



Pearson

GCE A Level Advanced Art and Design

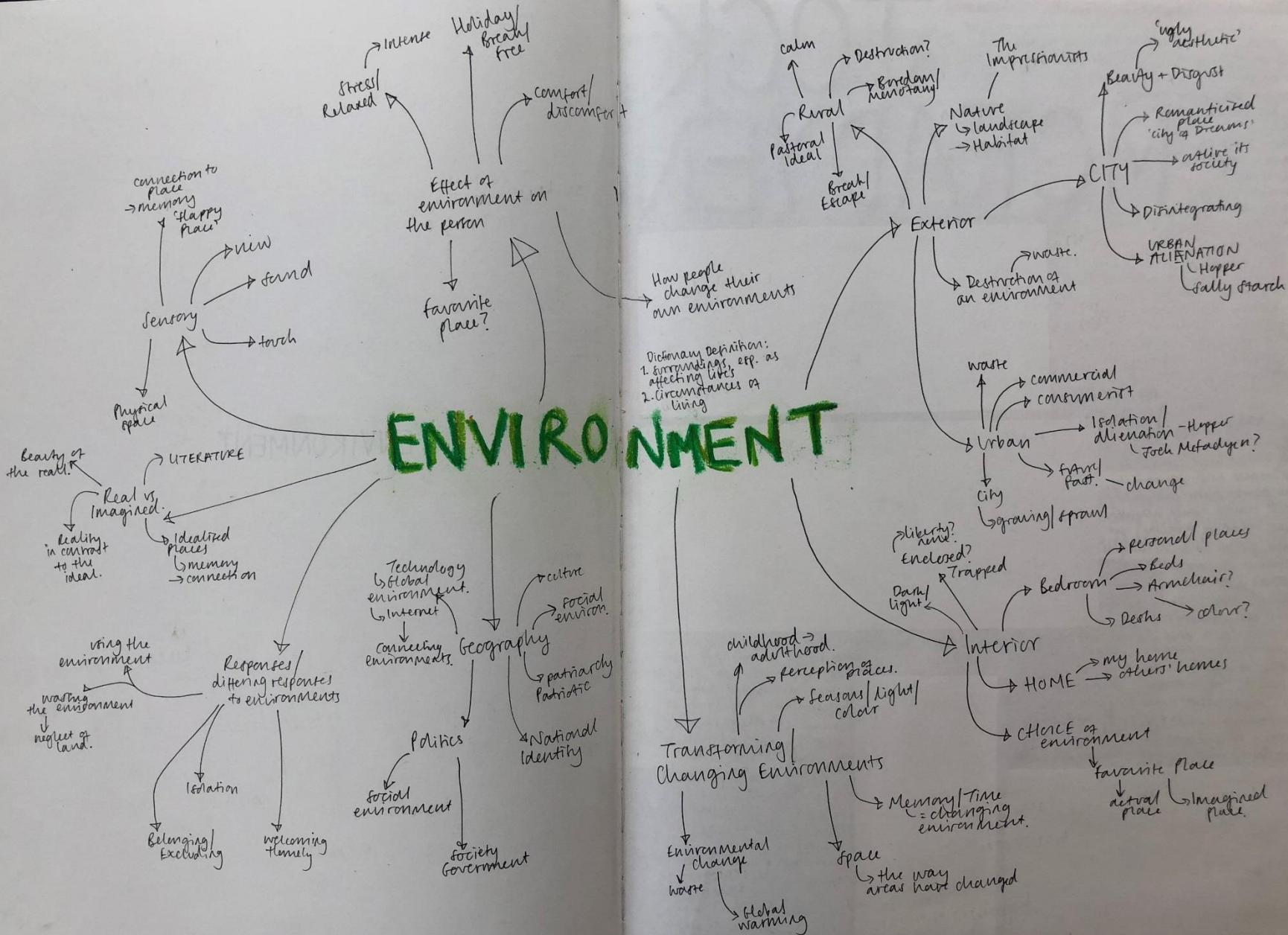
**Fine Art
Component 2**

ED

Total Mark 61

	AO1 Develop	AO2 Explore and Select	AO3 Record	AO4 Realise
Mark	15	15	16	15
Performance Level	5	5	6	5
Total out of 72			61	





Jock McFadyen is a British contemporary painter born in Scotland in 1950. He is famous for both his figurative work and his landscapes; in each he seems to explore the decay and disintegration of our urban environment.

I have looked at some of his more recent work, which largely shows scenes of East London, and in which he presents its evolving and transforming nature.

The two paintings to the right (Dagenham and Pink Flats) depict scenes of very derelict, bleak parks in East London. The scale and panoramic shape of both canvases seems to accentuate the barren quality of the underpopulated land while the stretches with minimal information and vast 'emptiness' that pervades the landscapes make them appear extremely isolated.

The works have an air of calmness and tranquility; the scenes seem completely still (which again highlights their isolating quality) yet their gloom and McFadyen's turbulent skyscapes create tension and drama (particularly in Dagenham). The paintings seem to really focus on space, and our use of it; they could raise questions about our abuse and neglect of land we build on to later discard. The crumbling, abandoned - feeling 'Pink Flats' seem almost dreamlike or visionary amid the endless-seeming stretch of peasant blue sky and still, bordering river that stands in front of it.

Before he shifted his focus to London's changing landscape, most of his work was figurative and centered around McFadyen's wife, Prince of Orange (1988) for example draws a comical link between the Dame of 1690, and London's modern-day equivalent, surrounded by a gritty, littered environment couched with the graffiti & the object on the wall

McFadyen makes a statement about London's changing social power/hierarchy, and presents the effects of it on London's urban landscape.

KILL MATTHEW BARNEY (2007)



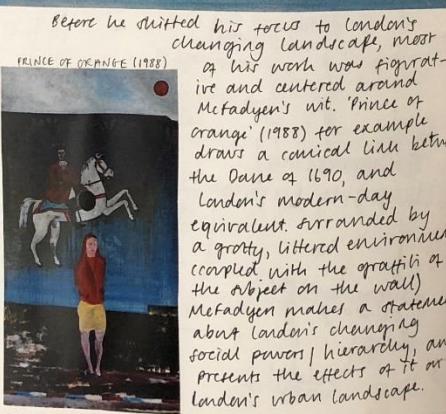
PRINCE OF ORANGE (1988)



DAGENHAM (2006)

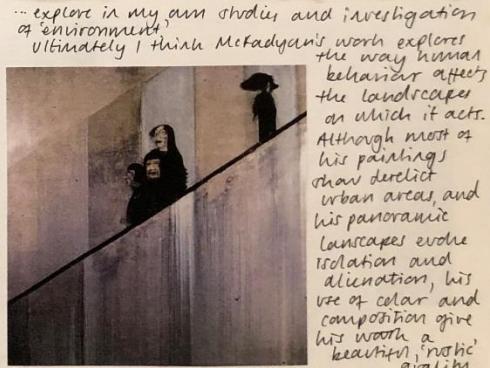


PINK FLATS (2006)



'FIELD'

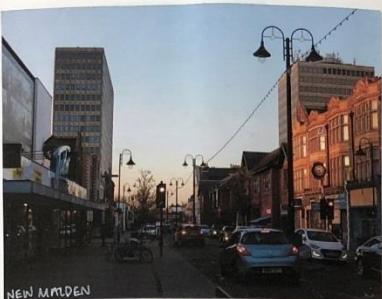
The painting that I completed a study of (above), named 'Field', was created by McFadyen with the help of architect Chris Dyson. The painting was in fact an entry into 'Property Week's' landscape competition which involved creating an idea to fill an otherwise-unused field beside a few office blocks. McFadyen and Dyson's plan (which McFadyen depicted through this painting) was to fill the area with red light; rather than add something to the grounds or alter what is there, they wanted to dramatise and excite the space by changing its atmosphere and mood with the colour of the light. I think this could be an interesting idea to...



...explore in my own studies and investigations of environments. Ultimately I think McFadyen's work explores the way human behavior affects the landscapes on which it acts. Although most of his paintings show derelict urban areas, and his panoramic landscapes evoke isolation and alienation, his use of color and composition give his work a beautiful, poetic quality.



CAMBERWELL



NEW MLDEN



CAMBERWELL



NEW MLDEN



BERLIN



CAMBERWELL

PHOTOS

Here I tried to take a series of photographs, looking at subject matter similar to that of Zoch Metadyen. I first went into my local highstreet (New Malden) and looked at particularly pretty/vandalized areas where people have neglected these



NEW MLDEN



NEW MLDEN



FATWICK



KINGSTON



MALLORCA



NEW MLDEN

man-made environments. I then waited until dusk and I took photographs of the same areas but under the romantic glow of early evening light - I was struck by the way natural light and colour could make some of the uglier places beautiful. I then looked through some of my old photos to see if I'd captured this same effect in other places - I found a photo of the crumbling buildings behind my school beneath a double rainbow, and an image of a grey airport made beautiful by a blue and orange sky that reminded me of Metadyen's 'Dagenham' overall. I pulled together enough to explore the effect of light on the city further in this project.

AI MIXED MEDIA PIECE

I wanted to further explore Metcalfe's approach to painting but using a range of mediums. To introduce texture I used charcoal, layered & crumpled tissue and newspaper. I then worked in a backdrop of blue-grey heightening the texture to mimic Metcalfe, before painting in the simplified buildings using a spatula and large paintbrush. I kept my paint application loose in order to mimic the rough and 'rough' style of the artist's work, and I added details in charcoal to emphasise the textures and grit of urban spaces. I exaggerated the coloured light to depict the heightened capability of nature.



MONOPRINTS

I began to create a series of monoprints, both using colors and in monochromatized, to further look at urban environments, how we treat them, and what effect the light and natural colors of the sky has on their visual appearance. The prints to the right I created using multiple colored printing inks. I printed a photo back-to-front, placed a plastic sheet on top and blocked in the main sections as clear, I then placed a damp sheet of paper on top of the ink and used a roller to press the ink onto it. I repeated this until the ink had all been absorbed. I think they were quite successful - the image was quite unclear to begin (a street view through a bus window) but the thick ink heightened the ambiguity and colors, which seem to blur and merge into each other.





I worked into these monoprints (coloured) with water-colour paints to heighten the vibrancy. I exaggerated the greenness and did to both show the neglect and vandalism of an environment, but also explore the idea that this leads to a kind of 'aestheticism.'



I thought that the mirthless and monotony of the black printing ink really lent itself to this image I was printing. I wanted to highlight the feel of deterioration and neglect to present the way we treat our man-made environments.

'CLOSE-UP' VIEW OF THE STREET



I like the rough and 'gritty' effect of the black monoprints - the grains where I accidentally applied pressure with my hand give the scene a more haunting atmosphere. It changed the entire mood of the scene which before seemed quite pleasant + bright.

VIEW OF THE STREET FROM A DISTANCE



This monoprint, although unlike much of my work, was one of my favourites. The darkness of the photograph meant that large sections were very difficult to trace, but I really like the emptiness and 'sketchy' appearance it created. In a way, the large blank spaces seem to emphasise the urban area's slow disintegration and neglect.



INK AND BLEACH

I chose to do an 'ink and bleach' painting of my photo of New Mullen station as I thought that the watery, fluid medium would allow me to exaggerate the grittiness of the 'run down' area. I really like using ink and bleach as I like to continue working back into paintings, gradually adding more details and the bleach particularly allows you to do this. To exaggerate the vandalism-and-disintegrating brickwork at this small corner of the street I began by using very watery ink that I let run down the page, which gives the scene a 'fading' or 'collapsing' quality. The contrast of the bright orange bleach next to the dark greys and blues makes the piece quite dynamic, while the watery, quick brushstrokes give the scene a sense of movement / motion that I think is quite effective and further emphasizes the sense of urban decay and its continuous deterioration.

FELTING

In this felted piece I wanted to draw attention to the sky's colour and pink glow. To get this effect in the felt itself I layered 2 sheets of white wool down before layering a final sheet containing a range of coloured fibres. I made sure to keep this final layer of fibre very thin, using a few strands of each type of wool to allow the colours to intermingle and blend into each other. I think the stitched-in continuous black line revealing the street below the sky was quite effective. It's simplicity and minimal nature draws attention to the pink of the sky, while its look gradually seems to turn the plain dull street into a form of isolated patterns and structures/shapes, which heightens the aestheticism and draws on the idea that natural light/beauty can make the ugliest city glow.





MARTA ZAMARSKA



A Railway Impression in Nocturne V, 2014



A Railway Impression in Nocturne V, 2014



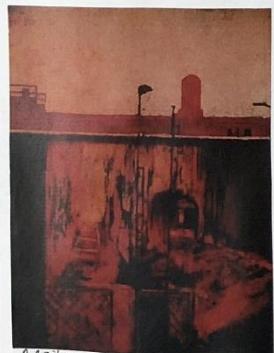
A Railway Impression, VIII

quite neutral tones, so copying her work forced me out of my comfort zone to I can really enjoyed using such a thick brush and blocking in such bright colours, an

I hope to continue in this project of work. At points I found it quite tricky trying to capture the same luxurians and thick brush strokes she did with oil paints; however and even in terms of understanding her approach.

When researching Zamarska's work I came across "Monet and Hopper" which I thought would explore the effect of light on colour, but rather than Impressionists, she focuses on the derelict, often

by applying a fantastical and dreamlike quality to these lonely, forgotten places, she creates a world to make the more bearable. In work is quite cynical about the state of our society environments we are however, the beauty morning and sun-set light almost provides hope in the way something so natural can make even the ugliest environment beautiful!



A Railway Station at Dawn

Marta Zamarska's work is a cold subject matter particularly desolat work as her use and exaggerates the heightened, almost atmosphere and and hazy - it is

(if any) in each isolated. They seem tired and their expressions are lack of energy and dynamism in the lonely areas. corner) I think are particularly successful in terms desolate and disintegrating city. The texture created highlights the grime and harshness of 'breaking the downwards motion of the running colours' gives scene is almost melting. In my own work I deal with batigues as I think it may help me to develop I took to my ink and wash painting. I completed 'in the subway' (2014) on the next page. It was a valuable exercise as I'm used to using a new approach. I

I will think my study was relatively successful

is a contemporary artist from Poland - her etchings & oil paints and batigues and her focuses on isolated street and urban areas, at train stations. The most striking aspect of her art - she seems to block out much of the detail of colour - she seems to block out much of the detail of subtle colours within each composition. She uses luminous hues, giving her paintings a haunting almost dreamlike quality. The scenes are fantastical unclear as to what is and isn't reality. The figures composition are sparse and seem completely vague and individualistic. There is a complete Zamarska's batigues (in the bottom left-hand corner) I think are particularly successful in terms of presenting both a in the dripping wet-down buildings, while the effect that the

rather want to experiment the technical approach

a study of Zamarska's

work as I'm used to using

it's definitely an approach

as it was hard to

achieve this effect.

I will think my study was relatively successful

in the subway, 2014



The old Distillery, 2014



A Railway Impression XXVI, 2013



A Railway Impression XI, 2008

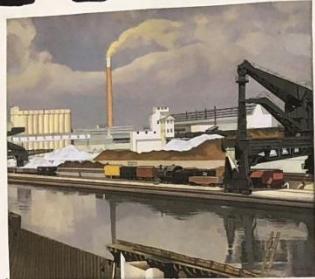


A Railway Impression XI, 2008

STUDY OF 'ON THE EVERGREEN' 2014, MARINA ZAMANIECKA.



RA AMERICA AFTER THE FALL



'Suspended Favor'
Charles Sheeler, 1929
CHARLES SHEELER



'American Landscape'
Charles Sheeler, 1920.

I wanted to go to the RA's exhibition on 'America after the Fall' (29th October) which left America's Depression that lasted throughout the 1930s. The environment was completely evolving: thousands of prosperous states and cities; hundreds more were for more places in the interior ('land of opportunity') continued to arise and cities expanded to make millions - America's landscape was completely

because the environment of America is so vast, the variety in all of the art as each artist focuses aspect of their society. Charles Sheeler's work because of how much it contrasted the work in art in this project thus far. His industrial city by the material boom and manufacturing systems that were around this time. The pristine and shining machinery gives us glass-buckets provide and admiring of the growing urban land. Green Davis' 'Wrigley's' when I saw it at the gallery. His complex and form exemplifies America's quickly changing rhythm - the bold blocks of skyscrapers emphasize the sheer scale and vibrancy being created in New York. The overlaid Wrigley's gum highlights represents the increasing materialism that was a by-product of industrialized environment. Aaron Douglas' work also initially because of its color. Douglas was a key member in the 'Harlem Renaissance'. His painting 'Aspiration' and shows the progression and rights of those

The symbol of hand express 'the knowledge', their fact that displaying part as a made his and it propo and t title. 'The w tail a inter dreamt of the weighted warm seem an idea to enirante

America after the Fall'; the 'Fall' alluding to the Wall Street financial stability in tatters and shock started the Great depression. In these tumultuous events, America's political and social life of people migrated from the homes in 'The Dust Bowl' to more migrating from oppressive systems in foreign countries, hoping for emigrating opportunity. Industrialization poem for emigrating evolving.

It was strange to see a different world to me that I've been won - skyscrapers seem to glorify developed images a kind of I really liked Charles he focus on color bright colors of the towering buildings, the boom of brands and this increasingly attracted my attention Renaissance movement symbols. Brach favor and right for education are reflected to raising education in each figure's transformative power' as



'Aspiration' Aaron Douglas, 1936



'The midnight ride of Paul Revere' Grant Wood, 1931

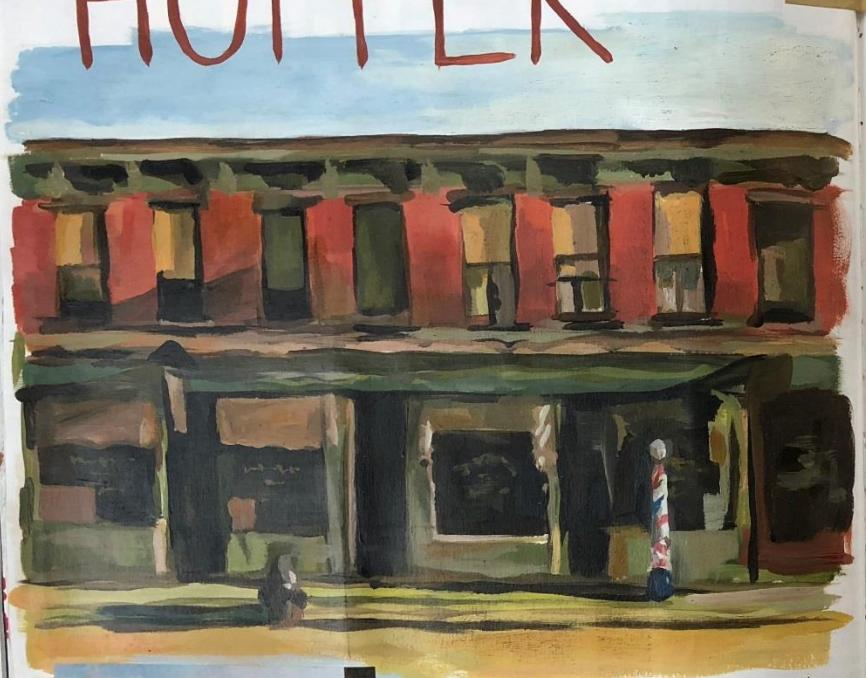
PAINTING IN THE 1930s

America after the Fall
Painting in the 1930s

Gallery Guide
The Sackler Wing of Galleries

EDWARD HOPPER

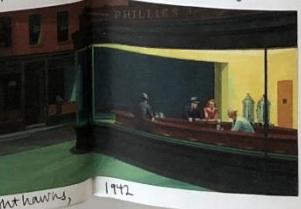
1882 -
1967



Early Sunday Morning, 1930

"In 'Early Sunday Morning' the street is austere, empty, and solitary, evoking an eerie lack of life and energy, cropped at the edges like a photograph, the lateral extent of the composition feels limitless... The Barber shop is closed; there are no strikers, office workers, movie theaters or shop windows filled with goods. Hopper records a place and moment in time that would soon pass away." - Judith A. Barker

"I thought Barker's above quote on Hopper's 'early Sunday morning' really captured the magic of the painting. I particularly love the shadow and use of light in the composition - it perfectly signifies the time of day and even thickness of the oil paint are incredibly beautiful - they create a warm glow that continues to capture the moments in time. The shuttered windows emphasize the lack of life and makes the painting poignant - people are missing the most beautiful time of a day."



Night Hawks,
1942



Gas, 1940



New York Movie, 1939

"I think Hopper's work bears many similarities to that of Mura Yamashita (the last artist I researched) and I would be surprised if she took lots of his inspiration and influences from him. The individuals within both seem completely removed from the rest of society; their environments and city-scapes are hauntingly empty. The color and angle of both seems to romanticise and beautify the areas forgotten and ignored by many."

"I think one of the aspects of Hopper's work that makes it so successful is his depiction of space which he creates by manipulating his compositions. Although very separate to the expressionist paintings of his time, his paintings weren't quite realistic - he was known to edit and combine aspects of different scenes to create his final composition. They are dreamlike and beautifully fantastical."



Automat, 1927



Le Bistro/The Wine Shop, 1909



Summer Interior, 1909

"The exaggerated color makes the space (which itself is emphasized by off-centre compositions) dreamlike and dreamlike. The silence and gentleness (particularly in 'Bistro' and 'Morning Sun') gives the scenes a romantic glow, while the passive and uncommunicative figures seem isolated by the fast-paced, industrialized environment occurring around them."



Morning Sun, 1952

OBSERVATIONAL DRAWINGS

I focused my observational drawings on the midtown, often unnoticed areas of my environment. In the same way that Hopper turned his gaze on the back-streets and forgotten areas of New York, I tried to locate some of the quiet corners of my local town. I zoomed in on one of my initial photos and enlarged a detail of the outside of a train-station. It reminds me quite a lot of Tamara's work - she dedicates much of her time to focusing on disintegrating / isolating train stations, in a way drawing attention to the way that even places designed to bring people together can appear lonely, run-down and eerily quiet.





I walk past this building (a local hair-dresser's) every time I go into my highstreet. It's completely recognisable to me and is normally bustling with life; however, on this particular sunday morning the shop was closed and the area was eerily empty. It reminded me completely of a Hopper painting. I wanted to emphasize the sense of loneliness and silence that the American artist achieves so I took a long distance shot and cropped the image at the bottom and top - making the empty streets seem to stretch as far wider.

When I was taking my final series of photos I came across this traditional Italian restaurant in a backstreet of London. Similarly to the hairdressers in New Malden, the scene reminded me of a Hopper painting - the place which would usually be a hub of excited life was closed, and the early morning sun cast shadows that heightened the sense of isolation and loneliness that seemed to plague the street for a few moments.





PHOTOGRAPHS

for my final series of photos I decided to go into London on the first Sunday morning train to try and capture some moments where the streets were abnormally empty. I took some photos from a distance and cropped them in the style of Hopper and Mapplethorpe to heighten the emptiness of the pavements, and like Tamara I tried to capture some of the empty train stations, which would normally be thronging with people. I wanted to focus on the great unnoticed areas of London and its environment.



DEVELOPMENT

In this development piece I aimed to look at the way light and color effects an environment. Using a range of media I used a technique similar to that of Tamara; first I blocked in colors using watery inks, then I used a thick paintbrush and thick acrylic paints to paint the buildings and road. Once I'd done that I worked back into it with oil pastels, adding clarity and definition to the composition. Using both the paints and pastels I heightened the colors and kept a loose approach to depict an almost dream-like scene. I think that this heightened vibrancy and 'blocky' technical approach helps to transform this environment. It doesn't quite seem real; like Tamara's city-scape, it seems partially imagined and romanticised, almost lending itself to a kind of escapism - a beautified reality.

If I were to work into it further I think I'd continue with the oil pastels to add more definition and crisp the edges of the buildings. I'd like to develop this idea further by looking at compositions involving a figure/ some figures to further explore this sense of personal escapism/ romanticising of reality, and to explore the themes of isolation and emptiness/energy-less-ness in much of Tamara's work. Ultimately, I'd like to continue to use color to change the atmosphere of an environment, but possibly to go further and look at the effect this has on the individuals within it.



BATIK I

I wanted to experiment with wax and ink in the style of Maria Zamarska so I tried to create some wax-resist 'batik' paintings. I began by drawing a continuous line in wax using a candle, then once that had dried I applied a layer of ink, exaggerating the tone in my photograph. The colours were weak once it dried so I added another layer, incorporating darker wax, once that had dried I then melted the wax by placing the fabric in news-papers and ironing the sheets. overall I think it was quite successful - I like the way that the continuous line converts the complex composition into shapes and patterns while the watery, heightened colours of the ink seem to create a cool, evocative light and tranquil, quiet atmosphere.



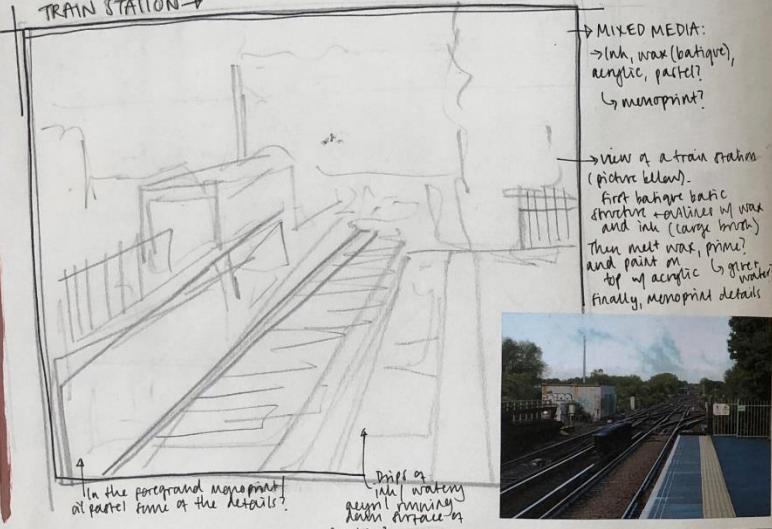
BATIK II

I wanted to try to emphasize the sense of disintegration and abandonment of many environments (like tanah's pieces) to one I had melted the wax I decided to work back into the fabric using very watery acrylic. This allowed me to incorporate more accurate tones and details, and I was able to emphasize the drips and sense of 'melting' to heighten the grain and texture that makes tanah's work so wonderful.

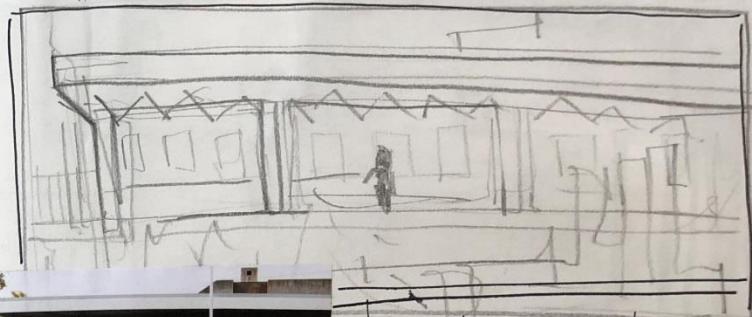


INITIAL IDEAS

TRAIN STATION →



TRAINSTATION. →



→ with these photos I aimed to create composition in the style of tone of Hopper and McFadyen's work.

→ acrylic on canvas
↳ loose, watery to begin (big brush)
↳ brush in colours like Zemarck
→ then details
↳ Hidder paint?

In each of these ideas I want to explore the way in which we treat the environments we (as a society) build. Each composition shows areas that have become gradually more run down and isolated as newer, more exciting places are built elsewhere.

The environments I aim to depict are sparsely populated, and I aim to heighten this emptiness by creating hawking, almost fantastical atmospheres by heightening the colour and exaggerating the empty spaces.

I really liked the angle & compositions in these paintings.

The elongated, lateral view reveals the extent of emptiness on the streets, heightening the sense of isolation, while the distance allows us to look off from the depicted environment.



↳ raises questions about the way we treat the areas we create?

Ultimately, I want to draw attention to some of the neglected areas of society/our environment, and depict the way we too often let them decay, disintegrate as we no longer use them.



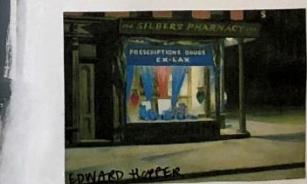


In these two compositional ideas I wanted to experiment with exaggerating the sense of isolation and loneliness that is prevalent in Hopper's and Tamarska's and Metadajen's work. Taking images of desolate streets I would narrow the canvas in doing so lengthening the composition and revealing the extent of empty space.

LONDON BACKSTREET I



LONDON BACKSTREET II



Compositions or not, I would very much like to try and recreate this specific, almost drilling atmosphere - a pause in time in which a person is lost in complete introspective thought or a place is seemingly silent before the world regains motion and life continues.



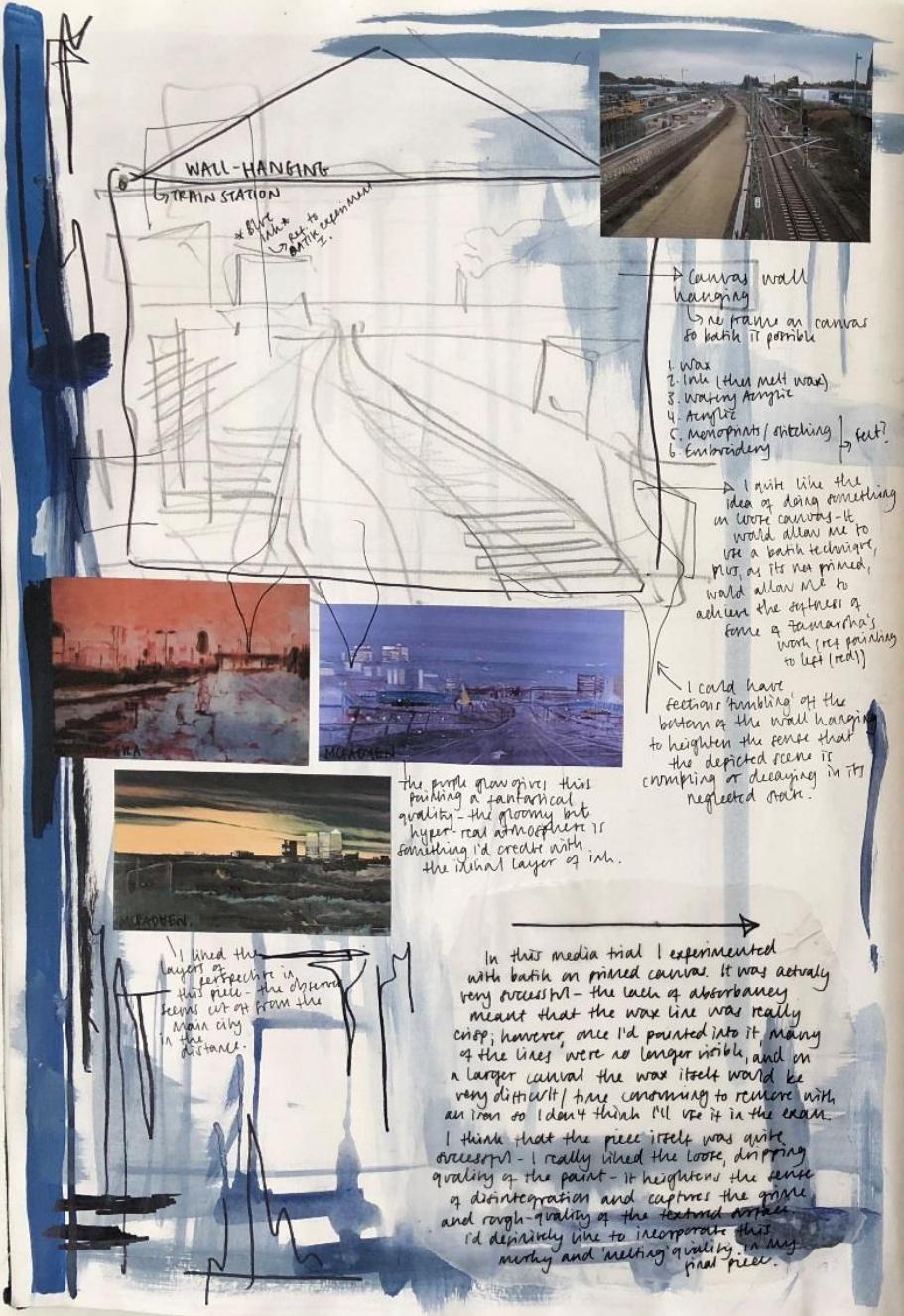
I think these images of Metadajen and Hopper's work would be a great inspiration for these compositional ideas the exaggerated space and heightened graininess during colour seems to create a loneliness and longing isolation.

Detailed of top
posed similarly to those
of tappers work.

to connect people and
with.



I think that painting on top of
the orange-ish background was
quite effective in terms of
creating an almost fantastical
atmosphere. The red glow
feels to intensify the scene.







DEVELOPIN

In this development piece (which measures roughly 42cm x 90cm) I wanted to explore what I saw in my final piece. I wanted to try at a long, stretched-out composition, like Hopper's 'East Wind Still'. I kept the style quite loose, using thick paintbrushes and large brushstrokes I saw to make them glow and turn the scene almost fantastical - on the

of McFadgen's work, such as the study I completed of his painting, 'End', while the lonely & almost defensive position seems to shrink him even further than the expansive environment & isolation that everyone can feel, even in the usual 'eyes every-day! The thing that I tried to capture. I wanted to try and present the theme of urban decay (that prevails in

heightening the texture in the style of Deig in order to heighten the sense of imagination and thus I worked into sections with thicker paints of bold colors as well as dripping water (like Deig's work) To finish I rolled printing ink (day) over much of the surface and printed a

G MY PIECE

My potential composition whilst practicing the style and techniques I intend to use (Sunday Morning), so I attached two sheets of paper together lengthwise and drew up my border. I wanted to incorporate some of Tammaro's bright colors, so I heightened the border between illusion and reality. The composition and layout reminded me of some great works many similarities to those of both McLaughlin and Hopper's paintings. His sheepish, around him already did, which introduces themes of human alienation and moments which makes this development process is the texture, and revolting atmosphere, that I much of Tammaro and McFadgen's work) through the murky drips, but I also wanted to fantastical - alluding to themes of escapism, possibly as the result of urban alienation. To do so I acrylic from various sections (which in some ways create an almost jungle-like atmosphere) man points to make the scene appear slightly murkier and rough, faded and lonely.

FINAL PIECE PLAN

MY FINAL COMPOSITION AND ARTISTS OF INFLUENCE.

"monday morning"



My final piece composition is very similar to my last development but a different shape and much much larger. With the painting I really want to explore the theme of human alienation - particularly in urban environments and spaces (in this case a train station) originally built to draw people together. To do this I've chosen a composition that reveals a stretch of unpopulated area with a small, solitary figure poised in the centre. The scaling seems to shrink the individual and heightens his loneliness - it makes the environment that surrounds him seem overwhelming and huge.

My aim with the style of the painting is to pull together much of my inspiration from Tamara de Lempicka and McFadyen - I want to try and draw attention to a sense of urban decay, making the scene appear gravely isolated, but I also want to use heightened colour to create a slightly fantastical landscape to draw attention to the sense of isolation that anyone adopts when their environment seems overwhelmingly alone.

I want some sections of my canvas to have more abstract textured styles to heighten the sense of urban decay and make the scene appear more fantastical and illusory.

FINAL COMPOSITION →



← My canvas measures 40" x 60" so I needed to edit my composition to fit the new size. I wanted to keep both the edge of the station roof and details (such as the door and bin) on the right side so I extended the top and bottom, making the station smaller and also removed sections from the centre to condense the building. I think its quite effective - it maintains the sense of distance and elongated emptiness but also will allow me to explore the texture of the yellow grass even more. →



MARTA ZAMAHSKA

Marta Zamahska explored similar themes to Hopper, yet her vibrant, almost luminous colours create haunting/unsettling atmospheres that seem to express a kind of despair - a connection between the imagination and reality. Her work has a dreamlike quality and by using heightened colour and vary dropping pastel I wanted to incorporate this into my final piece.

PETER DOIG

Peter Doig's fantastical and richly textured landscapes largely influenced my technique for the textured aspects of my final piece plan. His atmospheres are very haunting - they seem to be on the edge of a storm and are incredibly dense. I hope that by incorporating some of his style into my piece (I'll be able to achieve a similar effect.

McFadyen was my initial artist research - he introduced me to themes of urban decay and neglect - a possible curse of urban alienation and the surreal at his paintings (large, stretched-out landscapes with a distant crumpling building) is something that influenced me as I took my final series of photographs.

JOCK MCFADYEN



EDWARD HOPPER

Edward Hopper was one of my main artist influences in terms of subject matter. All his paintings, which span years of New York amidst America's 1930's Great Depression have a haunting loneliness. They are each incredibly silent; each figure seems utterly self absorbed and lost in thought. There is no communication, and stretches of empty streets in my painting I'd love to reflect a similar atmosphere to help me present the theme of human alienation.

Ben McCaughlin's work influenced my use of the figure within the lonely figure within the lonely

environment I'm depicting. The long-distance angles that involve one mid-size figure, boy or woman, makes the scenes he paints seem hauntingly isolated. The small, solitary figure is my expansive train station kept lonely just like Ben McCaughlin's character, and I aim for my

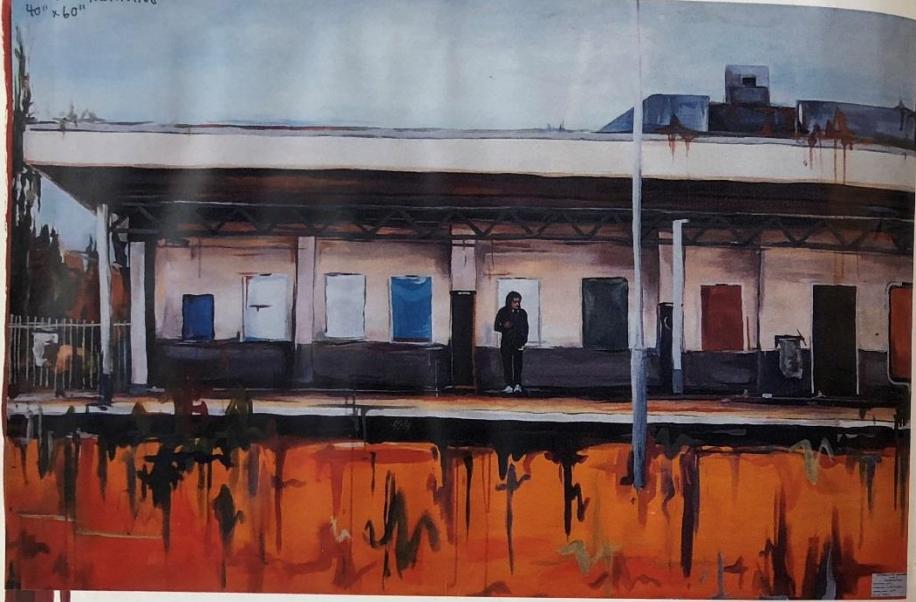
BEN McCALUGHIN



piece to have a similar effect to his.

EVALUATION

"MONDAY MORNING"
40" x 60"



Overall I think my exam piece was quite successful. I think that I managed to capture a sense of loneliness and made the atmosphere slightly haunting and lonely. I'm pleased with the progression from my final development piece - it's more refined and intricate, but it still maintains the surfaces and slight gloom I previously managed to depict. Overall, my aim was to try and capture the sense of alienation anyone can experience in an everyday, but isolated and neglected environment. I think my painting translates this idea quite effectively; the empty platform and murky depths create a space that borders on the fantastical and imaginary, while the slight littering and rusty colors evoke the sense of urban decay and neglect, all of which serve to heighten the loneliness of the sole, hooded figure. The vibrant, exaggerated colors, as well as the mixture of abstracted shapes with detail, also contribute to the fantastical atmosphere and make the piece appear more complex and intense which again makes the small figure seem even tinner in comparison to its looming surroundings.

THE PROCESS →

I began the piece by painting a block of bold yellow along the bottom of the canvas and then doing a similar block of blue for the sky. I then began to paint in the station - first as a plain wall and then incorporating the pillars, posters and shadows. I then painted the roof, using dark purples and oranges, and platform floor using lighter hues of the same colors. I then incorporated more details: the

shadows and simplified frames on the posters; the two bins on either edge of the platform; the door and trees to the left as well as the white gate marking the back of the station. I then painted in the ceiling railing, then began adding details and textures to the sky and yellow grass before finally painting in the

large, foregrounded lampost and small, central man. I had intended to work into the painting with monoprints but quickly found that the printing ink was quite ineffective on the canvas, so I painted a few markings to heighten the 'graininess' but did little else. The main difficulty I faced was dealing with the large scale of the canvas - its length made it very tricky to maintain straight and even lines all the way across its surface; however, I think the result was quite effective and I'm glad I went for such a large canvas as it makes the result far more impacting and bold.

ARTIST INFLUENCES →
In my final canvas I can clearly see the influences of all my artist researches. Hopper and McCay's work holds many similarities to my composition which is distanced from the viewer and almost 2D appearing in places. The sense of urban alienation that I tried to depict is prevalent in all of the artists' work, but my main influences down this route were both Hopper and Zamarroha. I think

my use of heightened color was effective, and although I used it in a different way to Zamarroha, I still think that it contributes to the overall atmosphere of the painting, in a similar way that Zamarroha's colors contribute to hers. The textures and style she creates the sense of deterioration and decay was largely influenced by Hopper's haunting landscapes, and I think they turn the scene into a more complex, 'fantastical' environment that evokes the sense of escapism anyone as isolated as the figure within my painting may adopt.

Overall, I think my piece was impacting and successful in terms of me depicting an environment intertwined with overwhelming feelings of isolation, alienation and urban decay.



