion, remaining to any the fashion remaining to a the the tenter when the appropriate for whether the test of test Eshews to way hat

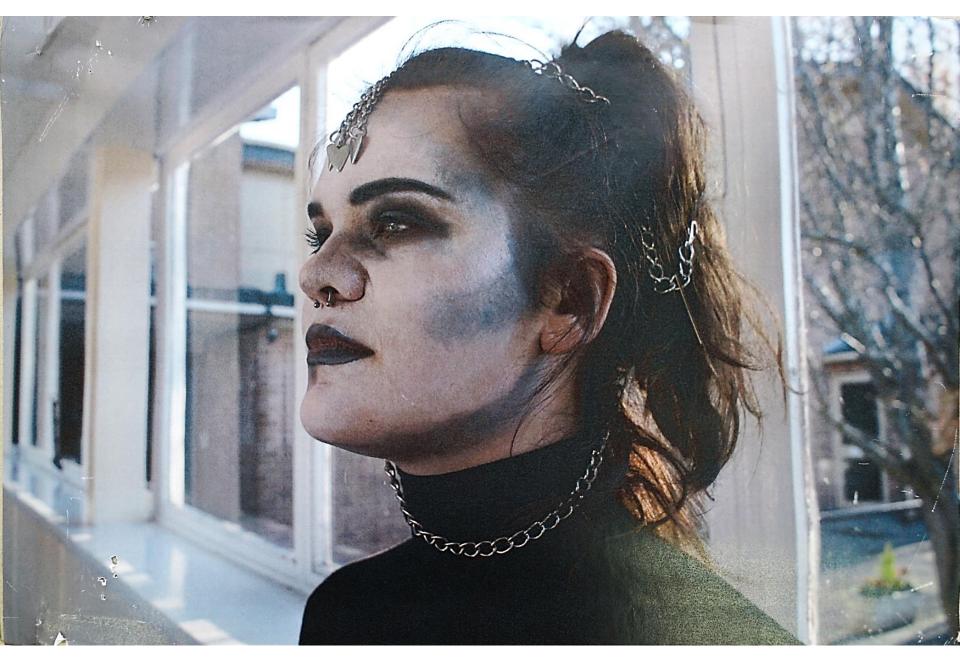




































Digital Submission



Chic Sheep

Introduction

My personal study is an investigation into the fashion industry, fashion photography and the influence it has on the mass population.

Fashion photography interests me because of the multiple different elements and styles that make up this genre. Through research that I've already done, I have noticed that there were a lot of big fashion photographer influencers during the 20th century, including Avedon, who liked to focus on portrait photographs that capture emotion and movement. Other photographers such as Adolf de Meyer, focused more on the upper class people/royalty in his photographs, these sort of photographs are those of which are seen in Vogue in the early part of the 19th Century and are more studio based. I have also discovered that street fashion photography is a later development and it's in this area that I am currently more interested in because it is less about fame and more about street culture. It moves out of the studio and combines documentary style photography with high fashion. I am beginning to take photoshoots to explore each individual style in order to discover which one I'm most interested in and how this controls what we wear and our aspirations.

To start with I am going to explain different styles of fashion photography, to get the general idea of how all the different fashion photographers use different techniques and stylize things differently. The photographers I will use as inspiration will be Avedon, along with Mario Testino who's a lot more modern than Avedon, but uses the same style of portraiture in fashion photography. I will also use inspiration from Neil Stewart who focuses on more documentary style, but still manages to capture vintage styles from the 1970's. I will then look at very high end Vogue artists and how they use the studio to create a really staged sort of picture and how they control fashion and ultimately what we wear.

I want to investigate in more depth what statement each style makes about fashion and culture. Whether fashion photography can only be linked to high end upper class aspirations or whether the lines are becoming increasingly blurred it is obvious that fashion and photography are intrinsically linked. Fashion uses the photographer and culture to create a style or a concept. Is it the photographers craft to sell the dream or create an illusion of a world that doesn't really exist? Does it control how successful people are? Is what we wear really important?

Experimental Photographs



I took these with the inspiration of 1960's fashion. Through taking these, it made me realised that my interests lie with fashion photography. these photographs are very much focused on the 1960's style fashion with very high contrasted black and white that gives metallic look . This has inspired me to look further into different styles of fashion photography in order to discover which area interests me the most for my project.





20th Century fashion photography

Adolf de Meyer was the person who allowed fashion to rise in society, as he created a baron by his royal patron, which allowed him to automatically be entered into the ranks of the Prince of Wales entourage. During this time, he found a wife called Olga, possessed all the qualities of a modern version of marriage à le mode (a series of six pictures painted by William Hogarth between 1743 and 1745 depicting a pointed skewering of upper class 18th century society), a series to show that societies outsiders are susceptible to fashion because of the looser social structures.

Meyers real break through came at the beginning of the century, this happened when American publisher Condé Nast engaged him for Vogue. At this time Vogue wasn't very popular, however within a few years Nast, an imaginative and effective publisher of fashion photography turned vogue into a force to be reckoned with within the fashion industry and Meyer's images with their gloss of extravagant glamour became the complete support system for the vogue campaign. Multiple pieces in Vogue helped to develop standards for society life and an entrepreneur of good taste according to the historian Nancy Hall-Duncan controlled the magazines visual appearance for a while until Steichen took over. Vogue and Vanity Fair as well as Harpers Bazaar were the leaders of opinion in matters of haute couture and high society and therefore provided a suitable framework for socialites wearing latest fashions. One example of this is Meyer's photos of ladies of good breeding modelling in their choice of clothing, which resulted in giving fashion photography an element of documentary style within it. Most fashion photography came from women's aspirations to a career outside of the house. This lead film actors found them in the limelight whilst stage actors were instead were pushed to the side of the attention. As show businesses grew, artists, musicians, writers etc... became promoters for fashion. In return, the artists lent the relevant magazines and up and coming journals of the social elite between WW1 and WW2. Photography was later seen as the perfect way to visually express fashion, which was helped by mass press, which advertised this technical medium and increased the sphere of influence of fashion. Fashion is seen as the material in which photography captures it in a fleeting moment; therefore the two concepts compliment each other because in photography even a second could be captured and seen as a pose.

Before Steichen came and cleared the stylistic clutter within fashion photography, there always seemed to be an aspect of it within certain photographs that pre-dated Meyer. For example, the fashion that was being shown in these photographed seemed strangely old fashion, without a hint of modern seeing. Within the laws of fashion photography, as an attempt to completely aestheticize both visible and tangible realities, fashion is seen as a web of expectations and ideas. Martin Munkacsi, was an outstanding photo-journalist who had experience with fine photography, sports photography and fine photography, and although he didn't actually have any experience with fashion photography, Carmel Snow and her art director from Harpers Bazaar gave him a contract as soon as he arrived in the USA. Carmel Snow had come from Vogue to its rival Harpers Bazaar, and became the most influential fashion editor in two years, after firing Meyer and completely revamping the magazine, and because he wasn't familiar with the usual fashion trends in fashion photography, he therefore thought about more casual, relaxed and less high end fashion.

To show this models could appear to be photographs of young women on the street and on the beach, because they seemed so relaxed. Whilst Meyer was photographing models in luxury clothing, Munkacsi was capturing the 'hectic' theatre of street life, however even this type of photography is managed. Fashion is seen as the antithesis to nature, but even so it seems like the two opposing sides came together to create fashion photography in Munkacsi's work, which combines both documentary style photography and stage-managed form. Each new fashion kills yesterday's fashion, and only by using photography can this be captured. Munkasci's aesthetic strategies changes the style of fashion photography and inspired modern contemporaries such as Toni Frissell ans Herman Landshoff, however they did not completely dominate fashion photography in the 30's and 40's. Whilst Hoyningen-Huene focused on Classical Greek Theatre props to create this sense of timeless beauty within his photographs, Blumenfeld and Man Ray strove to synthesis the two poles of WW1 and WW2. After the Second World War, dreams seemed to flourish in fashion photography again, but instead photographers would portray an anti-world within their images to contrast with the reality of ruined towns, dressed in elegant dresses and suits.

During these constructs, they were usually be taken of women and some of the images lead people to have a drive to get the women that fought 'like men', to get back to their regular position as house wife, which represented all the men who came back after war demanding their 'places' back in society.

During these constructs, they were usually be taken of women and some of the images lead people to have a drive to get the women that fought 'like men', to get back to their regular position as house wife, which represented all the men who came back after war demanding their 'places' back in society.

With inspiration from Munkacsi, Richard Avedon, who began shooting in the marines, noticed that Munkacsi who had previously focused on the relax nature of fashion on young females. This allowed Avedon to take photos, which had emotions, souls and feelings in them. His beginning work started off with him capturing the deprivation on the streets after the war, then later allows the models to look through those photos and therefore the emotion on their faces and bodies can be captured through the camera.

In contrast to this, Penn, who was a photographer who worked for Vogue and Harpers Bazaar, focused very much on portraits and fashion shoots, which automatically acquire the same status as the model has within them.

During the 60's and 70's the aesthetics and the look of fashion photography changed dramatically, due to the increasing prosperity, which ensured a wide interest in cheaper fashion items. During this time in fashion photography the changes within society were more shown in an aspect of the models than in the fashions they were presenting and through this, some photographers began to take portraits of the idols in society.

Photoshoot 1

As I am exploring all the different types of fashion photography, I want to begin with portraiture because this is the technique that originally stood out to me as being one of the techniques that most fashion photographers use a lot. To begin my project, using portraiture as a starting point, I will try and use as many different styles of fashion photography (controlled studio photo-shoots, portraits and documentary style which looks at street fashion) as possible, just to try and help me discover which types of photographs I would like to continue with.



Through my photoshoot, I have tried to explore different styles of fashion photography. During this, I have realised that my focus has mainly been on capturing the emotion through the use of fashion photography. I found that the majority of my photographs during this photoshoot linked to Richard Avedon, by the way emotion and the idea of untouchable beauty can be captured in one image. I also found that during this photoshoot, I noticed movement of the hair in the wind, creates this beautiful, natural. Black and white images makes the photograph appear automatically more classy and beautiful reminding me of 20th Century fashion photography.



I wanted to enlarge this photograph because I feel that it was very powerful. There are a lot of aspects that makeup the beauty of it. For example, I wanted to capture the hair when the wind was blowing it over the face because I felt that it would create emotion in the portrait as the movement of the hair makes it appear a lot more natural and unstaged. I also made sure that the contrast was upped in black and white because it was important to make sure that the depth of field was clearly captured. The hair of the model is quite fair and the background of the green leaves are of a darker shade, so by upping the contrast it helps the model to stand out a lot more. I feel however, that this particular one captured the emotion a lot more. The facial expression on the model is guite serious due to the way her eyes are entirely locked on the lens, making it seem as if the model is looking at you. Although, the way she has her mouth very slightly open adds a bit of softness to the entire image, with the hair swooping across it.

Another aspect that I experimented with in editing the photograph was editing the eyes. I wanted to enhance the eyes in the photograph because I felt that they were a really important part of the composition.



Editing Process



in order to get the effect that I wanted to with the eyes, I used the magnetic lasso tool and traced around the outside of the eye on the right of the image when you look at it. Once the area was selected, I upped the brightness and lowered the contrast in order to create a lighter blue effect. After this, I upped the exposure and the grammar correction, in order to really intensify the light colours in the eye, but make sure that the definition is still there, really showing the patterns. After this, I went around the outside of the eye and used the smudge tool to make sure that there wasn't an extremely harsh line around the outside, making it appear more realistic. I then went over this area with the blur tool to make sure that I created a natural looking eye, just more intensified. In order to ensure that the definition in the pupil still remained, I went over that area with the sharpen tool to make sure that the dark area contrasted really well with the in detail light reflection on the eye. I then repeated the process with the other eye, but made sure that it was slightly darker, as the hair that is covering the eye created a kind of shadow over the eye.









I started off by exploring portraits and by taking them outside I managed to create emotion and movement within them. Looking at this style of fashion photography, this has inspired me to experiment further and incorporate street/documentary style into my photographs. The reason for this is that I wanted to create a more cultural atmosphere, creating a modern day appearance that teenagers/young adults will look at and relate to. Modern day fashion photographers try to create images that will attract the public to by the clothes being advertised, so I therefore want to try and incorporate this into my own work as well as continuing on with portraiture and beauty captured within them.





During this photoshoot, I found that I captured the emotion and movement in some of my photographs, which reminded me of Neil Stewarts work. This image that I took caught my eye in particular because of the really interesting combination of different styles within it. For this photograph I wanted to model to sit across the top of the wall of this interesting, antique, fountain. The reason for this is because I wanted to incorporate cultural properties into the location of the photograph. I also found that by asking my model to look away from the camera over her left shoulder, and having the whole body in the photograph automatically conveyed emotion, and directs the focus of the photograph to the movement in the water from the

fountain. Although this focus is directly in the centre of the photograph, I wanted to do this to make the photograph more striking. I found however, that this isn't the only focal point in the image. Due to the positioning of the model, it allowed the sun to shine directly onto her, making her facial structure and collarbones more defined, creating an sense of beauty, making her look almost untouchable. I also put the photograph into black and white because I wanted to create a vintage/classic photograph, I felt by doing this, it made the model look a lot more untouchable and due to the lighting, created a glow around her, which created a soft, emotional photograph.

After experimenting with this, I have found that within fashion photography, it's not necessarily the clothes that are the main focus. Fashion can be something that people want, a trend, beauty, etc. My main focus is managing to make my model appear untouchable and beautiful through the clever use of lighting and positioning. due to this, I found that Richard Avedon manages to convey this quite clearly through his work so I am therefore going to explore this next in my project.

Richard Avedon

Richard Avedon was an American fashion and portrait photographer born on the 15th of May 1923 – 1st October 2004. Born in New York City, to a Jewish family, his father Jacob Israel Avedon was a Russian born immigrant who advanced from menial work to running his own business in retail, selling dresses. Avedon's mother was the person who encouraged Richards's love of fashion and art. He discovered his interests in photography emerged at the age of 12 when he joined a camera club called Young Men's Hebrew association. Here, he would use a family camera to explore his curiosity of the world. At the beginning of his passion for photography he used his younger sister during her teenage years as the first of his models, who struggled through schizophrenia. After taking these pictures, it inspired him to continue to capture pureness and beauty within his work. During his early years, Avedon attended DeWitt Clinton High School, where for 3 years he worked on the school paper 'The Magpie' alongside James Baldwin. During the same time, he won the Scholastic Art and Writing Award. After graduating, he then went on to university to study philosophy and poetry, but dropped out and decided to instead work as a photographer for the Merchant Marines. Here is when he began working as an advertising photographer for a department store, and was quickly noticed and endorsed by Alexy Brodovitch, the art director for Harper's Bazaar.

The first piece I have chosen to evaluate is a black and white portrait of a girl with her hand running through her hair. I think that this style of fashion photography focuses on the person and the face, rather than the clothes. I feel that with this photograph, the emotion is very clearly captured. There is a definite atmosphere of anxiety communicated by the model putting her hands into her messed up hair. The triangle that is created by her arm perfectly frames her face and creates a very powerful composition. The square format works really well with this golden triangular composition. Avedon is prone to using movement within his work and sometimes the movement is more prevalent then the fashion he is supposedly advertising. His photographs always have a high level of glamour and sophistication. By putting his models in a very simple piece of clothing, usually a black flowy dress or something which shows the collarbones and neck area, Avedon uses the way the model is positioned and the expression on their faces to create this concept of fashion photography without actually making it all about the clothes. The second photograph is a clear representation of Avedon using the face and shoulders of the model to convey emotion within the image. In this photograph, a girl is shown with her hair slicked back and braided very tidily. This automatically puts the focus straight onto the face of the model, who has quite simple makeup although with a bold winged eyeliner. The posture of the model also is very interesting, putting the focus around the anatomy and facial structure. I like the way Avedon has done this because the simplistic hair and makeup has actually ended up making the image more about the person and the emotion within the portrait. His style of photographic work is definitely linked more to the high end fashion market, where the style is sometimes more abstract in the same way as a catwalk style is abstract to what appears in a high street shop. His photographs are about the whole style of a person, their hair, their makeup, their bone structure, their profile. They're almost like a highly couture product of the fashion world.

The black and white extremely sophisticated or over dream-like qualities to his work make the model seem untouchable or alien. The black and white style is from a different era and creates a sense that these models are from a different time. The lighting is key to creating this tonal effect. The skin looks really bleached out in both photographs, especially in the first one. It is clear he's used a strong studio light that is directed from one side, to create a contrast of light and dark. It may have been that the models have been made up in a particular way, to highlight their bone structure. He uses dark, hard lines to define certain aspects of the model. The lighting also makes the model appear skinnier, by showing off all the bone structure beneath the skin. Does this make them look more like medical specimens? I feel very detached from the models in the photograph. I feel that this is a combination of all the elements discussed in this evaluation. The nature of fashion studio photography usually creates a high glamour image, which is a reflection of the environment it is taken in. It's very formal, and is still used in modern day high end fashion magazines because this ideal and fake world or vision of something is what people still aspire to.

In my own work, I have been exploring Avedon's use of hair, lighting and positioning. Through this I have learnt that fashion photographers like Richard Avedon uses these techniques to come up with this vision of the model being perfect and untouchable, making everyone who sees it want to look like her and feel like there's this ideal person who we have to become in order to fit in to society. The fashion photographer uses a camera to create a barrier between the 'ideal' and regular people, making society want to fit in and follow all the fashion trends, otherwise there's this underlying feeling that they aren't living up to standards.





After looking at Richard Avedon, I discovered that through the use of lighting, positioning, hair and makeup, he manages to create this image of beauty. Without the focus being on clothes, during Avedon's fashion photography he creates an image of the model appearing beautiful and untouchable. By doing this, he is able to form a barrier between the 'ideal' appearance and reality, making society want to live up to these standards. All throughout his work, Richard Avedon never focuses on the clothes worn, which some people would think that a fashion photographer would typically focus on, however I am going to explore how this is not always the case. In fact it isn't actually about the clothes at all, you could put the model in a ridiculous outfit, or very limited clothing, and people would still want to look and appear like the model. If it were something ridiculous being worn, it would be the idea of standing out from the crowd and wanting to appear different and unique to everyone else that would entice someone, and if it were very limited/simple clothing, as Avedon uses, it would be the image created by the photographer that the model is 'perfect' because they appear very natural. In my next photoshoot, I will do a photoshoot in response to Richard Avedon to explore how fashion photography isn't actually necessarily based around clothes.





I wanted to enlarge this photograph because it shows that even without clothing, or makeup, it conveys this idea of natural beauty. The purpose of this photograph is to show that if this were to be seen in a fashion magazine like Vogue, it would still create this idea of beauty that people want. For this image, I wet the hair of the model and slick it back out of the face of the model, the reason for this is that I wanted to not only bring out her facial features more by putting the focus onto the face of the model, but I also wanted to create dimension to the hair of the model and other darker/shadowed areas. I wanted to create this idea of beauty surrounding the model without the use of clothing, and looking at all the different aspects that make up a beautiful photograph for fashion photography, including lighting, positioning, angles and makeup/no makeup. I found that by putting the photograph in black and white, it not only added this dimension in the photograph, but also created an idea of untouchable beauty surrounding the model. even though the model has no makeup on or clothes, it still manages to convey this idea through a simple fashion photography portrait, making sure the lighting it perfect. I also made the photograph slightly grainy, making the photograph look older and therefore more classical and effective. This idea would also entice people as well because this idea of old fashioned, classic, vintage aesthetic draws people in because of the idea of looking/appearing like this.

Mario Testino

Mario Testino is a fashion and portrait photographer born on 30th October 1954, and raised in Lima, Peru, to an 'upper class' Catholic family. Whilst attending the Catholic School Santa Maria Marianstas, he wanted to become a priest, but after studying Economics at Universidas del Pacifico, then Pontificia Universidad Catolica del Peru and finally University of San Diego, he decided to do something different and in 1976 went to London to study photography. During his time with apprenticeships at the studios of john Vickers and Paul Nugent, he made first attempts as a photographer. As he started out, he was living in an unconverted floor of a hospital without much money, and funding himself only working as a waiter. After a while he died his hair pink, which helped people recognize him as a photographer, taking inspiration from Cecil Beaton, and his childhood growing up in Peru and Brazil, which helped him shape his work. Finally, he started appearing in Vogue during the early 1980's.

I have chosen to evaluate this piece of Kate Moss with bright paints on her face co coordinating with a bright teal background. Looking at this image, Mario Testino uses bright and bold colours and makeup to create a striking image. In this image he has painted in a really abstract way using random colours around her eyes, and has used bright red lipstick in a patchy sort of way, to create a unique and eye-catching image. I feel that the emotion in this photograph is particularly empowering to women and fashion, because of the way the model still manages to look so beautiful and striking, with abstract colours and shapes over her face, drawing the public in. Not only this, but in contrast to Richard Avedon, Mario Testino's photographs are initially more striking and in your face, and Richard Avedon seems to focus more on the pureness and beauty. This photograph is taken particularly zoomed in to the models face, cropping out the majority of the forehead, and the bottom of the chin. This technique automatically puts the focus directly onto the face, which therefore makes you look more closely at not only the colours and patterns, but also the structure of her face. The fact that the golden rule is broken brings more focus to the image also. The image is taken, so that the face is very central in the image, using portrait techniques, however instead, using the landscape settings on the camera, making the photograph of even more of an abstract manner.

Personally, I think the way that Testino has done think image is very clever because he has managed to create a photograph that has the capability of selling something, even thought it could have nothing to do with the item that it's selling. As a fashion photographer, people would think straight away that it requires clothes in order to sell the dream of looking like the model in a particular brand of clothing. I initially thought that Mario Testino was focusing on the fashion, because of the way that he uses bright colours and bright makeup. He is undoubtedly creating an unrealistic image of someone, and unlike Avedon, Testino focuses more on street fashion photography. However, the more you analyze his photographs; you realize that the majority of them, like Richard Avedon's, focus more on the physicality of the model, not the actual clothes. The only difference between Avedon and Testino is that Avedon focuses more on high end, natural beauty and physique of models, creating a sense of purity, which he uses to sell clothing, and Testino tends to use models with particularly defined facial structures, along with current and modern, exciting, over the top abstract makeup looks; only occasionally does he use clothing within his photographs. The reasons that this stands out to me so much, is because it shows that you could put a model in ridiculous clothing or makeup, or even nothing at all and put a photograph of it up in a shop window, and still manage to attract customers to the shop, enticing them to buy something, even though it's not got anything to do with the clothes. Because of the abstract and eye-catching nature of the photographs, it automatically creates this unrealistic dream of exciting imagery, which ultimately makes people want to become like this person. This therefore creates the illusion of fashion photography actually being about clothes, but is actually more about the dream that it's creating.

Looking at Mario Testino has inspired me to do a photoshoot based on the technique and style he uses within 'Kate Moss' at his 'HEAT' exhibition. I want to be able to show the fact I can plaster my model in ridiculous paint, and still manage to achieve the iconic, 'fashion photography' style that Mario Testino uses. Managing to entice people in by capturing their eye with a really artsy over-the-top portrait, selling the dream that people want to look like that person, or admire them because of the abstract look, not necessarily using the item of clothing they want to sell. More often than not, Mario Testino includes some aspect of a bright pop of colour in his coloured portraits, which makes me think that it could be used to advertise quite trendy clothing for mainly teenagers and young adults. The fact that this photographer uses very well-known faces would attract younger adults as well because of the dream that they can become them. I will take inspiration from Mario Testino and use a model with striking facial features and cover her in paint. The idea of this is that you can put a model in ridiculous things and still manage to sell items. Using this idea, and pushing it forward, I will use the paint by smudging the paint down the face to create quite a dramatic look, I will also get the model to appear quite quirky and striking using lots of different positions and using the hands over the face to create an abstract image. This shows that idea of selling the dream of being different and out there , through the use of photographs which could be put in a shop window in order to advertise clothes. Through this, I will be able to make my idea even more unique by taking inspiration from this photoshoot and pushing my idea forward.





From looking at Mario Testino, I wanted to experiment with his style. Starting off by taking huge inspiration from his picture of Kate Moss in his exhibition of 'HEAT'. I waned to see for myself what made the photographs so iconic in fashion photography, yet doesn't actually use any clothing. I soon realised that the intriguing look of the paint around the eyes is what makes the photographs so captivating, and could therefore manage to sell any item of clothing. Whilst doing the photoshoot, I wanted to experiment further to push this idea. I ended up smudging the paint down the face of my model. The reason for this is because I wanted to derive away from Mario Testino, and do a contrasting look to the portraits I had taken before, in which I could show how how you could just as equally put model in something ridiculous such as smudged paint, which doesn't necessarily show beauty, but it would still create a fashion within a photograph. It's the desire for people to stand out and be different to others.



I feel that this photograph stands out to me the most out of the photoshoot. The reason for this is because, through the use of experimenting with paint and bright colours, I have managed to create an iconic look. Inspired by Testino, I wanted to show a different way of advertising fashion without the use of clothing. The bright colours within it is eye-catching and unique, and would therefore drive the public to want to become out -- there and different. If this were to be in a shop window or the page of a fashion magazine such as vogue, it would automatically draw you into visit the shop/buy the clothes, even though it hasn't got any aspect of clothing within it. The purpose of this photograph is to show how, even though the model has crazy colours and patterns on the face, and the contrast from natural beauty in fashion photography to having something crazy and out-there, that through experimenting with both, the one thing I realised was neither included clothing, which people automatically presume would be included. But, as you can see in this photograph, I think it's actually more powerful and compositionally impacting when the clothes are not included as a part of the composition/main part of the composition.



In this photoshoot, I wanted to do a contrasting photoshoot to really test my idea. The focus of my photoshoot was largely on my model who I dressed in extremely bright clothing. The reason for doing this was to see whether it made a difference to the amount of people that noticed her when she was walking in a public area. During this experiment I noticed that actually a lot more attention was drawn to her, as appose to someone who just blended into the crowd. This shows how by creating an image out of the ordinary, it draws attention and makes people attracted to the idea of being different and eye-catching. It's showing that everyone wants to look different, but everyone is too worried about what people will think of them, so it's a rare occasion that you actually see it. It's the same as in magazines, when photographs of people with something different/beautiful about them, it makes people want to look like them/have that world.



I wanted to enlarge these photographs specifically because I feel that I have used the technique of using very bright colours to draw attention, however I feel that these 3 photographs would all be seen in different age magazines/shops, directed at different age groups. The first, looks a lot more high-end, and could be seen in somewhere like French Connection for example, the second could be seen in a young teenager magazine/shop such as H&M, and the last could appear in somewhere like Topshop, directed at teenagers. The interesting thing, is the only difference between the first and second photographs are all the different aspects fashion photography, apart from the clothes; the background, the lighting, the positioning. Therefore, is fashion photography really about the clothes? Or is there more aspects to it then that? Such as the different techniques that are used to create a striking photograph, such as lighting, background, atmosphere, colours etc. I think that actually, the clothes are a minute aspect of it. Its actually about creating an overall image that will attract people of different ages, and trick them into believing that they will not only look like the model, but have that lifestyle, if they buy the item that is being sold.

In my previous photoshoot, I have explored how appearing in bold/out there colours create an image which is out of the ordinary, making a statement in society, making people drawn to the idea of standing out from the crowd, but too scared to actually do it because of societies standards of what 'normal' is. For this photoshoot, I want to explore further how a photographer manages to create this desire image through the use of the camera, poses, colours, etc.. For specific age groups/roles in society. It's the idea that the fashion industry makes us believe that what we wear is important, when it's actually just what we have been taught to think. I want to look into how high street fashion brands like Jack Wills manage to create a sort of image directed at 'upper class'/rich and wealthy people. This makes people that see this think that they're going to become like them when they buy the clothes/dress that way. It's not actually about the clothes they're wearing, but the whole image and the way it tricks people into believing they'll have everything in the photograph if they buy the clothes.



I wanted to enlarge these photographs because these are examples of fashion photographs that have a lot of different aspects within them that are needed in creating this exciting image. I personally think that the snow that is being thrown in the air, makes the image seem a lot more alive and eye-catching. Just like the music video for 'Last Christmas' – by Wham! Which shows a group of young adults who have gone away on a skiing trip. The video is made to get people to listen to the song, drawing them in because it creates this ideal image of wealthy young people having an amazing holiday. Just like the brand Jack Wills, selling preppy clothes, targets people at university/boarding school. It creates an unrealistic representation of what it's actually like. In reality there's a big controversy about how there's a correlation between how rich kids are more likely to have drug and alcohol problems. Even though they are seen at 'privileged', studies have shown that through the pressures of school/pressure to be the best in the elite society, it could potentially result in them relying on drugs. This shows how the fashion industry create a false image in advertisement, so people will be drawn into the ideal image.



I wanted to show the differences between colour and black and white. As shown, the photograph on the left is more likely to be seen in a high street clothes magazine/shop. You can tell this because, the bold colour in the hat attracts a younger audience due to the vibrant colours shown on the hat. It creates more of a street/current atmosphere than the black and white version. I personally think that the black and white photograph is more likely do be seen as a fashion photography portrait in a more expensive/posh magazine such as Vogue. This shows the difference that having a photograph in black and white makes to the atmosphere, because it automatically makes it appear more classy. I also think that even though it's exactly the same image, without the colour, it makes all the shades match and co ordinate, as well as making the contrast more intense, adding texture and making the lighter areas appear just like snow. This almost makes the whole composition more beautiful.



I wanted to enlarge this photograph because out of all the photographs I have taken, this one is the one that I can most likely see in a magazine advertising clothes for a high street brand such as Jack Wills. I wanted to use this as an example to show how when this is looked at, by young people, it will give them the impression that if they buy the clothes/product being sold then they will end up looking like this/living in these surroundings, when the reality is that it's an image designed so that people will feel that way and be enticed to buy the product. It's all a façade that people are made to believe. Even though it's obvious that we're not going to magically change who we are by buying a specific item, we still fool ourselves into thinking that this is the case. It's not just the case with clothing brands, it's actually with anything that is being advertised. What makes this photograph appear so intriguing to the public, is the fact that people want what they cant have. For example, the weather is completely out of the ordinary, it's not often that you see snow, and when you do, it's not only beautiful, but it automatically associates anything to do with it, with skiing etc.. My model is also dressed as if she were going skiing. Going away to a country with lots of snow, to go skiing or even just to travel, is often expensive and therefore something that most people want but can't have. It therefore appears pretty ideal to the naked eye, making us want to buy the product to appear having that lifestyle and we don't really think in depth about reality. I personally don't think that the clothes are actually what make up fashion photography. It's the dream/life that is shown that people end up wanting.



Interim

To begin my project, I started by looking into the fashion industry and how fashion photography has influenced the mass population, and how fashion photography is split up into all different aspects of photography in general, such as portraiture, documentary, and a more modern day look at documentary, which is categorised as street photography. To start off my research I began by looking into the history of fashion photography during the 20th century, to give me a better understanding about what fashion photography is really about. From this, I decided that I wanted to look into all the individual styles which make up fashion photography.

To begin with, I took a photoshoot using portraiture and documentary styles. After taking these, it made me realise all of these photographs contained emotion within the tones and model and movement within the model also, which reminded me of both Neil Stewart and Richard Avedon. However, because the photographs were taken outside, it also shows documentary, street style as well. After looking at this photoshoot, I wanted to look at the different styles further so I therefore then took a photoshoot using the method of portraiture to capture the emotion which can be created using the street and surroundings as well as the model. From doing this, I wanted to go into more depth, firstly exploring portraiture, which I realised is where my interest lies. The first artist I looked at in depth was Richard Avedon. From looking at him, I noticed that he focused on the beauty of the model themselves and didn't pay attention to the clothes or makeup being worn. I wanted to take a photoshoot inspired by him because I wanted to explore whether the clothes, makeup and colours are really needed in order to create a fashion photography image. I used the studio with a white and a black background, had my model wearing very simple and elegant clothing without any makeup on, and took a few photographs of my model with her shoulders and collarbones showing, with her hair slicked back behind her

shoulders using water. The reason for doing this is that I wanted to show that it doesn't require big bright and bold clothes and makeup in order to create this idea of an untouchable, dream image of what young females want to look like.

After looking at this I originally was aiming on doing a contrasting photoshoot exploring the perspective of having the material aspects in a fashion photoshoot being the main attraction for people looking at the images, but then as I looked into more artists such as Mario Testino, who focuses on bright bold makeup and colours to create a striking image, however most often, just like Avedon, it's not actually got anything to do with the fashion that it's being advertised for. It's the idea that high-end brands manage to make their photographs whatever they want and still manage to advertise their shop/clothes, even if the photographs don't actually have anything to do with the clothes. For example, the artist Mario Testino tends to either take very natural portraits of models, without any makeup on, or any clothes, or, he uses bright and abstract colours to use on the models face and to put in the background. Even though these photographs don't actually have anything to do with the clothes and manage to make loads of money. It's the idea of the public looking at the model in the picture and either wanting to look like them, or because the image is so cleverly done, as uses bright colours and aspects that people can relate to, it makes them want to go to the store that's being advertised, in the hope that buying the items with make them look and appear as beautiful and untouchable as the model. To show this, as a response to Mario Testino's photograph of Kate Moss in his 'HEAT' exhibition, I had my model wearing a simple high neck top, with her hair slicked back and paint on her face. Through doing this, I realised that you can really put a model in ridiculously abstract items in order to advertise, or sell something.

To show this further, I had my model dressed in bright, striking clothing in public. Not only was this a photoshoot to show how much my model stood out in comparison to regular people because of the brightness of her clothes, but it was also an experiment to see whether she would actually catch the public eye. I found that when you walk around town on a normal day to day basis, you don't often find many people who stand out from the crowd, because of the fear of what people would say, even though the majority of people want to be able to go out and be eye catching. Through my model wearing bold and bright clothing, it made her stand out from the crowd, however it isn't necessarily clothes that makes you stand out from others. It would be the same if a person were to go out wearing very little clothing. Whether someone's wearing something different, or does their hair differently, or makeup, it can be classed as 'out of the ordinary', as it isn't something which people experiment with. Through doing this photoshoot, I have realised that because the model stands out in a crowd, it could be used in advertising clothes etc. and would draw people in to buy the product because of the idea of the 'dream' of wanting to stand out, or look different.

After, I moved onto exploring how a company uses particular aspects of photographs in order to create an ideal image for a certain social category/age group. For example, Jack Wills advertise their clothing using models that are in the snow, or with a group of friends in the sun, aiming their brand at university/boarding school people. Regardless of the clothing they're wearing, they have managed to create a sort of idealistic image for people of that age group and 'social category'. I found this really interesting to explore because they create an image of 'perfection' through their photographs for people of different ages, which draws them in to believe that they are more likely to have that lifestyle if they buy the product that is being advertised, when in reality it doesn't't show what the actual struggles that those people have, it creates an almost inhuman image because it fools people into believing that they will be relieved from their problems and appear like the models in the photograph, when in reality everyone has issues to deal with.

So through exploring all of these different aspects, I have come to the question, is it really about the clothes at all? There could be a photograph of a model wearing little clothing at all and it would still give the same effect? You could have an image of either something ridiculous with very striking and quirky colours/concept, or even just a simple portrait, or a photograph of the model without any particular clothing on them, because it would still give the same effect of this idea of 'beauty' and 'perfection' that we long for. I therefore want to explore this concept in my next photoshoot, where I will take photographs of a variety of different models with areas of skin on show, to try and prove that clothing is not a necessity in fashion photography, and in fact it doesn't't matter if the model is wearing something completely over the top or nothing at all, it is about the beauty within the photograph that attracts people to the shop or to the magazine. It's the idea that they have something that they look up to or envy, whether it's the need to want to look different from society and stand out, or whether it's simply the beauty that is captured by the camera.



In this photoshoot, I want to be able to show how there are lots of techniques that go into the making of forming a really striking and beautiful photograph, that doesn't't actually have any item of clothing in, but could still be in a magazine or put up in in a shop and could successfully sell clothes. I am going to take photographs of my model within nature because I want to look into how lots of different aspects can make a beautiful photograph, beginning with the atmosphere that is created through the whole content of the photograph. Nature is known to be quite a stunning topic backdrop, and I wanted to have my model with skin on show to really show that clothes are not actually a necessity in fashion photograph. I feel that also by having the combination of the nature and the skin, it creates more of a natural photograph, and therefore might appear a lot more 'achievable' for customers that are looking to by clothes from the company that have images that are similar. I also think that it creates a less staged and softer image that might appear more beautiful making them want to achieve the same appearance. I also really wanted to capture the photographs with natural lighting because I feel that this makes the photographs again, appear more natural and beautiful. I also felt that by having natural lighting, it would create really nice shadow that can be used to create a more interesting photograph.









In this photoshoot, I aimed to try and capture photographs surrounding the idea of beauty and the skin. In my previous photoshoot, I took photographs of my model surrounded by nature, but with her shoulder and neck on show and a very natural face. I am now going to move on, still exploring a similar aspect, however looking into how perfume brands manage to sell their items without the use of clothes, and actually tend to create adverts with a lot of skin on show. Even though the majority of perfume adverts tend to be quite sexual, it is still a method of fashion photography that is trying to promote a certain dream/atmosphere. Through the use of seeing such adverts, people believe that when they are going to automatically become really attractive and more confident through the buying of that product. For this reason, I want to go on and explore this in my own photoshoot, looking at the way that fashion photographers fool us into believing we are going to become a certain person through the buying of their product. Perfume brands tend to create their adverts with having something to do with water in them, because it gives the sense of the model being untouchable and the nature of water almost creates quite a soft and beautiful photographs as well, because I believe that it will help to create a really urban and trendy appearance to it. I want to be able to create an image that could appear in a clothing or perfume shop/magazine, that doesn't't actually have anything to do with the clothing being sold, but still creates this idea of beauty that people envy, and therefore drawing people into the shop/buy the magazine.

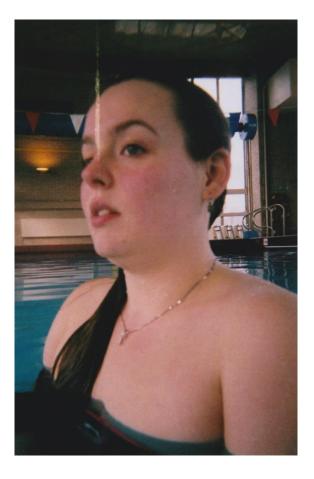


The reason why I didn't't take many straight on photographs in this photoshoot, was because I felt that when looking over her shoulder or stretching her neck to the side, it created more definition in the body. As well as this, it created a softer and intriguing photograph, as often when the model is looking directly into the lens it can create tension as it appears as if they are looking directly at you, making it quite intrusive sometimes. However, when they look away, it makes the viewer think about what it is that they are looking at, as well as putting the focus onto elsewhere, and in the case of this photoshoot, puts the focus onto the skin area of the body, which is what I wanted. However, it also makes the viewer notice the background, where the light through the window reflects onto the water creating a kind of distortion, and I feel that it creates a really beautiful effect and this would be intensified if it were put in black and white.

I firstly wanted to put my enlargements for these particular enlargements against a white background, because I felt that the brightness of it helps to bring out the lighter areas in the photograph, bringing out all the highlighted areas on the skin as well. Although I took the photographs on a disposable camera, meaning that I couldn't't control the camera settings, I really like how this photograph has turned out. The image appears guite dark and therefore makes the mood appear more mysterious and spooky, however I quite like how this fits in with my theme. My idea is based on the fact that the fashion industry trying to create a 'dream' image in their photographs in order to attract people to their shop, and how the photographs could have the model without any clothes on whatsoever and still be used in a shop that is selling clothes, in order to advertise, so actually is the idea of fashion entirely surrounding the clothes? I feel that this image almost replicates this but in a darker way. I wanted to have my model in water to create this idea of her being untouchable, but at the same time it's almost showing the metaphorical dark side to the fashion industry. How they trick is into spending lots of money because of the home that we are going to look and appear like the model, or have the lifestyle that is being advertised. I do actually really like how the disposable camera has distorted the appearance of the water and walls to be a lot darker, because it's kind of like they are saying 'here is an image that shows beauty, we are going to show you this image because we want to make you believe that you are going to look/appear like the model'. It is giving society a false image of themselves, in the way that when they look at photographs of models, or look at photographs of a group of models that are appearing to have a lot of fun/'idealistic life' it makes them want to become like them, and have the desire to be able to look and behave like them, which fools them into believing that because the image is in that particular shop, that if they buy the clothes, that will happen. When actually, it doesn't't work that way, and it's not even that we realise we are doing it. Our subconscious and fashion industry fools us into buying an item, through having the need to look desirable.







I have decided to enlarge this photograph because I feel that the colours that are shown create quite a vintage feel to it, in the way that the colours appear almost very saturated, reminding me of Lana Del Rey's album covers such as 'Lust for Life', 'Born to Die' and 'Born to Die – The Paradise Edition'. The artist is very well known for her love for vintage and retro, so I therefore think that high street brands would want to make sure that they create a kind of image that would attract teenagers/that age group. I find it really interesting how it has actually turned out with that colour combination, because I just expected it to turn out the way it looked through the lens, but it has actually turned out a lot more saturated then I imagined. I feel that this photograph clearly shows that even though it has nothing to do with clothes, the location choice and colour combination and with the water surrounding the models skin, making her appear untouchable, it could still be put up in a clothes shop/magazine and successfully help to sell the items. The image is also not very focused, and there was something causing a scratch on the lens in the top right hand corner, but I really liked the way that it turned out because I feel that for this image, it helped to at to the urban appearance and feel to it, making it quite a 'cool' image, as well as displaying beauty and managing to portray this idealistic picture.

I really liked this image because it was one of the few that I took with her face straight on. I really like the effect that this brings to the photograph, because it puts the focus directly onto the face and allows the viewer to pay attention to all the features of the face and the hair as well. I think this is important because it shows that fashion photographers can take photographs that have no aspect of clothing within it, and still sells the items. When people think of fashion photography they presume that it is to do with clothes, when actually, this isn't necessarily the case. These photographs focus on my model being in the water, which automatically creates a sense of untouchable beauty, and in this particular one, as she is looking directly at the camera, making it a lot more personal.



Auguste Rodin

Auguste Rodin (12th November 1840 – 17th November 1917) was a French sculptor. From the age of 10 he taught himself to draw and had a fairly self-taught education, but from the age of 14-17 attended the Petite Ecole, a school specializing in both art and mathematics, where he studied drawing and painting. He started creating his new own unique style because of his drawing teacher Horace Lecoq de Boisbaudran. He believed in teaching his students to first of all develop their personality so that they observed artistic work with their own eyes so therefore interpret it in their own way. After attending the school, Rodin earned a position as a craftsman and ornamenter for most of the next two decades producing decorative objects and architectural establishments. In 1864 Rodin submitted his first sculpture for exhibition 'The Man with the Broken Nose', to the Paris Salon. This piece wasn't originally a bust and as in fact broken off at the neck. This actually put the focus onto the texture and emotional state of the piece creating a character fro many of his later pieces. The piece as rejected by the salon, but he carried on trying to pursue this style further. After developing this new and unique style, Rodin's work focused on the human figure and the way lighting and angles help to make it look interesting, creating shadows in specific areas and adding more dimension to the piece.

These two pieces by Rodin, Denaid 1886-1902, on the left, and 'Adam', Modeled 1881, cast about 1924, The second sculpture, 'Adam', is influenced by Michelangelo and is aimed to show power, through the pose of the model show power and inner anguish. Rodin has created the uncomfortable pose of Adam by incorporating two famous gestures of Michelangelo's work. The figure is to be framed by the beginning of life, and the strong pose represents this. The angle at which the sculpture is angled in comparison to the light will determine how the muscles are shown. If the light were coming from one side, it would create really interesting angles and shadows in the folds and dimensions in the body. The sculpture on the left was made out of white marble, was carved with the inspiration of Denaid, one of the 50 daughters of Danaus who killed their 50 bridegrooms on their wedding night and was condemned to draw water in a sieve for eternity. The position of the beautiful nymph creates a beauty around the skin of the back and the intricate angles and curves of the body and folds in the skin. The position of the body of the statue, as well as the emotion conveyed, it could appear of a sort of erotic nature, but instead isn't looked at that way at all. The way that Rodin wanted to show the beauty surrounding his sculpture even more, was by placing it directly by a window so that the natural lighting would shine through, creating a sort of 'angel-like' atmosphere surrounding it. This not only makes the vision of the sculpture appear more holy but the lighting is also cleverly positioned so that it will ad definition to the curves of the body, putting more focus onto the shape of the human figure itself and also adding shadows into specific areas, making it appear more 3D and tonal, giving It more of an atmosphere.

The techniques used by the sculptor show how the human body is an extremely intricate and beautiful thing. Rodin makes sure that whether he is carving the statue, or molding it, there is a continuous pattern throughout his work, and that is the way he manages to create a complete realistic representation of the human anatomy. I have noticed how he has taken every factor into account when displaying his work, showing that there are so many different aspects which are key in making the atmosphere and appearance of the work as beautiful as possible. He mentions that he will place a statue of his in a particular position and at a specific distance from the light source in order to put emphasis on the shadows on and surrounding the piece, and because he works with figures, the light source allows him to create a sense of beauty surrounding the body, creating a 'glow' around the sculpture, making it appear almost holy. As well as this, the curves and folds in the 'skin' of the statue are emphasized by the light creating more in depth detail to his statue. Through this, it shows that Rodin actually pays a lot of attention to different aspects that affect his sculpture, and the reason for this is because he wants to be able to accentuate the beauty of the human body.

Whilst looking at the way Rodin uses only one medium, and focuses his work on simply the body by itself, I have realised that the human figure has always been important in arts, and a lot of pieces especially from ancient Greece. It proves that the real beauty is actually stripped down to the bear minimum and in fashion photography; it's not actually the clothes that make a fashionable and beautiful image. Many artists and photographers that focus on the body, like Rodin, focus directly on the figure and the curves and bones within it, and nothing else to show the real true raw beauty. Therefore when fashion photographers are taking their photographs, it's very clear that the focus is actually on the body. Even if the model being photographed were wearing clothes, the clothes wouldn't be able to even exist without the body and all the curves and angles with the body it what clothes are shaped and designed from, every single item has to be fitted perfectly to fit the intricate curves and shapes of the body, which shows how essential the body actually is. Fashion isn't about the clothes, and is in fact this idea of the ideal and 'the dream', and what makes people intrigued to the item being advertised/sold is a beautiful photograph, which is made up by lots of different aspects of photography, including lighting, angles, depth and dimension. Also through looking at his work, I have noticed that through mainly using marble or bronze, etc. the colour is very natural and this could be another aspect that actually makes it appear more beautiful to the eye. The simplicity of the photograph is actually what makes it more sophisticated and pleasant to the eye, therefore black and white/natural colours in photography can be another adding aspect to the beauty surrounding the photograph.

I am now going to explore the idea of the body being essential and one of the most important parts of fashion photography, by taking photographs that really show the angles curves in the skin and the figure and the different aspects that make photographs appear beautiful and untouchable in fashion photography.



Photoshoot 9

After exploring how clothes aren't actually a necessity in fashion photography, and it's actually about showing a dream through lots of different techniques, including lighting and angles. The more I have explored it, I have realised that actually the clothes don't have to be in the photograph in order for it to be classed as a 'fashion photograph'. Is it actually more about the body? If the body didn't exist, then neither would the clothes, so therefore is it really just all about the body and the beauty that the curves and bones create in the skin and figure? I want to look further into this by now taking photographs of my model with very simple and limited clothing. The reason for this is that I really want to be able to capture the curves and outline of the body, with each individual crease in the skin. I want to do this because I want to represent how the body is actually more important then the clothes in fashion photography and show the process that they go through when creating the clothes. They need a starting point to be able to create the right measurements for the clothes, and that is the body. It also shows that in fashion photography the body is not only a necessity in creating the clothes, but it also plays a really important part in forming this idea of beauty through the photograph, creating this idea of untouchable beauty that people envy.





I wanted to enlarge this photograph because I felt that it was really compositionally interesting. The reason for this, is that I have not only captured the whole of the models body, meaning that it automatically creates a really powerful image by putting her right in the centre and breaking the rules of the golden section. I have also edited out the line that was dividing the backdrop and the floor, so that it's blended together, creating an effect that she is floating. I find this really interesting because not only does it portray beauty, in such a way that it makes her seem almost angelic and untouchable, especially as the background surrounding her is white, giving it a sort of 'heaven' appearance, creating a photograph that people would look at and think was so beautiful that it would fool them into buying the product that is being advertised, for the dream of becoming like that. As I have taken this photograph in a studio, it means that the lighting is very ibright and intense, allowing each curve of the bones become more defined. What I really like about this photograph as well is that the simplistic use of clothing allows the viewer to be able to see each curve in the figure and the skin, which could be seen as guite a technical image, in the way that fashion designers can design their clothes using a photograph of the body as an accurate representation of what the clothes are going to look like when actually created, this is emphasized through the lighting of the photograph, as I have taken it in a studio, it means that the lighting is very bright and intense, allowing each curve of the bones become more defined. Both aspects of this photograph show that the figure is a necessity in creating clothing items, and in creating a sense of untouchable beauty. People presume that when the skin is on display, it will automatically create a suggestive image, when in reality it shows pure beauty that is stripped down to the bare minimum.





In these experiments, I printed off some of my photographs onto acetate and went over them in permanent marker, as if I was a fashion designer who was designing some clothes. To do this, I traced the clothes around the outside of the body, specifically fitting her. The point in this, was to show that the body really is a necessity in fashion photography, and without the body, there wouldn't't be any clothes, and if there wasn't a huge diversity in sizes of clothes, then there wouldn't't be as many cloths to sell, which is why it's important for them to analyse every body shape and create clothes that are going to fit a large diversity of people. Women in particular have such different body shapes from one another that it is necessary that the fashion designer accumulates a lot of different designs of clothing to suit as many people as possible. It is interesting to see how important the human figure actually is in the fashion industry, and that actually when fashion photographers are taking the photographs, is it really about the clothes at all? Or is it about making sure every aspect of the photograph is beautiful and creates a sense of being untouchable, through the use of the body, and the way that shadows and bone structure etc.. Play a really big role in art culture and society?



I made sure that I got different areas of the overall face/body, to make sure that I really showed in detail areas of the skin, where accessories would go, to show that every aspect of the body is really important, for fashion photographers. Even just a small section of the skin could be the focus of a photograph, even just a hand, its about how the hand is positioned in such a way that will convey beauty in the piece.

Steven Meisel

Steven Meisel is an American fashion photographer who was born on 5th June 1954. His fascination for beauty and models started at a very young age. Whilst other children would play with toys, he would instead turn to magazines like Vogue for inspiration for his drawing. He looked to women like Gloria Guinness and Babe Paley who helped him discover ideas of beauty and high society. He began by studying at the High School of Art and Design and Parsons School For design, at which he attended different courses but managed to get himself an interview with Ingrid Sischy for Vogue France, whilst finally receiving a major in Fashion Illustration. One of his first jobs was to work for Halston, the fashion designer, as an illustrator, whilst teaching part time. He figured that his interests were actually with photography, so he went to Elite Model Management, where a booker who liked his illustrations allowed him to take photographs of some models. Seventeen magazine found some of Maisel's work in models portfolios and asked him if he'd like to work with them, and from then on, was employed by US and Italian Vogue, as well as contributing to a number of artists album covers for example, Madonna's 'Like a Virgin in 1984.

These photographs are a part of Steven Meisel's series 'Venus in furs', in Vogue Italia, November 2010. In this series, he was shooting a number of photographs advertising fur jackets. These images, although advertising clothing, focus on the models being nude. The photographer uses 'Second Skin' as his slogan, showing that by wearing a fur coat, you are wearing another animal's skin on top of your own. Not only does this show how actual skin from animals are used in high – end clothes, but also shows how the human figure/features is very important in fashion photography. These photographs show two models intertwined with each other, the photographer cleverly uses this as a metaphor for his 'Second Skin' series, by not only showing that the human body is necessary in order for clothes to be worn and create different styles in clothing, but also shows that the fur that is being advertised, is represented in two bodies to show that the fur is essentially wearing another specimens skin to create a fashion image in clothing. During ancient Greek times, nude painting was the only form of arts that were around, and the people of ancient Greece would create vases, and buy them in order to sell a dream, or a passion to them, something that they could look up to. This is still used in modern day and proves that the body/skin is really essential in fashion photography, because it has always been important in the arts, and has actually gotten more important especially as photography and fashion has progressed over the years, becoming more popular to use people as the focus in photographs.

In this photograph, Meisel uses only aspects of fur clothing in his photographs, putting the main focus onto the bodies. The photographer has cleverly positioned the models, by only showing specific areas of the skin, and having the other model covering areas, the way he has done this makes the photograph more compositionally impacting, creating an actual sense of 'second skin', by having the models overlapped and intertwined with each other. Both models have very pale skin, and the because the background is plain white it originally creates quite a dark atmosphere and quite a clinical looking image, however, Meisel manages to create beauty out of the actual image. By using the fur inbetween the models and the white background, it breaks up the image creating a softer image and putting more of the focus onto the models. The way Meisel has positioned each part of the body is with each other creates intricate shapes, and almost a symmetrical picture, making both models lie in a really similar way in opposite directions. He also uses the camera in a really clever way in both images. He manages to crop the picture so that in every area of the photograph, there is a body part/ligament in it. The way he does this manages to almost create a piece of artwork.

After looking at this artist, I feel that this expands my idea of skin a lot further. In the most recent part of my project, I have discovered that the body is actually the necessity and real beauty in fashion photography, and Steven Meisel also shows this through this series, in so many different ways, especially in the way they bodies of the two models are intertwined with each other, showing the details of the shape of the body and the way that shape of clothes are designed specifically to fit the natural shape of the body. Looking at it from this perspective, shows that clothes in fashion isn't the optimum focus in fashion photography, and actually it's actually down to the bare minimum. Clothes are simply made and designed in a specific way in order to make the person look/feel attractive and confident, and the way they do this is by creating an item of clothing or accessory to accentuate and show off the body/face we already have.





Final Photoshoot aims:

I began my project by exploring lots of different styles of fashion photography, in order to not only look into which style I wanted to continue to discover in more detail, but also to look into how different fashion photographers use these specific styles and techniques to create an image so powerful that it draws people in and makes them want to by an item of clothing, or a perfume etc... that is being advertised. I looked into portraiture, street style, and capturing culture through my own images, to see which I thought turned out the best, and what made the most striking fashion photograph.

As my project developed, I realised that actually, fashion photography isn't necessarily about the clothes, as most people would think that it is. It is in fact about capturing the most striking photograph, whether that would be capturing beauty, or capturing vibrant colours that stand out, or whether it's just capturing a photograph that promotes an up-to-date image capturing the latest trends in aspects of the whole picture. What all fashion photographs have in common, is the idea of creating an image that the public are attracted to, and putting it in a magazine or on the wall of a shop, so that it draws people into the shop and ultimately makes them want to buy the clothes that are being sold, even if the photograph has nothing to do with clothes itself.

I found this really interesting because the more I looked into it, I began to realise that you could have an image of a model with no clothing on at all, and it would still create the same effect, because it still creates that idea of promoting a dream. People crave the idea of looking beautiful, and when there is a beautiful image that is formed by the photographer, and it is up on a shop wall, or in a magazine it creates the illusion for people that if they buy a certain item that is in the shop, they will automatically become more like the model in the photograph, even if she is wearing no clothes at all, it still creates this dream, because of the beauty in the model herself, and all the different technical aspects that are used to help create this dream, such as lighting, background, angles, and therefore the overall atmosphere that is created.

I wanted to then look into more about the beauty surrounding the body, and how each individual curve and bone, are a necessity when creating clothes in the first place. If the body didn't exist, then neither would the clothes. And the fact that in ancient Greek times, thy used mostly nude paintings on vases and as pieces of art, proves that the body has been in art culture for many years and even though the image of the 'ideal' body changes over the years. It remains a huge part of art culture, and fashion photographers use this as a way to advertise different styles.

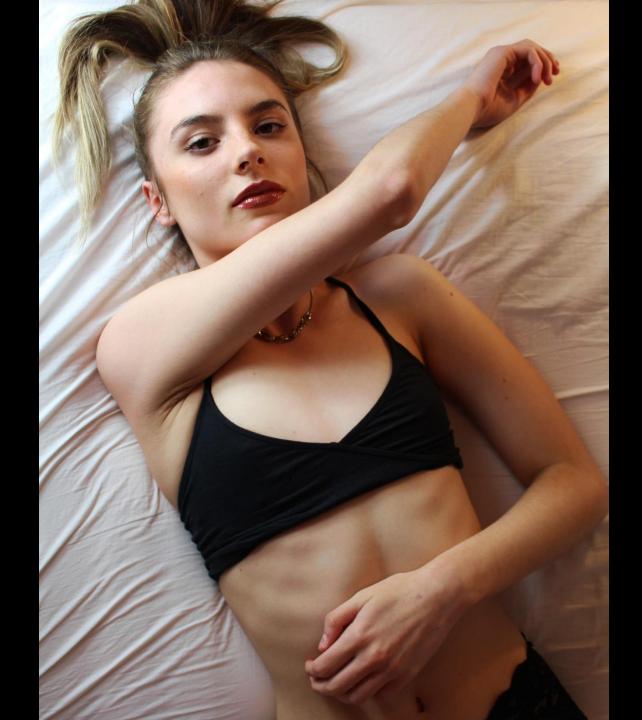
Through looking into lots of different artists that explore different ways of showing fashion through the lens, I want to be able to prove that clothes aren't needed in order to promote fashion, and fashion isn't actually surrounding clothes. I want to show a really natural picture of my model, with very simplistic and limited clothing, with taking no focus away from the body, and the curves/bone structure. I am going to make sure that the background is also very simplistic, but I want to add an aspect of material into it, which will add both texture and atmosphere to the overall piece. I feel that the creases in the sheet will add dimension and tones to the piece. In order to make the overall atmosphere of the piece really natural, I want to edit the photograph as little as possible to show the raw skin tones, but I am also going to experiment with putting some in black and white, as I have said, when exploring some artists such as Avedon, the fact that he has put his photographs into black and white helps to covey emotion, and this idea of untouchable beauty, and as the end of my project has been about exploring the idea of untouchable beauty and the body, I want to show this in my own work.

Colour/black and white comparison

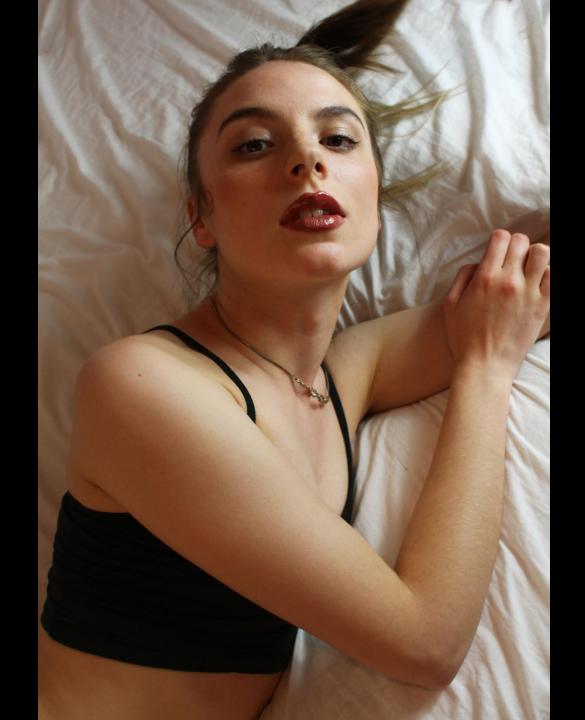


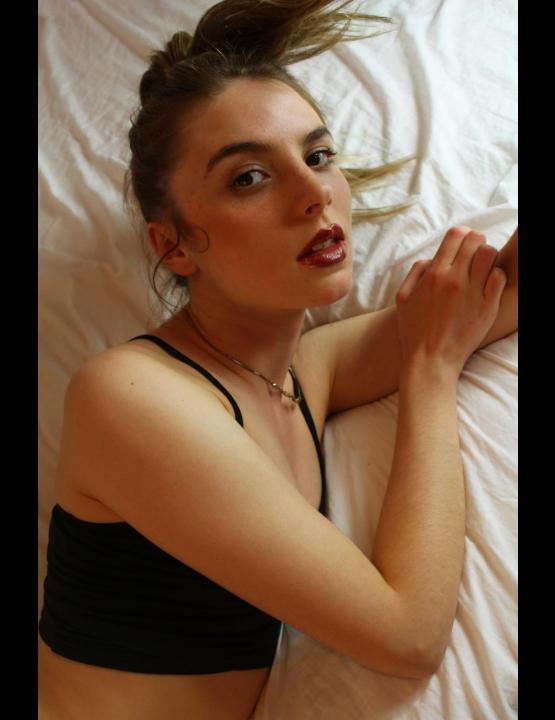
I wanted to put these photographs together because I wanted to not only show how I have tried to create quite an emotional photograph on the left hand side, showing aspects that I have learnt throughout my project, and I think that this does clearly convey the emotion and beauty I want to, but at the same time I feel that the coloured photograph on the right, conveys what I am trying to say a lot more, and I feel that in colour it allows us to see the skin tones within it, that shows the real raw beauty of the skin and the body. I therefore think that to present my work, I will have coloured photographs from this photoshoot, to make sure that I have created the most striking and beautiful image as possible, and really focus the photograph around the different aspects that make up a beautiful fashion photograph, mainly the idea of skin and the body.













Final Evaluation

In my final photoshoot, I wanted to be able to show how the body is a really important necessity of fashion photography, and how the curves in the figure and the skin as well as the bone structure, are all aspects that help to make up a really beautiful photograph. Throughout my project I have explored many different aspects that are used by fashion photographers to create a really beautiful and striking photograph such as lighting, angles, setting and atmosphere. What I have found is that actually in fashion photography, the image focus isn't on the clothes that are being worn, but is on creating an overall striking and beautiful image that people will look at and automatically be drawn to. Because of the constant need to be different and out there we are continuously changing ourselves to become more beautiful and more attractive. When we see a beautiful picture of a model, it makes us want to become as beautiful as the model, or have the lifestyle that is being shown. We don't actually think about the fact that it's all a facade that is created by the fashion industry in order to draw us in and make us believe that we will become like them if we buy a specific item of clothing, or a specific perfume, etc.. All these material things that are being sold, don't actually have to be in the photograph. It's the idea of selling a dream. I wanted to prove this in my photoshoot, using the body as my focus, and show that the human body has been a necessity in art culture for many years, even before the idea of 'trendy clothing' came into play, and has always been an obsession of ours. This longing for looking a particular way because of the need to be beautiful and stand out from society means that if the fashion industry tells us that we need to be really skinny, or really curvy, or have long hair etc... we will feel the pressure to become that person, in order to be beautiful, which ultimately shows how we are all a Chic Sheep in society. Even though we despirately want to be different and stand out, the pressures of society stop us from doing so and we end up following rediculous 'trends' set by the fashion industry, which constantly changes, and the idea of beauty, especially the way that the female body is depicted, is persistently being manipulated.



Chic Sheep

My personal study is an investigation into the fashion industry, fashion photography and the influence it has on the mass population.

Fashion photography interests me because of the multiple different elements and styles that make up this genre. Through research that I've already done, I have noticed that there were a lot of big fashion photographer influencers during the 20th century, including Avedon, who liked to focus on portrait photographs that capture emotion and movement. Other photographers such as Adolf de Meyer, focused more on the gentry/royalty in his photographs, these sorts of photographs were seen in Vogue in the early part of the 19th Century and were more studio based. I have also discovered that street fashion photography is a later development and it's in this area that I am currently more interested because it is less about fame and more about street culture. It moves out of the studio and combines documentary style photography with high fashion. I am beginning to take photoshoots to explore each individual style in order to discover which one I'm most interested in and how this controls what we wear and our aspirations.

To start with I am going to explain different styles of fashion photography, to get the general idea of how all the different fashion photographers use different techniques and stylize things differently. The photographers I will use as inspiration will be Avedon, along with Mario Testino who's a lot more modern than Avedon, but uses the same style of portraiture in fashion photography. I will also use inspiration from Neil Stewart who focuses on more documentary style, but still manages to capture vintage styles from the 1970's. I will then look at very high end Vogue artists and how they use the studio to create a really staged sort of picture and how they control fashion and ultimately what we wear.

I want to investigate in more depth what statement each style makes about fashion and culture. Whether fashion photography can only be linked to high-end aspirations or whether the lines are becoming increasingly blurred it is obvious that fashion and photography are intrinsically linked. Fashion uses the photographer and culture to create a style or a concept. Is it the photographers craft to sell the dream or create an illusion of a world that doesn't really exist? Does it control how successful people are? Is what we wear really important?

Before I look into any individual artists that relate to my project, I am going to look into 20th Century Fashion Photography, to help me understand further the real meaning and history behind combining fashion and photography together to create a certain image.



































Adolf de Meyer was the person who allowed fashion to rise in society, as his royal patron made him a baron. This allowed him to automatically be entered into the ranks of the Prince of Wales entourage. During this time, he found that his wife called Olga, possessed all the qualities needed to create a modern version of marriage à le mode (a series of six pictures painted by William Hogarth between 1743 and 1745 depicting a pointed skewering of upper class 18th century society), a series to show that societies outsiders are susceptible to fashion because of the looser social structures.

Meyers real breakthrough came at the beginning of the century, this happened when American publisher Condé Nast engaged him for Vogue. At this time Vogue wasn't very popular, however within a few years Nast, an imaginative and effective publisher of fashion photography turned Vogue into a force to be reckoned with within the fashion industry and Meyer's images with their gloss of extravagant glamour became the complete support system for the Vogue campaign. Multiple pieces in Vogue helped to develop standards for society life and an entrepreneur of good taste according to the historian Nancy Hall-Duncan. This controlled the magazines visual appearance for a while until Steichen took over. Vogue and Vanity Fair as well as Harpers Bazaar were the leaders of opinion in matters of haute couture (expensive, fashionable clothes produced by leading fashion houses) and high society and therefore provided a suitable framework for socialites wearing the latest fashions. One example of this is Meyer's photos of ladies of good breeding modelling in their choice of clothing, which resulted in giving fashion photography an element of documentary style within it. Most fashion photography came from women's aspirations to a career outside of the house, which lead film actors to find themselves in the limelight whilst stage actors were instead pushed to the side. As show business grew, artists, musicians, writers etc... became promoters for fashion. In return, the artists were lent the relevant magazines and up and coming journals of the social elite between WW1 and WW2. Photography was later seen as the perfect way to visually express fashion, helped by mass press, which advertised this technical medium and increased the sphere of influence of fashion. Fashion is seen as the material in which photography captures it in a fleeting moment; therefore the two concepts complement each other because in photography even a second could be captured and seen as a pose.

Before Steichen came and cleared the stylistic clutter within fashion photography, there always seemed to be an aspect of it within certain photographs that pre-dated Meyer. For example, the fashion that was being shown in these photographs seemed strangely old fashioned. Within the laws of fashion photography, as an attempt to completely aestheticize both visible and tangible realities, fashion is seen as a web of expectations and ideas.

Martin Munkácsi was an outstanding photojournalist who had experience with fine art photography, sports photography, and although he didn't actually have any experience with fashion photography, Carmel Snow and her art director from Harpers Bazaar gave him a contract as soon as he arrived in the USA. Carmel Snow had come from Vogue to its rival Harpers Bazaar, and became the most influential fashion editor in two years, after firing Meyer and completely revamping the magazine, and because he wasn't familiar with the usual fashion trends in fashion photography, he therefore thought about more casual, relaxed and less high end fashion. To show this, models could appear to be photographs of young women on the street and on the beach, because they seemed so relaxed.

Whilst Meyer was photographing models in luxury clothing, Munkácsi was capturing the 'hectic' theatre of street life, however even this type of photography is managed. Fashion is seen as the antithesis to nature, but even so it seems like the two opposing sides came

together to create fashion photography in Munkácsi's work, which combines both documentary style photography and stage-managed form.

Each new fashion kills yesterday's fashion, and only by using photography can this be captured. Munkácsi's aesthetic strategies changed the style of fashion photography and inspired modern contemporaries such as Toni Frissell and Herman Landshoff, however they did not completely dominate fashion photography in the 30's and 40's. Whilst Hoyningen-Huene focused on Classical Greek Theatre props to create this sense of timeless beauty within his photographs, Blumenfeld and Man Ray strove to synthesize the two poles of WW1 and WW2. After the Second World War, dreams seemed to flourish in fashion photography again, but instead photographers would portray an anti-world within their images to contrast with the reality of ruined towns, dressed in elegant dresses and suits.

During these constructs, pictures were usually of women and some of the images lead people to drive the women that fought 'like men', to retreat to their regular position as house wife, representing all the men who came back after war demanding their 'places' back in society.

Richard Avedon, who began taking photographs when he was in the marines, noticed that Munkácsi had previously focused on the relaxed nature of fashion on young females, allowing Avedon to take photos that had emotions, souls and feelings in them. His work began with him capturing the deprivation on the streets after the war, later allowing the models to look through those photos and therefore the emotion on their faces and bodies can be captured through the camera.

In contrast to this, Penn, who was a photographer that worked for Vogue and Harpers Bazaar, focused very much on portraits and fashion shoots. These photograph automatically acquired the same status as the models had within them.

Due to the increasing prosperity during the 60's and 70's, the aesthetics and the look of fashion photography changed dramatically, ensuring a wide interest in cheaper fashion items. During this time in fashion photography the changes within society were shown to a great extent in an aspect of the models rather than in the fashions they were presenting and through this, some photographers began to take portraits of the idols in society.

After looking into fashion photography taken in the 20th Century, I have realised that the black and white and sepia tones in these photographs, make the photographs capture a lot more emotion and movement within them, as well as the particular way they use lighting, and positioning of the models. Richard Avedon stood out to me as one of the photographers that largely focused on this, after taking inspiration from previous fashion photographers such as Munkácsi.

Richard Avedon was an American fashion and portrait photographer $(15^{th} May 1923 - 1^{st} October 2004)$. Born in New York City, to a Jewish family, his father Jacob Israel Avedon was a Russian born immigrant who advanced from menial work to running his own business in retail, selling dresses. Avedon's mother was the person who encouraged Richards's love of fashion and art. His interests in photography emerged at the age of 12 when he joined a camera club called Young Men's Hebrew Association. Here, he would use a family camera to explore his curiosity of the world. At the beginning of his passion for photography he used his younger sister during her teenage years as the first of his models, who struggled through schizophrenia. After taking these pictures, it inspired him to continue to capture pureness

and beauty within his work. During his early years, Avedon attended DeWitt Clinton High School, where for 3 years he worked on the school paper 'The Magpie' alongside James Baldwin. During the same time, he won the Scholastic Art and Writing Award. After graduating, he then went on to university to study philosophy and poetry, but dropped out and decided to instead work as a photographer for the Merchant Marines. This is when he began working as an advertising photographer for a department store, and was quickly noticed and endorsed by Alexy Brodovitch, the art director for Harper's Bazaar.

The first piece I have chosen to evaluate is a black and white portrait of a girl with her hand running through her hair. I think that this style of fashion photography focuses on the person and the face, rather than the clothes. I feel that with this photograph, the emotion is very clearly captured. There is a definite atmosphere of anxiety communicated by the model putting her hands into her messed up hair. The triangle that is created by her arm perfectly frames her face and creates a very powerful composition. The square format works really well with this golden triangular composition. Avedon is prone to using movement within his work and sometimes the movement is more prevalent then the fashion he is supposedly advertising. His photographs always have a high level of glamour and sophistication. By putting his models in a very simple piece of clothing, usually a black flowy dress or something which shows the collarbones and neck area, Avedon uses the way the model is positioned and the expression on their faces to create this concept of fashion photography without actually making it all about the clothes. The second photograph is a clear representation of Avedon using the face and shoulders of the model to convey emotion within the image. In this photograph, a girl is shown with her hair slicked back and braided very tidily. This automatically puts the focus straight onto the face of the model, who has quite simple makeup although with a bold winged eyeliner. The posture of the model also is very interesting, putting the focus around the anatomy and facial structure. I like the way Avedon has done this because the simplistic hair and makeup has actually ended up making the image more about the person and the emotion within the portrait. His style of photographic work is definitely linked more to the high end fashion market, where the style is sometimes more abstract in the same way as a catwalk style is abstract to what appears in a high street shop. His photographs are about the whole style of a person, their hair, their makeup, their bone structure, their profile. They're almost like a haute couture product of the fashion world.





The extremely sophisticated or over dream-like qualities to his work make the model seem untouchable or alien. The black and white style is from a different era and creates a sense that these models are from a different time. The lighting is key to creating this tonal effect. The skin looks really bleached out in both photographs, especially in the first one. It is clear he's used a strong studio light that is directed from one side, to create a contrast of light and dark. It may have been that the models have been made up in a particular way, to highlight their bone structure. He uses dark, hard lines to define certain aspects of the model. The lighting also makes the model appear skinnier, by showing off all the bone structure beneath the skin. Does this make them look more like medical specimens? I feel very detached from the models in the photograph. I feel that this is a combination of all the elements discussed in this evaluation. The nature of fashion studio photography generally creates a high glamour image, which is a reflection of the environment it is taken in. It's very formal, and is still used in modern day high-end fashion magazines because this ideal and fake world or vision is something to which people still aspire.

I have learnt that fashion photographers like Richard Avedon use these techniques to come up with this vision of the model being perfect and untouchable, making everyone who sees it want to look like her and feel like there's this ideal person who we have to become in order to fit in to society. The fashion photographer uses a camera to create a barrier between the 'ideal' and regular people, making society want to fit in and follow all the fashion trends, otherwise there's this underlying feeling that they aren't living up to standards. A good fashion photograph elevates the model and the style it's promoting. We all aspire to have what we can't have.

After looking at Richard Avedon, I have realised that fashion photography is not necessarily limited to clothes. From learning this, I want to do a contrasting photoshoot in which I explore how you can put a model in ridiculous clothing/makeup or nothing at all in order to achieve this image. Mario Testino is a fashion photographer who tends to focus on making his models wear very vibrant and out-there makeup/clothes.

Mario Testino is a fashion and portrait photographer born on 30th October 1954, and raised in Lima, Peru, to an 'upper class' Catholic family. Whilst attending the Catholic School Santa Maria Marianstas, he wanted to become a priest, but after studying Economics at Universidas del Pacifico, then Pontificia Universidad Catolica del Peru and finally University of San Diego, he decided to do something different and in 1976 went to London to study photography. During his time with apprenticeships at the studios of John Vickers and Paul Nugent, he made first attempts as a photographer. As he started out, he was living in an unconverted, empty floor of a hospital without much money, and funding himself only working as a waiter. After a while he died his hair pink, which helped people recognize him as a photographer, taking inspiration from Cecil Beaton, and his childhood growing up in Peru and Brazil, which helped him shape his work. Finally, he started appearing in Vogue during the early 1980's.

I have chosen to evaluate this piece of Kate Moss with bright paints on her face coordinating with a bright teal background. Looking at this image, Mario Testino uses bright bold colours and makeup to create a striking image. He has designed the makeup to be abstract using random colours around her eyes, and has used bright red lipstick in a patchy sort of way, to create a unique and eye-catching image. I feel that the emotion in this photograph is particularly empowering to women and fashion, because of the way the model still manages to look so beautiful and striking, drawing the public in. Not only this, but in contrast to Richard Avedon, Mario Testino's photographs are initially more striking and in

your face, and Richard Avedon seems to focus more on the pureness and beauty. This photograph is taken particularly zoomed in to the models face, cropping out the majority of the forehead, and the bottom of the chin. This technique automatically puts the focus directly onto the face, which therefore makes you look more closely at not only the colours and patterns, but also the structure of her face. The fact that the golden rule is broken brings more focus to the image also. The image is taken, so that the face is very central in the image, using portrait techniques, however he has instead, used the landscape format, making the photograph even more abstract in manner.



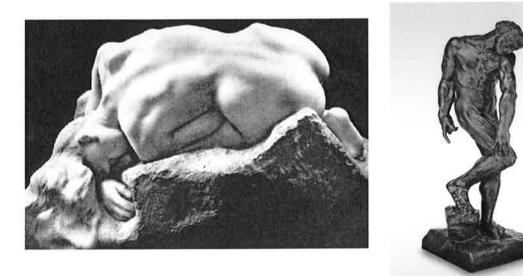
Personally, I think the way that Testino has done this image is very clever because he has managed to create a photograph that has the capability of selling something, even though it could have nothing to do with the item that it's selling. Kate Moss herself was the 'it' girl of her time, and someone to aspire to. As a fashion photographer, people would think straight away that it requires clothes in order to sell the dream of looking like the model in a particular brand of clothing. I initially thought that Mario Testino was focusing on the fashion, because of the way that he uses bright colours and bright makeup. He is undoubtedly creating an unrealistic image of someone, and unlike Avedon, Testino focuses more on street fashion photography. However, the more you analyze his photographs; you realize that the majority of them, like Richard Avedon's, focus more on the physicality of the model, not the actual clothes. The only difference between Avedon and Testino is that Avedon focuses more on high end, natural beauty and physique of models, creating a sense of purity, which he uses to sell clothing. Testino however tends to use models with particularly defined facial structures, along with current, modern, exciting and over-the-top abstract makeup looks. Only occasionally does he use clothing within his photographs. The reasons that this stands out to me so much, is because it shows that you could put a model in ridiculous clothing or makeup, or even nothing at all and put a photograph of it up in a shop window, and still manage to attract customers to the shop, enticing them to buy something, even though it's not got anything to do with the clothes. Because of the abstract and eye-catching nature of the photographs, it automatically creates this unrealistic dream of exciting imagery, which ultimately makes people want to become like this person. This therefore creates the illusion of fashion photography actually being about clothes, but is actually more about the dream that it's creating.

After looking at Mario Testino, I want to look in more detail about ways that fashion photographers manage to create an image of the 'ideal' person/dream, without the use of clothes. So far I have looked at Richard Avedon who uses simplistic clothing, hair and makeup, yet manages to create more of a beautiful and classy look and dream than he would if he put the model in street fashion, for example. Mario Testino still manages to show this idea, but in a different way, as he focuses more on the way he can put models in ridiculous makeup/bright colours and still manage to create a more attractive image than he would if they were wearing clothing. For this reason, I want to explore more into the body and the human skin, and how essential it is in art and photography. I want to show that without either of these things, clothes wouldn't even be able to exist so therefore isn't really what makes a fashion photography photograph. To establish the beauty of the human form and how it has inspired fashion photography I decided to look at nudes in fine art. There are many examples, but I feel that Rodin's work is most relevant.

Auguste Rodin (12th November 1840 – 17th November 1917) was a French sculptor. From the age of 10 he taught himself to draw and had a fairly self-taught education, but from the age of 14-17 attended the Petite Ecole, a school specializing in both art and mathematics, where he studied drawing and painting. He started creating his new own unique style because of his drawing teacher Horace Lecog de Boisbaudran. He believed in teaching his students to first of all develop their personality so that they observed artistic work with their own eyes so therefore interpret it in their own way. After attending the school, Rodin earned a position as a craftsman and ornamenter for most of the next two decades producing decorative objects and architectural establishments. In 1864 Rodin submitted his first sculpture for exhibition 'The Man with the Broken Nose', to the Paris Salon. This piece wasn't originally a bust and is in fact broken off at the neck. This actually put the focus onto the texture and emotional state of the piece creating a character fro many of his later pieces. The salon rejected the piece, but he carried on trying to pursue this style further. After developing this new and unique style, Rodin's work focused on the human figure and the way lighting and angles help to make it look interesting, creating shadows in specific areas and adding more dimension to the piece.

These two pieces by Rodin, Denaid 1886-1902, on the left, and 'Adam', modeled 1881, cast about 1924, The second sculpture, 'Adam', is influenced by Michelangelo and is aimed through the pose of the model to show power and inner anguish. Rodin has created the uncomfortable pose of Adam by incorporating two famous gestures of Michelangelo's work. The figure is to be framed by the beginning of life, and the strong pose represents this. The way the sculpture is angled in comparison to the light determines how the muscles are shown. If the light were coming from one side, it would create really interesting angles and shadows in the folds and dimensions in the body. The sculpture on the left was made out of white marble, was carved with the inspiration of Denaid, one of the fifty daughters of Danaus who killed their fifty bridegrooms on their wedding night and was condemned to draw water in a sieve for eternity. The position of the beautiful nymph creates a beauty around the skin of the back and the intricate angles and curves of the body and folds in the skin. The position of the body evokes sadness because of the way she is curved away looking down. If it weren't for the interesting angles and curves in the body of the statue, as well as the emotion conveyed, it could appear to be erotic, but instead isn't looked at that way at all. The way that Rodin wanted to show the beauty surrounding his sculpture even more, was by placing it directly by a window so that the natural lighting would shine through, creating a sort of 'angel-like' atmosphere surrounding it. This not only makes the vision of the sculpture appear more holy but the lighting is also cleverly positioned so that it adds

definition to the curves of the body, putting more focus onto the shape of the human figure itself and also adding shadows into specific areas, making it appear more 3D and tonal, giving It more of an atmosphere.



The techniques used by the sculptor show how the human body is an extremely intricate and beautiful thing. Rodin makes sure that whether he is carving the statue, or molding it, there is a continuous pattern throughout his work, and that is the way he manages to create a complete realistic representation of the human anatomy. I have noticed how he has taken every factor into account when displaying his work, showing that there are so many different aspects which are key in making the atmosphere and appearance of the work as beautiful as possible. He mentions that he will place a statue of his in a particular position and at a specific distance from the light source in order to put emphasis on the shadows on and surrounding the piece. Because he works with figures, the light source allows him to create a sense of beauty surrounding the body, creating a 'glow' around the sculpture, making it appear almost holy. As well as this, the curves and folds in the 'skin' of the statue are emphasized by the light creating more in depth detail to his statue. Through this, it shows that Rodin actually pays a lot of attention to different aspects that affect his sculpture, and the reason for this is because he wants to be able to accentuate the beauty of the human body.

Whilst looking at the way Rodin uses only one medium, and focuses his work on simply the body by itself, I have realised that the human figure has always been important in arts, and many pieces especially from ancient Greece. It proves that the real beauty is actually stripped down to the bare minimum and in fashion photography it's not actually the clothes that make a fashionable and beautiful image. Many artists and photographers that focus on the body, like Rodin, focus directly on the figure and the curves and bones within it, and nothing else to show the real true raw beauty. Therefore when fashion photographers are taking their photographed were wearing clothes, the clothes wouldn't be able to even exist without the body and all the curves and angles with the body is what clothes are shaped and designed from. Every single item has to be fitted perfectly with the intricate curves and shapes of the body, which shows how essential the body actually is. Fashion isn't about the clothes, and is in fact this idea of the ideal and 'the dream'. What makes people intrigued with the item being advertised/sold is a beautiful photograph, which is made up by lots of different aspects of photography, including lighting, angles, depth and dimension. Also

through looking at his work, I have noticed that through mainly using marble or bronze, etc. the colour is very natural and this could be another aspect that actually makes it appear more beautiful to the eye. The simplicity of the photograph is actually, what makes it more sophisticated and pleasant to the eye, therefore black and white/natural colours in photography can be an additional aspect to the beauty surrounding the photograph.

It is no surprise that the human body is used in art, but when people see it do they actually understand the true purpose of it? If I were to show someone who had no idea about the reasoning, a picture of someone showing a lot of skin, they would automatically presume that it was sexual, and not actually be able to see the real beauty within the picture and the work of art it manages to create. By looking into a lot more detail surrounding the history of nudity in art, it has truly helped me to understand the beauty and importance of it. If I hadn't have looked into it, I wouldn't fully understand the reasoning as to why it was such a fascination, but now I know, it shows that there are so many different aspects to the body that make it a work of art. By discovering this, it has inspired me to look deeper into how the body is one of the most important aspects of fashion photography, and how even though it may not initially appear the most important aspect of fashion photography, the real beauty is actually in fact down to the bare minimum.

Steven Meisel is an American fashion photographer who was born on 5th June 1954. His fascination for beauty and models started at a very young age. Whilst other children would play with toys, he would instead turn to magazines like Vogue for inspiration for his drawing. He looked to women like Gloria Guinness and Babe Paley who helped him discover ideas of beauty and high society. He began by studying at the High School of Art and Design and Parsons School For Design, at which he attended different courses but managed to get himself an interview with Ingrid Sischy for Vogue France, whilst finally receiving a major in Fashion Illustration. One of his first jobs was to work for Halston, the fashion designer, as an illustrator, whilst teaching part-time. He figured that his interests were actually with photography, so he went to Elite Model Management, where an employee who liked his illustrations allowed him to take photographs of some models. Seventeen magazine found some of Maisel's work in models' portfolios and asked him if he'd like to work with them, and from then on, was employed by US and Italian Vogue, as well as contributing to a number of artists album covers, for example, Madonna's 'Like a Virgin' in 1984.

These photographs are a part of Steven Meisel's series 'Venus in Furs', in Vogue Italia, November 2010. In this series, he was shooting a number of photographs advertising fur jackets. These images, although advertising clothing, focus on the models being nude. The photographer uses 'Second Skin' as his slogan, showing that by wearing a fur coat, you are wearing another animal's skin on top of your own. Not only does this show how actual skin from animals are used in high-end clothes, but also shows how the human figure/features is very important in fashion photography. These photographs show two models intertwined with each other, the photographer cleverly uses this as a metaphor for his 'Second Skin' series, by not only showing that the human body is necessary in order for clothes to be worn and create different styles in clothing, but also shows that the fur that is being advertised, is represented in two bodies to show that the fur is essentially wearing another specimens skin to create a fashion image in clothing. During ancient Greek times, nude painting was the only form of arts that were around, and the people of ancient Greece would create vases, and buy them in order to sell a dream, or a passion to them, something that they could look up to. This is still used in modern day and proves that the body/skin is really essential in fashion photography, because it has always been important in the arts, and has actually

grown in importance especially as photography and fashion has progressed over the years, becoming more popular to use people as the focus in photographs.

In this photograph, Meisel only uses aspects of fur clothing in his photographs, putting the main focus onto the bodies. The photographer has cleverly positioned the models, by only showing specific areas of the skin, and having the other model covering areas. The way he has done this makes the photograph more compositionally impacting, creating an actual sense of 'second skin', by having the models overlapped and intertwined with each other. Both models have very pale skin, and because the background is plain white it originally creates quite a dark atmosphere and quite a clinical looking image, however, Meisel manages to create beauty out of the actual image. By using the fur in-between the models and the white background, it breaks up the image creating a softer image and putting more of the focus onto the models. The way Meisel has positioned parts of the body with each other creates intricate shapes, and almost a symmetrical picture, making both models lie in a really similar way in opposite directions. He also uses the camera in a really clever way in both images. He manages to crop the picture so that in every area of the photograph, there is a body part/ligament in it. The way he does this manages to almost create a piece of artwork.





After looking at this artist, I feel that this expands my idea of skin a lot further. In the most recent part of my project, I have discovered that the body is actually the necessity and real beauty in fashion photography, and Steven Meisel also shows this through this series, in so many different ways, especially in the way the bodies of the two models are intertwined with each other, showing the details of the shape of the body and the way that shape of clothes are designed specifically to fit the natural shape of the body. Looking at it from this perspective, shows that clothes in fashion isn't the optimum focus in fashion photography, and actually it's down to the bare minimum. Clothes are simply made and designed in a specific way in order to make the person look/feel attractive and confident, and the way they do this is by creating an item of clothing or accessory to accentuate and show off the body/face we already have.

On the super visual level, fashion is all about the clothes, but the fashion industry is driven by something more imbedded than that.

When photographs started to promote fashion, it was always linked to what the upper classes were wearing. The desire to have a certain look was driven by having or wanting a certain life style. Even in modern society super-models become the icon that we aspire to be like. We traditionally have been and are 'Chic Sheep' following a trend set by a few.

I have had to argue constantly that fashion is not simply about the clothes. The style and beauty created by the model, hair, makeup, lighting, and photographer is essential. Beauty is the main concept that we all strive to achieve and want to see. A style can be created without any or little clothing. Our entire obsession with our own body image and all the issues surrounding this shows the importance. If it is seen by high fashion that is good to be skinny or to have long hair, we will all feel pressured to follow this. Being a 'Chic Sheep' is part of our society despite the dangerous consequences. To stand out to not be a 'sheep' means we have to fight against what the media says is beautiful. This is linked to both what we wear and about the perception of what our body is shaped as. Our perception of beauty is set by both fashion and art, deep seated in our culture and constantly changed due to the fashion industry depicting an image that manipulates how the female body in particular is depicted.

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